

Ooredoo Maldives PLC

(All amounts are expressed in Maldivian Rufiyaa unless otherwise stated)

Consolidated and separate financial statements

for the year ended 31 December 2023

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Independent auditor's report

To the Shareholders of Ooredoo Maldives PLC

Our opinion

We have audited the financial statements of Ooredoo Maldives PLC (the Company) and the consolidated financial statements of the Company and its subsidiary (the Group). The financial statements of the Company and the consolidated financial statements of the Group comprise:

- the statement of financial position as at 31 December 2023;
- the statement of comprehensive income for the year then ended;
- the statement of changes in equity for the year then ended;
- the statement of cash flows for the year then ended; and
- the notes to the financial statements, which include a summary of significant accounting policies.

In our opinion, the accompanying financial statements give a true and fair view of the financial position of the Company and the Group as at 31 December 2023, and of their financial performance and its cash flows for the year then ended in accordance with International Financial Reporting Standards (IFRSs).

Basis for opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with International Standards on Auditing (ISAs). Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements section of our report.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

Independence

We are independent of the Company and the Group in accordance with the International Ethics Standards Board for Accountants' Code of Ethics for Professional Accountants (IESBA Code). We have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with the IESBA Code.

Key audit matters

Key audit matters are those matters that, in our professional judgment, were of most significance in our audit of the financial statements of the current period. These matters were addressed in the context of our audit of the financial statements, and in forming our opinion thereon, and we do not provide a separate opinion on these matters.

Key audit matter**How our audit addressed the Key audit matter**

The Company and the Group:**Revenue recognition**

We considered accuracy of the revenue from contracts with customers including mobile revenue which is a significant component of revenue as a key audit matter because of the complexity of the IT systems, significance of volumes of data processed by the IT systems and the impact of changing pricing models (tariff structures, incentive arrangements and discounts, etc.). Refer note 4.13 "Revenue recognition" for accounting policies and note 6 on disclosures related to Revenue from operations in the standalone/consolidated financial statements.

Our audit procedures included both control testing and substantive procedures performed with the assistance of our IT specialists;

- i) Understanding and evaluating the relevant IT systems and the design of the controls and testing the operating effectiveness of the controls over the;
 - capturing and recording of revenue transactions;
 - authorization of the rate changes and the input of such rates to the billing systems;
 - system calculation of the amounts billed to the customers; and
 - revenue assurance function;
- ii) Performing reconciliations of amounts from call detail records to the billing systems and to the general ledger;
- iii) Testing the accuracy of customer bill calculations and the respective revenue transactions recorded on a sample basis;
- iv) We made test calls to determine the accuracy of revenue recorded.
- v) Checking the accounting treatment for significant new products and promotions launched with multiple element arrangements and testing that they are appropriately incorporated into the billing systems; and
- vi) Examining material manual journal entries and other adjustments processed to revenue.

We verified the appropriateness of the accounting policies and the disclosures related to Revenue from operations in notes 4.13 and 6 respectively in the standalone/consolidated financial statements.

Based on the worked performed we found that mobile revenue had been recognised in line with the Group's revenue recognition policies.

Other information

Management is responsible for the other information. The other information comprises the Annual Report for the year ended 31 December 2023 but does not include the financial statements and our auditor's report thereon which is expected to be made available to us after the date of this auditors' report.

Our opinion on the financial statements does not cover the other information and we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

In connection with our audit of the financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information identified above and, in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the financial statements or our knowledge obtained in the audit, or otherwise appears to be materially misstated.

When we read the Annual Report, if we conclude that there is a material misstatement therein, we are required to communicate the matter to those charged with governance.

Responsibilities of management and those charged with governance for the financial statements

Management is responsible for the preparation of the financial statements that gives true and fair view in accordance with the International Financial Reporting Standards (IFRS), and for such internal control as management determines is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the separate and consolidated financial statements, management is responsible for assessing the Company's and Group's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless management either intends to liquidate the Company and the Group or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

Those charged with governance are responsible for overseeing the Company's and Group's financial reporting process.

Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the separate and consolidated financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with ISAs will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these financial statements.

As part of an audit in accordance with ISAs, we exercise professional judgment and maintain professional scepticism throughout the audit. We also:

- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the separate and consolidated financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.

- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Company's and the Group's internal control.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by management.
- Conclude on the appropriateness of management's use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Company's and the Group's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the separate and consolidated financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Company and the Group to cease to continue as a going concern.
- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the separate and consolidated financial statements, including the disclosures, and whether the financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.
- Obtain sufficient appropriate audit evidence regarding the financial information of the entities or business activities within the Group to express an opinion on the consolidated financial statements. We are responsible for the direction, supervision and performance of the group audit. We remain solely responsible for our audit opinion.

We communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

We also provide those charged with governance with a statement that we have complied with ethical requirements in accordance with the Code of Ethics regarding independence, and to communicate with them all relationships and other matters that may reasonably be thought to bear on our independence, and where applicable, related safeguards.

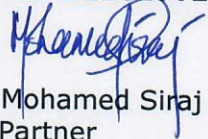
From the matters communicated with those charged with governance, we determine those matters that were of most significance in the audit of the separate and consolidated financial statements of the current period and are therefore the key audit matters. We describe these matters in our auditor's report unless law or regulation precludes public disclosure about the matter or when, in extremely rare circumstances, we determine that a matter should not be communicated in our report because the adverse consequences of doing so would reasonably be expected to outweigh the public interest benefits of such communication.

The engagement partner on the audit resulting in this independent auditor's report is Mohamed Siraj Muneer.

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6 Feb 2024.

For DELOITTE PARTNERS


Mohamed Siraj Muneer
Partner

Ooredoo Maldives PLC

Consolidated and separate financial statements
for the year ended 31 December 2023

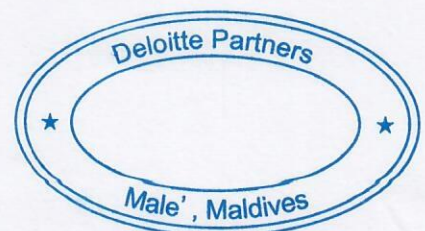
(All amounts are expressed in Maldivian Rufiyaa unless otherwise stated)

STATEMENT OF COMPREHENSIVE INCOME

	Notes	Group		Company	
		2023 MVR "000"	2022 MVR "000"	2023 MVR "000"	2022 MVR "000"
Revenue	6	2,096,800	1,924,497	2,092,147	1,923,721
Other income	7	6,926	8,325	9,509	10,761
Network, interconnect and other operating expenses	8	(769,539)	(722,048)	(767,539)	(720,059)
Employee salaries and associated cost	9	(231,995)	(236,845)	(231,995)	(236,845)
Depreciation and amortization		(232,139)	(249,629)	(231,346)	(248,836)
Finance costs	10	(101,010)	(83,241)	(101,010)	(83,241)
Finance income	10	46,722	38,202	47,465	35,651
Impairment losses on financial assets		(7,767)	(16,359)	(7,858)	(17,032)
Impairment losses on other non-financial assets	17.1	-	-	-	(8,108)
Other gains / (losses) - net	11	(3,175)	93	(3,022)	93
Profit before tax		804,823	662,995	806,350	656,105
Income tax expense	12	(120,251)	(102,920)	(120,251)	(100,212)
Profit (total comprehensive income) for the year		684,572	560,075	686,100	555,893
Total comprehensive income attributable to:					
Shareholders of the parent		685,106	561,449	686,100	555,893
Non-controlling interest	25	(534)	(1,374)	-	-
Total comprehensive income for the year		684,572	560,075	686,100	555,893
Basic and diluted earnings per share (MVR)	13	4.64	3.80	4.64	3.76

Figures in brackets indicate deductions.

The consolidated and separate financial statements are to be read in conjunction with the related notes, which form an integral part of the consolidated and separate financial statements of the Company set out on pages 10-55. The report of the independent auditors is given on pages 1 to 4.



Ooredoo Maldives PLC

Consolidated and separate financial statements
for the year ended 31 December 2023

(All amounts are expressed in Maldivian Rufiyaa unless otherwise stated)

STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION

As at 31 December

Notes	Group		Company		
	31/12/2023 MVR "000"	31/12/2022 MVR "000"	31/12/2023 MVR "000"	31/12/2022 MVR "000"	
ASSETS					
Non-current assets					
Property, plant and equipment	14	1,693,479	1,382,170	1,687,525	1,375,421
Intangible assets	15	50,971	48,024	50,971	48,024
Long-term prepayments	19.2	100,799	91,643	99,429	90,158
Right of use assets	16	193,458	198,460	193,458	198,460
Investment in subsidiary	17	-	-	20,045	20,045
Financial assets at amortised cost	21	176,203	36,375	176,203	-
Deferred tax assets (net)	12.4	26,525	27,631	26,525	27,631
Total non-current assets		2,241,435	1,784,303	2,254,156	1,759,739
Current assets					
Inventories	18	35,266	35,392	35,266	35,395
Trade and other receivables	19	312,536	330,934	311,534	329,927
Amount due from a related party	20	-	-	-	68,699
Financial assets at amortised cost	21	852,740	259,037	852,740	236,876
Bank balances and cash	22	1,304,945	1,810,634	1,229,696	1,720,436
Total current assets		2,505,487	2,435,997	2,429,236	2,391,333
Total assets		4,746,922	4,220,300	4,683,392	4,151,072
EQUITY AND LIABILITIES					
EQUITY					
Share capital	23	1,478,004	1,478,004	1,478,004	1,478,004
Reserve on translation of share capital	24	144,180	144,180	144,180	144,180
Accumulated surplus / (deficit)		62,647	(173,146)	66,239	(170,549)
Total equity attributable to equity holders of the parent		1,684,831	1,449,038	1,688,423	1,451,635
Non-controlling interest	25	8,833	9,367	-	-
Total equity		1,693,664	1,458,405	1,688,423	1,451,635
LIABILITIES					
Non-current liabilities					
Loans and borrowings	26	354,228	341,161	354,228	341,161
Provisions	27	15,851	14,885	15,851	14,885
Lease liabilities	28	176,454	190,175	176,454	190,175
Amounts due to related parties	29.1	148,220	148,220	148,220	148,220
Total non-current liabilities		694,753	694,441	694,753	694,441
Current liabilities					
Loans and borrowings	26	285,033	284,506	285,033	284,506
Lease liabilities	28	30,535	37,240	30,535	37,240
Amounts due to related parties	29.2	422,808	337,299	401,670	309,473
Trade and other payables	30	1,531,726	1,366,347	1,493,982	1,328,729
Current tax liabilities	31	88,403	42,062	88,996	45,048
Total current liabilities		2,358,505	2,067,454	2,300,216	2,004,996
Total liabilities		3,053,258	2,761,895	2,994,969	2,699,437
Total equity and liabilities		4,746,922	4,220,300	4,683,392	4,151,072

The consolidated and separate financial statements are to be read in conjunction with the related notes, which form an integral part of the consolidated and separate financial statements of the Company set out on pages 10-55. The report of the independent auditors is given on pages 1 to 4.

Name of the Director

Signature

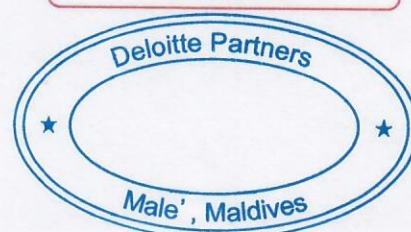
George Bowring Challenor/ Chairman,
Audit & Risk Management Committee

Khalid Hassan M A Al-Hamadi/ Managing
Director & Chief Executive Officer

Suresh Kalpathi Chidambaram/ Chief Financial Officer

04 February 2024

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Ooredoo Maldives PLC

Consolidated and separate financial statements
for the year ended 31 December 2023

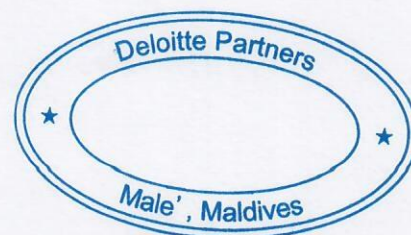
(All amounts are expressed in Maldivian Rufiyaa unless otherwise stated)

STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN EQUITY

Group	Attributable to the owners of the company				Non-controlling interest	Total equity
	Share capital	Reserve on translation of share capital	Accumulated (deficit) / surplus	Total		
	MVR "000"	MVR "000"	MVR "000"	MVR "000"		
As at 01 January 2022	1,478,004	144,180	(335,534)	1,286,650	47,733	1,334,383
Comprehensive income for the year						
Profit for the year	-	-	561,449	561,449	(1,374)	560,075
Total comprehensive income for the year	-	-	561,449	561,449	(1,374)	560,075
Transactions with the owners of the group						
Dividend declared (Note 23.4)	-	-	(399,061)	(399,061)	-	(399,061)
Capital reduction (Note 23.5)	-	-	-	-	(36,992)	(36,992)
Total transactions with the owners of the group	-	-	(399,061)	(399,061)	(36,992)	(436,053)
As at 31 December 2022	1,478,004	144,180	(173,146)	1,449,038	9,367	1,458,405
As at 01 January 2023	1,478,004	144,180	(173,146)	1,449,038	9,367	1,458,405
Comprehensive income for the year						
Profit for the year	-	-	685,106	685,106	(534)	684,572
Total comprehensive income for the year	-	-	685,106	685,106	(534)	684,572
Transactions with the owners of the group						
Dividend declared (Note 23.4)	-	-	(449,313)	(449,313)	-	(449,313)
Total transactions with the owners of the group	-	-	(449,313)	(449,313)	-	(449,313)
As at 31 December 2023	1,478,004	144,180	62,647	1,684,831	8,833	1,693,664

Figures in brackets indicate deductions.

The consolidated and separate financial statements are to be read in conjunction with the related notes, which form an integral part of the consolidated and separate financial statements of the Company set out on pages 10-55. The report of the independent auditors is given on pages 1 to 4.



Ooredoo Maldives PLC

Consolidated and separate financial statements
for the year ended 31 December 2023

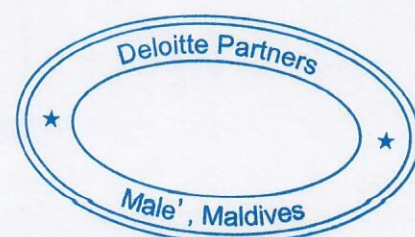
(All amounts are expressed in Maldivian Rufiyaa unless otherwise stated)

STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN EQUITY

Company	Attributable to the owners of the company			
	Share capital	Reserve on translation of share capital	Accumulated (deficit) / surplus	Total
	MVR "000"	MVR "000"	MVR "000"	MVR "000"
As at 01 January 2022	1,478,004	144,180	(327,381)	1,294,803
Comprehensive income for the year				
Profit for the year	-	-	555,893	555,893
Total comprehensive income for the year	-	-	555,893	555,893
Transactions with the owners of the group				
Dividend declared (Note 23.4)	-	-	(399,061)	(399,061)
Total transactions with the owners of the group	-	-	(399,061)	(399,061)
As at 31 December 2022	1,478,004	144,180	(170,549)	1,451,635
As at 01 January 2023	1,478,004	144,180	(170,549)	1,451,635
Comprehensive income for the year				
Profit for the year	-	-	686,100	686,100
Total comprehensive income for the year	-	-	686,100	686,100
Transactions with the owners of the group				
Dividend declared (Note 23.4)	-	-	(449,313)	(449,313)
Total transactions with the owners of the group	-	-	(449,313)	(449,313)
As at 31 December 2023	1,478,004	144,180	66,239	1,688,423

Figures in brackets indicate deductions.

The consolidated and separate financial statements are to be read in conjunction with the related notes, which form an integral part of the consolidated and separate financial statements of the Company set out on pages 10-55. The report of the independent auditors is given on pages 1 to 4.



Ooredoo Maldives PLC

Consolidated and separate financial statements

for the year ended 31 December 2023

(All amounts are expressed in Maldivian Rufiyaa unless otherwise stated)

STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS

	Notes	Group		Company	
		2023 MVR "000"	2022 MVR "000"	2023 MVR "000"	2022 MVR "000"
Cash flows from operating activities					
Profit before tax		804,823	662,995	806,350	656,105
Adjustments for:					
Depreciation on property, plant and equipment	14	182,518	199,309	181,725	198,510
Disposal loss / (gain) of property, plant and equipment		3,155	(187)	3,155	(187)
Amortization of intangible assets	15	12,803	10,835	12,803	10,835
Amortization of long-term prepayments	19.2	7,035	7,035	6,921	6,921
Depreciation of right to use assets	16	36,819	39,490	36,819	39,490
Write back of inventories provision	18.1	(322)	(420)	(322)	(420)
Provision for expected credit losses on trade receivables	19.3	7,037	14,456	7,037	14,597
(Reversal) / provision for expected credit losses on investments	21.1	(644)	2,458	(570)	2,419
Provision / (reversal) for expected credit losses on bank balances	22.1	1,371	67	1,397	17
Reversal of provision for expected credit losses on amount due from a related party	20.1	-	(755)	-	-
Impairment provision of investment in subsidiary	17.1	-	-	-	8,108
Interest income	10	(46,722)	(38,202)	(47,465)	(35,651)
Interest expense	10	101,010	83,241	101,010	83,241
Operating profit before working capital changes		1,108,883	980,322	1,108,860	983,985
Working capital changes					
Change in inventories		448	(11,435)	451	(11,438)
Change in contract assets		(19,132)	37,469	(19,132)	37,469
Change in trade and other receivables		30,493	(73,064)	30,489	(74,834)
Change in amount due from related party		-	9,067	68,699	(68,699)
Change in amounts due to related parties		85,509	94,708	92,197	66,882
Change in trade and other payables		44,679	145,291	44,551	184,529
Cash generated from operating activities		1,250,880	1,182,358	1,326,115	1,117,895
Interest paid	10	(101,010)	(83,241)	(101,010)	(83,241)
Interest received	10	46,722	38,202	47,465	35,651
Tax paid	31	(72,804)	(67,689)	(75,197)	(67,135)
Net cash from operating activities		1,123,788	1,069,630	1,197,373	1,003,170
Cash flows from investing activities					
Purchase and construction of property, plant and equipment	14	(497,387)	(368,877)	(497,387)	(368,877)
Acquisition of intangible assets	15	(24,250)	(10,174)	(24,250)	(10,174)
Additions to long-term prepayments		(16,191)	-	(16,191)	-
Net movement in financial assets at amortised cost	21	(732,887)	159,511	(791,497)	138,681
Consideration received from disposal of assets		405	191	405	191
Receipts from subsidiary due to capital reduction		-	-	-	68,699
Net cash used in investing activities		(1,270,310)	(219,349)	(1,328,920)	(171,480)
Cash flows from financing activities					
Dividend paid during the period		(329,059)	(225,153)	(329,059)	(225,153)
Principal element of lease repayments		(42,331)	(33,948)	(42,331)	(33,948)
Proceeds from loans and borrowings	26	323,820	177,330	323,820	177,330
Repayment of loans and borrowings	26	(310,226)	(362,640)	(310,226)	(362,640)
Net cash used in financing activities		(357,796)	(444,411)	(357,796)	(444,411)
Net (decrease) / increase in cash and cash equivalents		(504,318)	405,870	(489,343)	387,278
Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of the year		1,810,829	1,404,959	1,720,574	1,333,296
Cash and cash equivalents at end of the year	22	1,306,511	1,810,829	1,231,231	1,720,574

Figures in brackets indicate deductions.

