# STATE TRADING ORGANIZATION PLC

Financial Statements - 31 December 2024



Deloitte Partners

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#### INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

To the Shareholders of State Trading organization PLC

#### Report on the Audit of the Financial Statements

#### Our opinion

We have audited the financial statements of State Trading organization PLC (the Company) and the consolidated financial statements of the Company and its subsidiaries (the Group) which comprise the statement of financial position as at 31 December 2024, and the statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income, the statement of changes in equity and the statement of cash flows for the year then ended, and notes to the financial statements, including material accounting policy information.

In our opinion, the accompanying financial statements of the Company and the consolidated financial statements of the Group give a true and fair view of the financial position of the Company and the Group as at 31 December 2024, and of their financial performance and their cash flows for the year then ended in accordance with IFRS Accounting Standards as issued by the International Accounting Standards Board.

#### Basis for opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with International Standards on Auditing (ISAs). Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements section of our report. We are independent of the Company and the Group in accordance with the International Ethics Standards Board for Accountants' International Code of Ethics for Professional Accountants (IESBA Code) and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with the IESBA Code. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

#### **Key Audit Matters**

Key audit matters are those matters that, in our professional judgment, were of most significance in our audit of the financial statements of the current period. These matters were addressed in the context of our audit of the financial statements as a whole, and in forming our opinion thereon, and we do not provide a separate opinion on these matters.

Key audit matter

How our audit addressed the Key audit matter

The Company and the Group:

Recognition of revenue from retail and wholesale business

Refer to the material accounting policy notes 3.17 and Note 7 to the consolidated financial statements.

During the year ended 31 December 2024, the Company has recognised revenue from retail and wholesale business amounting to MVR 15,396,681,394.

Revenue from retail and wholesale business represent 99.7% and 91% of the Company's and the Group's revenue respectively for the year ended 31 December 2024 and is material to the financial statements.

STO operates in wider geographical area and records wholesale and retail revenue in large volume of smaller transactions using automated point of sale systems.

We focused on this area because wholesale and retail revenue are complex due to large volume of transactions with lower values recognised using automated systems occurring in wider geographical areas.

Our audit approach included both control testing and substantive procedures performed as follows:

- Understanding and evaluating the design, implementation and operating effectiveness of key controls over initiating, recording, processing and reporting of revenue transactions across all significant revenue streams in relation to retail and wholesale business;
- ii) Identified the relevant Information Technology (IT) systems installed and operated for capturing and processing revenue transactions and evaluated the effectiveness of Information Technology General Controls and IT application controls over revenue recognition with the assistance of our IT specialists;
- iii) Tested significant wholesale revenue transactions on a sample basis during the year, to assess that the revenue had been recognised in accordance with the contractual terms in the correct accounting period and the requirements of the relevant accounting standard;
- iv) Performed reconciliations of the Point of Sales ("POS') records of retail revenue to the general ledger;
- v) Tested significant retail revenue transactions on a sample basis during the year, to assess that the revenue had been recognised in the correct accounting period and in accordance with the requirements of the relevant accounting standard;

- vi) Examined material manual journal entries and other adjustments processed to revenue; and
- vii) Assessed the adequacy of the disclosures made in the consolidated financial statements in relation to revenue from retail and wholesale business.

#### The Group:

#### Valuation of insurance contract liabilities

Refer to the material accounting policy in Note 3.11.2 and Notes 26.1 and 36 to the consolidated financial statements.

As at 31 December 2024, the Group has reserved i) insurance contract liabilities of MVR 411,642,945 MVR 48,130,664 and MVR 60,331,842 for Non-life insurance, Life insurance and Takaful insurance respectively.

The Group's insurance contract liabilities represent a significant portion of its total liabilities. Insurance contract liabilities are determined in accordance with IFRS 17, which involve the use of a complex valuation models and significant management assumptions.

Considerable judgment is applied by the management in this regard, and there is inherent uncertainty in those assumptions. These assumptions required significant auditor attention in specific circumstances where (i) there is limited Group and industry experience data, (ii) the historical experience may not be a good indicator of the future and (iii) the determination of discount rates requires complex calculation and measurement of unobservable market inputs.

We, along with the actuarial audit support experts performed the following audit procedures to assess the reasonableness of the insurance contract liabilities:

- Assessed the appropriateness of the valuation methodologies used, by applying our industry knowledge and experience to compare whether the methodologies and changes in methodologies (where applicable) are in line with recognised actuarial practices and expectation derived from market experience;
- ii) Evaluated whether management's assumptions and methodologies were determined in accordance with the requirements of IFRS 17.
- iii) Assessed reasonableness of the key assumptions. Our assessment included:
  - Obtaining an understanding of and testing the management controls in place to ensure the accuracy and completeness of data used in deriving assumptions;
  - Examining the approach used by management expert to derive the assumptions, and assess its appropriateness by applying our industry knowledge and experience;

#### Key audit matter

#### How our audit addressed the Key audit matter

Auditing of certain valuation models and significant assumptions required a high degree of auditor judgment and an increased extent of audit effort, including the need to involve actuarial specialists.

Accordingly, this was considered a key audit matter.

- iv) Tested the inputs and source information underlying the determination of the discount rates.
- v) Assessed the adequacy of the disclosures made in the financial statements.

#### Other Information

Management is responsible for the other information. The other information comprises the information included in the annual report, but does not include the financial statements and our auditor's report thereon.

Our opinion on the financial statements does not cover the other information and we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

In connection with our audit of the financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information identified above and, in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the financial statements or our knowledge obtained in the audit, or otherwise appears to be materially misstated. If, based on the work we have performed on the other information that we obtained prior to the date of this auditor's report, we conclude that there is a material misstatement of this other information, we are required to report that fact. We have nothing to report in this regard.

#### Responsibilities of Management and Those Charged with Governance for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation of financial statements that give a true and fair view in accordance with IFRS Accounting Standards as issued by the International Accounting Standards Board, and for such internal control as management determines is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements of the Company and the consolidated financial statements of the Group, management is responsible for assessing the Company's/Group's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless management either intends to liquidate the Company / Group or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

Those charged with governance are responsible for overseeing the Company's and Group's financial reporting process.

# Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements of the Company and the consolidated financial statements of the Group as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with ISAs will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these financial statements.

As part of an audit in accordance with ISAs, we exercise professional judgment and maintain professional scepticism throughout the audit. We also:

- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit
  procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing
  an opinion on the effectiveness of the Company's and the Group's internal control.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by management.
- Conclude on the appropriateness of management's use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Company's and the Group's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the financial statements of the Company and the consolidated financial statements of the Group or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Company / Group to cease to continue as a going concern.
- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the financial statements of the Company and the consolidated financial statements of the Group, including the disclosures, and whether the financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.
- Obtain sufficient appropriate audit evidence regarding the financial information of the entities
  or business activities within the Group to express an opinion on the consolidated financial
  statements. We are responsible for the direction, supervision and performance of the group
  audit. We remain solely responsible for our audit opinion.

We communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

We also provide those charged with governance with a statement that we have complied with relevant ethical requirements regarding independence, and to communicate with them all relationships and other matters that may reasonably be thought to bear on our independence, and where applicable, actions taken to eliminate threats or safeguards applied.

From the matters communicated with those charged with governance, we determine those matters that were of most significance in the audit of the financial statements of the Company and the consolidated financial statements of the Group of the current period and are therefore the key audit matters. We describe these matters in our auditor's report unless law or regulation precludes public disclosure about the matter or when, in extremely rare circumstances, we determine that a matter should not be communicated in our report because the adverse consequences of doing so would reasonably be expected to outweigh the public interest benefits of such communication.

The engagement partner on the audit resulting in this independent auditor's report is Mohamed Siraj Muneer.

For DELOITTE PARTNERS

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Mohamed Siraj Muneer

Partner

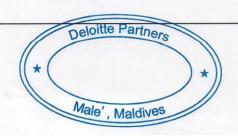
30th April 2025

# STATE TRADING ORGANIZATION PLC (INCORPORATED IN THE REPUBLIC OF MALDIVES) CONSOLIDATED AND SEPARATE STATEMENTS OF PROFIT OR LOSS AND OTHER COMPREHENSIVE INCOME

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31ST DECEMBER 2024	2000 III D O III	ER COMPREHENSI			
	Note	2024 Gro	up 2023	2024 Comp	STATE OF THE PARTY
Revenue	7	16,759,883,731	17,069,672,624	15,449,496,372	2023
Cost of sales	10	(13,671,803,162)	(13,559,113,533)	(13,095,293,019)	16,373,104,633
Gross profit	-	3,088,080,569	3,510,559,091	2,354,203,353	(13,708,723,835)
Other income	8	118,795,581	234,854,313	125,468,829	2,664,380,798
Administrative expenses	10	(901,415,713)	(899,646,675)	(591,755,181)	113,336,332
Selling and marketing expenses	10	(827,230,618)	(794,623,067)	(703,031,822)	(513,727,065)
Impairment loss on trade, other and related party receivables	22, 23 & 24	(282,090,970)			(676,805,203)
Other operating expenses	10	(8,104,965)	(449,253,081)	(84,120,293)	(294,671,603)
Operating profit	-	1,188,033,884	(16,042,881)	(7,723,358)	(15,854,637)
		1,100,033,004	1,585,847,699	1,093,041,528	1,276,658,622
Finance income		163,223,958	46,691,773	168,027,264	43,777,500
Finance costs		(437,467,853)	(356,199,873)	(414,918,404)	(323,660,475)
Net finance costs	9	(274,243,895)	(309,508,100)	(246,891,140)	(279,882,975)
		(=: :,= :=,=;=)	(507,500,100)	(240,071,140)	(279,862,973)
Share of profit of Joint venture		15,022,451	15,264,039	-	
Share of (loss) / profit of associates	_	(1,539,571)	1,854,617	-	-
Share of profit of equity accounted investees - net of tax	17	13,482,880	17,118,656		
Profit holes to the second of					
Profit before tax expense from continuing operations		927,272,869	1,293,458,256	846,150,388	996,775,647
Income tax expense	11 _	(154,902,825)	(206,793,985)	(104,691,816)	(178,476,697)
Profit after tax expense from continuing operations	_	772,370,044	1,086,664,271	741,458,572	818,298,950
Discontinued operations					
Profit after tax for the year from discontinued operations	16.5		295,403,264		
Profit for the year	10.5	772,370,044	1,382,067,534	741,458,572	818,298,950
		(/=)-/-/-	1,002,007,007	741,400,072	010,270,730
Other comprehensive income					
Items that will not be reclassified to profit or loss from continuing operat	ions				
Remeasurement of defined benefit liability	33	(7,629,070)	(7,690,741)	(6,971,023)	(3,593,313)
Tax related to remeasurement of defined benefit liability		1,144,360	1,153,611	1,045,653	538,997
Equity investment at FVOCI - net change in fair value	18	11,875,000	9,875,000		•
Tax related to equity investments at FVOCI - net change in fair value		(1,781,250)	(1,481,250)		
Total other comprehensive (loss)/income - net of tax		3,609,041	1,856,620	(5,925,370)	(3,054,316)
Total comprehensive income for the year from continuing operations	-	775,979,085	1,088,520,891	735,533,203	815,244,634
	-	770,979,000	1,000,020,071	700,000,200	013,244,034
Items that will not be reclassified to profit or loss from discontinued oper	ations				
Remeasurement of defined benefit liability			374,888		
Total comprehensive income for the year from discontinued operations			295,778,151		-
Profit attributable to: (Continuing operations)					
Owners of the Company		770,472,086	1,084,049,399	741,458,572	818,298,950
Non - controlling interests	30	1,897,958	2,614,872		-
		772,370,044	1,086,664,271	741,458,572	818,298,950
Profit attributable to: (Discontinued operations)					
Owners of the Company			205 402 264		
Owners of the Company	-	<del></del>	295,403,264 295,403,264		<u>-</u>
	-		273,403,204		
Total comprehensive income attributable to: (Continuing operations)					
Owners of the Company		774,060,767	1,085,906,435	735,533,203	815,244,634
Non - controlling interests		1,918,318	2,614,456		
		775,979,085	1,088,520,891	735,533,203	815,244,634
Basic and diluted earnings per share	12	684	962	658	726
Duote and unuted carnings per share	12	004	702	050	720

The consolidated and separate financial statements are to be read in conjunction with the related notes which form an integral part of the consolidated financial statements of the Group and separate financial statements of the Company set out on pages 12 to 148. The report of the Independent Auditors is given on pages 1 to 6.

Figures in brackets indicate deductions.