The consolidated and separate financial statements are to be read in conjunction with the related notes, which form an integral part of the consolidated and separate financial statements of the Company set out on pages 10-55. The report of the independent auditors is given on pages 1 to 4.

Ooredoo Maldives PLC

Notes to the consolidated and separate financial statements
for the year ended 31 December 2023

(All amounts are expressed in Maldivian Rufiyaa unless otherwise stated)

1 Reporting entity

Ooredoo Maldives PLC (the "Company") is a company incorporated and domiciled in the Republic of Maldives as a private limited liability Company since 07 December 2004 under the name of "Wataniya Telecom Maldives Private Limited". The Company's name was changed to Ooredoo Maldives Private Limited and Ooredoo Maldives PLC, respectively with effect from 22 December 2013 and 06 October 2016 and presently governed under the Companies Act No. 10 of 1996, with its registered office at Ooredoo Maldives Headquarters, Bageechaa Hingun, 23000, Hulhumale', Republic of Maldives.

The main business activity of the Company is to engage in the provision of mobile telephone, mobile telecommunication services and provide internet services in Republic of Maldives under a license from Communication Authority of Maldives.

The consolidated financial statements of the Company for the year ended 31st December 2023 comprise of Company and its subsidiary WARF telecom International Private Limited (together referred to as the "Group").

The Company is the immediate holding Company of WARF Telecom International Private Limited, which is engaged in facilitating the bulk sale of international telecommunications and to construct and operate all telecommunications apparatus and or facilities that are required to provide international telecommunications bandwidth in and out of the Republic of Maldives. As at the reporting date, the Company holds 65% equity interest of WARF Telecom International private Limited. Its registered office is at 2nd Floor, HDC Building, Hulhumale' Male', P.O.Box 2196, Republic of Maldives.

The Company's ultimate parent undertaking and controlling party is Ooredoo QPSC, a company incorporated and domiciled in Qatar.

The Company with its only subsidiary WARF Telecom International private Limited, has reviewed its exposure to current account and inflationary pressures due to the sharp rise in global commodity prices and other emerging business risks, and it was found that there was a temporary slowdown effect on the Group's revenue. However it has sufficient working capital to sustain its operations. The Group also has comfortable liquidity buffers and does not foresee any breach in financial covenants set out in loan agreements.

2 Basis of preparation

(a) Statement of compliance

The financial statements of the Company and the Group have been prepared in accordance with International Financial Reporting Standards (IFRS) and interpretations issued by the IFRS Interpretations Committee (IFRS IC) applicable to companies reporting under IFRS. The financial statements comply with IFRS as issued by the International Accounting Standards Board (IASB).

(b) Historical cost convention

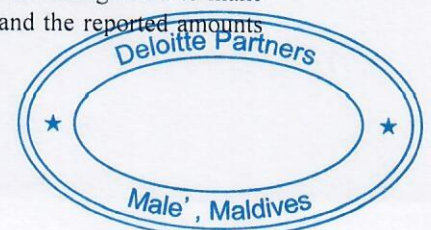
The consolidated and separate financial statements have been prepared on the historical cost basis. All the assets and financial assets are measured at historical cost and amortised cost basis and no assets are measured at fair value.

(c) Basis of measurement

These consolidated and separate financial statements are presented in Maldivian Rufiyaa, which is the Group's functional currency. All financial information presented in Maldivian Rufiyaa has been rounded to the nearest thousand Maldivian Rufiyaa.

(d) Use of estimates and judgements

The preparation of the consolidated financial statements in conformity with IFRSs requires management to make judgements, estimates and assumptions that affect the application of accounting policies and the reported amounts of assets, liabilities, income and expenses. Actual results may differ from these estimates.



Ooredoo Maldives PLC

Notes to the consolidated and separate financial statements

for the year ended 31 December 2023

(All amounts are expressed in Maldivian Rufiyaa unless otherwise stated)

2 Basis of preparation (continued)

(d) Use of estimates and judgements (continued)

Estimates and underlying assumptions are reviewed on an ongoing basis. Revisions to accounting estimates are recognised in the period in which the estimates are revised and in any future periods affected.

Information about critical judgements in applying accounting policies that have the most significant effect on the amounts recognised in the consolidated and separate financial statements are addressed in the respective notes as below.

• **Impairment of financial assets**

The loss allowances for financial assets are based on assumptions about risk of default and expected loss rates. The Company and the Group use judgement in making the assumptions and selecting the inputs to the impairment calculation, based on the Company's and Group's past history and existing market conditions, as well as forward looking estimates at the end of each reporting period.

• **Estimation in relation to lease accounting**

In determining the lease term, management considers all facts and circumstances that create an economic incentive to exercise an extension option, or not exercise a termination option. Extension options (or periods after termination options) are only included in the lease term if the lease is reasonably certain to be extended (or not terminated).

The lease term is reassessed if an option is actually exercised (or not exercised) or the Company and the Group become obliged to exercise (or not exercise) it. The assessment of reasonable certainty is only revised if a significant event or a significant change in circumstances occurs, which affects this assessment, and that is within the control of the lessee.

• **Estimated useful lives of PPE and intangible assets**

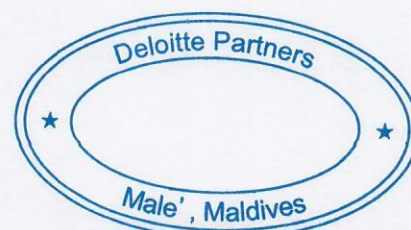
The Company and the Group review annually the estimated useful lives of PPE and intangible assets based on factors such as business plan and strategies, expected level of usage and future technological developments. Future results of operations could be materially affected by changes in these estimates brought about by changes in the factors mentioned. A reduction in the estimated useful lives of PPE and intangible assets would increase the recorded depreciation and amortization charge and decrease the carrying value in accordance with the accounting policy stated in note 4.2 and 4.3.

• **Recognition of deferred income tax assets**

Deferred income tax assets are recognised to the extent that it is probable that future taxable profit will be available against which temporary differences can be utilised. This involves judgment regarding future financial performance of a particular entity in which the deferred income tax asset has been recognised in accordance with the accounting policy stated in note 4.17.

• **Asset retirement obligations ('ARO')**

ARO applies when there is a legal or constructive obligation associated with the retirement of tangible long-lived assets, and the liability can be reliably estimated. The assumptions used in determining the ARO include the discount rate and expected future cost of escalation as disclosed in note 27 to the financial statements.



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2 Basis of preparation (continued)

- **Contingent liabilities**

Contingent liabilities are potential liabilities that arise from past events whose existence will be confirmed only by the occurrence or non-occurrence of one or more uncertain future events not wholly within the control of the entity. Provisions for liabilities are recorded when a loss is considered probable and can be reasonably estimated. The determination of whether or not a provision should be recorded for any potential liabilities or litigation is based on management's judgment.

- **Impairment of inventories**

Inventories are held at the lower of cost and net realisable value. When inventories become old or obsolete, an estimate is made of their net realisable value. For individually significant amounts this estimation is performed on an individual basis. Amounts which are not individually significant, but which are old or obsolete, are assessed collectively and a provision applied according to the inventory type and the degree of ageing or obsolescence, based on historical selling prices.

3 Changes in significant accounting policies

New and amended accounting standards adopted by the Group

The Company has applied the following standards and amendments for the first time for their annual reporting periods commencing 1 January 2023. Most of the amendments listed below did not have any significant impact on amounts recognised in prior periods and are not expected to significantly affect current or future period. The Company did not have to change its accounting policies or make retrospective adjustments as a result of adopting these standards:

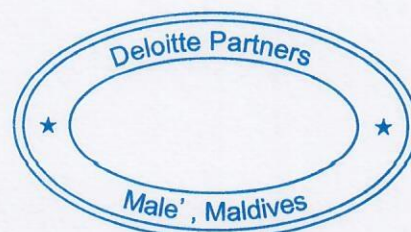
- (i) Presentation of Financial Statements and IFRS Practice Statement 2 Making Materiality Judgements—Disclosure of Accounting Policies – Amendments in IAS 1
- (ii) Income Taxes—Deferred Tax related to Assets and Liabilities arising from a Single Transaction – Amendments to IAS 12
- (iii) Income Taxes—International Tax Reform—Pillar Two Model Rules - Amendments in IAS 12
- (iv) Accounting Policies, Changes in Accounting Estimates and Errors—Definition of Accounting Estimates – Amendment to IAS 8
- (v) IFRS 17 Insurance Contracts (including the June 2020 and December 2021 Amendments to IFRS 17) - IFRS 17 insurance standard and amendments are not applicable to the Company.

4 Significant accounting policies

The accounting policies set out below have been applied consistently to all periods presented in these consolidated and separate financial statements and have been applied consistently by the Group.

(a) Going concern

The directors have, at the time of approving the consolidated financial statements, a reasonable expectation that the Group have adequate resources to continue in operational existence for the foreseeable future. Thus, they continue to adopt the going concern basis of accounting in preparing the consolidated financial statements.



Ooredoo Maldives PLC

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(All amounts are expressed in Maldivian Rufiyaa unless otherwise stated)

4 Significant accounting policies (continued)

(b) Basis of consolidation

(i) Subsidiaries

Subsidiaries are entities controlled by the Group. The Group controls an entity when it is exposed to, or has right to, variable returns from its involvement with the entity and has the ability to affect those returns through its power over the entity. The financial statements of subsidiaries are included in the consolidated financial statements from the date that control commences until the date that control ceases.

(ii) Transactions eliminated on consolidation

Intra-group balances and transactions, and any unrealized income and expenses arising from intragroup transactions, are eliminated in preparing the consolidated financial statements.

(iii) Non-controlling interest

Non-controlling interests represent the portion of profit or loss and net assets not held by the Group and are presented separately in the consolidated statement of comprehensive income and within equity in the consolidated statement of financial position, separately from parent shareholders' equity.

(c) Transactions in foreign currency

Transactions in foreign currencies are translated to the functional currency at the exchange rate ruling at the date of transaction. Monetary assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies other than the functional currency are translated to the functional currency at the exchange rate ruling at the reporting date. Foreign exchange differences arising on translation are recognized in the profit or loss.

All foreign exchange gains and losses are presented in the statement of profit or loss on a net basis within other gains/(losses).

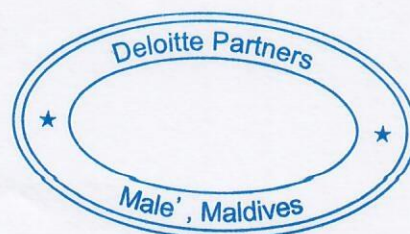
Non-monetary assets and liabilities, which are measured at historical cost, denominated in foreign currencies are translated to the functional currency at the exchange rates ruling at the dates of transactions. Non-monetary assets and liabilities, which are stated at fair value, denominated in foreign currencies are translated to the functional currency at the exchange rates ruling at the dates the values were determined.

4.1 Financial instruments

(i) Recognition and initial measurements

Trade receivables issued are initially recognized when they are originated. All other financial assets and financial liabilities are initially recognized when the Group/ Company becomes a party to the contractual provisions of the instrument.

A financial asset (unless it is a trade receivable without a significant financing component) or financial liability is initially measured at fair value plus, for an item not at FVTPL, transaction costs that are directly attributable to its acquisition or issue. A trade receivable without a significant financing component is initially measured at the transaction price.



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4.1 Financial instruments (continued)

(ii) Classification and subsequent measurement

Financial assets

On initial recognition, a financial asset is classified as measured at: amortized cost; FVOCI – debt investment; FVOCI – equity investment; or FVTPL.

Financial assets are not reclassified subsequent to their initial recognition unless the Group changes its business model for managing financial assets, in which case all affected financial assets are reclassified on the first day of the first reporting period following the change in the business model.

A financial asset is measured at amortized cost if it meets both of the following conditions and is not designated as at FVTPL:

- It is held within a business model whose objective is to hold assets to collect contractual cash flows; and
- Its contractual terms give rise on specified dates to cash flows that are solely payments of principal and interest on the principal amount outstanding.

A debt investment is measured at FVOCI if it meets both of the following conditions and is not designated as at FVTPL:

- It is held within a business model whose objective is achieved by both collecting contractual cash flows and selling financial assets; and
- its contractual terms give rise on specified dates to cash flows that are solely payments of principal and interest on the principal amount outstanding.

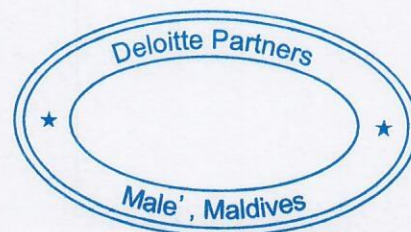
On initial recognition of an equity investment that is not held for trading, the Group may irrevocably elect to present subsequent changes in the investment's fair value in OCI. This election is made on an investment-by-investment basis.

All financial assets not classified as measured at amortised cost or FVOCI as described above are measured at FVTPL. This includes all derivative financial assets. On initial recognition, the Group may irrevocably designate a financial asset that otherwise meets the requirements to be measured at amortised cost or at FVOCI as at FVTPL if doing so eliminates or significantly reduces an accounting mismatch that would otherwise arise.

Financial assets- business model assessment

The Group makes an assessment of the objective of the business model in which a financial asset is held at a portfolio level because this best reflects the way the business is managed and information is provided to management. The information considered includes:

- The stated policies and objectives for the portfolio and the operation of those policies in practice. These include whether management's strategy focuses on earning contractual interest income, maintaining a particular interest rate profile, matching the duration of the financial assets to the duration of any related liabilities or expected cash outflows or realising cash flows through the sale of the assets.



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4.1 Financial instruments (continued)

(ii) Classification and subsequent measurement (continued)

- How the performance of the portfolio is evaluated and reported to the Group's management;
- The risks that affect the performance of the business model (and the financial assets held within that business model) and how those risks are managed;
- How managers of the business are compensated – e.g. whether compensation is based on the fair value of the assets managed or the contractual cash flows collected; and
- The frequency, volume and timing of sales of financial assets in prior periods, the reasons for such sales and expectations about future sales activity.

Transfers of financial assets to third parties in transactions that do not qualify for de-recognition are not considered sales for this purpose, consistent with the Group's continuing recognition of the assets.

Financial assets that are held for trading or are managed and whose performance is evaluated on a fair value basis are measured at FVTPL.

Financial assets – Assessment whether contractual cash flows are solely payments of principal and interest

For the purposes of this assessment, 'principal' is defined as the fair value of the financial asset on initial recognition. 'Interest' is defined as consideration for the time value of money and for the credit risk associated with the principal amount outstanding during a particular period of time and for other basic lending risks and costs (e.g. liquidity risk and administrative costs), as well as a profit margin.

In assessing whether the contractual cash flows are solely payments of principal and interest, the Group considers the contractual terms of the instrument. This includes assessing whether the financial asset contains a contractual term that could change the timing or amount of contractual cash flows such that it would not meet this condition. In making this assessment, the Group considers:

- contingent events that would change the amount or timing of cash flows;
- terms that may adjust the contractual coupon rate, including variable-rate features;
- prepayment and extension features; and
- terms that limit the Group's claim to cash flows from specified assets (e.g. non-recourse features).

A prepayment feature is consistent with the solely payments of principal and interest criterion if the prepayment amount substantially represents unpaid amounts of principal and interest on the principal amount outstanding, which may include reasonable compensation for early termination of the contract. Additionally, for a financial asset acquired at a discount or premium to its contractual par-amount, a feature that permits or requires prepayment at an amount that substantially represents the contractual par amount plus accrued (but unpaid) contractual interest (which may also include reasonable compensation for early termination) is treated as consistent with this criterion if the fair value of the prepayment feature is insignificant at initial recognition.

Financial assets – Subsequent measurement and gains and losses

Financial assets at FVTPL	These assets are subsequently measured at fair value. Net gains and losses, including any interest or dividend income, are recognised in profit or loss.
Financial assets at amortised cost	These assets are subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method. The amortised cost is reduced by impairment losses. Interest income, foreign exchange gains and losses and impairment are recognised in profit or loss. Any gain or loss on de-recognition is recognised in profit or loss.

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4.1 Financial instruments (continued)**Financial assets – Subsequent measurement and gains and losses (continued)**

Debt investments at FVOCI	These assets are subsequently measured at fair value. Interest income calculated using the effective interest method, foreign exchange gains and losses and impairment are recognised in profit or loss. Other net gains and losses are recognised in OCI. On de-recognition, gains and losses accumulated in OCI are reclassified to profit or loss.
Equity investments at FVOCI	These assets are subsequently measured at fair value. Dividends are recognised as income in profit or loss unless the dividend clearly represents a recovery of part of the cost of the investment. Other net gains and losses are recognised in OCI.

Financial liabilities – Classification, subsequent measurement and gains and losses

Financial liabilities are classified as measured at amortised cost or FVTPL. A financial liability is classified as at FVTPL if it is classified as held-for-trading, it is a derivative or it is designated as such on initial recognition. Financial liabilities at FVTPL are measured at fair value and net gains and losses, including any interest expense, are recognised in profit or loss. Other financial liabilities are subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method. Interest expense and foreign exchange gains and losses are recognised in profit or loss. Any gain or loss on de-recognition is also recognised in profit or loss.

(iii) De-recognition**Financial assets**

The Group de-recognizes a financial asset when the contractual rights to the cash flows from the financial asset expire, or it transfers the rights to receive the contractual cash flows in a transaction in which substantially all of the risks and rewards of ownership of the financial asset are transferred or in which the Group neither transfers nor retains substantially all of the risks and rewards of ownership and it does not retain control of the financial asset.

The Group enters into transactions whereby it transfers assets recognized in its statement of financial position but retains either all or substantially all of the risks and rewards of the transferred assets. In these cases, the transferred assets are not derecognized.

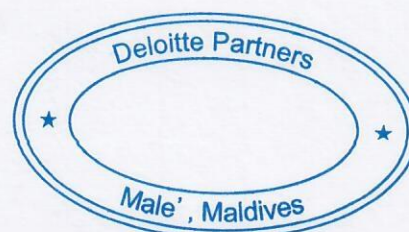
Financial liabilities

The Group derecognizes a financial liability when its contractual obligations are discharged, cancelled or expire. The Group also derecognizes a financial liability when its terms are modified and the cash flows of the modified liability are substantially different, in which case a new financial liability based on the modified terms is recognized at fair value.

On de-recognition of a financial liability, the difference between the carrying amount extinguished and the consideration paid (including any non-cash assets transferred or liabilities assumed) is recognized in profit or loss.

(iv) Offsetting

Financial assets and financial liabilities are offset and the net amount presented in the statement of financial position when, and only when, the Group currently has a legally enforceable right to set off the amounts and it intends either to settle them on a net basis or to realize the asset and settle the liability simultaneously.



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4.1 Financial instruments (continued)

(v) Share capital

Ordinary shares

Ordinary shares are classified as equity. Incremental costs directly attributable to the issue of ordinary shares are recognized as a deduction from equity.

(vi) Earnings per share

The Group presents basic and diluted earnings per share (EPS) data for its ordinary shares. Basic EPS is calculated by dividing the profit or loss attributable to ordinary shareholders of the parent by the weighted average number of ordinary shares outstanding during the year. Diluted EPS is determined by adjusting the profit or loss attributable to ordinary shareholders and the weighted average number of ordinary shares outstanding for the effects of all dilutive potential ordinary shares, which comprise convertible notes and share options granted to employees, if any.

Where the effect of the assumed conversion of the convertible notes and the exercise of all outstanding options have anti-dilutive effect, basic and diluted EPS are stated at the same amount.

4.2 Property, plant and equipment

(i) Recognition and measurement

Items of property, plant and equipment are measured at cost less accumulated depreciation and accumulated impairment losses if any.

Cost includes expenditure that is directly attributable to the acquisition of the asset. The cost of self constructed assets includes the cost of materials and direct labor, any other costs directly attributable to bringing the assets to a working condition for their intended use, the costs of dismantling and removing the items and restoring the site on which they are located and capitalized borrowing costs. Purchased software that is integral to the functionality of the related equipment is capitalized as part of that equipment.

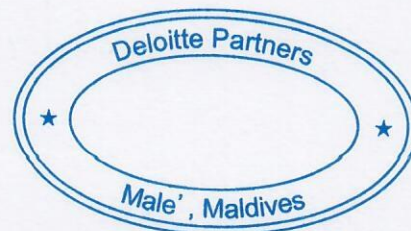
When parts of an item of property, plant and equipment have different useful lives, they are accounted for as separate items (major components) of property, plant and equipment. Gains and losses on disposal of an item of property, plant and equipment are determined by comparing the proceeds from disposal with the carrying amount of property, plant and equipment, and are recognized net within other income in profit or loss.

(ii) Subsequent costs

The cost of replacing a part of an item of property, plant and equipment is recognized in the carrying amount of the item if it is probable that the future economic benefits embodied within the part will flow to the Group, and its cost can be measured reliably. The carrying amount of the replaced part is derecognized. The costs of the day-to-day servicing of property, plant and equipment are recognized in profit or loss as incurred.

(iii) Capital work in progress

Capital work in progress as at the year-end represents the costs incurred or accrued for the projects which are not commissioned for commercial operation as at the year end.



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4.2 Property, plant and equipment (continued)

(iv) Depreciation

Depreciation is calculated over the depreciable amount, which is the cost of an asset, or other amount substituted for cost, less its residual value.

Depreciation is recognized in profit or loss on a straight-line basis over the estimated useful lives of each part of an item of property, plant and equipment, since this most closely reflects the expected pattern of consumption of the future economic benefits embodied in the asset. Leased assets are depreciated over the shorter of the lease term and their useful lives. The estimated useful lives for the current and comparative periods are as follows:

Leasehold improvement	5 years
Network equipment	8 to 25 years
Network infrastructure equipment	14 years
Office and computer equipment	3 to 5 years
Furniture and fixtures	5 years
Tool and equipment	3 to 14 years
Vessel and motor vehicles	5 years

Depreciation is provided from the month in which the property, plant and equipment is available for use. Depreciation methods, useful lives and residual values are reviewed at each financial year-end and adjusted if appropriate.

4.3 Intangible assets

(i) Recognition and measurement

Intangible assets that are acquired by the Group, which have finite useful lives, are measured at cost less accumulated amortization and accumulated impairment losses if any.

(ii) Subsequent expenditure

Subsequent expenditure is capitalized only when it increases the future economic benefits embodied in the specific asset to which it relates. All other expenditure is recognized in profit or loss as incurred.

(iii) Capital work in progress

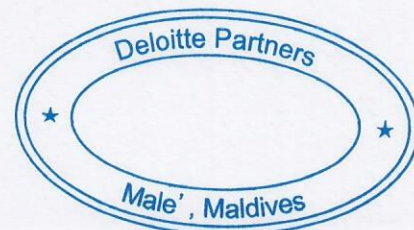
Capital work in progress as at the year-end represents the costs incurred or accrued for the projects which are not commissioned for commercial operation as at the year end.

(iv) Amortization

Amortization is recognized in profit or loss on a straight-line basis over the estimated useful lives of intangible assets, from the date that they are available for use, since this most closely reflects the expected patterns of consumption of the future economic benefits embodied in the assets.

Amortization methods, useful lives and residual values are reviewed at each financial year-end and adjusted if appropriate.

License fee	15 years
IT Software	3 to 8 years



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4.4 Leases

At inception of a contract, the Group assesses whether a contract is, or contains, a lease. A contract is, or contains, a lease if the contract conveys the right to control the use of an identified asset for a period of time in exchange for consideration. To assess whether a contract conveys the right to control the use of an identified asset, the Group uses the definition of a lease in IFRS 16. This policy is applied to contracts entered on or after 1st January 2019.

(i) As a lessee

At commencement or on modification of a contract that contains a lease component, the Group allocates the consideration in the contract to each lease component on the basis of its relative stand-alone prices.

The Group recognizes a right-of-use asset and a lease liability at the lease commencement date. The right-of-use asset is initially measured at cost, which comprises the initial amount of the lease liability adjusted for any lease payments made at or before the commencement date, plus any initial direct costs incurred and an estimate of costs to dismantle and remove the underlying asset or to restore the underlying asset or the site on which it is located, less any lease incentives received.

The right-of-use asset is subsequently depreciated using the straight-line method from the commencement date to the end of the lease term, unless the lease transfers ownership of the underlying asset to the Group by the end of the lease term or the cost of the right-of-use asset reflects that the Group will exercise a purchase option. In that case the right-of-use asset will be depreciated over the useful life of the underlying asset, which is determined on the same basis as those of property and equipment. In addition, the right-of-use asset is periodically reduced by impairment losses, if any, and adjusted for certain re-measurements of the lease liability.

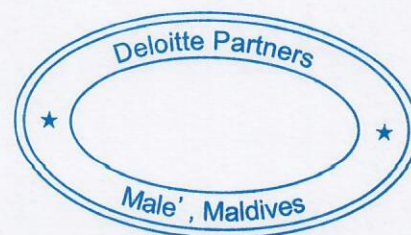
The lease liability is initially measured at the present value of the lease payments that are not paid at the commencement date, discounted using the interest rate implicit in the lease or, if that rate cannot be readily determined, and the Group's incremental borrowing rate. Generally, the Group uses its incremental borrowing rate as the discount rate.

The Group determines its incremental borrowing rate by obtaining interest rates from various external financing sources and makes certain adjustments to reflect the terms of the lease and type of the asset leased.

Lease payments included in the measurement of the lease liability comprise the following:

- fixed payments, including in-substance fixed payments;
- variable lease payments that depend on an index or a rate, initially measured using the index or rate as at the commencement date;
- amounts expected to be payable under a residual value guarantee; and
- the exercise price under a purchase option that the Group is reasonably certain to exercise, lease payments in an optional renewal period if the Group is reasonably certain to exercise an extension option, and penalties for early termination of a lease unless the Group is reasonably certain not to terminate early.

The lease liability is measured at amortized cost using the effective interest method. It is re-measured when there is a change in future lease payments arising from a change in an index or rate, if there is a change in the Group's estimate of the amount expected to be payable under a residual value guarantee, if the Group changes its assessment of whether it will exercise a purchase, extension or termination option or if there is a revised in-substance fixed lease payment.



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4.4 Leases (continued)

When the lease liability is re-measured in this way, a corresponding adjustment is made to the carrying amount of the right-of-use asset, or is recorded in profit or loss if the carrying amount of the right-of-use asset has been reduced to zero.

Short-term leases and leases of low value-assets

The Group has elected not to recognize right-of-use assets and lease liabilities for leases of low-value assets and short-term leases, including IT equipment. Short term leases are leases with a lease term of 12 months or less. Low-value assets comprise IT-equipment, small items of office furniture etc. underlying asset value of which is less than USD 5,000.

4.5 Inventories

Inventories are measured at the lower of cost and net realizable value. The cost of inventories is based on the weighted average principle, and includes expenditure incurred in acquiring the inventories and other costs incurred in bringing them to their existing location and condition.

Net realizable value is the estimated selling price in the ordinary course of business, less the estimated costs of completion and selling expenses.

4.6 Trade and other receivables

Trade receivables are amounts due from customers for goods sold or services performed in the ordinary course of business. They are generally due for settlement within a year and therefore are all classified as current. Trade receivables are recognised initially at the amount of consideration that is unconditional unless they contain significant financing components, where they are recognised at fair value. They are subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method, less loss allowance. Other receivables generally arise from transactions outside the usual operating activities of the Group and the Company.

4.7 Trade and other payables

These amounts represent liabilities for goods and services provided to the Company and the Group prior to the end of the financial year which are unpaid. Trade and other payables are presented as current liabilities unless payment is not due within 12 months after the reporting period. They are recognized initially at their fair value and subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method.

4.8 Cash and cash equivalent

For the purpose of presentation in the statement of cash flows, cash and cash equivalents include cash on hand, deposits held at call with financial institutions and other short-term, highly liquid investments with original maturities of three months or less that are readily convertible to known amounts of cash and which are subject to an insignificant risk of changes in value. Bank overdrafts are shown within borrowings in current liabilities in the statement of financial position.

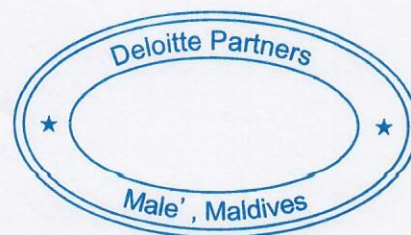
4.9 Impairment

4.9.1 Non-derivative financial assets

Financial instruments and contract assets

The Group recognizes loss allowances for ECLs on:

- financial assets measured at amortized cost;
- debt investments measured at FVOCI; and
- contract assets.



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4.9 Impairment (continued)

The Group measures loss allowances at an amount equal to lifetime ECLs, except for the following, which are measured at 12-month ECLs:

- debt securities that are determined to have low credit risk at the reporting date; and
- other debt securities and bank balances for which credit risk (i.e. the risk of default occurring over the expected life of the financial instrument) has not increased significantly since initial recognition.

Loss allowances for trade receivables and contract assets are always measured at an amount equal to lifetime ECLs.

When determining whether the credit risk of a financial asset has increased significantly since initial recognition and when estimating ECLs, the Group considers reasonable and supportable information that is relevant and available without undue cost or effort. This includes both quantitative and qualitative information and analysis, based on the Group's historical experience and informed credit assessment that includes forward-looking information.

The Group assumes that the credit risk on a financial asset has increased significantly if it is more than 30 days past due.

The Group considers a financial asset to be in default when:

- the debtor is unlikely to pay its credit obligations to the Group in full, without recourse by the Group to actions such as realizing security (if any is held); or
- the financial asset is more than 90 days past due.

Lifetime ECLs are the ECLs that result from all possible default events over the expected life of a financial instrument.

12-month ECLs are the portion of ECLs that result from default events that are possible within the 12 months after the reporting date (or a shorter period if the expected life of the instrument is less than 12 months).

The maximum period considered when estimating ECLs is the maximum contractual period over which the Group is exposed to credit risk.

Measurement of ECLs

ECLs are a probability-weighted estimate of credit losses. Credit losses are measured as the present value of all cash shortfalls (i.e. the difference between the cash flows due to the entity in accordance with the contract and the cash flows that the Group expects to receive).

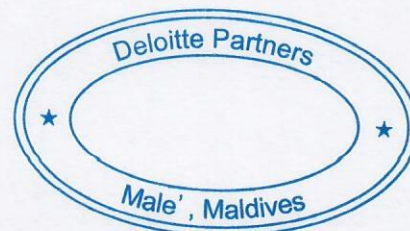
ECLs are discounted at the effective interest rate of the financial asset.

Credit-impaired financial assets

At each reporting date, the Group assesses whether financial assets carried at amortized cost and debt securities at FVOCI are credit-impaired. A financial asset is 'credit-impaired' when one or more events that have a detrimental impact on the estimated future cash flows of the financial asset have occurred.

Evidence that a financial asset is credit-impaired includes the following observable data:

- significant financial difficulty of the debtor;
- a breach of contract such as a default or being more than 90 days past due;
- the restructuring of a loan or advance by the Group on terms that the Group would not consider otherwise;
- it is probable that the debtor will enter bankruptcy or other financial reorganization; or
- the disappearance of an active market for a security because of financial difficulties.



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4.9 Impairment (continued)

Presentation of allowance for ECL in the statement of financial position

Loss allowances for financial assets measured at amortized cost are deducted from the gross carrying amount of the assets.

For debt securities at FVOCI, the loss allowance is charged to profit or loss and is recognized in OCI.

4.9.2 Write-off

The gross carrying amount of a financial asset is written off when the Group has no reasonable expectations of recovering a financial asset in its entirety or a portion thereof.

4.9.3 Non-financial assets

At each reporting date, the Group reviews the carrying amounts of its non-financial assets (other than biological assets, investment property, inventories, contract assets and deferred tax assets) to determine whether there is any indication of impairment. If any such indication exists, then the asset's recoverable amount is estimated. Goodwill is tested annually for impairment.

For impairment testing, assets are grouped together into the smallest group of assets that generates cash inflows from continuing use that are largely independent of the cash inflows of other assets or CGUs. Goodwill arising from a business combination is allocated to CGUs or groups of CGUs that are expected to benefit from the synergies of the combination.

The recoverable amount of an asset or CGU is the greater of its value in use and its fair value less costs to sell. Value in use is based on the estimated future cash flows, discounted to their present value using a pre-tax discount rate that reflects current market assessments of the time value of money and the risks specific to the asset or CGU.

An impairment loss is recognized if the carrying amount of an asset or CGU exceeds its recoverable amount.

Impairment losses are recognized in profit or loss. They are allocated first to reduce the carrying amount of any goodwill allocated to the CGU, and then to reduce the carrying amounts of the other assets in the CGU on a pro rata basis.

An impairment loss in respect of goodwill is not reversed. For other assets, an impairment loss is reversed only to the extent that the asset's carrying amount does not exceed the carrying amount that would have been determined, net of depreciation or amortization, if no impairment loss had been recognized.

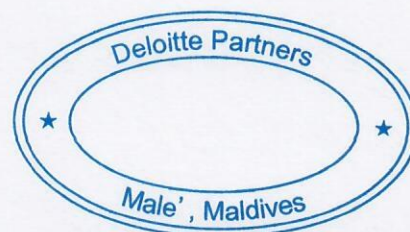
4.10 Borrowing cost

Borrowing costs are recognized as an expense in the period in which they are incurred, except to the extent where borrowing costs that are directly attributable to the construction of an asset that takes a substantial period of time to get ready for its intended use or sale, are capitalized as part of that asset.

4.11 Employee benefits

(a) Short term employee benefits

Short-term employee benefit obligations of the Group are measured on an undiscounted basis and are expensed as the related service is provided.



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Notes to the consolidated and separate financial statements
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(All amounts are expressed in Maldivian Rufiyaa unless otherwise stated)

4.11 Employee benefits (continued)

(a) Short term employee benefits (continued)

A liability is recognized for the amount expected to be paid under short-term cash bonus if the Group has a present legal or constructive obligation to pay this amount as a result of past service provided by the employee and the obligation can be estimated reliably.

(b) Defined contribution plans - employees' retirement pension scheme

A defined contribution plan is a post-employment contribution plan under which an entity pays fixed contributions into a separate entity and has no legal or constructive obligation to pay further amounts. Obligations for contributions to defined contribution plans are recognized as an employee benefit expense in profit or loss in the periods during which related services are rendered by employees. Employees are eligible for Employees' Retirement Pension Scheme Contributions in accordance with the respective statutes and regulations. The Company contributes 7% of gross emoluments of employees to the Employees' Retirement Pension Scheme.

4.12 Provisions

A provision is recognized if, as a result of a past event, the Group has a present legal or constructive obligation that can be estimated reliably, and it is probable that an outflow of economic benefits will be required to settle the obligation.

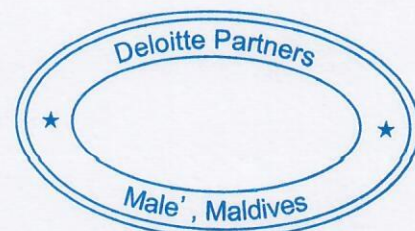
If the time value of money is material, provisions are determined by discounting the expected future cash flows at a pre-tax rate that reflects current market assessments of the time value of money and the risks specific to the liability. The unwinding of discount is recognized as finance cost.

A provision is made for the best estimate of the present value of the unavoidable future cost of dismantling and removing the items of property, plant and equipment and restoring the sites on which they are located.

4.13 Revenue recognition

Revenue from contracts with customers

Goods and services deliverable under contracts with customers are identified as separate performance obligations ('obligations') to the extent that the customer can benefit from the goods or services on their own or together with other resources that are readily available to the customer and that the separate goods and services are considered distinct from other goods and services in the agreement. Where individual goods and services do not meet the criteria to be identified as separate performance obligations they are aggregated with other goods and/or services in the agreement until a separate performance obligation is identified.



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4.13 Revenue recognition (continued)

The Company and the Group determine the transaction price to which it expects to be entitled to in return for providing the promised obligations to the customer based on the committed contractual amounts, net of sales taxes and discounts. In determining the transaction price, the Company and the Group consider variable and non-cash consideration such as rebates or discounts and consideration payable to a customer such as refunds to the extent that it is highly probable that a significant reversal will not occur. The transaction price is allocated between the identified obligations according to the relative standalone selling prices of the obligations. The standalone selling price of each obligation deliverable in the contract is determined according to the prices that the Company and the Group would achieve by selling the same goods and/ or services included in the obligation to a similar customer on a standalone basis. Where the Group does not sell equivalent goods or services in similar circumstances on a standalone basis it is necessary to estimate the standalone price. When estimating the standalone price, the Group maximises the use of external input; observing the standalone prices for similar goods and services when sold by third parties or using a cost-plus reasonable margin approach.