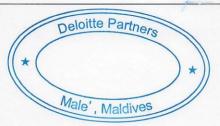
#### STATE TRADING ORGANIZATION PLC (INCORPORATED IN THE REPUBLIC OF MALDIVES) CONSOLIDATED AND SEPARATE STATEMENTS OF FINANCIAL POSITION AS AT 31ST DECEMBER 2024

		Grou	p	Comp	any
		2024	2023	2024	2023
ASSETS	Note		7 11 19 17 18		
Non-current assets					
Property, plant and equipment	13	2,596,038,310	2,519,504,251	2,020,952,307	1,895,658,128
Investment property	14	359,776,956	366,361,036	359,776,956	366,361,036
Intangible assets	15	124,609,526	85,497,121	98,055,542	65,146,706
Right-of-use assets	19	474,191,400	260,746,951	394,741,703	176,581,287
Lease receivable	20	•	-	52,924,332	79,002,778
Investment in subsidiaries Equity accounted investees	16		-	256,297,041	284,899,650
	17	175,521,118	48,678,238	138,627,267	15,267,267
Equity securities at FVOCI	18	107,865,800	95,990,800	2,240,800	2,240,800
oans receivable. Other financial investments	24	293,588,046	371,246,701	-	-
Deferred tax assets	27	1,396,059,029	1,176,265,016	1,286,774,061	1,017,720,000
Fotal non-current assets	11.3	277,699,060	227,815,947	183,651,764	134,500,445
Current asset		5,805,349,245	5,152,106,061	4,794,041,773	4,037,378,097
inventories	21	1,293,574,196	1,555,787,547	1,163,305,902	1,363,563,751
ease receivable	20		-	26,078,446	23,431,653
rade and other receivables	22	1,308,336,811	1,026,033,552	645,251,666	472,198,241
mounts due from related parties	23	4,200,908,732	3,564,970,376	4,897,895,748	4,321,899,931
oans receivable	24	133,605,505	212,562,686	336,133,138	383,308,916
nsurance contract assets	26.1	96,702,329	19,427,335	-	
teinsurance contracts	26.1	209,531,645	209,991,164		· · · · · ·
Other financial investments	27	1,183,034,449	436,277,092	988,520,098	90,000,000
Cash and cash equivalents	28 _	1,085,399,985	1,735,714,234	680,503,274	1,481,079,597
Total current assets		9,511,093,652	8,760,763,986	8,737,688,272	8,135,482,089
Total assets		15,316,442,897	13,912,870,047	13,531,730,045	12,172,860,186
EQUITY AND LIABILITIES					
Equity					
Share capital	29	56,345,500	56,345,500	56,345,500	56,345,500
hare premium	29	27,814,500	27,814,500	27,814,500	27,814,500
Plaim equalization reserve	29	74,021,509	74,021,509		
Currency translation reserve	29	334,411	334,411		
General reserve	29	1,378,846,427	1,230,554,713	1,369,564,617	1,221,272,903
Fair value reserve	29	48,547,102	38,453,352	(7,234,148)	(7,234,148
Retained earnings		4,331,763,445	3,806,240,942	3,509,418,988	3,012,330,299
Equity attributable to owners of the Company		5,917,672,894	5,233,764,927	4,955,909,457	4,310,529,054
Non-controlling interests	30	25,894,135	25,575,817	-	-
Total equity		5,943,567,029	5,259,340,744	4,955,909,457	4,310,529,054
JABILITIES					
Non-current liabilities					
oans and borrowings	31.2	853,985,320	1,131,032,775	811,013,583	1,070,651,922
Deferred income	35	31,876,865	35,667,894	45,267,113	49,590,531
Deferred tax liability	11.4	10,197,496	3,543,756		-
ease liabilities	32	267,241,594	243,467,520	190,812,986	162,931,285
Defined benefit obligation	33 _	103,803,130	88,857,393	75,612,662	63,555,919
Total non-current liabilities		1,267,104,405	1,502,569,338	1,122,706,344	1,346,729,657
Current liabilities					
oans and borrowings	31.3	3,043,051,112	2,629,998,389	3,101,038,266	2,657,847,093
rade and other payables	34	3,638,952,709	3,481,540,347	3,304,789,282	3,243,591,782
ease liabilities	32	199,391,768	51,045,275	186,959,607	38,261,300
Deferred income	35	9,273,484	9,160,635	4,323,414	4,323,414
nsurance contracts liabilities	26.1	520,105,451	438,036,505		-
einsurance contracts	26.1	4,484,859	713,688	-	2
urrent tax liabilities	38	59,076,908	186,344,693	52,388,192	123,908,263
mounts due to related parties	39	190,054,926	210,019,503	362,235,237	306,676,604
ank overdrafts	28 _	441,380,246	144,100,930	441,380,246	140,993,019
otal current liabilities		8,105,771,463	7,150,959,965	7,453,114,244	6,515,601,475
Total liabilities		9,372,875,868	8,653,529,303	8,575,820,588	7,862,331,132
Total equity and liabilities		15,316,442,897	13,912,870,047	13,531,730,045	12,172,860,186

The consolidated and separate financial statements are to be read in conjunction with the related notes which form an integral part of the consolidated financial statements of the Group and separate financial statements of the Company set out on pages 14 to 149. The report of the Independent Auditors is given on pages 1 to 8.

These consolidated and separate financial statements were approved by the Board of Directors and signed on its behalf by;

Name of the Director	Signature	Date
Amir Mansoor		30-Apr-2025
Shimad Ibrahim		-30-Apr-2025
Mohamed Nizam	Smill	- <del>30-Apr-2025</del>
Aishath Fazeena		30 Apr 2023
		30-Apr-2025



# STATE TRADING ORGANIZATION PLC (INCORPORATED IN THE REPUBLIC OF MALDIVES) CONSOLIDATED AND SEPARATE STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN EQUITY FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31ST DECEMBER 2024

# GRO

GROUP				Attributab	Attributable to owners of the Company	Сотрапу			Non	Total
	Share capital	Share premium	Claim	Currency	General reserve	Fair value reserve	Retained earnings	Total	Controlling	1010
			reserve	reserve					Illierest	
Balance as at 1st January 2023	56,345,500	27,814,500	71,861,025	334,411	1,066,894,923	30,059,602	2,317,206,335	3,570,516,296	22.961.361	3 593 477 658
Profit for the year		•	•	•	•		1,084,049,399	1,084,049,399	2,614,872	1.086.664.271
Profit for the year from discontinuing operations			•			•	295,403,264	295,403,264		295,403,264
Net change in fair value of Equity Investments at FVOCI - net of tax	,		•			8,393,750	,	8,393,750		8 393 750
Remeasurement of defined benefit liability - net of tax					-		(6,536,714)	(6,536,714)	(416)	(6.537.130)
Total comprehensive income for the year Transfer to / (from) during the year						8,393,750	1,372,915,949	1,381,309,699	2,614,456	1,383,924,155
- general reserve				,	163 659 790		(162,659,790)			
- claim equalization reserve		•	2,160,484	•			(2160 484)			
Remeasurement of defined benefit liability - net of tax from discontinued operations		•	,				274 989	. 000 176		
Transactions with owners of the Company							000,476	3/4,000		3/4,888
Disposal of a subsidiary (Note 16.4)				1	4	•	439,155,158	439.155.158		439 155 158
Accumulated provision on receivables due to loss of control (Note 24.6)	,	•	1			1	(70,819,043)	(70.819.043)	,	(70.819.043)
Dividends (Note 29.4)			1				(86,772,070)	(86,772,070)	,	(070, 777, 070)
Total transactions with owners of the Company				,			281,564,045	281,564,045		281 564 045
As at 31st December 2023	56,345,500	27,814,500	74,021,509	334,411	1,230,554,713	38,453,352	3,806,240,942	5,233,764,926	25,575,817	5,259,340,744
Balance at 1st January 2024	56,345,500	27,814,500	74,021,509	334,411	1,230,554,713	38,453,352	3,806,240,942	5,233,764,926	25.575.817	5 259 340 744
Profit for the year from continuing operations	•	31	•		3		770,472,086	770,472,086	1,897,958	772,370,044
Remeasurement of defined benefit liability - net of tax	,		•		1		(6,505,069)	(6,505,069)	20,360	(6,484,709)
Total comprehensive income for the year Transfer to / (from) during the year						•	763,967,017	763,967,017	1,918,318	765,885,335
- general reserve	,		•	•	148,291,714		(148,291,714)	,		
Net change in fair value of equity investments at FVOCI - net of tax  Transactions with owners of the Company						10,093,750.00		10,093,750		10,093,750
Dividends (Note 29.4)							(90,152,800)	(90,152,800)	(1 600 000)	(91 752 800)
Total transactions with owners of the Company				-			(90,152,800)	(90,152,800)	(1 600 000)	(91 757 800)
As at 31st December 2024	56,345,500	27,814,500	74,021,509	334,411	1,378,846,427	48,547,102	4,331,763,445	5,917,672,893	25,894,135	5,943,567,029
Figures in brackets indicate deductions.										

The consolidated and separate financial statements are to be read in conjunction with the related notes which form an integral part of the consolidated financial statements of the Group and separate financial statements of the Company set out on pages 12 to 148. The report of the Independent Auditors is given on pages 1 to 6.



# STATE TRADING ORGANIZATION PLC (INCORPORATED IN THE REPUBLIC OF MALDIVES) CONSOLIDATED AND SEPARATE STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN EQUITY

# FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31ST DECEMBER 2024

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WW.	Share	Share	General	Fair value	Retained	Total
	capital MVR	premium MVR	reserve MVR	reserve MVR	earnings MVR	MVR
	56,345,500	27,814,500	1,057,613,113	(7,234,148)	2,447,517,525	3,582,056,490
	•	1	•		818,298,950	818,298,950
	-		-	1	(3,054,316)	(3,054,316)
	-	1	1	•	815,244,634	815,244,634
		•	163,659,790	ı	(163,659,790)	
		-		,	(86,772,070)	(86,772,070)
	•	•	•		(86,772,070)	(86,772,070)
	56,345,500	27,814,500	1,221,272,903	(7,234,148)	3,012,330,299	4,310,529,054
E	56,345,500	27,814,500	1,221,272,903	(7,234,148)	3,012,330,299	4,310,529,054
	•	1	•	1	741,458,572	741,458,572
	•	ı			(5,925,370)	(5,925,370)
		•	•	,	735,533,203	735,533,203
			148,291,714		(148,291,714)	
		1		-	(90,152,800)	(90,152,800)
	•	1		-	(90,152,800)	(90,152,800)
	56,345,500	27,814,500	1,369,564,617	(7,234,148)	3,509,418,988	4,955,909,460

Total transaction with owners of the Company

As at 31st December 2023

Transactions with owners of the Company

- Dividends (Note 29.4)

Total comprehensive income for the year

Transfer to / (from) during the year

- general reserve

Other comprehensive loss, net of tax

Balance at 1st January 2023

Profit for the year

Figures in brackets indicate deductions.

Total transaction with owners of the Company

As at 31st December 2024

Transactions with owners of the Company

- Dividends (Note 29.4)

Total comprehensive income for the year

Transfer to / (from) during the year

- general reserve

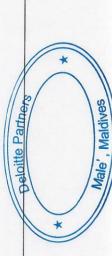
Other comprehensive Loss, net of tax

Balance at 1st January 2024

Profit for the year

The consolidated and separate financial statements are to be read in conjunction with the related notes which form an integral part of the consolidated financial statements of the Group and separate financial statements of the Company set out on pages 12 to 148. The report of the Independent Auditors is given on pages 1 to 6.

As per the Company's policy, 20% from net profit earned during the year is transferred to the general reserve.