Revenue is recognized when the respective obligations in the contract are delivered to the customer and payment remains probable. The revenue is recognized as follows:

(i) Domestic and international telecommunications service revenue

Revenue from the provision of telecommunication services, such as call time, messaging, data services and information provision, fees for connecting uses of other fixed line and mobile networks to the Company's and the Group's network recognised when or as the entity performs the related service during the agreed service period. The customers are charged Government taxes at the applicable rates and the revenue is recognised net of such taxes.

(ii) Fixed broadband services

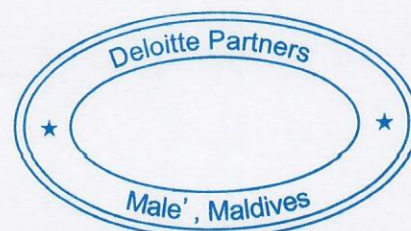
Each subscription to a contract for fixed broadband service is considered as a series of distinct services that are substantially the same and have the same pattern of transfer to the customer. The providing of set-top boxes, routers and connection fees for the exclusive use of the Group's services do not represent distinct services or goods, and they are to be combined with the subscription service as a single performance obligation satisfied over time. Revenue is recognised over the period the service is performed from the activation date of the subscription and as the service is provided.

(iii) Revenue from other network operators and international settlement

Revenue from other network operators, local and international, for the use of the Company's and the Group's telecommunication network for completing call connections are recognised when the related services are performed, based on traffic minutes/per second rates stipulated in the relevant agreements and regulations.

(iv) Bundled packages

If a good or service is separately identifiable from other items in a bundled package and if a customer can benefit from it, the Company and the Group recognise revenue for individual services separately. The consideration is allocated between separate services in a bundle based on their standalone selling prices. The standalone selling prices are determined based on the list prices at which the Company and the Group sell network services separately. Post-paid contracts including handsets are evaluated, to determine if they contain a significant financing component. For the contracts where the timing difference between customer payment and transfer of goods or services is expected to be one year or less, the Company and the Group have elected to apply the practical expedient that allows not to adjust the transaction price for the significant financing components.



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4.13 Revenue recognition (continued)

(v) Enterprise solutions

Revenue is recognized over time by measuring progress towards complete satisfaction of performance obligation at the reporting date, measured based on the proportion of contract cost incurred for work performed to date relative to the estimated total contracts costs, using input method.

(vi) Sale of equipment

Revenue from the sale of goods in the course of ordinary activities is measured at the fair value of the consideration received or receivable, net of returns, trade discounts and volume rebates. Revenue from sales of telecommunications equipment is recognized when persuasive evidence exists, usually in the form of an executed sales agreement, that the performance obligation related to the supply of the goods is completed, recovery of the consideration is probable.

Return of goods can be estimated reliably, there is no continuing management involvement with the goods, and the amount of revenue can be measured reliably.

If it is probable that discounts will be granted and the amount can be measured reliably, then the discount is recognized as a reduction of revenue as the sales are recognized. The total consideration on arrangements with multiple revenue generating activities (generally the sale of telecommunications equipment and ongoing service) is allocated to those components that are separable based on the estimated fair value of the components.

The timing of the transfers of risks and rewards varies depending on the individual terms of the contract of sale.

(vii) Income from capacity right

In relation to the services rendered such as income from capacity right, the revenue is recognized by reference to the time duration of service rendered.

Payment terms

The company has a refund policy for faulty devices if reported within 7 days from sale. The company does not give warranty for devices as company sells handsets with manufacturer's warranty. The company gives credit term of 21 days to individual customers and 60 days to corporate customers.

4.14 Operating expenses

Operating expenses are the expenses that are incurred in the natural course of business. These expenses generally consist of the selling and administration expenses. These expenses are revenue in nature since these are incurred in the day-to-day operations of the business and do not incur on the non-current assets.

The nature of the operating expenses is revenue. Therefore, these expenses are not capitalized. Unlike capital expenses that are incurred to support the operations of the business or in the extension of operations, these expenses are supporting in nature and are incurred to carry out the small operations.

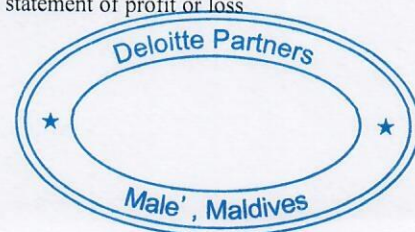
4.15 Other gains / (losses)

Other gains / (losses) represents income / (loss) generated by the Group that arises from activities outside of the provision for communication services and equipment sales. Key components of other gains / (losses) are recognised as follows:

Foreign exchange gain and losses

Foreign currency gains and losses on financial assets and financial liabilities are reported on a net basis as either finance income or finance cost depending on whether foreign currency movements are in a net gain or net loss position.

Foreign exchange gains and losses that relate to borrowings are presented in the statement of profit or loss, within finance costs. All other foreign exchange gains and losses are presented in the statement of profit or loss on a net basis within other gains/(losses).



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4.15 Other gains / (losses) (continued)

Gain / loss on disposal of assets

Any gain or loss on disposal of an item of property, plant and equipment (calculated as the difference between the net proceeds from disposal and the carrying amount of the item) is recognised in consolidated statement of profit or loss.

4.16 Finance income and finance costs

The Group's finance income and finance costs include:

- interest income;
- interest expense;

Interest income or expense is recognized using the effective interest method. Dividend income is recognized in profit or loss on the date on which the Group's right to receive payment is established.

The 'effective interest rate' is the rate that exactly discounts estimated future cash payments or receipts through the expected life of the financial instrument to:

- the gross carrying amount of the financial asset; or
- the amortized cost of the financial liability.

In calculating interest income and expense, the effective interest rate is applied to the gross carrying amount of the asset (when the asset is not credit-impaired) or to the amortized cost of the liability. However, for financial assets that have become credit-impaired subsequent to initial recognition, interest income is calculated by applying the effective interest rate to the amortized cost of the financial asset. If the asset is no longer credit-impaired, then the calculation of interest income reverts to the gross basis.

4.17 Taxes

Taxes comprise current and deferred income tax. Current tax and deferred income tax are recognized in profit or loss.

Current income tax

Current income tax is the expected tax payable or receivable on the taxable income or loss for the year, using tax rates enacted at the reporting date, and any adjustment to tax payable in respect of previous years.

Deferred income tax

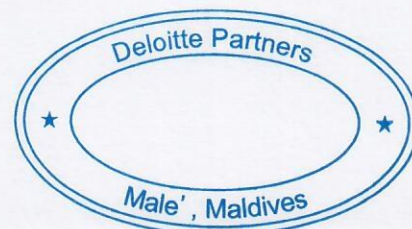
Deferred income tax is recognized in respect of temporary differences between the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities for financial reporting purposes and the amounts used for taxation purposes. Deferred tax is measured at the tax rates that are expected to be applied to temporary differences when they reverse, based on the tax rate enacted or substantively enacted at the reporting date.

Deferred tax assets and liabilities are offset if there is a legally enforceable right to offset current tax liabilities and assets, and they relate to income taxes levied by the same tax authority on the same taxable entity, or on different tax entities, but they intend to settle current tax liabilities and assets on a net basis or their tax assets and liabilities will be realized simultaneously.

4.18 Measurement of fair values

A number of the Group's accounting policies and disclosures require the measurement of fair values, for both financial and non-financial assets and liabilities.

The Group has an established control framework with respect to the measurement of fair values. Management has overall responsibility for overseeing all significant fair value measurements, including Level 3 fair values, and reports directly to the Chief Financial Officer.



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4.18 Measurement of fair values (continued)

Management regularly reviews significant unobservable inputs and valuation adjustments. If third party information, such as broker quotes or pricing services, is used to measure fair values, then the Management assesses the evidence obtained from the third parties to support the conclusion that these valuations meet the requirements of the Standards, including the level in the fair value hierarchy in which the valuations should be classified.

Significant valuation issues are reported to the Group's audit committee.

When measuring the fair value of an asset or a liability, the Group uses observable market data as far as possible. Fair values are categorized into different levels in a fair value hierarchy based on the inputs used in the valuation techniques as follows.

- Level 1: quoted prices (unadjusted) in active markets for identical assets or liabilities.
- Level 2: inputs other than quoted prices included in Level 1 that are observable for the asset or liability, either directly (i.e. as prices) or indirectly (i.e. derived from prices).
- Level 3: inputs for the asset or liability that are not based on observable market data (unobservable inputs).

If the inputs used to measure the fair value of an asset or a liability fall into different levels of the fair value hierarchy, then the fair value measurement is categorized in its entirety in the same level of the fair value hierarchy as the lowest level input that is significant to the entire measurement.

5 Changes to significant accounting policies

5.1 New and amended standards and interpretations issued but not yet adopted.

A number of new standards for annual periods beginning after 01 January 2024 and earlier application is permitted; however, the Company has not early adopted the amended standards in preparing these financial statements.

The following amended standards and interpretations are not expected to have a significant impact on the Company's consolidated financial statements.

- Classification of Liabilities as Current or Non-current – amendments to IAS 1.
- Sale or Contribution of Assets between an Investor and its Associate or Joint Venture - amendments to IFRS 10 and IAS 28.
- Non-current Liabilities with Covenants - amendments to IAS 1.
- Supplier Finance Arrangements – amendments to IAS 7 and IFRS 7.
- Lease Liability in a Sale and Leaseback - amendments to IFRS 16.
- General Requirements for Disclosure of Sustainability-related Financial Information - IFRS S1.
- Climate-related Disclosures - IFRS S2; and,
- Lack of exchangeability - Amendments to IAS 21.

6 Revenue

The Group's operation and main revenue streams are those described in the last annual financial statements. The Group's revenue is derived from contract with customers.

6.1 Disaggregation of revenue

Major services lines	Group		Company	
	2023 MVR "000"	2022 MVR "000"	2023 MVR "000"	2022 MVR "000"
Mobile revenue	1,615,519	1,486,121	1,615,519	1,485,345
Fixed, broadband and enterprise	480,455	437,778	475,802	437,778
Others	826	598	826	598
	<u>2,096,800</u>	<u>1,924,497</u>	<u>2,092,147</u>	<u>1,923,721</u>
Timing of revenue recognition	Group		Company	
	2023 MVR "000"	2022 MVR "000"	2023 MVR "000"	2022 MVR "000"
At a point in time	18,965	18,144	18,965	18,144
Over time	2,077,835	1,906,353	2,073,182	1,905,577
	<u>2,096,800</u>	<u>1,924,497</u>	<u>2,092,147</u>	<u>1,923,721</u>

Contract assets arriving from the revenue from enterprise solution and device sales as at 31 December 2023 is MVR 23.7 Mn (2022: MVR 4.5 Mn).

7 Other income

	Group		Company	
	2023 MVR "000"	2022 MVR "000"	2023 MVR "000"	2022 MVR "000"
Management fees	-	-	2,583	2,436
Miscellaneous income	6,926	8,325	6,926	8,100
	<u>6,926</u>	<u>8,325</u>	<u>9,509</u>	<u>10,761</u>

Miscellaneous income mainly includes write back of MVR 6.9 mn (2022: MVR 7.1 mn) on account of old liabilities no longer required.

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8 Network, interconnect and other operating expenses

	Group		Company	
	2023 MVR "000"	2022 MVR "000"	2023 MVR "000"	2022 MVR "000"
Direct cost of services	315,248	286,469	315,248	286,469
Management fees	90,999	83,038	90,999	83,038
Marketing expenses	40,270	43,345	40,270	43,345
Repair and maintenance costs	86,339	73,006	86,339	73,006
Operating lease rent	2,608	1,932	2,053	1,377
Professional fees	6,610	7,515	6,331	7,062
Other operating costs	227,465	226,743	226,299	225,762
	<u>769,539</u>	<u>722,048</u>	<u>767,539</u>	<u>720,059</u>

Other operating costs of the company and group mainly include license fee/concession costs, network electricity costs, leased internet circuit costs and collection costs. Previous year amount has been reclassified for the Company and the Group (Note 41).

9 Employee salaries and associated cost

	Group		Company	
	2023 MVR "000"	2022 MVR "000"	2023 MVR "000"	2022 MVR "000"
Salaries and wages	136,157	127,291	136,157	127,291
Pension fund contribution	5,517	5,773	5,517	5,773
Allowances	39,116	37,337	39,116	37,337
Bonus	38,714	52,321	38,714	52,321
Other staff costs	12,491	14,123	12,491	14,123
	<u>231,995</u>	<u>236,845</u>	<u>231,995</u>	<u>236,845</u>

Previous year amount has been reclassified for the Company and the Group (Note 41).

10 Net finance costs

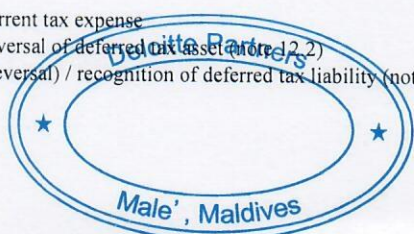
	Group		Company	
	2023 MVR "000"	2022 MVR "000"	2023 MVR "000"	2022 MVR "000"
Finance income				
Interest income	46,722	38,202	47,465	35,651
Finance costs				
Interest expenses	(64,781)	(55,060)	(64,781)	(55,060)
Interest cost on lease liability (note 28)	(25,125)	(24,965)	(25,125)	(24,965)
Bank charges	(10,502)	(2,410)	(10,502)	(2,410)
Unwinding of discount of asset retirement obligation (Note 27.1)	(602)	(806)	(602)	(806)
	<u>(101,010)</u>	<u>(83,241)</u>	<u>(101,010)</u>	<u>(83,241)</u>
Net finance costs	<u>(54,288)</u>	<u>(45,039)</u>	<u>(53,545)</u>	<u>(47,590)</u>

11 Other (losses) / gains - net

	Group		Company	
	2023 MVR "000"	2022 MVR "000"	2023 MVR "000"	2022 MVR "000"
Foreign exchange gain / (loss) on others	133	(94)	133	(94)
Other miscellaneous expenses	(153)	-	-	-
(Loss) / gain on disposal of assets	(3,155)	187	(3,155)	187
	<u>(3,175)</u>	<u>93</u>	<u>(3,022)</u>	<u>93</u>

12 Income tax

	Group		Company	
	2023 MVR "000"	2022 MVR "000"	2023 MVR "000"	2022 MVR "000"
Current tax expense	119,145	78,417	119,145	78,417
Reversal of deferred tax asset (note 2.2)	2,066	24,019	2,066	21,311
(Reversal) / recognition of deferred tax liability (note 12.3)	(960)	484	(960)	484
	<u>120,251</u>	<u>102,920</u>	<u>120,251</u>	<u>100,212</u>



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12 Income tax (continued)

12.1 Numerical reconciliation of income tax expense to prima facie tax payable

	Group		Company	
	2023 MVR "000"	2022 MVR "000"	2023 MVR "000"	2022 MVR "000"
Accounting profit before tax	804,823	662,995	806,350	656,105
Tax calculated at the rate of 15%	120,723	99,449	120,953	98,416
Add: tax on non-deductible expenses	47,903	54,164	47,674	53,982
Less: tax on deductible expenses	(49,482)	(75,196)	(49,482)	(73,980)
Income tax expense	119,145	78,417	119,145	78,417

In accordance with the provisions of the Income Tax Act No. 25 of 2019, relevant regulations and subsequent amendments thereto, the Company is liable for income tax on its taxable profits at the rate of 15%.

The Group believes that its accruals for tax liabilities are adequate for all open tax years based on its assessment of many factors, including tax regulations, guidelines and prior experience.

12.2 Deferred tax assets

	Group		Company	
	2023 MVR "000"	2022 MVR "000"	2023 MVR "000"	2022 MVR "000"
As at 1 January	30,044	54,063	30,044	51,355
Reversal during the year	(2,066)	(24,019)	(2,066)	(21,311)
As at 31 December	27,978	30,044	27,978	30,044

The recognized deferred tax assets are attributable to the following:

As at 31 December 2023

	Group		Company	
	31/12/2023		31/12/2023	
	Temporary difference MVR "000"	Tax effect MVR "000"	Temporary difference MVR "000"	Tax effect MVR "000"
Asset retirement obligation	15,851	2,378	15,851	2,378
Property, plant and equipment	56,518	8,478	56,518	8,478
Provision for doubtful debt	66,807	10,021	66,807	10,021
Bonus provision	47,341	7,101	47,341	7,101
	186,517	27,978	186,517	27,978

As at 31 December 2022

	Group		Company	
	31/12/2022		31/12/2022	
	Temporary difference MVR "000"	Tax effect MVR "000"	Temporary difference MVR "000"	Tax effect MVR "000"
Asset retirement obligation	14,885	2,233	14,885	2,233
Property, plant and equipment	72,039	10,806	72,039	10,806
Provision for doubtful debt	58,950	8,843	58,950	8,843
Bonus provision	54,411	8,162	54,411	8,162
	200,285	30,044	200,285	30,044

12.3 Deferred tax liabilities

	Group		Company	
	2023 MVR "000"	2022 MVR "000"	2023 MVR "000"	2022 MVR "000"
As at 1 January	2,413	1,929	2,413	1,929
(Reversed) / recognized during the year	(960)	484	(960)	484
As at 31 December	1,453	2,413	1,453	2,413

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12 Income tax (continued)

12.3 Deferred tax liabilities (continued)

The recognized deferred tax liabilities are attributable to the following:

As at 31 December 2023

	Group 31/12/2023		Company 31/12/2023	
	Temporary difference MVR "000"	Tax effect MVR "000"	Temporary difference MVR "000"	Tax effect MVR "000"
Intangible assets	9,684	1,453	9,684	1,453
	<u>9,684</u>	<u>1,453</u>	<u>9,684</u>	<u>1,453</u>

As at 31 December 2022

	Group 31/12/2022		Company 12/31/2022	
	Temporary difference MVR "000"	Tax effect MVR "000"	Temporary difference MVR "000"	Tax effect MVR "000"
Intangible assets	16,084	2,413	16,084	2,413
	<u>16,084</u>	<u>2,413</u>	<u>16,084</u>	<u>2,413</u>

12.4 Net deferred tax assets/ liabilities

	Group		Company	
	2023 MVR "000"	2022 MVR "000"	2023 MVR "000"	2022 MVR "000"
Deferred tax assets	27,978	30,044	27,978	30,044
Deferred tax liabilities	(1,453)	(2,413)	(1,453)	(2,413)
	<u>26,525</u>	<u>27,631</u>	<u>26,525</u>	<u>27,631</u>

13 Basic and diluted earnings per share

The calculation of basic and diluted earnings per share is based on profit for the year attributable to the ordinary shareholders and weighted average number of ordinary shares outstanding during the year and calculated as follows:

	Group		Company	
	2023	2022	2023	2022
Profit for the year attributable to shareholders (MVR. "000")	685,106	561,449	686,100	497,791
Weighted average number of ordinary shares in issue ("000")	147,800	147,800	147,800	147,800
Basic and diluted earnings per shares (MVR)	<u>4.64</u>	<u>3.80</u>	<u>4.64</u>	<u>3.37</u>

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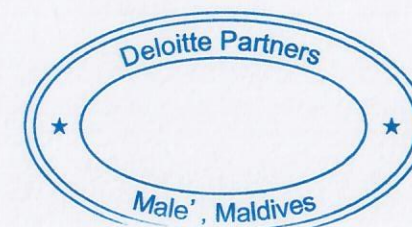
14 Property plant and equipment

14.1 Group

	Building	Leasehold Improvements	Network Equipments	Network Infrastructure Equipment	Office and Computer Equipments	Furniture and Fixtures	Tool and Equipments	Vessel and Motor Vehicles	Capital Work In Progress	Total 2023	Total 2022
	MVR "000"	MVR "000"	MVR "000"	MVR "000"	MVR "000"	MVR "000"	MVR "000"	MVR "000"	MVR "000"	MVR "000"	MVR "000"
Cost											
As at 1st January 2023	41,356	39,719	1,595,725	676,722	22,526	14,763	141,114	13,663	335,736	2,881,323	3,533,078
Additions during the year	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	488,887	488,887	368,877
Asset retirement obligation	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	218
Transferred from capital work in progress	212,814	5,278	44,507	28,977	3,374	522	14,716	6,286	(316,474)	-	-
Transferred from intangible assets	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	8,500	8,500	-
Transferred to intangible assets	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	(11,327)
Disposals during the year	-	(5,313)	(37,630)	(48,689)	(3,929)	(3,301)	(10,500)	(4,687)	-	(114,049)	(1,009,524)
As at 31st December 2023	254,170	39,684	1,602,602	657,010	21,971	11,984	145,330	15,262	516,649	3,264,661	2,881,323
Accumulated depreciation											
As at 1st January 2023	3,033	3,729	780,152	567,239	13,409	5,687	116,644	9,260	-	1,499,154	2,309,365
Charge for the year	3,782	2,570	136,548	22,644	3,665	956	9,921	2,432	-	182,518	199,309
Disposals during the year	-	(3,118)	(37,630)	(48,689)	(3,929)	(2,181)	(10,470)	(4,472)	-	(110,489)	(1,009,521)
As at 31st December 2023	6,815	3,181	879,070	541,194	13,145	4,462	116,095	7,220	-	1,571,182	1,499,154
Net carrying amount											
As at 31st December 2023	247,355	36,503	723,532	115,816	8,826	7,522	29,235	8,042	516,649	1,693,479	
As at 31st December 2022	38,323	35,990	815,573	109,483	9,117	9,076	24,470	4,403	335,736		1,382,170

14.2 The capital work in progress mainly include the amount incurred in respect of the Submarine Cable amounting MVR 209.65 Mn, New Site Deployment & Enhancements amounting MVR 119.24 Mn, Disaster Recovery Site amounting MVR 81.68 Mn, BSS Transformation amounting MVR 59.56 Mn and Other Projects amounting MVR 46.52 Mn, as at 31 December 2023.

14.3 The Group has not capitalized any borrowing costs during the year ended 31 December 2023 (2022: Nil).



Ooredoo Maldives PLC

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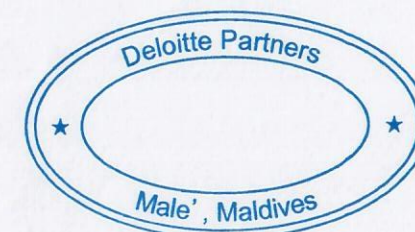
14 Property plant and equipment

14.4 Company

	Building	Leasehold Improvements	Network Equipments	Network Infrastructure Equipment	Office and Computer Equipments	Furniture and Fixtures	Tool and Equipments	Vessel and Motor Vehicles	Capital Work In Progress	Total 2023	Total 2022
	MVR "000"	MVR "000"	MVR "000"	MVR "000"	MVR "000"	MVR "000"	MVR "000"	MVR "000"	MVR "000"	MVR "000"	MVR "000"
Cost											
As at 1st January 2023	41,356	39,720	1,578,219	676,721	22,525	14,761	135,624	13,663	335,736	2,858,327	3,510,082
Additions during the year	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	488,887	488,887	368,877
Asset retirement obligation	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	218
Transferred from capital work in progress	212,814	5,278	44,507	28,977	3,374	522	14,716	6,286	(316,475)	-	-
Transferred from intangible assets	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	8,500	8,500	-
Transferred to intangible assets	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	(11,327)
Disposals during the year	-	(5,313)	(37,630)	(48,689)	(3,929)	(3,301)	(10,500)	(4,687)	-	(114,049)	(1,009,524)
As at 31st December 2023	254,170	39,685	1,585,096	657,009	21,970	11,982	139,840	15,262	516,648	3,241,665	2,858,327
Accumulated depreciation											
As at 1st January 2023	3,032	3,728	769,392	567,238	13,410	5,687	111,155	9,262	-	1,482,906	2,293,917
Charge for the year	3,782	2,570	135,755	22,644	3,665	956	9,921	2,432	-	181,725	198,510
Disposals during the year	-	(3,118)	(37,630)	(48,689)	(3,929)	(2,181)	(10,470)	(4,472)	-	(110,489)	(1,009,520)
As at 31st December 2023	6,814	3,180	867,517	541,193	13,146	4,462	110,606	7,222	-	1,554,140	1,482,906
Net carrying amount											
As at 31st December 2023	247,356	36,505	717,579	115,816	8,824	7,520	29,234	8,040	516,648	1,687,525	
As at 31st December 2022	38,323	35,991	808,827	109,483	9,114	9,074	24,469	4,402	335,736		1,375,421

14.5 The capital work in progress mainly include the amount incurred in respect of the Submarine Cable amounting MVR 209.65 Mn, New Site Deployment & Enhancements amounting MVR 119.24 Mn, Disaster Recovery Site amounting MVR 81.68 Mn, BSS Transformation amounting MVR 59.56 Mn and Other Projects amounting MVR 46.52 Mn, as at 31 December 2023.

14.6 The Company has not capitalized any borrowing costs during the year ended 31 December 2023 (2022: Nil).



Ooredoo Maldives PLC

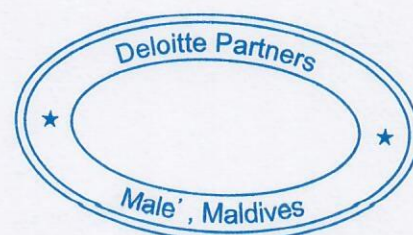
Notes to the consolidated and separate financial statements
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15 Intangible Assets**15.1 Group**

	IT software	Capital work in progress	Total 2023	Total 2022
	MVR "000"	MVR "000"	MVR "000"	MVR "000"
Cost				
As at 1st January	213,949	17,989	231,938	329,731
Additions during the year	-	24,250	24,250	10,174
Transferred from capital work in progress	12,293	(12,293)	-	-
Transferred from property plant and equipment	-	(8,500)	(8,500)	11,327
Disposals during the year	(11,395)	-	(11,395)	(119,293)
As at 31st December	<u>214,847</u>	<u>21,446</u>	<u>236,293</u>	<u>231,938</u>
Accumulated Amortization				
As at 1st January	183,914	-	183,914	292,373
Amortization for the year	12,803	-	12,803	10,835
Disposals during the year	(11,395)	-	(11,395)	(119,293)
As at 31st December	<u>185,322</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>185,322</u>	<u>183,914</u>
Net carrying amount				
As at 31st December 2023	<u>29,525</u>	<u>21,446</u>	<u>50,971</u>	
As at 31st December 2022	<u>30,034</u>	<u>17,989</u>		<u>48,024</u>

- 15.2 The purchase and upgrade cost of IT software has been recognized as an intangible assets and amortized over a period of 3 to 8 years.
- 15.3 The capital work in progress mainly include amounts incurred in respect of DWH Modernization amounting MVR 5.38 Mn, eSIM Wearables amounting MVR 4.37 Mn, SuperAPP amounting MVR 4.27 Mn, Distribution Management System amounting MVR 2.31 Mn and other Implementation Projects amounting MVR 5.12 Mn, as at 31 December 2023.



Ooredoo Maldives PLC

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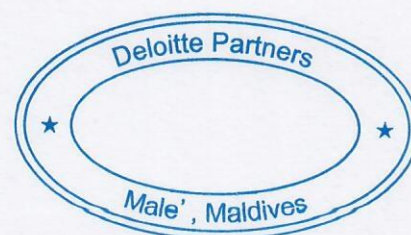
(All amounts are expressed in Maldivian Rufiyaa unless otherwise stated)

15 Intangible Assets (Continued)**15.4 Company**

	IT software	Capital work in progress	Total 2023	Total 2022
	MVR "000"	MVR "000"	MVR "000"	MVR "000"
Cost				
As at 1st January	213,949	17,989	231,938	329,731
Additions during the year	-	24,250	24,250	10,174
Transferred from capital work in progress	12,293	(12,293)	-	-
Transferred to property, plant and equipment	-	(8,500)	(8,500)	-
Transferred from property, plant and equipment	-	-	-	11,327
Disposals during the year	(11,395)	-	(11,395)	(119,293)
As at 31st December	<u>214,847</u>	<u>21,446</u>	<u>236,293</u>	<u>231,938</u>
Accumulated amortization				
As at 1st January	183,914	-	183,914	292,373
Charge for the year	12,803	-	12,803	10,835
Disposals during the year	(11,395)	-	(11,395)	(119,293)
As at 31st December	<u>185,322</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>185,322</u>	<u>183,914</u>
Net carrying amount				
As at 31st December 2023	<u>29,525</u>	<u>21,446</u>	<u>50,971</u>	
As at 31st December 2022	<u>30,034</u>	<u>17,989</u>		<u>48,024</u>

15.5 The purchase and upgrade cost of IT software has been recognized as an intangible assets and amortized over a period of 3 to 8 years.

15.6 The capital work in progress mainly include amounts incurred in respect of DWH Modernization amounting MVR 5.38 Mn, eSIM Wearables amounting MVR 4.37 Mn, SuperAPP amounting MVR 4.27 Mn, Distribution Management System amounting MVR 2.31 Mn and other Implementation Projects amounting MVR 5.12 Mn, as at 31 December 2023.



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16 Right of use assets	Group		Company	
	12/31/2023 MVR "000"	12/31/2022 MVR "000"	12/31/2023 MVR "000"	12/31/2022 MVR "000"
Cost				
Opening balance	338,615	298,074	338,615	298,073
Lease modification	13,665	8,458	13,665	8,458
Increase due to additions	24,259	32,083	24,259	32,084
Decrease due to derecognition	(21,136)	-	(21,136)	-
Closing balance	355,403	338,615	355,403	338,615
	Group		Company	
	12/31/2023 MVR "000"	12/31/2022 MVR "000"	12/31/2023 MVR "000"	12/31/2022 MVR "000"
Accumulated depreciation				
Opening balance	140,155	100,665	140,155	100,665
Charge for the year	36,819	39,490	36,819	39,490
Derecognition	(15,029)	-	(15,029)	-
Closing balance	161,945	140,155	161,945	140,155
Net carrying value	193,458	198,460	193,458	198,460

Right of use assets will be amortized over the lease period.

16.1 Analysis of right of use asset

Net carrying value

Mobile telecommunication tower sites	152,440	162,476	152,440	162,476
Buildings	40,951	35,984	40,951	35,984
	193,458	198,460	193,458	198,460

16.2 Amounts recognized in profit or loss

31 December 2023- Leases under IFRS 16

	12/31/2023	
	Group MVR "000"	Company MVR "000"
Interest on lease liabilities (note 28)	25,125	25,125
Expenses relating to short-term leases	1,991	1,436
Depreciation of right of use assets	36,819	36,819

Depreciation of right of use assets comprise of MVR 27.98 Mn on Mobile telecommunication tower sites and MVR 8.84 Mn on Buildings.

31 December 2022- Leases under IFRS 16

	12/31/2022	
	Group MVR "000"	Company MVR "000"
Interest on lease liabilities (note 28)	24,965	24,965
Expenses relating to short-term leases	2,192	1,637
Depreciation of right of use assets	39,490	39,490

Depreciation of right of use assets comprise of MVR 27.98 Mn on Mobile telecommunication tower sites and MVR 8.84 Mn on Buildings.

16.3 Lease modification

During the year the Company and certain lessors agree to revise the rental payments and terms of lease without changing the underlying lease assets. Changes in consideration and terms of these lease contracts are accounted for on 1 January 2023 being the effective date of the modification. The Company remeasured the lease liabilities considering the modified lease payments discounted at the revised incremental rate determined on 1 January 2023. The difference between original lease liability and revised lease liability is adjusted against right of use assets.

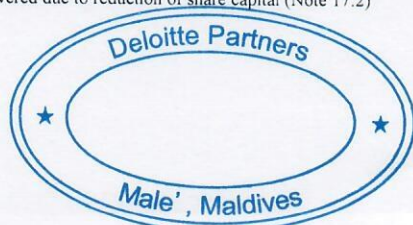
16.4 Maturity analysis of non-current lease liabilities is as follows:

	31/12/2023		31/12/2022	
	Group MVR "000"	Company MVR "000"	Group MVR "000"	Company MVR "000"
Later than 1 year and not later than 2 years	24,184	24,184	32,134	32,134
Later than 2 year and not later than 5 years	66,806	66,806	67,885	67,885
Later than 5 years	93,841	93,841	90,156	90,156
	176,454	176,454	190,175	190,175

The Company does not face a significant liquidity risk with regard to its lease liabilities.

17 Investment in subsidiary

	Company	
	31/12/2023 MVR "000"	31/12/2022 MVR "000"
WARF Telecom International Private Limited	20,045	255,587
Less: Impairment provision of investment (Note 17.1)	-	(166,843)
Less: Cash recovered due to reduction of share capital (Note 17.2)	-	(68,699)
	20,045	20,045



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17.1 Provision for impairment of the investment in subsidiary	12/31/2023	12/31/2022
	MVR "000"	MVR "000"
As at 1 January	166,843	158,735
Charge of provision for impairment loss during the year	-	8,108
As at 31 December	<u>166,843</u>	<u>166,843</u>

The subsidiary had accumulated losses amounting to MVR 5.4 Mn as at 31 December 2023, which is an indicator of impairment of investment in subsidiary.

The investment in subsidiary was written down to the recoverable amount of MVR 20.05 Mn, which was determined by reference to the subsidiary's value in use based on discounted future cash flow.

The estimate of value in use was determined using a pre-taxed discount rate of 15.84% (2022: 15.96%).

17.2 Capital reduction in subsidiary	12/31/2023	12/31/2022
	MVR "000"	MVR "000"
Capital reduction in subsidiary	-	105,691
65% of issued share capital	-	68,699

In accordance with the Management Memorandum no WARF/BOD-4/2022/05 dated on 19 December 2022 and board meeting held on 21 December 2022 Board of Directors resolved to reduce the amount of share capital to MVR 30,840,000 (USD 2,000,000) as of 31 December 2022. Accordingly, the share capital was reduced by setting off the accumulated deficit amounting MVR 256,678,837 (USD 16,645,839) against the share capital and remaining surplus share capital amounting to MVR 105,592,166 (USD 6,847,741) was paid to the shareholders of the company.

17.3 Sensitivity analysis

Reasonably possible changes at the reporting date to one of the significant assumptions, holding other assumptions constant, would have affected the impairment provision by the amounts shown below.

	Profit / loss	
	Increased MVR "000"	Decrease MVR "000"
31 December 2023		
Annual revenue growth rate (0.5% movement)	-	-
EBITDA margin (0.3% movement)	-	-
Risk-adjustment discount rate (1% movement)	-	-
31 December 2022		
Annual revenue growth rate (0.5% movement)	116,365	(114,814)
EBITDA margin (0.3% movement)	48,261	(46,711)
Risk-adjustment discount rate (1% movement)	(285,651)	303,256

17.4 Shareholding of investment in subsidiary

	No. of Shares		Shareholding	
	12/31/2023 MVR "000"	12/31/2022 MVR "000"	12/31/2023 MVR "000"	12/31/2022 MVR "000"
WARF Telecom International Private Limited (Incorporated in the Republic of Maldives)	<u>20,046,000</u>	<u>20,046,000</u>	<u>65%</u>	<u>65%</u>

18 Inventories

	Group		Company	
	12/31/2023 MVR "000"	12/31/2022 MVR "000"	12/31/2023 MVR "000"	12/31/2022 MVR "000"
Merchandise	47,980	48,428	47,980	48,431
Write down of inventories to net realisable value (Note 18.1)	(12,714)	(13,036)	(12,714)	(13,036)
	<u>35,266</u>	<u>35,392</u>	<u>35,266</u>	<u>35,395</u>

18.1 Write down of inventories to net realisable value

As at 1 January	13,036	13,456	13,036	13,456
Write back made during the year	(322)	(420)	(322)	(420)
As at 31 December	<u>12,714</u>	<u>13,036</u>	<u>12,714</u>	<u>13,036</u>

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19	Trade and other receivables	Group		Company	
		12/31/2023 MVR "000"	12/31/2022 MVR "000"	12/31/2023 MVR "000"	12/31/2022 MVR "000"
	Trade and billing receivables	183,313	192,261	183,313	192,261
	Advances and prepayments	22,136	33,083	22,135	33,079
	Contract assets (Note 19.1)	23,697	4,564	23,697	4,564
	Prepayments (Note 19.2)	7,035	7,035	6,921	6,921
	Other receivables	142,481	153,079	141,594	152,192
		<u>378,662</u>	<u>390,022</u>	<u>377,660</u>	<u>389,016</u>
	Less: Loss allowance for expected credit loss of trade and other receivables (Note 19.3)	(66,126)	(59,089)	(66,126)	(59,089)
		<u>312,536</u>	<u>330,934</u>	<u>311,534</u>	<u>329,927</u>
19.1	Contract assets	Group		Company	
		12/31/2023 MVR "000"	12/31/2022 MVR "000"	12/31/2023 MVR "000"	12/31/2022 MVR "000"
	Contract assets	23,697	4,564	23,697	4,564
		<u>23,697</u>	<u>4,564</u>	<u>23,697</u>	<u>4,564</u>
	Less: Loss allowance for expected credit loss of contract assets (Note 19.3)	(3,703)	(1,033)	(3,703)	(1,033)
		<u>19,994</u>	<u>3,531</u>	<u>19,994</u>	<u>3,531</u>
19.2	Prepayments	Group		Company	
		12/31/2023 MVR "000"	12/31/2022 MVR "000"	12/31/2023 MVR "000"	12/31/2022 MVR "000"
	Opening balance	98,678	105,713	97,079	104,000
	Addition during the year	16,191	-	16,191	-
	Amortisation of prepayments	(7,035)	(7,035)	(6,921)	(6,921)
	Closing balance	<u>107,834</u>	<u>98,678</u>	<u>106,349</u>	<u>97,079</u>
	Long-term prepayments	<u>100,799</u>	<u>91,643</u>	<u>99,429</u>	<u>90,158</u>
	Short-term prepayments	<u>7,035</u>	<u>7,035</u>	<u>6,921</u>	<u>6,921</u>

(i) Contract assets recognized are in relation to mobile hand set and devices sold on installments and enterprise solution project sales.