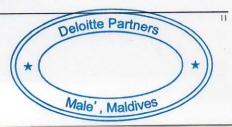


#### STATE TRADING ORGANIZATION PLC (INCORPORATED IN THE REPUBLIC OF MALDIVES) CONSOLIDATED AND SEPARATE STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31ST DECEMBER 2024		Group		Compa	ny
	Note	2024 MVR	2023 MVR	2024 MVR	2023 MVR
Cash flows from operating activities	Note	MVR	MVK	MVR	MVR
Profit before tax from continuing operations		927,272,869	1,293,458,256	846,150,388	996,775,647
Profit before tax from discontinued operations		-	295,403,264	-	- 3-1-2
Adjustments for:					
Depreciation on property, plant and equipment	13	214,374,015	220,706,119	115,337,106	108,409,966
Depreciation on investment properties	14	6,584,080	6,922,926	6,584,080	6,922,926
Amortization on right-of-use assets	19	84,943,635	67,802,878	70,991,546	53,072,039
Interest on lease liabilities	9	33,471,464	32,402,475	26,891,049	19,599,891
Amortization of intangible assets	15	13,179,385	5,551,314	10,156,861	2,420,961
Gain on derecognition of right of use assets		(1,528,333)	(5,624,845)	(1,528,333)	(148,658)
Capital work-in progress written off	15.3	13,052,200	(2.260.165)	(249.204)	(2.260.165)
Gain on disposal of property, plant and equipment	8	(287,962)	(2,369,165)	(248,304) 28,602,609	(2,369,165)
Provision for impairment of investment in subsidiaries	10	196 250	20 122 172	28,002,009	
Impairment of capital work-in progress	10	486,350	29,132,172	94 120 202	204 671 602
Provision for impairment of trade, other and related party receivable	10 21.1	282,090,970	449,253,081	84,120,293 67,351,940	294,671,603 8,696,847
Provision of impairment for slow moving inventories	33	66,783,551 10,495,115	11,855,598 10,815,922	7,116,410	6,013,251
Provision for defined benefit obligation	10	5,789,851	391,448	5,789,853	60,000
Receivable written off	18	(13,482,880)	(17,118,656)	5,765,655	00,000
Share of profit of equity - accounted investees, net of tax	9	393,434,301	309,549,851	386,470,910	304,060,584
Interest expense	9	(90,928,632)	(42,440,518)	(45,540,742)	(35,673,218)
Interest income Dividend income	9	(4,207,500)	(3,956,250)	(54,399,800)	(8,000,000)
	, _	1,941,522,479	2,661,735,870	1,553,845,866	1,754,512,674
Operating profit before working capital changes		1,541,522,475	2,001,733,070	1,555,045,000	1,754,512,074
Working capital changes		105 420 800	576 402 170	132,905,909	317,044,758
Change in inventories		195,429,800	576,402,179 (353,039,373)		
Change in trade and other receivables	24	(596,309,360)		(223,118,477)	(124,666,695)
Accumulated provision on receivables due to loss of control	24	(470 222 524)	(70,819,043)	(600 526 912)	(209,267,536)
Change in amount due from related parties		(479,322,524)	(814,753,916)	(600,536,812)	(209,207,330)
Changes in reinsurance contract assets	2.5	459,519	261,834,972		
Changes in insurance contract assets	25	(77,274,994)	(15,255,462)	(4 222 417)	8,038,148
Changes in deferred revenue		(3,678,178)	(19,610,138)	(4,323,417) 55,558,633	7,258,647
Change in amount due to related parties		(19,964,577)	44,736,944	(14,516,665)	302,060,594
Change in trade and other payables		81,698,197 3,771,171	63,199,415 (76,306,099)	(14,510,005)	302,000,394
Changes in reinsurance contract liabilities	37	82,068,947	(38,875,831)		
Changes in insurance contract liabilities  Cash generated from operating activities	31 _	1,128,400,480	2,219,249,517	899,815,035	2,054,980,590
Interest paid		(400,780,485)	(318,339,642)	(387,236,679)	(300,047,791)
Gratuity paid		(3,178,449)	(5,466,765)	(2,030,690)	(1,774,770)
Income tax paid	38	(326,036,873)	(198,271,683)	(224,317,553)	(183,259,347)
Net cash generated from operating activities		398,404,667	1,697,171,427	286,230,114	1,569,898,682
Cash flows from investing activities  Purchase and construction of property, plant and equipment	13	(309,592,881)	(886,837,233)	(243,949,992)	(642,638,268)
Purchase of intangible assets	15	(49,298,031)	(48,606,685)	(39,781,390)	(44,742,543
Proceeds from sales of property, plant and equipment	15	2,440,477	38,381,187	282,703	2,424,833
Investment in associates	17	(123,360,000)	771,000	(123,360,000)	-,,-
Investments in finance leases	20	-		23,431,653	170,223,077
Purchase of other financial instruments	27	(1,523,893,761)	(252,004,756)	(1,327,174,158)	(15,420,000
Proceeds from sales of other financial instruments	27	557,342,391	180,184,705	159,600,000	19,275,000
Interest received		90,928,632	42,440,518	45,540,742	35,673,218
Dividend received		14,207,500	11,956,250	60,146,201	8,000,000
Impact on disposal of a subsidiary		-	916,513,563	-	
Net cash used in investing activities		(1,341,225,676)	2,798,549	(1,445,264,240)	(467,204,683
Cash flows from financing activities			101 = 11 = 1	1.514.500.165	400 017 10
Loans and borrowings obtained	31	1,514,502,167	484,761,526	1,514,502,167	488,817,19
Repayments of borrowings	31	(1,066,879,273)	(998,625,342)	(1,019,331,707)	(1,063,749,777
Loans and borrowings obtained for working capital	31	5,226,084,192	5,987,950,929	5,226,084,192	5,987,950,929
Principal lease payments	32	(124,739,188)	(54,769,763)	(111,043,623) (5,537,701,818)	(50,427,540)
Repayments of working capital loans and borrowings	31	(5,537,701,818) (16,038,635)	(6,143,240,807) (17,538,864)	(14,438,635)	(14,888,864
Dividend paid		(4,772,556)	(741,462,321)	58,070,576	(795,538,864
Net cash (used in) / generated from financing activities		The state of the s			
Net increase in cash and cash equivalents		(947,593,565)	958,507,655	(1,100,963,550)	307,155,13
Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of the year	-	1,591,613,304	633,105,649	1,340,086,578	1,032,931,44
Cash and cash equivalents at end of the year	28	644,019,739	1,591,613,304	239,123,028	1,340,086,57
Figures in brackets indicate deductions					

Figures in brackets indicate deductions.

The consolidated and separate financial statements are to be read in conjunction with the related notes which form an integral part of the consolidated financial statements of the Group and separate financial statements of the Company set out on pages 12 to 148. The report of the Independent Auditors is given on pages 1 to 6.



#### 1. REPORTING ENTITY

#### 1.1 Corporate information

State Trading Organization PLC (the "Company") is a company incorporated and domiciled in the Republic of Maldives as a public limited liability company since 2001 and presently with its registered office at Kan'baa, Aisarani Hingun, K.Male' 20345, Republic of Maldives.

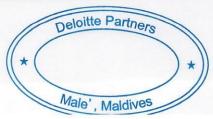
#### 1.2 Consolidated financial statements

The consolidated financial statements of the Group for the year ended 31st December 2024 include the Company and its subsidiaries (together referred to as the "Group" and individually as "Group entities") and the Group's interest in investments in equity accounted investees. The financial statements of all companies in the Group have a common financial year which ends on December 31st. State Trading Organization PLC is the ultimate parent of the Group.

There were no significant changes in the nature of the principal activities of the Group during the financial year under review.

#### 1.3 Principal activities and nature of operations

Entity	Principal business activities
State Trading Organization PLC ("STO")	The Company is involved in the business of local and foreign trading.
Fuel Supplies Maldives Private Limited ("FSM")	FSM is in the business of supplying and distribution of fuel and lubricant in Maldives.
Raysut Maldives Cement Private Limited ("Raysut")	Raysut imports cement and distributes in Maldives.
Maldives National Oil Company Private Limited ("MNOC")	MNOC is directly responsible for the development of oil and gas industry processes in the Maldives and overseas, however the Company has not commenced commercial operations as at 31st December 2024.
STO Hotels & Resorts Private Limited ("STOHR")	STOHR is involved in the business of Hotel and Leisure sector, however the Company has not commenced commercial operations as at 31st December 2024.
Allied Insurance Company of the Maldives Private Limited ("ALLIED")	ALLIED is involved in the business of providing insurance services in Maldives.
STO Maldives (Singapore) Private Limited ("STOS")	The company's line of business includes the trading of commodities in international markets, however the Company has not commenced commercial operations as at 31st December 2024.
Maldives Structural Products Private Limited ("MSP")	MSP's main objective is producing steel roofing products and related accessories and supply to the Maldives market.
Maldives Gas Private Limited ("MGPL")	MGPL supplies and delivers liquified petroleum gas (LPG), produces medical and industrial oxygen and sells a range of products from gas stoves to regulators and other LPG equipment.
Maldives State Shipping Private Limited (MSS)	MSS provides an extensive international liner shipping service
Maldives Industrial Development Free Zone (MIDFZ)	MIDFZ engages in large-scale importation and re-export activities, focusing on the development of free trade zones to optimize profits and enhance international trade.



#### 2 BASIS OF PREPARATION

#### 2.1 Statement of compliance

The consolidated and separate financial statements have been prepared in accordance with International Financial Reporting Standards (IFRSs) as issued by International Accounting Standards Board.

#### 2.2 Basis of measurement

The consolidated and separate financial statements have been prepared on the historical cost basis except for the following item, which is measured on an alternative basis on each reporting date.

Items	Measurement basis	
Equity Securities at FVOCI	Fair value	

#### 2.3 Functional and presentation currency

These consolidated and separate financial statements are presented in Maldivian Rufiyaa, which is the functional currency. All financial information presented in Maldivian Rufiyaa has been rounded to the nearest Rufiyaa.

#### 2.4 Use of estimates and judgements

The preparation of financial statements requires the use of accounting estimates which, by definition, will seldom equal the actual results. Management also needs to exercise judgement in applying the group's accounting policies.

This note provides an overview of the areas that involved a higher degree of judgement or complexity. Detailed information about each of these estimates and judgements is included in other notes together with information about the basis of calculation for each affected line item in the financial statements.

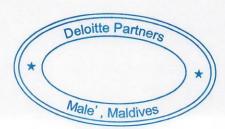
The areas involving significant estimates or judgements are:

- Loss allowance for expected credit losses note 3.10
- Estimated useful life of property plant and equipment note 3.4
- Estimated useful life of intangible asset note 3.6
- Estimation uncertainties and judgements made in relation to lease accounting note 3.13
- Estimation of fair values of investment property note 3.5

#### 2.5 Basis of consolidation

#### (i) Business combinations

The Group accounts for business combination is prepared using the acquisition method when control is transferred to the Group. The consideration transferred in the acquisition is generally measured at fair value, as are the identifiable net assets acquired. Any goodwill that arises is tested annually for impairment. Any gain on a bargain purchase is recognized in profit or loss immediately. Transaction costs are expensed as incurred, except if related to the issue of debt or equity securities.



#### 2. BASIS OF PREPARATION (CONTINUED)

#### 2.5 Basis of consolidation (Continued)

#### (i) Business combinations (Continued)

The consideration transferred does not include amounts related to the settlement of pre-existing relationship. Such amounts are generally recognized in profit or loss.

Any contingent consideration payable is measured at fair value at the acquisition date. If the contingent consideration is classified as equity, then it is not remeasured, and settlement is accounted for within equity. Otherwise, subsequent changes in the fair value of the contingent consideration are recognized in profit or loss.

#### (ii) Subsidiaries

Subsidiaries are entities controlled by the Group. Control exists when the Group has the power, directly or indirectly, to govern the financial and operating policies of an entity to obtain benefits from its activities. The financial statements of subsidiaries are included in the consolidated and separate financial statements from the date that control commences until the date that control ceases.

#### (iii) Interests in equity accounted investees

The Group's interest in equity accounted investees comprise interests in associates and joint venture.

Associates are those entities in which the Group has significant influence, but not control or joint control, over the financial and operating policies. A joint venture is an arrangement in which the Group has joint control, whereby the Group has rights to the net assets of the arrangement, rather than rights to its assets and obligations for its liabilities.

Interest in the associates and the joint venture are accounted for using the equity method. It is recognized initially at cost, which include transaction costs. Subsequently to initial recognition, the consolidated financial statement includes the Group's share of the profit or loss and other comprehensive income (OCI) of equity accounted investees, until the date on which significant influence or joint venture ceases.

#### (iv) Transactions eliminated on consolidation

Intra-group balances and transactions, and any unrealized income and expenses arising from intra-group transactions, are eliminated in preparing the consolidated financial statements. Unrealized gains arising from transactions with equity accounted investees are eliminated against the investment to the extent of the Group's interest in the investee. Unrealized losses are eliminated in the same way as unrealized gains, but only to the extent that there is no evidence of impairment.

#### (v) Non-controlling interest

Non-controlling interests represent the portion of profit or loss and net assets not held by the Group and are presented separately in the consolidated income statement and within equity in the consolidated statement of financial position, separately from parent shareholders' equity.

Changes in the Group's interest in a subsidiary that do not result in a loss of control are accounted for as equity transaction.



#### 2. BASIS OF PREPARATION (CONTINUED)

#### 2.5 Basis of consolidation (continued)

#### (vi) Common control transactions

A business combination involving entities or business under Common Control is a business combination in which all the combining entities or businesses ultimately are controlled by the same party or parties both before and after the combination and control is not transitionary. Acquisitions under common control transactions in the Group are accounted applying book value accounting on the basis that the investment simply has been moved from one party of the Group to another.

#### (vii) Loss of control

When the Group loses control over a subsidiary, it derecognizes the assets and liabilities of the subsidiary, and any related non-controlling interest (NCI) and other components of equity. Any resulting gain or loss is recognized in profit or loss. Any interest retained in the former subsidiary is measured at fair value when control is lost.

#### (viii) Goodwill on consolidation

Goodwill is initially measured at cost (being the excess of the aggregate of the consideration transferred and the amount recognised for non-controlling interests), and any previous interest held over the net identifiable assets acquired and liabilities assumed. If the fair value of the net assets acquired is more than the aggregate consideration transferred, the Group re-assesses whether it has correctly identified all the assets acquired and all the liabilities assumed and reviews the procedures used to measure the amounts to be recognised at the acquisition date. If the reassessment still results in an excess of the fair value of net assets acquired over the aggregate consideration transferred, then the gain is recognised in the Statement of Profit or Loss.

After initial recognition, goodwill is measured at cost less any accumulated impairment losses.

Goodwill that arises is tested annually for impairment. Group policy on impairment of goodwill is discussed under note 3.10 (ii)

#### 3. MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES

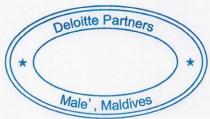
The accounting policies set out below have been applied consistently to all periods presented in these consolidated and separate financial statements, by the Group / the Company.