(ii) Other receivables of the company and group mainly include roaming commitment. Advances and prepayments mainly include recoverable from MIRA and advances paid to suppliers.

(iii) Prepayments include lumpsum amount paid for capacity right in advance, which is charged to expenses in a straight line method over the capacity right period (15 years).

19.3 Loss allowance for expected credit loss of trade and other receivables (excluding contract assets)

	Group		Company	
	12/31/2023 MVR "000"	12/31/2022 MVR "000"	12/31/2023 MVR "000"	12/31/2022 MVR "000"
As at 1 January	58,056	105,037	58,056	104,897
Write off	-	(68,703)	-	(68,703)
Loss allowance made during the year	4,367	21,721	4,367	21,862
As at 31 December (Note 32 (i))	<u>62,423</u>	<u>58,056</u>	<u>62,423</u>	<u>58,056</u>

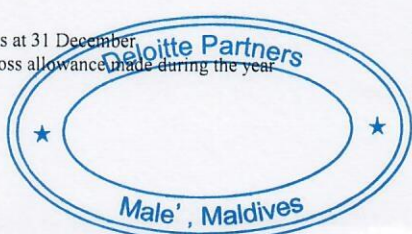
Loss allowance for expected credit loss of contract assets

	Group		Company	
	12/31/2023 MVR "000"	12/31/2022 MVR "000"	12/31/2023 MVR "000"	12/31/2022 MVR "000"
As at 1 January	1,033	8,299	1,033	8,299
Provision / (reversal) made during the year	2,670	(7,265)	2,670	(7,265)
As at 31 December (Note 32 (i))	<u>3,703</u>	<u>1,033</u>	<u>3,703</u>	<u>1,033</u>

Total loss allowance for trade and other receivables including contract assets

	Group		Company	
	12/31/2023 MVR "000"	12/31/2022 MVR "000"	12/31/2023 MVR "000"	12/31/2022 MVR "000"
As at 31 December	66,126	59,089	66,126	59,089
Loss allowance made during the year	<u>7,037</u>	<u>14,456</u>	<u>7,037</u>	<u>14,597</u>

As at 31 December
Loss allowance made during the year



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20 Amount due from a related party

	Group		Company	
	12/31/2023	12/31/2022	12/31/2023	12/31/2022
	MVR "000"	MVR "000"	MVR "000"	MVR "000"
WARF Telecom International	-	-	-	68,699
	-	-	-	68,699

20.1 Loss allowance for expected credit loss

	Group		Company	
	12/31/2023	12/31/2022	12/31/2023	12/31/2022
	MVR "000"	MVR "000"	MVR "000"	MVR "000"
As at 1 January	-	755	-	-
Reversal for the year	-	(755)	-	-
As at 31 December	-	-	-	-

21 Financial assets at amortised cost

	Group		Company	
	12/31/2023	12/31/2022	12/31/2023	12/31/2022
	MVR "000"	MVR "000"	MVR "000"	MVR "000"
Investments in fixed deposits more than one year	176,203	36,375	176,203	-
Investments in fixed deposits less than one year	856,126	263,067	856,126	240,832
	1,032,329	299,442	1,032,329	240,832
Loss allowance for expected credit losses of investments (Note 21.1)	(3,386)	(4,030)	(3,386)	(3,956)
	1,028,943	295,412	1,028,943	236,876

21.1 Loss allowance for expected credit losses of financial assets at amortised cost

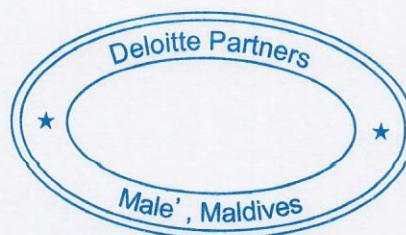
	Group		Company	
	12/31/2023	12/31/2022	12/31/2023	12/31/2022
	MVR "000"	MVR "000"	MVR "000"	MVR "000"
As at 1 January	4,030	1,572	3,956	1,537
Loss allowance (reversal)/ charge during the year	(644)	2,458	(570)	2,419
As at 31 December	3,386	4,030	3,386	3,956
Investments in fixed deposits less than one year (net)	852,740	259,037	852,740	236,876
Investments in fixed deposits more than one year (net)	176,203	36,375	176,203	-

(i) Investments in fixed deposits are classified under amortized cost. The interest rate of the deposits are ranging from 1.24% to 3.50% per annum and maturity periods are ranging from more than one month to two years. Deposits amounting MVR 375.39 Mn (2022: MVR 200.35 Mn) are denominated in USD.

(ii) Ooredoo Maldives PLC has pledged fixed deposits amounting to MVR 715.83 Mn as at 31 December 2023 (31 December 2022 : MVR 661.53 Mn) as collateral against loans (restricted deposits).

22 Bank balances and cash

	Group		Company	
	12/31/2023	12/31/2022	12/31/2023	12/31/2022
	MVR "000"	MVR "000"	MVR "000"	MVR "000"
Cash in hand	1,837	1,720	1,837	1,720
Balances with banks	1,304,674	1,809,109	1,229,394	1,718,854
	1,306,511	1,810,829	1,231,231	1,720,574
Loss allowances for expected credit losses of bank balances (Note 22.1)	(1,566)	(195)	(1,535)	(138)
	1,304,945	1,810,634	1,229,696	1,720,436



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22 Bank balances and cash (Continued)**22.1 Loss allowances for expected credit losses of bank balances**

	Group		Company	
	12/31/2023 MVR "000"	12/31/2022 MVR "000"	12/31/2023 MVR "000"	12/31/2022 MVR "000"
Opening balance	195	128	138	121
Loss allowance charged /(reversal) during the year	1,371	67	1,397	17
As at 31 December	<u>1,566</u>	<u>195</u>	<u>1,535</u>	<u>138</u>

23 Share capital**23.1 Authorized**

Authorized share capital comprises of 155,202,000 (2022: 155,202,000) ordinary shares. All shares are at par value of MVR 10/- (2022 : MVR 10/-) each.

23.2 Issued share capital

Issued and paid up share capital comprises of 147,800,401 (2022: 147,800,401) ordinary shares. All shares are at par value of MVR 10/- (2022: MVR 10/-).

23.3 Fully paid share capital

	Group		Company	
	12/31/2023 MVR "000"	12/31/2022 MVR "000"	12/31/2023 MVR "000"	12/31/2022 MVR "000"
As at 1 January	1,478,004	1,478,004	1,478,004	1,478,004
As at 31 December	<u>1,478,004</u>	<u>1,478,004</u>	<u>1,478,004</u>	<u>1,478,004</u>

23.4 Dividend

The holders of ordinary shares are entitled to receive dividends as declared from time to time and are entitled to one vote per share at the shareholders' meetings of the Company.

Dividend paid and proposed

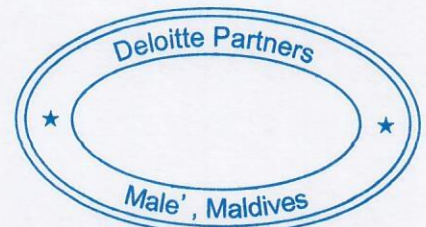
	Group	
	12/31/2023 MVR "000"	12/31/2022 MVR "000"
Declared accrued and paid during the year final dividend for 2022, MVR 3.04 per share (for 2021, MVR 2.70 per share)	449,313	399,061

23.5 Capital reduction of subsidiary

As a result of capital reduction of the subsidiary, cash was paid to Reliance Global amounting to Nil (2022: MVR 21,138,229), and Focus Infocom amount to Nil (2022: MVR 15,853,672).

24 Reserve on translation of share capital

Consequent to the decision taken by the Board of Directors of the Group/ Company, the functional currency of the Group/ Company was changed from United States Dollar (US\$) to Maldivian Rufiyaa (MVR) with effect from 1st January 2014. The exchange difference arose from the translation of issued share capital as at 1st January 2014 was recognized in this reserve. This is an un-distributable reserve.



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25 Non-controlling interest

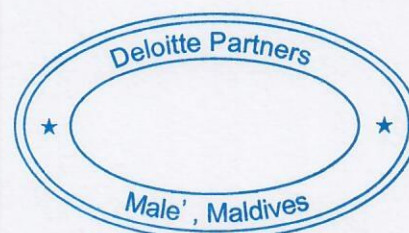
	Group	
	12/31/2023 MVR "000"	12/31/2022 MVR "000"
As at 1st January	9,367	47,733
+ (Loss) / profit allocated to non-controlling interest	(534)	(1,374)
(-) Capital reduction	-	(36,992)
As at 31st December	<u>8,833</u>	<u>9,367</u>

The following table summarizes the information relating to WARF Telecom International Private Limited which is the subsidiary of the Company that has material non-controlling interest (NCI), before any intra group eliminations,

	12/31/2023 MVR"000"	12/31/2022 MVR"000"
Non-controlling interest %	35%	35%
Non-current assets	7,318	45,161
Current assets	76,246	115,334
Current liabilities	(58,177)	(133,581)
Net assets	<u>25,387</u>	<u>26,914</u>
Net assets attributable to NCI	<u>8,885</u>	<u>9,420</u>
Non-controlling interest		
Non-controlling interest %	35%	35%
Revenue	4,654	776
Loss after tax	(1,526)	(3,926)
Total comprehensive loss	<u>(1,526)</u>	<u>(3,926)</u>
Loss allocated to non-controlling interest	<u>(534)</u>	<u>(1,374)</u>
Net cash (used in) / generated from operating activities	(73,274)	4,709
Net cash generated from investing activities	56,905	15,277
Net (decrease) / increase in cash and cash equivalents	<u>(16,369)</u>	<u>19,986</u>

26 Loans and borrowings

	Group		Company	
	12/31/2023 MVR"000"	12/31/2022 MVR"000"	12/31/2023 MVR"000"	12/31/2022 MVR"000"
As at 1 January	625,667	810,977	625,667	810,977
Borrowings during the year	323,820	177,330	323,820	177,330
Repayments during the year	(310,226)	(362,640)	(310,226)	(362,640)
As at 31 December	<u>639,261</u>	<u>625,667</u>	<u>639,261</u>	<u>625,667</u>



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26	Loans and borrowings (continued)	Group		Company	
		12/31/2023 MVR"000"	12/31/2022 MVR"000"	12/31/2023 MVR"000"	12/31/2022 MVR"000"
26.1	Sources of finance				
	Term loan i (Note 26.4)	124,193	223,910	124,193	223,910
	Term loan ii (Note 26.5)	64,250	115,650	64,250	115,650
	Term loan iii (Note 26.6)	-	77,100	-	77,100
	Term loan iv (Note 26.7)	8,372	27,353	8,372	27,353
	Term loan v (Note 26.8)	11,182	21,418	11,182	21,418
	Term loan vi (Note 26.9)	109,582	137,106	109,582	137,106
	Term loan vii (Note 26.10)	16,069	23,130	16,069	23,130
	Term loan viii (Note 26.11)	34,561	-	34,561	-
	Term loan ix (Note 26.12)	154,200	-	154,200	-
	Term loan x (Note 26.13)	116,852	-	116,852	-
		<u>639,261</u>	<u>625,667</u>	<u>639,261</u>	<u>625,667</u>
26.2	Non - current liabilities	<u>354,228</u>	<u>341,161</u>	<u>354,228</u>	<u>341,161</u>
	Repayment of non-current liabilities schedule is as follows:				
	More than one year, less than two years	263,918	215,219	263,918	215,219
	More than two years	90,311	125,942	90,311	125,942
		<u>354,229</u>	<u>341,161</u>	<u>354,229</u>	<u>341,161</u>
26.3	Current liabilities	<u>285,033</u>	<u>284,506</u>	<u>285,033</u>	<u>284,506</u>

26.4 Term loan i

The Company entered into a loan agreement dated 13 January 2020, and obtained a term loan facility amounting to US\$ 29,100,000/- on 18 March 2020 for the purpose of restructuring the loan facility. The loan is repayable within 54 equal monthly instalments of USD 538,888.88/- each (1 US\$ = MVR 15.42). The loan is unsecured.

26.5 Term loan ii

The Company entered into an import line facility agreement dated 17 September 2020, amounting to US\$ 10,000,000/- which was obtained on 15 February 2021 for the purpose of financing the capital expenditure. The loan is repayable within 12 equal quarterly instalments of USD 833,333.33 each with grace period of 12 months from the date of drawdown (1 US\$ = MVR 15.42). The loan is unsecured.

26.6 Term loan iii

The Company entered into a loan agreement dated 19 May 2021, and obtained a term loan facility amounting to US\$ 15,000,000/- on 5 July 2021, for the purpose of company foreign exchange requirement. The loan is repayable within 6 equal quarterly instalments of US\$ 2,500,000/ each with grace period of 6 months from the date of drawdown (1 US\$ = MVR 15.42). The facility is secured by a MVR deposit equivalent to 120% of loan amount. This has been fully repaid by 30 June 2023.

26.7 Term loan iv

The Company obtained the term loan facility by entering into a loan agreement dated 7 April 2021, amounting to US\$ 3,000,000/- for the purpose of financing the capital expenditure. The loan is repayable within 30 equal monthly instalments of US\$ 110,404 each with grace period of 6 months from the date of drawdown (1 US\$ = MVR 15.42). The facility is secured by fixed deposits.

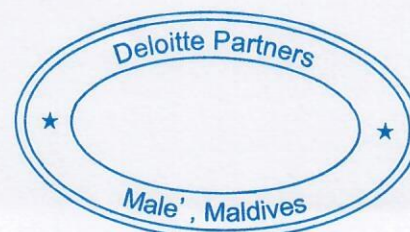
26.8 Term loan v

The Company entered into a term loan facility with the loan agreement dated 14 December 2021, amounting to US\$ 2,000,000/- which was obtained on 29 December 2021. The purpose of the loan being company foreign exchange requirement. The loan is repayable within 36 equal monthly instalments of USD 63,136/- each (1 US\$ = MVR 15.42). The facility is secured by MVR deposit equivalent to 130% of outstanding loan amount.

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26 Loans and borrowings (continued)

26.9 Term loan vi

The Company obtained the term loan facility by entering into a loan agreement dated 10 April 2022, amounting to US\$ 10,000,000/- for the purpose of company foreign exchange requirement. The loan is repayable within 60 equal monthly instalments of USD 203,362.42/- each (1 US\$ = MVR 15.42). The facility is secured by MVR deposit equivalent to 125% of outstanding loan amount.

26.10 Term loan vii

The Company entered into a term loan agreement dated 06 December 2022, amounting to US\$ 1,500,000/-, which was obtained on 28 December 2022, for the purpose of financing company's foreign exchange requirements. The loan is repayable within 36 equal monthly instalments of USD 47,351/- each (1 US\$ = MVR 15.42). The facility is secured by MVR and USD deposit equivalent to 125% of outstanding loan amount.

26.11 Term loan viii

The Company entered into a term loan agreement dated 20 February 2023, amounting to US\$ 3,000,000/-, which was obtained on 20 February 2023, for the purpose of financing company's foreign exchange requirements. The loan is repayable within 36 equal monthly instalments of USD 94,828/- each (1 US\$ = MVR 15.42). The facility is secured by a USD deposit and MVR deposit equivalent to 115% of outstanding loan amount at the period end.

26.12 Term loan ix

The Company entered into a term loan agreement dated 02 April 2023, amounting to US\$ 10,000,000/-, which was obtained on 04 April 2023, for the purpose of financing company's foreign exchange requirements. The loan is repayable within 18 equal quarterly instalments of USD 555,555.56/- each (1 US\$ = MVR 15.42). The facility is secured by MVR deposit equivalent to 120% of outstanding loan amount at the period end.

26.13 Term loan x

The Company entered into a term loan agreement dated 21 August 2023, amounting to US\$ 8,000,000/-, which was obtained on 12 September 2023, for the purpose of financing company's foreign exchange requirements. The loan is repayable within 48 equal monthly instalments of USD 198,613.03/- each (1 US\$ = MVR 15.42). The facility is secured by a USD deposit and MVR deposit equivalent to 115% of outstanding loan amount at the period end.

26.14 Analysis of the Group/Company's borrowings

(i) The exposure of the Group/Company's borrowings is as follows:

	As at 12/31/2023 MVR"000"	As at 12/31/2022 MVR"000"
At fixed rates	296,618	209,007

27 Provisions

	Group		Company	
	12/31/2023 MVR"000"	12/31/2022 MVR"000"	12/31/2023 MVR"000"	12/31/2022 MVR"000"
Network and asset retirement obligation (Note 27.1)	15,851	14,885	15,851	14,885

27.1 Network and asset retirement obligation

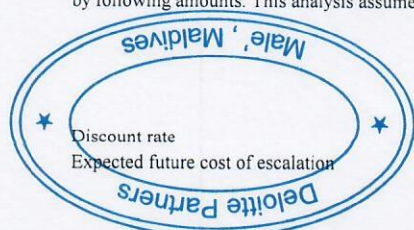
	Group		Company	
	12/31/2023 MVR"000"	12/31/2022 MVR"000"	12/31/2023 MVR"000"	12/31/2022 MVR"000"
As at 1 January	14,885	13,582	14,885	13,582
Increase due to additions	364	497	364	497
Unwinding of discount (Note 10)	602	806	602	806
As at 31 December	15,851	14,885	15,851	14,885

The provisions of network and asset retirement obligations represent the provisions made for the best estimate of the present value of the unavoidable future cost of dismantling and removing the items of property, plant and equipment and restoring the sites on which they are located. The following key assumptions have been used to calculate the network and asset retirement obligation.

Lease period	14 Years	14 Years	14 Years	14 Years
Discount rate	10.50%	10.50%	10.50%	10.50%
Expected future cost of escalation	1.20%	1.12%	1.20%	1.12%

Sensitivity analysis

An increase/decrease of 1% of the discount rate and the expected future cost of escalation would have increased or (decreased) the profit or loss by following amounts. This analysis assumes that the other variables remain constant.