#### 3.1 Foreign currency

#### (i) Transactions in foreign currencies

Transactions in foreign currencies are translated to Maldivian Rufiyaa at the exchange rate ruling at the date of transaction. Monetary assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies are translated to Maldivian Rufiyaa at the exchange rate ruling at the reporting date. Foreign exchange differences arising on translation are recognized in the profit or loss.

Non-monetary assets and liabilities, which are measured at historical cost, denominated in foreign currencies are translated to Maldivian Rufiyaa at the exchange rates ruling at the dates of transactions. Non-monetary assets and liabilities, which are stated at fair value, denominated in foreign currencies are translated to Maldivian Rufiyaa at the exchange rates ruling at the dates the values were determined.



#### 3. MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

#### 3.1 Foreign currency (Continued)

#### (ii) Foreign operations

The assets and liabilities of foreign operations, including goodwill and fair value adjustments arising on acquisition, are translated into Maldivian Rufiyaa at the exchange rate ruling at the reporting date. The income and expenses of foreign operations are translated into Maldivian Rufiyaa at the average exchange rate.

Foreign currency differences are recognised in other comprehensive income (OCI) and accumulated in the translation reserve, except to the extent that the translation differences is allocated to non-controlling income (NCI).

When a foreign operation is disposed of in it's entirely or partially such that control, significant influence or joint control is lost, the cumulative amount in the translation reserve related to that foreign operation is reclassified to profit or loss as part of the gain or loss on disposal.

If the Group / the Company disposes of part of its interest in a subsidiary but retain control, then the relevant proportion of the cumulative amount is reattributed to NCI. When the Group / the Company disposes of only part of an associate or joint venture while retaining significant influence or joint control, the relevant proportion of the cumulative amount is reclassified to profit or loss.

If the settlement of a monetary item receivable from or payable to a foreign operation is neither planned not likely to occur in the foreseeable future, then foreign currency differences arising from such item from part of the net investment in the foreign operation. Accordingly, such differences are recognised in OCI and accumulated in the translation reserve.

#### 3.2 Financial instruments

#### (i) Financial assets (non-derivatives other than insurance receivables)

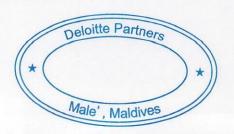
#### Recognition and initial measurement

Trade receivables and debt securities are initially recognised when they are originated. All other financial assets and financial liabilities are initially recognised when the Group/Company becomes a party to the contractual provisions of the instrument. A financial asset (unless it is a trade receivable without a significant financing component) or financial liability is initially measured at fair value plus, for an item not at FVTPL, transaction cost that are directly attributable to its acquisition or issue. A trade receivable without a significant financing component is initially measured at the transaction price.

#### Measurement

At initial recognition, the group measures a financial asset at its fair value plus, in the case of a financial asset not at fair value through profit or loss (FVTPL), transaction costs that are directly attributable to the acquisition of the financial asset. Transaction costs of financial assets carried at FVTPL are expensed in profit or loss.

Financial assets with embedded derivatives are considered in their entirety when determining whether their cash flows are solely payment of principal and interest.



#### 3. MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

#### 3.2 Financial instruments (continued)

#### **Debt instruments**

Subsequent measurement of debt instruments depends on the group's business model for managing the asset and the cash flow characteristics of the asset. There are three measurement categories into which the group classifies its debt instruments:

- Amortized cost: Assets that are held for collection of contractual cash flows, where those cash
  flows represent solely payments of principal and interest, are measured at amortized cost.
  Interest income from these financial assets is included in finance income using the effective
  interest rate method. Any gain or loss arising on derecognition is recognized directly in profit
  or loss and presented in other gains/(losses) together with foreign exchange gains and losses.
  Impairment losses are presented as separate line item in the statement of profit or loss.
- FVOCI: Assets that are held for collection of contractual cash flows and for selling the financial assets, where the assets' cash flows represent solely payments of principal and interest, are measured at FVOCI. Movements in the carrying amount are taken through OCI, except for the recognition of impairment gains or losses, interest income and foreign exchange gains and losses, which are recognized in profit or loss. When the financial asset is derecognized, the cumulative gain or loss previously recognized in OCI is reclassified from equity to profit or loss and recognized in other gains/(losses). Interest income from these financial assets is included in finance income using the effective interest rate method. Foreign exchange gains and losses are presented in other gains/(losses), and impairment expenses are presented as separate line item in the statement of profit or loss.
- FVTPL: Assets that do not meet the criteria for amortized cost or FVOCI are measured at FVPTL. A gain or loss on a debt investment that is subsequently measured at FVTPL is recognized in profit or loss and presented net within other gains/(losses) in the period in which it arises.

#### **Equity instruments**

The group subsequently measures all equity investments at fair value. Where the group's management has elected to present fair value gains and losses on equity investments in OCI, there is no subsequent reclassification of fair value gains and losses to profit or loss following the derecognition of the investment. Dividends from such investments continue to be recognized in profit or loss as other income when the group's right to receive payments is established.

Changes in the fair value of financial assets at FVTPL are recognized in other gains/(losses) in the statement of profit or loss as applicable. Impairment losses (and reversal of impairment losses) on equity investments measured at FVOCI are not reported separately from other changes in fair value.

#### Business model assessment

The Group / the Company makes an assessment of the objective of the business model in which a financial asset is held at a portfolio level because this best reflects the way the business is managed and information is provided to the management. Transfers of financial assets to third parties in transactions that do not qualify for de-recognition are not considered sales for this purpose, consistent with the Group's / Company's continuing recognition of the assets. Financial assets that are held for trading or are managed and whose performance is evaluated on a fair value basis are measured at FVTPL

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Male', Maldives

#### 3. MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

#### 3.2 Financial instruments (continued)

#### Assessment whether the cash flows are solely payment of principal and interest

For the purposes of this assessment, 'principal' is defined as the fair value of the financial asset on initial recognition. 'Interest' is defined as consideration for the time value of money and for the credit risk associated with the principal amount outstanding during a particular period and for other basic lending risks and costs as well as a profit margin.

#### Subsequent measurement

The following accounting policies apply to the subsequent measurement of financial assets.

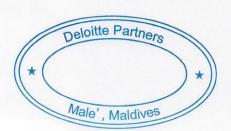
Financial assets at amortized cost	These assets are subsequently measured at amortized cost using the effective interest method. The amortized cost is reduced by impairment losses. Interest income, foreign exchange gains and losses and impairment are recognized in profit or loss. Any gain or loss on derecognition is recognized in profit or loss.
Equity investments at FVOCI	These assets are subsequently measured at fair value. Dividends are recognized as income in profit or loss unless the dividend clearly represents a recovery of part of the cost of the investment. Other net gains and losses are recognized in OCI and are never reclassified to profit or loss.

- The Group / the Company may irrevocably elect to present subsequent changes in fair value of an equity investment that is neither held for trading nor contingent consideration recognised by an acquirer in a business combination in other comprehensive income; and
- The Group / the Company may irrevocably designate a debt investment that meets the amortised cost or FVOCI criteria as measured at FVTPL if doing so eliminates or significantly reduces an accounting mismatch.

In the current year, the Group / the Company has not designated any debt investments that meet the amortised cost or FVOCI criteria as measured at FVTPL.

When a debt investment measured at FVOCI is derecognised, the cumulative gain or loss previously recognised in other comprehensive income is reclassified from equity to profit or loss as a reclassification adjustment. When an equity investment designated as measured at FVOCI is derecognised, the cumulative gain or loss previously recognised in other comprehensive income is subsequently transferred to retained earnings.

Debt instruments that are measured subsequently at amortised cost or at FVOCI are subject to impairment.



#### 3. MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

#### 3.2 Financial instruments (continued)

#### De-recognition

The Group / the Company de-recognizes a financial asset when the contractual rights to the cash flows from the financial asset expire, or it transfers the rights to receive the contractual cash flows in a transaction in which substantially all of the risks and rewards of the ownership of the financial asset are transferred or in which the Group / the Company neither transfers nor retains substantially all of the risks and rewards of ownership and it does not retain control of the financial asset. The Company enters into transactions whereby it transfers assets recognized in its statement of financial position but retains either all or substantially all of the risks and rewards of the transferred assets. In these cases, the transferred assets are not de-recognized.

#### (ii) Financial liabilities (non-derivative other than reinsurance liabilities)

The Group / the Company initially recognizes debt securities issued and subordinated liabilities on the date that they are originated. All other financial liabilities are recognized initially on the trade date at which the Group / the Company becomes a party to the contractual provisions of the instrument. The Group / the Company derecognizes a financial liability when its contractual obligations are discharged or cancelled or expire.

Financial assets and liabilities are offset, and the net amount presented in the statement of financial position when, and only when, the Group / the Company has a legal right to offset the amounts and intends either to settle on a net basis or to realize the asset and settle the liability simultaneously.

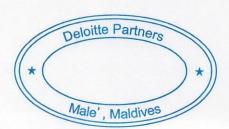
The Group / the Company non-derivative financial liabilities consist of loans and borrowings, amounts due to related parties and trade and other payables. Such financial liabilities are recognized initially at fair value plus any directly attributable transaction costs. After initial recognition, these financial liabilities are measured at amortized cost using the effective interest method.

A financial liability is derecognized when its contractual obligations are discharged or cancelled or expire. The Group / the Company also de-recognizes a financial liability when its terms are modified and the cash flows of the modified liability are substantially different, in which case a new financial liability based on the modified terms is recognized at fair value. On de-recognition of a financial liability, the difference between the carrying amount extinguished and the consideration paid (including non-cash assets transferred or liabilities assumed) is recognized in profit or loss.

#### 3.3 Share capital

#### **Ordinary shares**

Ordinary shares are classified as equity. Incremental costs directly attributable to the issue of ordinary shares are recognized as a deduction from equity.



#### 3. MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

#### 3.4 Property, plant and equipment

#### (i) Recognition and measurement

Items of property, plant and equipment are measured at cost less accumulated depreciation and accumulated impairment losses. Cost includes expenditure that is directly attributable to the acquisition of the asset. The cost of self-constructed assets includes the cost of materials and direct labour, any other costs directly attributable to bringing the assets to a working condition for their intended use, the costs of dismantling and removing the items and restoring the site on which they are located and capitalized borrowing costs. Purchased software that is integral to the functionality of the related equipment is capitalized as part of that equipment. When parts of an item of property, plant and equipment have different useful lives, they are accounted for as separate items (major components) of property, plant and equipment. Gains and losses on disposal of an item of property, plant and equipment are determined by comparing the proceeds from disposal with the carrying amount of property, plant and equipment, and are recognized net within other income in profit or loss.

#### (ii) Subsequent costs

Expenditure incurred to replace a component of an item of property, plant and equipment that is accounted for separately, including major inspection and overhaul expenditure, is capitalized. Other subsequent expenditure is capitalized only if it is probable that the future economic benefits embodied with the item will flow to the Group/ Company and the cost of the item can be measured reliably. All other costs are recognized in the income statement as an expense as incurred.

#### (iii) Depreciation

Depreciation is calculated over the depreciable amount, which is the cost of an asset, or other amount substituted for cost, less its residual value.

Depreciation is recognized in profit or loss on a straight-line basis over the estimated useful lives of each part of an item of property, plant, and equipment, since this most closely reflects the expected pattern of consumption of the future economic benefits embodied in the asset. Leased assets are depreciated over the shorter of the lease term and their useful lives unless it is reasonably certain that the Group / the Company will obtain ownership by the end of the lease term.

The estimated useful lives for the current and comparative periods are as follows:

Leasehold buildings - Over the lease period or 20 years, whichever is lower.

All the assets except leasehold buildings are depreciated over the following estimated useful live:

Freehold buildings	5 - 25	years
Vessels and fleet	5 - 15	years
Motor vehicles	4 - 5	years
Plant and machinery	3 - 25	years
Air conditioners	3 - 4	years
Office equipment	3 - 5	years
Furniture and fixtures	3 - 5	years
Other assets	3 - 5	years

Depreciation methods, useful lives and residual values are reviewed at each financial year-end and adjusted if appropriate. The charge for the depreciation commences from the month in which the property, plant and equipment is commissioned for commercial operation.



#### 3. MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

#### 3.4 Property, plant and equipment (continued)

#### (iv) Capital work- in -progress

Capital work- in- progress is stated at cost and includes all development expenditure and other direct costs attributable to such projects including borrowing costs capitalized. Capital work in progress is not depreciated until its completion of construction, and the asset is ready for use upon which the cost of completed construction works is transferred to the appropriate category of property, plant, and equipment.

#### 3.5 Investment property

Investment property are properties held either to earn rental income or for capital appreciation or for both, but not for sale in the ordinary course of business, use in the production or supply of goods or services or for administrative purposes. Investment properties are measured at cost on initial recognition and subsequently cost less accumulated depreciation. However, if there is an impairment in value, other than of a temporary nature, the carrying amount is reduced to recognize the decline.

Depreciation on investment properties is recognized on a straight-line basis over the following estimated useful lives.

Leasehold buildings and structures 20 to 25 years

On the disposal of an investment property, the difference between the net disposal proceeds and the carrying amount is charged or credited to the profit or loss.

Capital work- in- progress is stated at cost and includes all development expenditure and other direct costs attributable to such projects including borrowing costs capitalized. Capital work in progress is not depreciated until its completion of construction and the asset is ready to use upon which the cost of completed construction works is transferred to the appropriate category of investment property.

#### 3.6 Intangible assets

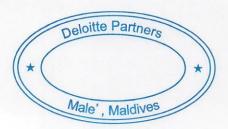
#### (i) Recognition and measurement

Intangible assets that are acquired by the Group / the Company, which have finite useful lives, are measured at cost less accumulated amortization and accumulated impairment losses.

Costs that are directly associated with the purchase and implementation of identifiable and unique software products by the Group / the Company are recognized as intangible assets. Expenditures that enhance and extend the benefits of computer software program beyond their original specifications and lives are recognized as a capital improvement and added to the original cost of the software.

#### (ii) Subsequent expenditure

Subsequent expenditure is only capitalized if costs can be measured reliably, the product is technically and commercially feasible, future economic benefits are probable, and the Group / the Company has sufficient resources to complete development and to use the asset.



#### 3. MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

#### 3.6 Intangible assets (continued)

#### (iii) Amortization

Amortization is recognised in profit or loss on a straight-line basis over the estimated useful lives of intangible assets, other than goodwill, from the date that they are available for use.

The estimated useful lives for the current and comparative periods are as follows:

Computer software

3 to 10 years

#### (iv) Capital work in progress

Capital work- in- progress is stated at cost and includes all development expenditure and other direct costs attributable to such projects including borrowing costs capitalized. Capital work in progress is not amortized until its completion of development and the asset is ready to use upon which the cost of completed construction works is transferred to intangible assets.

#### 3.7 Inventories

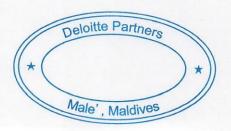
Inventories are measured at the lower of cost and net realizable value. The cost of inventory item is based on the weighted average method except in Maldives Gas Private Limited, which is on a first-in-first-out method. Cost of inventories includes expenditure incurred in acquiring the inventories, production or conversion costs and other costs incurred in bringing them to their existing location. In the case of manufactured inventories and work in progress, cost includes an appropriate share of production overheads based on normal operating capacity. Net realizable value is the estimated selling price in the ordinary course of business, less the estimated costs of completion and selling expenses.

#### 3.8 Trade and other receivables

Trade receivables are amounts due from customers for goods sold or services performed in the ordinary course of business. They are generally due for settlement within a year and therefore are all classified as current. Trade receivables are recognised initially at the amount of consideration that is unconditional unless they contain significant financing components, where they are recognised at fair value. They are subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method, less loss allowance. Other receivables generally arise from transactions outside the usual operating activities of the Group and the Company.

#### 3.9 Cash and cash equivalents

For the purpose of presentation in the statement of cash flows, cash and cash equivalents includes cash on hand, deposits held at call with financial institutions, other short-term, highly liquid investments with original maturities of three months or less that are readily convertible to known amounts of cash and which are subject to an insignificant risk of changes in value, and bank overdrafts. Bank overdrafts are shown in current liabilities in the balance sheet.



#### 3. MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

#### 3.10 Impairment

#### (i) Financial assets (including insurance receivables)

The Group / the Company accounts for expected credit losses and changes in those expected credit losses at each reporting date to reflect changes in credit risk since initial recognition of the financial assets.

Specifically, the Group / the Company recognises a loss allowance for expected credit losses on:

- Debt investments measured subsequently at amortised cost or at FVOCI;
- Trade receivables;
- · Cash and bank balances; and
- Contract assets;
- · Amounts due from related parties

In particular, the Group /Company measures the loss allowance for a financial instrument at an amount equal to the lifetime expected credit losses (ECL) if the credit risk on that financial instrument has increased significantly since initial recognition, or if the financial instrument is a purchased or originated credit-impaired financial asset. However, if the credit risk on a financial instrument has not increased significantly since initial recognition (except for a purchased or originated credit-impaired financial asset), the Group / the Company measures the loss allowance for that financial instrument at an amount equal to 12-months ECL. The Group / the Company applies a simplified approach for measuring the loss allowance at an amount equal to lifetime ECL for trade receivables and contract assets. The Group / the Company assumes that the credit risk on a financial asset has increased significantly if it is more than 30 days past due.

The Group / the Company considers a financial asset to be in default when,

- The borrower in unlikely to pay its credit obligations to the Group / the Company in full
- The financial asset is more than 90 days past due.

Loss allowances for financial assets measured at amortized cost are presented by deducting from the gross carrying amount of the asset.

The gross carrying amount of a financial asset is written off when the Group / the Company has no reasonable expectations of recovering a financial asset in its entirety or a portion thereof.

#### (ii) Non-financial assets

The carrying amounts of the Group's / Company's non-financial assets are reviewed at each reporting date to determine whether there is any indication of impairment. If any such indication exists, then the asset's recoverable amount is estimated. For intangible assets that have indefinite useful lives or that are not yet available for use, the recoverable amount is estimated each year at the same time.

The recoverable amount of an asset or cash-generating unit is the greater of its value in use and its fair value less costs to sell. In assessing value in use, the estimated future cash flows are discounted to their present value using a discount rate that reflects current market assessments of the time value of money and the risks specific to the asset. For impairment testing, assets that cannot be tested individually are grouped together into the smallest group of assets that generates cash inflows from continuing use that are largely independent of the cash inflows of other assets or groups of assets (the "cash-generating unit, or CGU").

Deloitte Partners

Male', Maldives

# 3. MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

#### 3.10 Impairment (continued)

For the purposes of goodwill impairment testing, CGUs to which goodwill has been allocated are aggregated so that the level at which impairment is tested reflects the lowest level at which goodwill is monitored for internal reporting purposes. Goodwill acquired in a business combination is allocated to groups of CGUs that are expected to benefit from the synergies of the combination.

An impairment loss is recognized if the carrying amount of an asset or its CGU exceeds its estimated recoverable amount. Impairment losses are recognized in profit or loss. Impairment losses recognized in respect of CGUs are allocated first to reduce the carrying amount of any goodwill allocated to the units, and then to reduce the carrying amounts of the other assets in the unit (group of units) on a pro rata basis.

An impairment loss in respect of goodwill is not reversed. In respect of other assets, impairment losses recognized in prior periods are assessed at each reporting date for any indications that the loss has decreased or no longer exists. An impairment loss is reversed if there has been a change in the estimates used to determine the recoverable amount. An impairment loss is reversed only to the extent that the asset's carrying amount does not exceed the carrying amount that would have been determined, net of depreciation or amortization, if no impairment loss had been recognized.

#### 3.11.1 i) Use of estimates and judgements

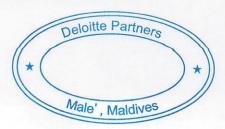
Information about judgements made in applying accounting policies that have the most significant effects on the amounts recognized in the company financial statements as per the following:

- Impairment of financial assets: establishing the criteria for determining whether credit risk on the financial asset has increased significantly since initial recognition, determining the methodology for incorporating forward-looking information into the measurement of Expected Credit Losses (ECL) and selection and approval of models used to measure ECL.
- Classification of financial assets: assessing the business model within which the assets are held
  and determining whether the contractual terms of the assets represent solely payments of
  principal and interest (SPPI) on the principal amount outstanding.

#### 3.11.1 ii) Assumptions and estimation uncertainties

Information about assumptions and estimation uncertainties at 31 December 2024 that have a significant risk of resulting in a material adjustment to the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities in the next financial year is included as per the following:

- Impairment of financial assets: determination of inputs into the ECL measurement model, including key assumptions used in estimating recoverable cash flows and incorporation of forward-looking information.
- Measurement of the fair value of financial instruments, investment properties, and owneroccupied properties with significant unobservable inputs.
- Measurement of defined benefit obligations: key actuarial assumptions.
- Recognition of deferred tax assets: availability of future taxable profit against which deductible temporary differences and tax losses carried forward can be used.



#### 3. MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

#### 3.11 Use of estimates and judgements (continued)

Changes in the following key assumptions may change the fulfilment cash flows materially during 2024. However, these changes would adjust the Contractual Service Margin (CSM) and would not affect the carrying amounts of the contracts unless they arise from onerous contracts or do not relate to future services:

- Life and participating contracts: assumptions about future cash flows relating to mortality, morbidity, policyholder behavior, participation percentages, and crediting rates.
- Non-life contracts: assumptions about claims development; and
- All contracts: assumptions about discount rates, including any illiquidity premiums.

#### 3.11.1 iii) Comparatives

Where necessary, comparative figures have been adjusted to conform with changes in presentation in the current period.

#### 3.11.2 Insurance and reinsurance contracts

#### (a) Insurance, reinsurance, and investment contracts - Classification

Contracts under which the Company accepts significant insurance risk are classified as insurance contracts. Contracts held by the Company under which it transfers significant insurance risk related to underlying insurance contracts are classified as reinsurance contracts. Insurance and reinsurance contracts also expose the Company to financial risk.

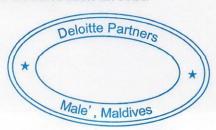
The Company does not accept insurance risk from other insurers.

Insurance contracts may be issued and reinsurance contracts may be initiated by the Company. All references in these accounting policies to 'insurance contracts' and 'reinsurance contracts' include contracts issued or initiated by the Company. There are no insurance or reinsurance contracts acquired under a business combination.

Insurance contracts are classified as direct participating contracts or contracts without direct participation features. Direct participating contracts are contracts for which, at inception:

- The contractual terms specify that the policyholder participates in a share of a clearly identified pool of underlying items.
- The Company expects to pay to the policyholder an amount equal to a substantial share of the fair value returns on the underlying items.
- The Company expects a substantial proportion of any change in the amounts to be paid to the policyholder to vary with the change in fair value of the underlying items.

All other insurance contracts and all reinsurance contracts are classified as contracts without direct participation features. Some of these contracts are measured under the PAA.



# 3. MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

#### 3.11.2 Insurance and reinsurance contracts (continued)

#### (b) Insurance and reinsurance contracts

# (i) Separating components from insurance and reinsurance contracts

At inception, the Company separates the following components from an insurance or reinsurance contract and accounts for them as if they were stand-alone financial instruments:

- Derivatives embedded in the contract whose economic characteristics and risks are not closely related to those of the host contract, and whose terms would not meet the definition of an insurance or reinsurance contract as a stand-alone instrument.
- Distinct investment components: i.e., investment components that are not highly interrelated
  with the insurance components and for which contracts with equivalent terms are sold, or
  could be sold, separately in the same market or the same jurisdiction.

After separating any financial instrument components, the Company separates any promises to transfer to policyholders' distinct goods or services other than insurance coverage and investment services and accounts for them as separate contracts with customers (i.e. not as insurance contracts). A good or service is distinct if the policyholder can benefit from it either on its own or with other resources that are readily available to the policyholder. A good or service is not distinct and is accounted for together with the insurance component if the cash flows and risks associated with the good or service are highly interrelated with the cash flows and risks associated with the insurance component, and the Company provides a significant service of integrating the good or service with the insurance component.

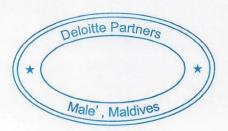
The Company does not possess any insurance contracts with distinct insurance or non-insurance components that require separation as of the reporting date.

#### (i) Aggregation and recognition of insurance and reinsurance contracts

#### **Insurance contracts**

Insurance contracts are aggregated into groups for measurement purposes. Groups of insurance contracts are determined by identifying portfolios of insurance contracts, each comprising contracts subject to similar risks and managed together, and dividing each portfolio into annual cohorts (i.e. by year of issue) and each annual cohort into three groups based on the profitability of contracts:

- Any contracts that are onerous on initial recognition;
- Any contracts that, on initial recognition, have no significant possibility of becoming onerous subsequently; and
- Any remaining contracts in the annual cohort



# 3. MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

#### 3.11.2 Insurance and reinsurance contracts (continued)

An insurance contract issued by the Company is recognised from the earliest of:

- The beginning of its coverage period (i.e. the period during which the Company provides services in respect of any premiums within the boundary of the contract).
- When the first payment from the policyholder becomes due or, if there is no contractual due date, when it is received from the policyholder.
- When facts and circumstances indicate that the contract is onerous. An insurance contract
  acquired in a transfer of contracts or a business combination is recognised on the date of
  acquisition.

When the contract is recognised, it is added to an existing group of contracts or, if the contract does not qualify for inclusion in an existing group, it forms a new group to which future contracts are added. Groups of contracts are established on initial recognition and their composition is not revised once all contracts have been added to the group.

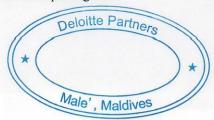
#### Reinsurance contracts

Groups of reinsurance contracts are established such that each group comprises a single contract for measurement purposes.

Some reinsurance contracts provide cover for underlying contracts that are included in different groups. However, the Company concludes that the reinsurance contract's legal form of a single contract reflects the substance of the Company's contractual rights and obligations, considering that the different covers lapse together and are not sold separately. As a result, the reinsurance contract is not separated into multiple insurance components that relate to different underlying groups.

A group of reinsurance contracts is recognised on the following date.