	2023		2022	
	Effect to profit or loss		Effect to profit or loss	
	Increase MVR	Decrease MVR	Increase MVR	Decrease MVR
Discount rate	(491)	491	(142)	142
Expected future cost of escalation	4,156	(4,156)	85,424	(85,424)



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28 Lease liabilities

	Group		Company	
	12/31/2023 MVR"000"	12/31/2022 MVR"000"	12/31/2023 MVR"000"	12/31/2022 MVR"000"
Opening balance	227,415	220,822	227,415	220,822
Additions during the year	21,271	32,083	21,271	32,083
Derecognition	(13,033)	-	(13,033)	-
Lease modification	13,665	8,458	13,665	8,458
Interest expense for the year	25,125	24,965	25,125	24,965
Repayment during the year	(67,456)	(58,913)	(67,456)	(58,913)
Closing balance	206,989	227,415	206,989	227,415
Non - current liabilities	176,454	190,175	176,454	190,175
Current liabilities	30,535	37,240	30,535	37,240

The total cash outflow for leases in 2023 was MVR 67.46 Mn (2022 : MVR 58.91 Mn) for the Company and the Group.

28.1 Analysis of lease liabilities

	Group		Company	
	12/31/2023 MVR"000"	12/31/2022 MVR"000"	12/31/2023 MVR"000"	12/31/2022 MVR"000"
Mobile telecommunication tower sites	166,184	190,387	166,184	190,387
Buildings	40,805	37,028	40,805	37,028
	206,989	227,415	206,989	227,415

Leases as lessee (IFRS 16)

The Group takes on lease land and buildings and network assets. The leases typically run for a period of 1 to 35 years, with an option to renew the lease after the non-cancellable period.

Extension options

Some property lease contain extension options exercisable by the Group upto one year before the end of the non-cancellable contract period. The extension options held are exercisable only by the Group and not by the lessors. The Group assesses at lease commencement date whether it is reasonably certain to exercise the extension options. The Group reassesses whether it is reasonably certain to exercise the options and if the Group is reasonably certain not to terminate.

28.2 Amounts relating to leases recognised in profit or loss:

The following are the amounts relating to leases recognised in profit or loss:

	Group		Company	
	Year ended 12/31/2023 MVR"000"	Year ended 12/31/2022 MVR"000"	Year ended 12/31/2023 MVR"000"	Year ended 12/31/2022 MVR"000"
Depreciation charge of right of use assets				
Mobile telecommunication tower sites	27,980	29,964	27,980	29,964
Buildings	8,839	9,526	8,839	9,526
	36,819	39,490	36,819	39,490
Interest charge on lease liabilities				
Mobile telecommunication tower sites	20,106	19,969	20,106	19,969
Buildings	5,019	4,996	5,019	4,996
	25,125	24,965	25,125	24,965
Total amount recognised in profit or loss	61,944	64,455	61,944	64,455

29 Amounts due to related parties

29.1 Amounts due to related parties (non-current)

	Group		Company	
	12/31/2023 MVR"000"	12/31/2022 MVR"000"	12/31/2023 MVR"000"	12/31/2022 MVR"000"
Ooredoo Kuwait	148,220	148,220	148,220	148,220
	148,220	148,220	148,220	148,220

29.2 Amounts due to related parties (current)

	Group		Company	
	12/31/2023 MVR"000"	12/31/2022 MVR"000"	12/31/2023 MVR"000"	12/31/2022 MVR"000"
Wataniya International Fz-LLC	261,018	209,152	261,018	209,152
Ooredoo Group LLC	25,243	13,194	25,243	13,194
Ooredoo IP LLC	115,409	87,128	115,409	87,128
Focus Telecom Services Limited	-	6,688	-	-
Reliance Globalcom	21,138	21,138	-	-
	422,808	337,299	401,670	309,473



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30 Trade and other payables

	Group		Company	
	12/31/2023 MVR"000"	12/31/2022 MVR"000"	12/31/2023 MVR"000"	12/31/2022 MVR"000"
Trade payables	49,765	20,894	49,694	20,773
Accruals and provisions	461,176	444,771	458,662	442,317
Dividend payable	809,557	689,302	775,029	654,775
Deferred revenue (Note 30.1)	72,284	64,367	72,284	64,367
Other payables	138,944	147,013	138,313	146,497
	<u>1,531,726</u>	<u>1,366,347</u>	<u>1,493,982</u>	<u>1,328,729</u>

Other payables of the company and group mainly include deposits received from customers, bonus payable, and GST payable.

30.1 Deferred revenue

	Group		Company	
	12/31/2023 MVR"000"	12/31/2022 MVR"000"	12/31/2023 MVR"000"	12/31/2022 MVR"000"
Deferred revenue	<u>72,284</u>	<u>64,367</u>	<u>72,284</u>	<u>64,367</u>

31 Income tax payable / (receivable)

	Group		Company	
	12/31/2023 MVR"000"	12/31/2022 MVR"000"	12/31/2023 MVR"000"	12/31/2022 MVR"000"
As at 1 January	42,062	31,334	45,048	33,766
Tax expense for the year (Note 12)	119,145	78,417	119,145	78,417
Payments made during the year	(72,804)	(67,689)	(75,197)	(67,135)
As at 31 December	<u>88,403</u>	<u>42,062</u>	<u>88,996</u>	<u>45,048</u>

Income tax receivable has been included in other receivables in the Note 19.

32 Financial instruments and risk management

Financial risk management

Overview

The Group/ Company have exposure to the following risks from its use of financial instruments:

- Credit risk
- Liquidity risk
- Market risk

This note presents information about the Group's/ Company's exposure to each of the above risks, the Group's/ Company's objectives, policies and processes for measuring and managing risk, and the Group's/ Company's management of capital. Further, quantitative disclosures are included throughout these group's/ Company's financial statements.

Risk management framework

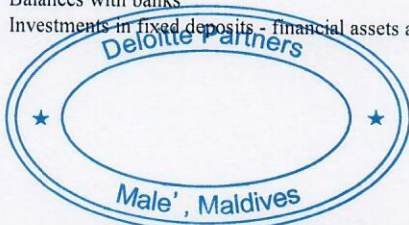
The Board of Directors has overall responsibility for the establishment and oversight of the Group's/ the Company's risk management framework.

(i) Credit risk

Credit risk is the risk of financial loss to the Group/ the Company if a customer fails to meet its contractual obligations, and arises principally from the Group's receivables from customers.

The carrying amount of financial assets represents the maximum credit exposure. The maximum exposure to credit risk at the reporting date was:

	Group		Company	
	12/31/2023 MVR"000"	12/31/2022 MVR"000"	12/31/2023 MVR"000"	12/31/2022 MVR"000"
Trade and other receivables	237,307	269,723	237,306	268,836
Amount due from related parties	-	-	-	68,699
Balances with banks	1,304,945	1,810,634	1,229,696	1,720,436
Investments in fixed deposits - financial assets at amortised cost	1,028,943	295,412	1,028,943	236,876
	<u>2,571,195</u>	<u>2,375,770</u>	<u>2,495,945</u>	<u>2,294,847</u>



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32 Financial instruments and risk management (continued)

(i) Credit risk (continued)

Measurement of expected credit loss (ECL)

Trade and other receivables

The Group's/ Company's exposure to credit risk is influenced mainly by the individual characteristics of each customer. There is no concentration of credit risk geographically.

The Group applies the IFRS 9 simplified approach to measuring expected credit losses which uses a lifetime expected allowance for trade and other receivables. To measure the expected credit losses, trade and other receivables have been grouped based on shared credit risk characteristics and the days past due. The contract assets relate to unbilled work in progress and have substantially the same risk characteristics as the trade receivables for the same types of contracts. The group has therefore concluded that the expected loss rates for trade receivables are a reasonable approximation of the loss rates for the contract assets.

The expected loss rate are based on the payment profiles of sales over a period of 60 months and 48 months before 31 December 2023 or 1 January 2023 respectively and the corresponding historical credit losses experienced within this period. The historical loss rates are adjusted to reflect current and forward-looking information on macroeconomic factors affecting the ability of the customers to settle the receivables. The group has identified the GDP rate of the countries in which it sells its goods and services to be the most relevant factors, and accordingly adjusts the historical loss rates based on expected changes in these factors.

The management has established a credit policy under which each new customer is analysed individually for creditworthiness before the Group's/ Company's standard payment and delivery terms and conditions are offered. The Group/ Company establishes a provision for impairment that represents its estimate of expected credit losses in respect of trade and other receivables. The provision for impairment represents the specific loss component that relates to individually significant exposures.

Impairment losses

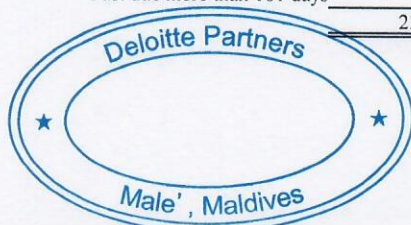
Group	31/12/2023			31/12/2022		
	Gross MVR"000"	Loss rate %	Impairment MVR"000"	Gross MVR"000"	Loss rate %	Impairment MVR"000"
The aging of trade and other receivables (excluding contract assets) at the reporting date was:						
Not past due	148,441	0.00%	-	152,721	-	-
Past due 0-30 days	87,357	10.63%	9,288	110,421	9.58%	10,578
Past due 31-120 days	12,704	15.01%	1,907	20,342	15.65%	3,183
Past due 121-180 days	5,741	100.00%	5,741	7,095	100.00%	7,095
Past due more than 181 days	45,487	100.00%	45,487	37,200	100.00%	37,200
	<u>299,730</u>		<u>62,423</u>	<u>327,779</u>		<u>58,056</u>

Impairment losses

Company	31/12/2023			31/12/2022		
	Gross MVR"000"	Loss rate %	Impairment MVR"000"	Gross MVR"000"	Loss rate %	Impairment MVR"000"
The aging of trade and other receivables (excluding contract assets) at the reporting date was:						
Not past due	148,441	0.00%	-	151,834	-	-
Past due 0-30 days	87,357	10.63%	9,288	110,421	9.58%	10,578
Past due 31-120 days	12,704	15.01%	1,907	20,342	15.65%	3,183
Past due 121-180 days	5,741	100.00%	5,741	7,095	100.00%	7,095
Past due more than 181 days	45,487	100.00%	45,487	37,200	100.00%	37,200
	<u>299,730</u>		<u>62,423</u>	<u>326,892</u>		<u>58,056</u>

Impairment losses

Group	31/12/2023			31/12/2022		
	Gross MVR"000"	Loss rate %	Impairment MVR"000"	Gross MVR"000"	Loss rate %	Impairment MVR"000"
The aging of contract assets at the reporting date was:						
Not past due	23,697	15.63%	3,703	4,564	22.64%	1,033
Past due 0-30 days	-	-	-	-	-	-
Past due 31-120 days	-	-	-	-	-	-
Past due 121-180 days	-	-	-	-	-	-
Past due more than 181 days	-	-	-	-	-	-
	<u>23,697</u>		<u>3,703</u>	<u>4,564</u>		<u>1,033</u>



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(All amounts are expressed in Maldivian Rufiyaa unless otherwise stated)

32 Financial instruments and risk management (continued)

(i) Credit risk (continued)

Impairment losses

Company	31/12/2023			31/12/2022		
	Gross MVR"000"	Loss rate %	Impairment MVR"000"	Gross MVR"000"	Loss rate %	Impairment MVR"000"
The aging of contract assets at the reporting date was:						
Not past due	23,697	15.63%	3,703	4,564	22.64%	1,033
Past due 0-30 days	-	-	-	-	-	-
Past due 31-120 days	-	-	-	-	-	-
Past due 121-180 days	-	-	-	-	-	-
Past due more than 181 days	-	-	-	-	-	-
	<u>23,697</u>		<u>3,703</u>	<u>4,564</u>		<u>1,033</u>

The movement in impairment provision in trade and other receivables and contract assets are disclosed in note 19.3

Forward looking information incorporated in ECL models

The assessment of SICR and the calculation of ECL both incorporate forward-looking information. Ooredoo Maldives PLC has performed historical analysis and identified the key economic variables; Gross domestic product (GDP) of Maldives impacting credit risk and expected credit losses for the trade receivables. For roaming and interconnect receivables, GDP of the respective countries have been considered.

Forecasts of the economic variables (the "base economic scenario") are obtained by Ooredoo Maldives PLC from the forecast available in the IMF website "2024 Projected Real GDP for Maldives".

Credit quality of financial assets

The credit quality of financial assets that are neither past due nor impaired can be assessed by reference to external credit ratings (if available) or to historical information about counterparty default rates:

Trade receivables	Group		Company	
	12/31/2023 MVR"000"	12/31/2022 MVR"000"	12/31/2023 MVR"000"	12/31/2022 MVR"000"
Not past due	172,138	162,179	172,138	162,179

Economic variable assumptions

Forecasted GDP growth rates

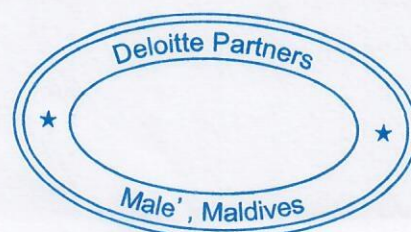
The forecasted GDP growth rates considered to determine the weightage along with weightage for each case are as follows :

	2023	2024
GDP	8.07%	5.00%

Cases	Weightages
Best case	25%
Base case	50%
Worst case	25%

As with any economic forecasts, the projections and likelihoods of occurrence are subject to a high degree of inherent uncertainty and therefore the actual outcomes may be significantly different to those projected. The Company considers these forecasts to represent its best estimate of the possible outcomes.

Other forward-looking considerations not otherwise incorporated, such as the impact of any regulatory or legislative, have also been considered, but are not deemed to have a material impact and therefore no adjustment has been made to the ECL for such factors. This is reviewed and monitored for appropriateness on an annual basis.



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32 Financial instruments and risk management (continued)

(i) Credit risk (continued)

Set out below are the changes to the ECL as at 31 December 2023 that would result from reasonably possible changes in the parameter from the actual assumption used in the Company's economic variable assumption.

	GDP		
	-1%	No change	+1%
	MVR''000''	MVR''000''	MVR''000''
Loss allowance as at 31 December 2023	67,393	66,126	64,860
Loss allowance as at 31 December 2022	60,563	59,089	57,615

Trade receivables are written off when there is no reasonable expectation of recovery. Indicators that there is no reasonable expectation of recovery include, amongst others, the failure of a member to engage in a repayment plan with the Company, and failure to make contractual payments.

Amount due from related parties

The Company assesses the credit quality of its receivables from related parties, taking into account their financial position, past experience and other factors. The Company is dealing with related parties and has not experienced historical credit losses during the past years.

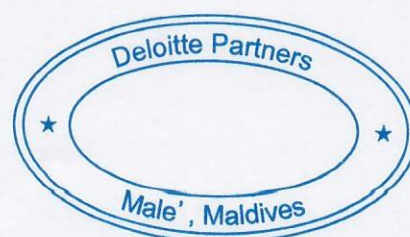
Investments in fixed deposits and balances with banks

The deposits and bank balances have been measured at amortised cost using effective interest methodology. The total amount has been subject to impairment based on the credit ratings obtained from Moodys or Fitch and VIS Credit Rating Company Ltd.

There are some deposits pledged against loans where the Company's exposure will be the net amount after setting off the loan against the deposit. Therefore, the amount subjected to impairment will be the net amount between the company's deposit and the loan.

The Group/ Company believes that the unimpaired amounts outstanding are still collectible, based on historic payment behaviour. Based on historic default rates, the group believes that, apart from the above, no provision for impairment is necessary.

The movement in provision for impairment in respect of trade and other receivables is given in (Note 19.3), balances with banks (Note 22.1), amounts due from related parties (Note 20.1) and investments in fixed deposits (Note 21.1) to consolidated and separate financial statements.



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32 Financial instruments and risk management (continued)

(ii) Liquidity risk

Liquidity risk is the risk that the Group/ the Company will encounter difficulty in meeting the obligations associated with its financial liabilities that are settled by delivering cash or another financial asset. The Group's/ the Company's approach in managing liquidity is to ensure, as far as possible, that it will always have sufficient liquidity to meet its liabilities when due, without incurring unacceptable losses or risking damage to the Group's/ the Company's reputation.

The followings are the contractual maturities of financial liabilities as at the year end.

31 December 2023

Group	Carrying amount MVR"000"	Contractual cashflow MVR"000"	0-12 Months MVR"000"	1-2 Years MVR"000"	2-5 Years MVR"000"	>5 Years MVR"000"
Financial liabilities (non- derivative)						
Trade and other payables	1,445,065	1,455,455	1,455,455	-	-	-
Loans and borrowings	639,261	722,310	326,511	300,711	95,088	-
Amounts due to related parties	571,028	571,028	422,808	-	148,220	-
Lease liabilities	206,989	285,977	49,799	72,109	84,109	79,960
	<u>2,862,343</u>	<u>3,034,770</u>	<u>2,254,573</u>	<u>372,820</u>	<u>327,417</u>	<u>79,960</u>

31 December 2022

Group	Carrying amount MVR"000"	Contractual cashflow MVR"000"	0-12 Months MVR"000"	1-2 Years MVR"000"	2-5 Years MVR"000"	>5 Years MVR"000"
Financial liabilities (non- derivative)						
Trade and other payables	1,366,347	1,366,347	1,366,347	-	-	-
Loans and borrowings	625,667	625,667	284,506	215,219	125,942	-
Amounts due to related parties	485,519	485,519	337,299	-	148,220	-
Lease liabilities	227,415	350,169	37,240	47,664	112,982	152,284
	<u>2,704,948</u>	<u>2,827,702</u>	<u>2,025,392</u>	<u>262,883</u>	<u>387,143</u>	<u>152,284</u>

It is not expected that the cash flows included in the maturity analysis could occur significantly earlier, or at significantly different amounts.

31 December 2023

Company	Carrying amount MVR"000"	Contractual cashflow MVR"000"	0-12 Months MVR"000"	1-2 Years MVR"000"	2-5 Years MVR"000"	>5 Years MVR"000"
Financial liabilities (non - derivative)						
Trade and other payables	1,407,321	1,417,711	1,417,711	-	-	-
Loans and borrowings	206,989	722,310	326,511	300,711	95,088	-
Amounts due to related parties	549,890	549,890	401,670	-	148,220	-
Lease liabilities	206,989	285,977	49,799	72,109	84,109	79,960
	<u>2,371,189</u>	<u>2,975,888</u>	<u>2,195,691</u>	<u>372,820</u>	<u>327,417</u>	<u>79,960</u>

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32 Financial instruments and risk management (continued)

(ii) Liquidity risk (Continued)

31 December 2022

Company	Carrying amount MVR"000"	Contractual cashflow MVR"000"	0-12 Months MVR"000"	1-2 Years MVR"000"	2-5 Years MVR"000"	>5 Years MVR"000"
Financial liabilities (non - derivative)						
Trade and other payables	1,328,729	1,328,729	1,328,729	-	-	-
Loans and borrowings	625,667	625,667	284,506	215,219	125,942	-
Amounts due to related parties	457,693	457,693	309,473	-	148,220	-
Lease liabilities	227,415	350,169	37,240	47,664	112,982	152,284
	<u>2,639,504</u>	<u>2,762,258</u>	<u>1,959,948</u>	<u>262,883</u>	<u>387,143</u>	<u>152,284</u>

The above maturity profile of the financial liabilities represent their undiscounted cashflows.