- Reinsurance contracts initiated by the Company that provide proportionate coverage: The date on which any underlying insurance contract is initially recognised. This applies to the Company's quota share reinsurance contracts.
- Other reinsurance contracts initiated by the Company: The beginning of the coverage period of the group of reinsurance contracts. However, if the Company recognises an onerous group of underlying insurance contracts on an earlier date and the related reinsurance contract was entered into before that earlier date, then the group of reinsurance contracts is recognised on that earlier date. This applies to the Company's excess of loss and stop-loss reinsurance contracts.
- Reinsurance contracts acquired: The date of acquisition. However, the Company does not possess any acquired reinsurance contracts as of the reporting date.



#### 3. MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

# 3.11.2 Insurance and reinsurance contracts (continued)

#### (ii) Insurance acquisition cashflows

Insurance acquisition cash flows are allocated to groups of insurance contracts using a systematic and rational method and considering, in an unbiased way, all reasonable and supportable information that is available without undue cost or effort.

If insurance acquisition cash flows are directly attributable to a group of contracts (e.g. non-refundable commissions paid on issuance of a contract), then they are allocated to that group. The Company does not allocate any portion of the paid commissions to the future renewals as the Company does not have arrangements that expect the recovery of part of the acquisition costs through future renewals of the contracts.

If insurance acquisition cash flows are directly attributable to a portfolio but not to a group of contracts, then they are allocated to groups in the portfolio using a systematic and rational method.

Insurance acquisition cash flows arising before the recognition of the related group of contracts are recognised as an asset. Insurance acquisition cash flows arise when they are paid or when a liability is required to be recognised under a standard other than IFRS 17. Such an asset is recognised for each group of contracts to which the insurance acquisition cash flows are allocated. The asset is derecognised, fully or partially, when the insurance acquisition cash flows are included in the measurement of the group of contracts.

At each reporting date, the Company revises the amounts allocated to groups to reflect any changes in assumptions that determine the inputs to the allocation method used. Amounts allocated to a group are not revised once all contracts have been added to the group.

No assets in relation to insurance acquisition cashflows (asset for IACF) have been recognised as of the reporting date.

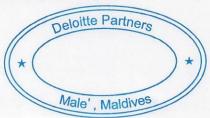
#### Recoverability assessment

At each reporting date, if facts and circumstances indicate that an asset for insurance acquisition cash flows may be impaired, then the Company:

- a) Recognises an impairment loss in profit or loss so that the carrying amount of the asset does not exceed the expected net cash inflow for the related group.
- b) If the asset relates to future renewals, recognises an impairment loss in profit or loss to the extent that it expects those insurance acquisition cash flows to exceed the net cash inflow for the expected renewals and this excess has not already been recognised as an impairment loss under (a).

The Company reverses any impairment losses in profit or loss and increases the carrying amount of the asset to the extent that the impairment conditions have improved.

No impairment losses have been recognised in relation to insurance acquisition assets as of the reporting date as no assets for IACFs have been recognised by the Company.



#### 3. MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

#### 3.11.2 Insurance and reinsurance contracts (continued)

#### (iv) Contract boundaries.

The measurement of a group of contracts includes all of the future cash flows within the boundary of each contract in the group, determined as follows:

# Insurance contracts

Cash flows are within the contract boundary if they arise from substantive rights and obligations that exist during the reporting period in which the Company can compel the policyholder to pay premiums or has a substantive obligation to provide services (including insurance coverage and any investment services).

A substantive obligation to provided services ends when:

- the Company has the practical ability to reassess the risks of the particular policyholder and can set a price or level of benefits that fully reflects those reassessed risks; or
- the Company has the practical ability to reassess the risks of the portfolio that contains the contract and can set a price or level of benefits that fully reflects the risks of that portfolio, and the pricing of the premiums up to the reassessment date does not take into account risks that relate to periods after the reassessment date.

The reassessment of risks considers only risks transferred from policyholders to the Company, which may include both insurance and financial risks, but exclude lapse and expense risks.

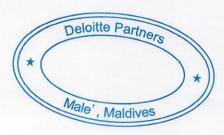
# Reinsurance contracts

Cash flows are within the contract boundary if they arise from substantive rights and obligations that exist during the reporting period in which the Company is compelled to pay amounts to the reinsurer or has a substantive right to receive services from the reinsurer.

A substantive right to receive services from the reinsurer ends when the reinsurer:

- has the practical ability to reassess the risks transferred to it and can set a price or level of benefits that fully reflects those reassessed risks; or
- has a substantive right to terminate the coverage.

The contract boundary is reassessed at each reporting date to include the effect of changes in circumstances on the Company's substantive rights and obligations and, therefore, may change over time.



#### 3. MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

- 3.11.2 Insurance and reinsurance contracts (continued)
- (v) Measurement Contracts not measured under the PAA

Insurance contracts - Initial measurement

On initial recognition, the Company measures a group of insurance contracts as the total of

- a) The fulfilment cash flows, which comprise estimates of future cash flows, adjusted to reflect the time value of money and the associated financial risks, and a risk adjustment for non-financial risk; and
- b) The CSM.

The fulfilment cash flows of a group of insurance contracts do not reflect the Company's non-performance risk.

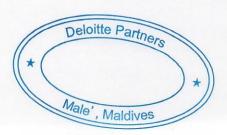
The risk adjustment for non-financial risk for a group of insurance contracts, determined separately from the other estimates, is the compensation required for bearing uncertainty about the amount and timing of the cash flows that arises from non-financial risk.

The CSM of a group of insurance contracts represents the unearned profit that the Company will recognise as it provides services under those contracts. On initial recognition of a group of insurance contracts, if the total of:

- The fulfilment cash flows,
- · Any cash flows arising at that date, and
- Any amount arising from the derecognition of any assets or liabilities previously recognised for cash flows related to the group (including assets for insurance acquisition cash flows under (iii)) is a net inflow,

then the group is not onerous. In this case, the CSM is measured as the equal and opposite amount of the net inflow, which results in no income or expenses arising on initial recognition.

If the total is a net outflow, then the group is onerous. In this case, the net outflow is recognised as a loss in profit or loss. A loss component is created to depict the amount of the net cash outflow, which determines the amounts that are subsequently presented in profit or loss as reversals of losses on onerous contracts and are excluded from insurance revenue.



# 3. MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

#### 3.11.2 Insurance and reinsurance contracts (continued)

# (v) Measurement - Contracts not measured under the PAA (continued)

#### Insurance contracts - Subsequent measurement

The carrying amount of a group of insurance contracts at each reporting date is the sum of the liability for remaining coverage and the liability for incurred claims. The liability for remaining coverage comprises:

- a) The fulfilment cash flows that relate to services that will be provided under the contracts in future periods; and
- b) Any remaining CSM at that date.

The liability for incurred claims includes the fulfilment cash flows for incurred claims and expenses that have not yet been paid, including claims that have been incurred but not yet reported.

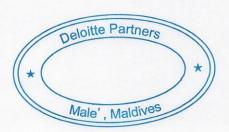
The fulfilment cash flows of groups of insurance contracts are measured at the reporting date using current estimates of future cash flows, current discount rates and current estimates of the risk adjustment for non-financial risk. Changes in fulfilment cash flows are recognised as follows.

Changes relating to future services	Adjusted against the CSM (or recognised in the insurance service result in profit or loss if the group is onerous)
Changes relating to current or past services	Recognised in the insurance service result in profit or loss
Effects of the time value of money, financial risk and changes therein on estimated future cash flows	Recognised as insurance finance income or expenses

The CSM of each group of contracts is calculated at each reporting date as follows:

#### Insurance contracts without direct participation features

The carrying amount of the CSM at each reporting date is the carrying amount at the start of the year, adjusted for:



#### 3. MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

#### 3.11.2 Insurance and reinsurance contracts (continued)

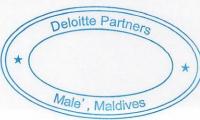
#### (v) Measurement - Contracts not measured under the PAA (continued)

- The CSM of any new contracts that are added to the group in the year.
- Interest accreted on the carrying amount of the CSM during the year, measured at the discount rates on nominal cash flows that do not vary based on the returns on any underlying items determined on initial recognition.
- Changes in fulfilment cash flows that relate to future services, except to the extent that: - any increases in the fulfilment cash flows exceed the carrying amount of the CSM, in which case the excess is recognised as a loss in profit or loss and creates a loss component.
- Any decreases in the fulfilment cash flows are allocated to the loss component, reversing losses previously recognised in profit or loss
- The effect of any currency exchange differences on the CSM; and the amount recognised as insurance revenue because of the services provided in the year.

Changes in fulfilment cash flows that relate to future services comprise:

- Experience adjustments arising from premiums received in the year that relate to future services and related cash flows, measured at the discount rates determined on initial recognition.
- Changes in estimates of the present value of future cash flows in the liability for remaining coverage, measured at the discount rates determined on initial recognition, except for those that arise from the effects of the time value of money, financial risk, and changes therein.
- Differences between
  - (a) any investment component expected to become payable in the year, determined as the payment expected at the start of the year plus any insurance finance income or expenses related to that expected payment before it becomes payable; and (b) the actual amount that becomes payable in the year;
- Differences between any loan to a policyholder expected to become repayable in the year and the actual amount that becomes repayable in the year; and
- Changes in the risk adjustment for non-financial risk that relates to future services.

Changes in discretionary cash flows are regarded as relating to future services and accordingly adjust the CSM.



# 3. MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

#### 3.11.2 Insurance and reinsurance contracts (continued)

# (v) Measurement - Contracts not measured under the PAA (continued)

However, the Company does not take policy loans under the fulfilment cashflows as per the Company's accounting policy on fulfilment cashflows and no changes in discretionary cashflows have been reported during the period.

#### Insurance contracts with direct participating features

Direct participating contracts are contracts under which the Company's obligation to the policyholder is the net of:

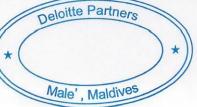
- The obligation to pay the policyholder an amount equal to the fair value of the underlying items; and
- A variable fee in exchange for future services provided by the contracts, being
  the amount of the Company's share of the fair value of the underlying items less
  fulfilment cash flows that do not vary based on the returns on underlying items.
  The Company provides investment services under these contracts by promising
  an investment return based on underlying items, in addition to insurance
  coverage.

When measuring a group of direct participating contracts, the Company adjusts the fulfilment cash flows for the whole of the changes in the obligation to pay policyholders an amount equal to the fair value of the underlying items. These changes do not relate to future services and are recognised in profit or loss. The Company then adjusts any CSM for changes in the amount of the Company's share of the fair value of the underlying items, which relate to future services, as explained below.

The carrying amount of the CSM at each reporting date is the carrying amount at the start of the year, adjusted for:

- The CSM of any new contracts that are added to the group in the year.
- the change in the amount of the Company's share of the fair value of the underlying items and changes in fulfilment cash flows that relate to future services, except to the extent that:
  - o a decrease in the amount of the Company's share of the fair value of the underlying items, or an increase in the fulfilment cash flows that relate to future services, exceeds the carrying amount of the CSM, giving rise to a loss in profit or loss (included in insurance service expenses) and creating a loss component; or
  - o an increase in the amount of the Company's share of the fair value of the underlying items, or a decrease in the fulfilment cash flows that relate to future services, is allocated to the loss component, reversing losses previously recognised in profit or loss (included in insurance service expenses);
  - o the effect of any currency exchange differences on the CSM; and

o the amount recognised as insurance revenue because of the services provided in the year.



# 3. MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

#### 3.11.2 Insurance and reinsurance contracts (continued)

# (v) Measurement - Contracts not measured under the PAA (continued)

Changes in fulfilment cash flows that relate to future services include the changes relating to future services specified above for contracts without direct participation features (measured at current discount rates) and changes in the effect of the time value of money and financial risks that do not arise from underlying items - e.g. the effect of financial guarantees.

#### Reinsurance contracts

To measure a group of reinsurance contracts, the Company applies the same accounting policies as are applied to insurance contracts without direct participation features, with the following modifications.

The carrying amount of a group of reinsurance contracts at each reporting date is the sum of the asset for remaining coverage and the asset for incurred claims. The asset for remaining coverage comprises:

- The fulfilment cash flows that relate to services that will be received under the contracts in future periods and
- Any remaining CSM at that date.

The Company measures the estimates of the present value of future cash flows using assumptions that are consistent with those used to measure the estimates of the present value of future cash flows for the underlying insurance contracts, with an adjustment for any risk of non-performance by the reinsurer. The effect of the non-performance risk of the reinsurer is assessed at each reporting date and the effect of changes in the non-performance risk is recognised in profit or loss.

The risk adjustment for non-financial risk is the amount of risk being transferred by the Company to the reinsurer.

On initial recognition, the CSM of a group of reinsurance contracts represents a net cost or net gain on purchasing reinsurance. It is measured as the equal and opposite amount of the total of

- a) The fulfilment cash flows
- b) Any amount arising from the derecognition of any assets or liabilities previously recognised for cash flows related to the group.
- c) Any cash flows arising at that date.

d) Any income recognised in profit or loss because of onerous underlying contracts recognised at that date.

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# 3. MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

# 3.11.2 Insurance and reinsurance contracts (continued)

# (v) Measurement - Contracts not measured under the PAA (continued)

However, if any net cost on purchasing reinsurance coverage relates to insured events that occurred before the purchase of the group, then the Company recognises the cost immediately in profit or loss as an expense.

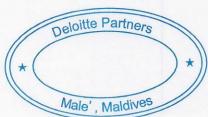
The carrying amount of the CSM at each reporting date is the carrying amount at the start of the year, adjusted for:

- The CSM of any new contracts that are added to the group in the year.
- Interest accreted on the carrying amount of the CSM during the year, measured at the
  discount rates on nominal cash flows that do not vary based on the returns on any
  underlying items determined by initial recognition.
- Income recognised in profit or loss in the year on initial recognition of onerous underlying contracts (refer below).
- Reversals of a loss-recovery component (refer to 'Net expenses from reinsurance contracts' under (viii)) to the extent that they are not changes in the fulfilment cash flows of the group of reinsurance contracts.
- Changes in fulfilment cash flows that relate to future services, measured at the discount
  rates determined on initial recognition, unless they result from changes in fulfilment
  cash flows of the onerous underlying contracts, in which case they are recognised in
  profit or loss and create or adjust a loss-recovery component.
  - The effect of any currency exchange differences on the CSM; and
- The amount recognised in profit or loss because of the services received in the year.

#### Reinsurance of onerous underlying insurance contracts

The Company adjusts the CSM of the group to which a reinsurance contract belongs and as a result recognises income when it recognises a loss on initial recognition of onerous underlying contracts, if the reinsurance contract is entered into before or at the same time as the onerous underlying contracts are recognised. The adjustment to the CSM is determined by multiplying:

- The amount of the loss that relates to the underlying contracts; and
- The percentage of claims on the underlying contracts that the Company expects to recover from the reinsurance contracts.



#### 3. MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

#### 3.11.2 Insurance and reinsurance contracts (continued)

#### (v) Measurement - Contracts not measured under the PAA (continued)

For reinsurance contracts acquired in a transfer of contracts or a business combination covering onerous underlying contracts, the adjustment to the CSM is determined by multiplying:

- The amount of the loss component that relates to the underlying contracts at the date of acquisition; and
- The percentage of claims on the underlying contracts that the Company expects at the date of acquisition to recover from the reinsurance contracts.

For reinsurance contracts acquired in a business combination, the adjustment to the CSM reduces goodwill or increases a gain on a bargain purchase.

If the reinsurance contract covers only some of the insurance contracts included in an onerous group of contracts, then the Company uses a systematic and rational method to determine the portion of losses recognised on the onerous group of contracts that relates to underlying contracts covered by the reinsurance contract.

A loss-recovery component is created or adjusted for the group of reinsurance contracts to depict the adjustment to the CSM, which determines the amounts that are subsequently presented in profit or loss as reversals of recoveries of losses from the reinsurance contracts and are excluded from the allocation of reinsurance premiums paid

#### vi) Measurement - Contracts measured under the PAA

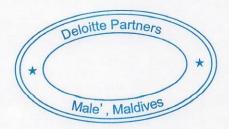
In the non-life segment, the Company uses the PAA to simplify the measurement of groups of contracts when the following criteria are met at inception.

#### Insurance contracts:

The coverage period of each contract in the group is one year or less. Some of these contracts provide compensation for the cost of rebuilding or repairing a property after a fire; for these contracts, the Company determines the insured event to be the occurrence of a fire and the coverage period to be the period in which a fire can occur for which a policyholder can make a valid claim.

#### Loss-occurring reinsurance contracts:

The coverage period of each contract in the group is one year or less.



#### 3. MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

- 3.11.2 Insurance and reinsurance contracts (continued)
- (vi) Measurement Contracts measured under the PAA (continued)
  - Risk-attaching reinsurance contracts:

The Company reasonably expects that the resulting measurement of the asset for remaining coverage will not differ materially from the result of applying the accounting policies in (v). When comparing the different possible measurements, the Company considers the impact of the different release patterns of the asset for remaining coverage to profit or loss and the impact of the time value of money. If significant variability is expected in the fulfilment cash flows during the period before a claim is incurred, then this criterion is not met.

#### Insurance contracts

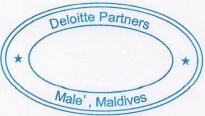
On initial recognition of each group of contracts, the carrying amount of the liability for remaining coverage is measured at the premiums received on initial recognition minus any insurance acquisition cash flows allocated to the group at that date, and adjusted for any amount arising from the derecognition of any assets or liabilities previously recognised for cash flows related to the group (including assets for insurance acquisition cash flows under (iii)). The Company has chosen not to expense insurance acquisition cash flows when they are incurred.

Subsequently, the carrying amount of the liability for remaining coverage is increased by any premiums received and the amortisation of insurance acquisition cash flows recognised as expenses and decreased by the amount recognised as insurance revenue for services provided and any additional insurance acquisition cash flows allocated after initial recognition.

On initial recognition of each group of contracts, the Company expects that the time between providing each part of the services, and the related premium due date, is no more than a year. Accordingly, the Company has chosen not to adjust the liability for remaining coverage to reflect the time value of money and the effect of financial risk.

If at any time during the coverage period, facts and circumstances indicate that a group of contracts is onerous, then the Company recognises a loss in profit or loss and increases the liability for remaining coverage to the extent that the current estimates of the fulfilment cash flows that relate to remaining coverage exceed the carrying amount of the liability for remaining coverage. The fulfilment cash flows are discounted (at current rates) if the liability for incurred claims is also discounted (refer below).

The Company recognises the liability for incurred claims of a group of insurance contracts at the amount of the fulfilment cash flows relating to incurred claims. Future cash flows are discounted (at current rates) unless they are expected to be paid in one year or less from the date the claims are incurred.



#### 3. MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

- 3.11.2 Insurance and reinsurance contracts (continued)
- (vi) Measurement Contracts measured under the PAA (continued)

#### Reinsurance contracts

The Company applies the same accounting policies to measure a group of reinsurance contracts, adapted where necessary to reflect features that differ from those of insurance contracts.

If a loss-recovery component (refer 'Reinsurance of onerous underlying insurance contracts' under (v)) is created for a group of reinsurance contracts measured under the PAA, then the Company adjusts the carrying amount of the asset for remaining coverage instead of adjusting the CSM. However, the Company does not have onerous groups of contracts available under PAA approach.

#### (vii) Derecognition and contract modification

The Company derecognises a contract when it is extinguished - i.e. when the specified obligations in the contract expire or are discharged or cancelled.

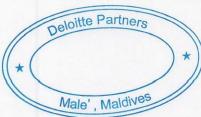
The Company also derecognises a contract if its terms are modified in a way that would have changed the accounting for the contract significantly had the new terms always existed, in which case a new contract based on the modified terms is recognised. If a contract modification does not result in derecognition, then the Company treats the changes in cash flows caused by the modification as changes in estimates of fulfilment cash flows.

On derecognition of a contract from within a group of contracts not measured under the PAA:

- The fulfilment cash flows allocated to the group are adjusted to eliminate those that relate to the rights and obligations derecognized.
- The CSM of the group is adjusted for the change in the fulfilment cash flows, except where such changes are allocated to a loss component.
- The number of coverage units for the expected remaining services is adjusted to reflect the coverage units derecognised from the group.

If a contract is derecognised because it is transferred to a third party, then the CSM is also adjusted for the premium charged by the third party, unless the group is onerous.

If a contract is derecognised because its terms are modified, then the CSM is also adjusted for the premium that would have been charged had the Company entered into a contract with the new contract's terms at the date of modification, less any additional premium charged for the modification. The new contract recognised is measured assuming that, at the date of modification, the Company received the premium that it would have charged less any additional premium charged for the modification.



#### 3. MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

#### 3.11.2 Insurance and reinsurance contracts (continued)

#### (viii) Presentation

Portfolios of insurance contracts that are assets and those that are liabilities, and portfolios of reinsurance contracts that are assets and those that are liabilities, are presented separately in the statement of financial position. Any assets or liabilities recognised for cash flows arising before the recognition of the related group of contracts (including any assets for insurance acquisition cash flows under (iii)) are included in the carrying amount of the related portfolios of contracts.

The Company disaggregates amounts recognised in the statement of profit or loss and OCI into

- a) An insurance service result, comprising insurance revenue and insurance service expenses; and
- b) Insurance finance income or expenses.

Income and expenses from reinsurance contracts are presented separately from income and expenses from insurance contracts. Income and expenses from reinsurance contracts, other than insurance finance income or expenses, are presented on a net basis as 'net expenses from reinsurance contracts' in the insurance service result.

The Company does not disaggregate changes in the risk adjustment for non-financial risk between the insurance service result and insurance finance income or expenses. All changes in the risk adjustment for non-financial risk are included in the insurance service result.

Insurance revenue and insurance service expenses exclude any investment components and are recognised as follows.

#### Insurance revenue - contracts not measured under the PAA

The Company recognises insurance revenue as it satisfies its performance obligations - i.e. as it provides services under groups of insurance contracts. For contracts not measured under the PAA, the insurance revenue relating to services provided for each year represents the total of the changes in the liability for remaining coverage that relate to services for which the Company expects to receive consideration and comprises the following items:

- A release of the CSM, measured based on coverage units provided (refer to 'Release of the CSM' below).
- Changes in the risk adjustment for non-financial risk relating to current services.
- Claims and other insurance service expenses incurred in the year, generally measured at the amounts expected at the beginning of the year. This includes amounts arising from the derecognition of any assets for cash flows other than insurance acquisition cash flows at the date of initial recognition of a group of contracts, which are recognised as insurance revenue and insurance service expenses at that date.

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#### 3. MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

#### 3.11.2 Insurance and reinsurance contracts (continued)

#### (viii) Presentation (continued)

 Other amounts, including experience adjustments for premium receipts for current or past services for the participating and non-participating portfolios.

In addition, the Company allocates a portion of premiums that relate to recovering insurance acquisition cash flows to each period in a systematic way based on the passage of time. The Company recognises the allocated amount, adjusted for interest accretion at the discount rates determined on initial recognition of the related group of contracts, as insurance revenue and an equal amount as insurance service expenses.

#### Release of the CSM

The amount of the CSM of a group of insurance contracts that is recognised as insurance revenue in each year is determined by identifying the coverage units in the group, allocating the CSM remaining at the end of the year (before any allocation) equally to each coverage unit provided in the year and expected to be provided in future years, and recognising in profit or loss the amount of the CSM allocated to coverage units provided in the year. The number of coverage units is the quantity of services provided by the contracts in the group, determined by considering for each contract the quantity of benefits provided and its expected coverage period.

The coverage units are reviewed and updated at each reporting date.

The expected coverage period reflects expectations of lapses and cancellations of contracts, as well as the likelihood of insured events occurring to the extent that they would affect the expected coverage period.

#### Insurance revenue - contracts measured under the PAA

For contracts measured under the PAA, the insurance revenue for each period is the amount of expected premium receipts for providing services in the period. The Company allocates the expected premium receipts to each period based on the passage of time.

For contracts not measured under the PAA, the Company establishes a loss component of the liability for remaining coverage for onerous groups of insurance contracts. The loss component determines the amounts of fulfilment cash flows that are subsequently presented in profit or loss as reversals of losses on onerous contracts and are excluded from insurance revenue when they occur. When the fulfilment cash flows are incurred, they are allocated between the loss component and the liability for remaining coverage excluding the loss component on a systematic basis.

The systematic basis is determined by the proportion of the loss component relative to the total estimate of the present value of the future cash outflows plus the risk adjustment for non-financial risk at the beginning of each year (or on initial recognition if a group of contracts is initially recognised in the year).

Male', Maldives

#### 3. MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

#### 3.11.2 Insurance and reinsurance contracts (continued)

(viii) Presentation (continued)

#### Loss components

Changes in fulfilment cash flows relating to future services and changes in the amount of the Company's share of the fair value of the underlying items for direct participating contracts are allocated solely to the loss component. If the loss component is reduced to zero, then any excess over the amount allocated to the loss component creates a new CSM for the group of contracts.

#### Insurance service expenses

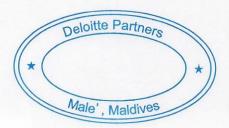
Insurance service expenses arising from insurance contracts are recognised in profit or loss generally as they are incurred. They exclude repayments of investment components and comprise the following items.

- Incurred claims and other insurance service expenses
- Amortization of insurance acquisition cash flows: For contracts not measured under the PAA, this is equal to the amount of insurance revenue recognised in the year that relates to recovering insurance acquisition cash flows. For contracts measured under the PAA, the Company amortises insurance acquisition cash flows on a straight-line basis over the coverage period of the group of contracts.
- Losses on onerous contracts and reversals of such losses.
- Adjustments to the liabilities for incurred claims that do not arise from the effects of the time value of money, financial risk and changes therein.
- Impairment losses on assets for insurance acquisition cash flows and reversals of such impairment losses if any.

#### Net expenses from reinsurance contracts

Net expenses from reinsurance contracts comprise an allocation of reinsurance premiums paid less amounts recovered from reinsurers.