(iii) Market risk

Market risk is the risk that changes in market prices, such as foreign exchange rates and interest rates will affect the Group's/ the Company's income. The objective of market risk management is to manage and control market risk exposures within acceptable parameters, while optimizing the return.

(a) Interest rate risk

Profile

At the reporting date, the interest rate profile of the Group's/ the Company's interest-bearing financial instruments was:

	Group		Company	
	Carrying amount		Carrying amount	
	12/31/2023 MVR"000"	12/31/2022 MVR"000"	12/31/2023 MVR"000"	12/31/2022 MVR"000"
Variable rate instruments				
Term loan i (Note 26.4)	124,193	-	124,193	-
Term loan ii (Note 26.5)	64,250	223,910	64,250	223,910
Term loan iii (Note 26.6)	-	77,100	-	77,100
Term loan ix (Note 26.12)	154,200	-	154,200	-
	<u>342,643</u>	<u>301,010</u>	<u>342,643</u>	<u>301,010</u>

Cash flow sensitivity analysis for variable rate instruments

A change of 100 basis points in interest rates at the reporting date would have decreased / (increased) the post-tax profit of the Group and Company by the amounts shown below. This analysis assumes that all other variables, in particular foreign currency rates, remain constant. The analysis is performed on the same basis for 2022.

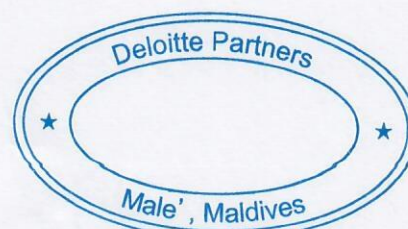
	Impact on post-tax profit			
	Group		Company	
	12/31/2023 MVR"000"	12/31/2022 MVR"000"	12/31/2023 MVR"000"	12/31/2022 MVR"000"
100 Basis points increase in interest rate	(3,426)	(3,010)	(3,426)	(3,010)
100 Basis points decrease in interest rate	3,426	3,010	3,426	3,010

Other than the impact on post-tax profit, there is no impact over the other components of equity.

(b) Exposure to currency risk

The aggregate net foreign exchange gains/losses recognised in profit or loss were:

	Group		Company	
	31-12-23 MVR "000"	31-12-22 MVR "000"	31-12-23 MVR "000"	31-12-22 MVR "000"
Net foreign exchange loss included in other gains / (losses)	133	(94)	133	(94)
Total net foreign exchange gains / (losses) recognised in profit before income tax for the year	133	(94)	133	(94)



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32 Financial instruments and risk management (continued)

(iii) Market risk (continued)

(b) Exposure to currency risk (continued)

The Group's exposure to foreign currency risk is as follows based on the year end outstanding balance (expressed in MVR):

Group	12/31/2023		12/31/2022	
	US\$ "000"	Euro "000"	US\$ "000"	Euro "000"
Cash and cash equivalents	203,424	548	154,083	916
Trade and other receivables	85,843	2,479	79,322	2,479
Trade and other payables	(38,650)	-	(29,537)	(13)
Loans and borrowings	(639,261)	-	(625,667)	-
Gross statement of financial position exposure	(388,644)	3,027	(421,799)	3,382

Company	12/31/2023		12/31/2022	
	US\$ "000"	Euro "000"	US\$ "000"	Euro "000"
Cash and cash equivalents	200,839	548	154,032	916
Trade and other receivables	85,068	2,479	78,551	2,479
Trade and other payables	(38,650)	-	(29,537)	(13)
Loans and borrowings	(639,261)	-	(625,667)	-
Gross statement of financial position exposure	(392,004)	3,027	(422,621)	3,382

The following significant exchange rates were applied during the year:

	Average rate		Average rate	
	12/31/2023	12/31/2022	12/31/2023	12/31/2022
1 MVR. : US\$	0.065	0.065	0.065	0.065
1 MVR. : Euro	0.059	0.060	0.059	0.060

In respect of the monetary assets and liabilities denominated in US Dollar, the Company has a limited currency risk exposure on such balances since the Maldivian Rufiyaa is pegged to the US Dollar within a band to fluctuate within $\pm 20\%$ of the mid-point of exchange rate.

Sensitivity analysis

A reasonably possible strengthening (weakening) of the euro, US dollar against all the other currencies at 31 December would have affected the measurement of financial instruments denominated in a foreign currency and affected equity and profit or loss by the amounts shown below. The analysis assumes that all other variables, in particular interest rates, remain constant and ignores any impact of forecast sales and purchases.

Group		Change in USD rate	Effect on profit	Effect on pre-tax
			before tax MVR"000"	on equity MVR"000"
2023	-5%		19,432	19,432
		+5%	(19,432)	(19,432)
	2022	-5%	21,090	21,090
		+5%	(21,090)	(21,090)
Company		Change in USD rate	Effect on profit	Effect on pre-tax
			before tax MVR"000"	on equity MVR"000"
2023	-5%		19,600	19,600
		+5%	(19,600)	(19,600)
	2022	-5%	21,131	21,131
		+5%	(21,131)	(21,131)

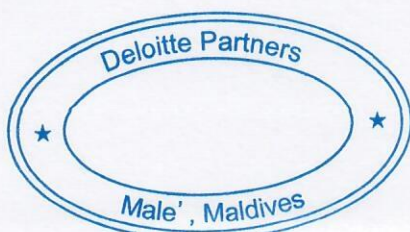
(iv) Accounting classifications and fair values

The following table shows the carrying amounts and fair values of financial assets and financial liabilities, including their level in the fair value hierarchy.

Group

As at 31st December 2023

	Carrying amount		
	Financial assets at amortized cost	Financial liabilities at amortized cost	Total
	MVR"000"	MVR"000"	MVR"000"
Financial assets not measured at fair value			
Trade and other receivables	299,730	-	299,730
Investments in fixed deposits at amortised cost	1,028,943	-	1,028,943
Cash and cash equivalents	1,304,945	-	1,304,945
	2,633,618	-	2,633,618
Financial liabilities not measured at fair value			
Loans and borrowings	-	639,261	639,261
Amounts due to related parties	-	571,028	571,028
Trade and other payables	-	1,445,065	1,445,065
Lease liabilities	-	206,989	206,989
	-	2,862,343	2,862,343



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32 Financial instruments and risk management (continued)

(iv) Accounting classifications and fair values (continued)

Group

As at 31st December 2022

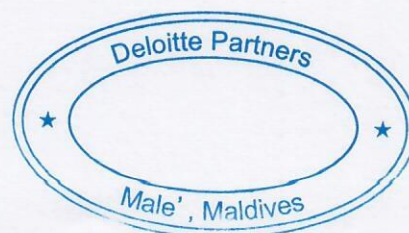
	Carrying amount		
	Financial assets at amortized cost	Financial liabilities at amortized cost	Total
	MVR"000"	MVR"000"	MVR"000"
Financial assets not measured at fair value			
Trade and other receivables	327,779	-	327,779
Investments in fixed deposits at amortised cost	295,412	-	295,412
Cash and cash equivalents	1,810,634	-	1,810,634
	<u>2,433,825</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>2,433,825</u>
Financial liabilities not measured at fair value			
Loans and borrowings	-	625,667	625,667
Amounts due to related parties	-	485,519	485,519
Trade and other payables	-	1,287,847	1,287,847
Lease liabilities	-	227,415	227,415
	<u>-</u>	<u>2,626,448</u>	<u>2,626,448</u>

The Group has not disclosed the fair values for financial instruments when their carrying amounts are a reasonable approximation of fair value.

Company

As at 31st December 2023

	Carrying amount		
	Financial assets at amortized cost	Financial liabilities at amortized cost	Total
	MVR"000"	MVR"000"	MVR"000"
Financial assets not measured at fair value			
Trade and other receivables	299,730	-	299,730
Investments in fixed deposits at amortised cost	1,028,943	-	1,028,943
Cash and cash equivalents	1,229,696	-	1,229,696
	<u>2,558,369</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>2,558,369</u>
Financial liabilities not measured at fair value			
Loans and borrowings	-	639,261	639,261
Amounts due to related parties	-	549,890	549,890
Trade and other payables	-	1,407,321	1,407,321
Lease liabilities	-	206,989	206,989
	<u>-</u>	<u>2,803,461</u>	<u>2,803,461</u>



Ooredoo Maldives PLCConsolidated and separate financial statements
for the year ended 31 December 2023*(All amounts are expressed in Maldivian Rufiyaa unless otherwise stated)***32 Financial instruments and risk management (continued)****(iv) Accounting classifications and fair values (continued)****Company**

As at 31 December 2022

	Carrying amount		
	Financial assets at amortized cost	Financial liabilities at amortized cost	Total
	MVR"000"	MVR"000"	MVR"000"
Financial assets not measured at fair value			
Trade and other receivables	326,892	-	326,892
Amounts due from related parties	68,699	-	68,699
Investments in fixed deposits at amortised cost	236,876	-	236,876
Cash and cash equivalents	1,720,436	-	1,720,436
	<u>2,352,903</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>2,352,903</u>
Financial liabilities not measured at fair value			
Loans and borrowings	-	625,667	625,667
Amounts due to related parties	-	457,693	457,693
Trade and other payables	-	1,250,309	1,250,309
Lease liabilities	-	227,415	227,415
	<u>-</u>	<u>2,561,084</u>	<u>2,561,084</u>

The Company has not disclosed the fair values for financial instruments when their carrying amounts are a reasonable approximation of fair value.

(v) Capital management

The Group's objectives when managing capital are to safeguard the group's ability to continue as a going concern in order to provide return for shareholders and benefits for other stakeholders and to maintain an optimal capital structure to reduce the cost of capital. In order to maintain or adjust the capital structure, the Group may adjust the amount of dividends paid to shareholders, return capital to shareholders, issue new shares or sell assets to reduce debt.

Consistent with others in the industry, the Group monitors capital on the basis of the gearing ratio. Net debt is calculated as total borrowings (including borrowings and lease liabilities as shown in the consolidated statement of financial position) less cash and cash equivalents. Total capital is calculated as 'equity' as shown in the consolidated statement of financial position.

	Group		Company	
	12/31/2023	12/31/2022	12/31/2023	12/31/2022
	MVR"000"	MVR"000"	MVR"000"	MVR"000"
Net debt				
Borrowings	639,261	625,667	639,261	625,667
Lease liabilities	206,989	227,415	206,989	227,415
Cash and cash equivalents	(1,304,945)	(1,810,634)	(1,229,696)	(1,720,436)
Financial assets at amortised cost (investments in fixed)	<u>(1,028,943)</u>	<u>(295,412)</u>	<u>(1,028,943)</u>	<u>(236,876)</u>
Net debt	<u>(1,487,638)</u>	<u>(1,252,964)</u>	<u>(1,412,389)</u>	<u>(1,104,230)</u>
Total equity	1,693,664	1,458,405	1,688,423	1,451,635
Gearing	0%	0%	0%	0%

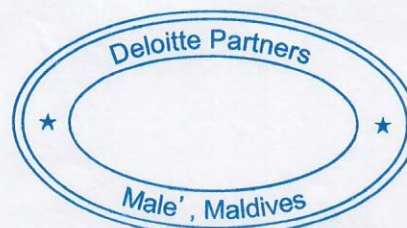
During 2023, the group's strategy, which was unchanged from 2022, was to maintain sufficient cash and bank balances to cover borrowing balances.

Loan covenants

Under the terms of the major borrowing facilities, the group is required to comply with the following financial covenants:

- Total Net Debt to EBITDA should be less than 4.5 and
- EBITDA to Net Interest Payable should be greater than 2.75

The group has complied with these covenants throughout the reporting period. As at 31 December 2023, the ratio of net debt to EBITDA was less than 1 (as at 31 December 2022: less than 1) and the ratio of EBITDA to net interest payable was 11.67 (11.43 as at 31 December 2022).



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33 Events after the reporting date

No circumstances have arisen since reporting date which require adjustments to/or disclosure in the consolidated and separate financial statements.

34 Contingent liabilities

34.1 The Maldives Inland Revenue Authority (MIRA) issued a notice of assessment on June 28, 2018, instructing the Company to pay an additional business profit tax of MVR 16,775,603 and accrued interest of MVR 12,699,989 for the years 2013, 2014, and 2015, based on the business profit tax audits. The Company paid the additional tax and interest and filed an objection on September 9, 2018, which was rejected by MIRA. The Company then filed an appeal to the Tax Appeal Tribunal of Maldives on March 21, 2019, and the decision was in favor of Ooredoo Maldives, resulting in a refund of the amount paid.

MIRA then appealed the case to the High Court, which overturned the decision of the Tax Appeal Tribunal and created a liability for the company of MVR 29,878,285. The case has been appealed to the Supreme Court by Ooredoo Maldives and the company is hopeful to obtain a favourable decision from the Supreme Court.

34.2 Bank guarantees and letter of credits as at 31 December 2023 are MVR 57,202,066.94 (as at 31 December 2022 : MVR 36,976,115.45).

34.3 There are no other contingent liabilities outstanding as at the reporting date, which require disclosure in the consolidated and separate financial statement other than above.

35 Comparative figures

Comparative figures have been reclassified wherever appropriate to confirm with the current year presentation.

36 Commitments

36.1 Capital commitments

The Group/ Company have entered into contract to purchase / construct property, plant and equipment and intangible assets of MVR. 278,933,018/- as at 31 December 2023 (31 December 2022: MVR. 235,465,411/-).

36.2 Undrawn loan facilities

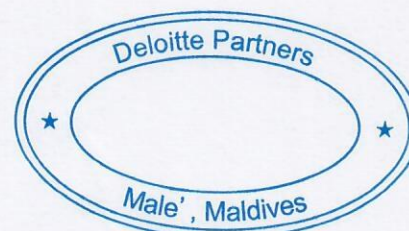
The Group/Company has no undrawn loan facilities as at 31st December 2023 (2022: Nil).

37 Related party transactions

(a) Wataniya International FZ-LLC holding owns 90.5% of the total number of shares in issue of the Company. The remaining 9.5% of the shares are widely held. The ultimate parent of the Company is Ooredoo Q.P.S.C., a Company incorporated and domiciled in Qatar.

All related party transactions were entered into in the normal course of business and at prices agreed at negotiated terms. The names of these related parties, nature of these transactions and their total value have been set out in accordance with the provisions of IAS 24: "Related Party Disclosure".

The Group provides telecommunication services as part of its ordinary operations. These telecommunication services are carried out on commercial terms that are negotiated and agreed upon between the parties.



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(All amounts are expressed in Maldivian Rufiyaa unless otherwise stated)

37 Related party transactions (continued)

(b) Details of transactions carried out with related parties in the ordinary course of business are set out below:

Name of the related party	Relationship	Nature of the transaction	Amount		Balance outstanding due from/ (to)	
			12/31/2023 MVR"000"	12/31/2022 MVR"000"	12/31/2023 MVR"000"	12/31/2022 MVR"000"
Ooredoo Group LLC	Affiliate company	Recharge of expenses incurred on behalf of Ooredoo Maldives PLC	(12,927)	(10,578)	(25,243)	(13,194)
		Recharge of expenses incurred on behalf of Ooredoo Group LLC	878	1,148	-	-
Ooredoo IP LLC	Ultimate parent	Brand license fee	(31,423)	(28,867)	(115,409)	(87,128)
		Withholding tax paid	3,142	2,887	-	-
Ooredoo Kuwait	Intermediate parent	No transactions	-	-	(148,220)	(148,220)
Wataniya International Fz-LLC	Immediate parent Company	Management fee	(59,576)	(54,171)	(261,018)	(209,152)
Focus Infocom Private Limited	Affiliate company	Lease line charges	-	(9,067)	-	(6,688)
WARF Telecom International Private Limited	Subsidiary	Management fee	2,631	2,583	-	-
		Recharge of expenses on behalf of WARF	3,440	3,407	-	-
		Recharge of expenses on behalf of Ooredoo Maldives PLC	(1,759)	(1,637)	-	-
Reliance Globalcom	Affiliate company	Repayment due to capital reduction	-	-	(21,138)	(21,138)

38 Transactions with key management personnel

The Board of Directors of the Company are the members of the key management personnel. The Company has paid MVR 1,794,000/- as Directors' emoluments during the year ended 31 December 2023 (for the year ended 31 December 2022: MVR 1,793,421/-).

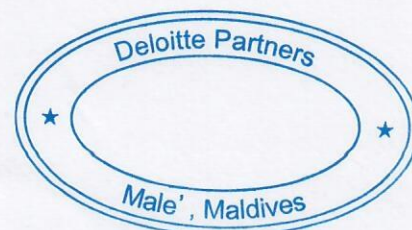
39 Operating segments

The Group's operations are solely providing telecommunication services in the Maldives. The operations of the Group looked at as a single operating segment.

The Chief Operating Decision Maker (CODM) of the Group is the Chief Executive Officer (CEO) and the Managing Director of the Group/ the Company. The CEO and Managing Director considers the performance of the Group/ the Company as a whole considering the total operations of the Group/ the Company as one segment in assessing the performance of the Group/ the Company and making decisions about the resource allocation within the Organization.

40 Director's responsibility

The Board of Director's of the Company is responsible for the preparation and presentation of these consolidated and separate financial statements.



Ooredoo Maldives PLCConsolidated and separate financial statements
for the year ended 31 December 2023*(All amounts are expressed in Maldivian Rufiyaa unless otherwise stated)***41 Reclassification of comparative information**

The comparative figures have been reclassified in order to conform with the presentation for the current period. Such reclassifications have been made by the Group to improve the quality of information presented and did not have any impact on the previously reported equity and profits.

Income statement reclassification (Group)

	Previous presentation (in MVR '000)	Reclassification (in MVR '000)	Current presentation (in MVR '000)
Financial year ended 31 Dec 2022			
Employee salaries and associated cost	220,342	16,503	236,845
Network, interconnect and other operating expenses	738,551	(16,503)	722,048
	<u>958,893</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>958,893</u>

Income statement reclassification (Company)

	Previous presentation (in MVR '000)	Reclassification (in MVR '000)	Current presentation (in MVR '000)
Financial year ended 31 Dec 2022			
Employee salaries and associated cost	220,342	16,503	236,845
Network, interconnect and other operating expenses	736,562	(16,503)	720,059
	<u>956,904</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>956,904</u>