The Company recognises an allocation of reinsurance premiums paid in profit or loss as it receives services under groups of reinsurance contracts. For contracts not measured under the PAA, the allocation of reinsurance premiums paid relating to services received for each period represents the total of the changes in the asset for remaining coverage that relate to services for which the Company expects to pay consideration.



#### 3. MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

#### 3.11.2 Insurance and reinsurance contracts (continued)

#### (viii) Presentation (continued)

For contracts measured under the PAA, the allocation of reinsurance premiums paid for each period is the amount of expected premium payments for receiving services in the period. For a group of reinsurance contracts covering onerous underlying contracts, the Company establishes a loss-recovery component of the asset for remaining coverage to depict the recovery of losses recognised:

- on recognition of onerous underlying contracts, if the reinsurance contract covering those contracts is entered into before or at the same time as those contracts are recognised; and
- for changes in fulfilment cash flows of the group of reinsurance contracts relating to future services that result from changes in fulfilment cash flows of the onerous underlying contracts.

The loss-recovery component determines the amounts that are subsequently presented in profit or loss as reversals of recoveries of losses from the reinsurance contracts and are excluded from the allocation of reinsurance premiums paid. It is adjusted to reflect changes in the loss component of the onerous group of underlying contracts, but it cannot exceed the portion of the loss component of the onerous group of underlying contracts that the Company expects to recover from the reinsurance contracts.

#### Insurance finance income and expenses

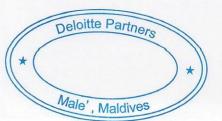
Insurance finance income and expenses comprise changes in the carrying amounts of groups of insurance and reinsurance contracts arising from the effects of the time value of money, financial risk and changes therein, unless any such changes for groups of direct participating contracts are allocated to a loss component and included in insurance service expenses. They include changes in the measurement of groups of contracts caused by changes in the value of underlying items (excluding additions and withdrawals). The Company does not disaggregate insurance finance income or expenses between profit or loss and OCI for all the portfolios of contracts.

#### Significant judgements and estimates

#### (i) Fulfilment cash flows

Fulfilment cash flows comprise:

- Estimates of future cash flows.
- An adjustment to reflect the time value of money and the financial risks related to future cash flows, to the extent that the financial risks are not included in the estimates of future cash flows.
- A risk adjustment for non-financial risk.



#### 3. MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

#### 3.11.2 Insurance and reinsurance contracts (continued)

#### Significant judgements and estimates (continued)

The Company's objective in estimating future cash flows is to determine the expected value of a range of scenarios that reflects the full range of possible outcomes. The cash flows from each scenario are discounted and weighted by the estimated probability of that outcome to derive an expected present value.

#### Estimates of future cash flows

In estimating future cash flows, the Company incorporates, in an unbiased way, all reasonable and supportable information that is available without undue cost or effort at the reporting date. This information includes both internal and external historical data about claims and other experience, updated to reflect current expectations of future events.

The estimates of future cash flows reflect the Company's view of current conditions at the reporting date, as long as the estimates of any relevant market variables are consistent with observable market prices.

When estimating future cash flows, the Company considers current expectations of future events that might affect those cash flows. However, expectations of future changes in legislation that would change or discharge a present obligation or create new obligations under existing contracts are not considered until the change in legislation is substantively enacted.

Cash flows within the boundary of a contract relate directly to the fulfilment of the contract, including those for which the Company has discretion over the amount or timing. These include payments to (or on behalf of) policyholders, insurance acquisition cash flows and other costs that are incurred in fulfilling contracts.

Insurance acquisition cash flows arise from the activities of selling, underwriting, and starting a group of contracts that are directly attributable to the portfolio of contracts to which the group belongs. Other costs that are incurred in fulfilling the contracts include:

- Claims handling, maintenance and administration costs.
- Recurring commissions payable on instalment premiums receivable within the contract boundary.
- Costs that the Company will incur in providing investment services.
- Costs that the Company will incur in performing investment activities to the extent that the Company performs them to enhance benefits from insurance coverage for policyholders by generating an investment return from which policyholders will benefit if an insured event occurs.

#### 3. MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

#### 3.11.2 Insurance and reinsurance contracts (continued)

#### Significant judgements and estimates (continued)

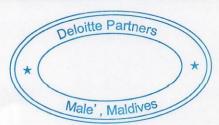
Insurance acquisition cash flows and other costs that are incurred in fulfilling contracts comprise both direct costs and an allocation of fixed and variable overheads.

Cash flows are attributed to acquisition activities, other fulfilment activities and other activities at local entity level using activity-based costing techniques. Cash flows attributable to acquisition and other fulfilment activities are allocated to groups of contracts using methods that are systematic and rational and are consistently applied to all costs that have similar characteristics. The Company generally allocates insurance acquisition cash flows and maintenance to groups of contracts based on the premiums for each group. Other costs are recognised in profit or loss as they are incurred.

#### Contract boundaries

The assessment of the contract boundary, which defines which future cash flows are included in the measurement of a contract, requires judgement and consideration of the Company's substantive rights and obligations under the contract.

Insurance contracts	Life insurance contracts issued by the Company do not contaguaranteed renewal features, options etc. which affect t contract boundary and policy term is considered as the contraboundary as the Company does not have the practical ability reprice the contracts during their term.
Reinsurance contracts	Each of the Company's quota share reinsurance contracts has annual term, covers underlying contracts issued within the term on a risk-attaching basis and provides unilateral rights to be the Company and the reinsurer to terminate the cession of new business at any time by giving three months' notice to the other party. On initial recognition, the cash flows within the reinsurance contract boundary are determined to be those arising from underlying contracts that the Company expects to issue a cede under the reinsurance contract within the next three month Subsequently, expected cash flows beyond the end of this inite notice period are considered cash flows of new reinsurance contracts and are recognised, separately from the initial contracts as they fall within the rolling three-month notice period. Each the Company's excess of loss and stop loss reinsurance contract has an annual term and covers claims from underlying contract incurred within the year (i.e., loss occurring). Cash flows with the contract boundary are those arising from underlying claim incurred during the year.



#### 3. MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

#### 3.11.2 Insurance and reinsurance contracts (continued)

#### Significant judgements and estimates (continued)

Assumptions about mortality, morbidity, and policyholder behaviour used in estimating future cash flows are developed by product type at entity level, reflecting recent experience and the profiles of policyholders within a group of insurance contracts.

Mortality and morbidity assumptions are developed using a blend of regional mortality data, industry trends and the entity's recent experience. Experience is monitored through regular studies, the results of which are reflected both in the pricing of new products and in the measurement of existing contracts.

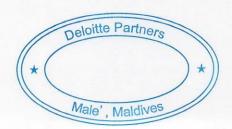
Mortality is a key assumption in the measurement of life insurance contracts. Tables produced by the Mortality and Morbidity Investigation Committee (MMIC) within insurance Information Bureau of India (IIB) are used.

Year	Mortality table used	
2024	IALM 2012 - 2014	
2023	IALM 2012 - 2014	

Policyholder behaviour is a key assumption in the measurement of participating and non-participating insurance contracts. Each type of policyholder behaviour is estimated by product type, based on trends in recent experience. The following table sets out the assumptions about exit rates (expressed as averages) by policy anniversary for participating and non-participating contracts.

			2024		
	1-5	5-10	10-15	15-20	20-25
Traditional participating/ non-participating	5.6%	3.0%	3.0%	3.0%	3.00
Direct participating contracts	10.3%	6.8%	5.0%	5.0%	5.09

			2023		
	1-5	5-10	10-15	15-20	20-25
Traditional participating/ non-participating	7.3%	3.0%	1.3%	1.4%	1.39
Direct participating contracts	3.9%	5.9%	5.4%	5.4%	5.4°



#### 3. MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

#### 3.11.2 Insurance and reinsurance contracts (continued)

Significant judgements and estimates (continued)

#### Non-life contracts

The Company estimates the ultimate cost of settling claims incurred but unpaid at the reporting date and the value of salvage and other expected recoveries by reviewing individual claims reported and making allowance for claims incurred but not yet reported. The ultimate cost of settling claims is estimated using a range of loss reserving techniques — e.g. the chain-ladder and Bornhuetter-Ferguson methods. These techniques assume that the Company's own claims experience is indicative of future claims development patterns and therefore ultimate claims cost. The ultimate cost of settling claims is estimated separately for each line of business.

The assumptions used, including loss ratios and future claims inflation, are implicitly derived from the historical claims development data on which the projections are based. However judgement is applied to assess the extent to which past trends might not apply in the future and future trends are expected to emerge.

#### Discount rates

All cash are discounted using yield curve derived from Company's asset portfolio yield to maturity rates adjusted to probability of default to reflect the characteristics of the cashflows and the liquidity of the insurance contracts. Asset portfolio returns are observed from coupon rates of investment instruments the Company holds at the valuation date as investments and yield to maturity rates calculate based on the market value of the investment assets traded at the date of valuation. In situations where market traded values are not observable, the study only considered investment assets purchased within one year from valuation and assumed the coupon rate is equal to the yield to maturity rate expected by the market.

Then the yield curve is extrapolated to converge into an ultimate forward rate, which reflects long-term interest rate and inflation expectations. With the unavailability of an ultimate forward rate published directly for the Maldives market, ultimate forward rate is determined as the convergence of the curve build upon observable market information, which is the first parameter (B0) of the fitted Nelson-Seigel-Svensson curve.

Credit risk is adjusted based on the investment instrument issuer's rating, tenure of the investment asset, and the expected loss given default rates according to the Basel framework.

#### Risk adjustments for non-financial risk

Risk adjustments for non-financial risk are determined to reflect the compensation that the individual issuing entity would require for bearing non-financial risk, separately for the non-life and other contracts, and are allocated to groups of contracts based on an analysis of the risk profiles of the groups.

Risk adjustments for non-financial risk reflect the diversification benefits from contracts issued by the entity, in a way that is consistent with the compensation that it would require and that reflects its degree of risk aversion, and the effects of the diversification benefits are determined using a correlation matrix technique.

Male', Maldives

#### 3. MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

#### 3.11.2 Insurance and reinsurance contracts (continued)

#### Significant judgements and estimates (continued)

The risk adjustments for non-financial risk are determined using the following techniques:

- Non-life contracts: a confidence level technique.
- Life contracts: risk margin on assumption technique.
- To determine the risk adjustments for non-financial risk for reinsurance contracts, the Company applies these techniques both gross and net of reinsurance and derives the amount of risk being transferred to the reinsurer as the difference between the two results.

Applying a confidence level technique, the Company estimates the probability distribution of the expected present value of the future cash flows from insurance contracts at each reporting date and calculates the risk adjustment for non-financial risk as the excess of the value at risk at the 75th percentile (the target confidence level) over the expected present value of the future cash flows.

#### Determination of coverage units

The CSM of a group of contracts is recognised in profit or loss to reflect services provided in each year based on the number of coverage units provided in the year, which is determined by considering for each contract the quantity of the benefits provided and its expected coverage period. The coverage units are reviewed and updated at each reporting date.

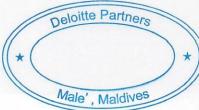
The Company determines the quantity of the benefits provided under each contract based on the sum assured payable on death. Coverage units for each group of contracts are determined by projecting the quantity of benefits payable in each future period allowing for the expected coverage duration.

#### (ii) Investment components

The Company identifies the investment component of a contract by determining the amount that it would be required to repay to the policyholder in all scenarios with commercial substance. These include circumstances in which an insured event occurs or the contract matures or is terminated without an insured event occurring. Investment components are excluded from insurance revenue and insurance service expenses.

Direct and indirect Participating contracts have explicit surrender values. The investment component excluded from insurance revenue and insurance service expenses is determined as the surrender value specified in the contractual terms, less any accrued fees and surrender charges.

The Company's other contracts do not contain investment components. These include term contracts that provide policyholders with the death cover during the coverage period. The Company determines that these contracts do not include any investment component, because the Company is not required to pay any amount if the policyholder does not surrender the contract and does not survive until the maturity date.



#### 3. MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

#### 3.11.2 Insurance and reinsurance contracts (continued)

#### Significant judgements and estimates (continued)

Consequently, any surrender payments are treated as premium refunds for unused coverage. Even though the premium refunds do not represent repayments of investment components, the Company has disclosed them together with investment components.

#### Insurance and reinsurance contracts - Modified retrospective approach

At 1 January 2022, the Company applied the following approaches to identify and measure certa groups of contracts in the life segment on transition to IFRS 17.

Year of Issue	Transition Approach	
2008 -2021	Modified retrospective approach	
After 2021	Full retrospective approach	

The Company applied the full retrospective approach to all contracts and assets for insurance acquisition cash flows in the non-life segment.

The objective of the modified retrospective approach was to achieve the closest outcome to retrospective application possible using reasonable and supportable information available without undue cost or effort. The Company applied each of the following modifications only to the extent that it did not have reasonable and supportable information to apply IFRS 17 retrospectively.

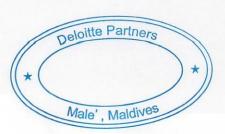
#### 3.12 Liabilities and provision

A provision is recognized in the reporting date when the Group / the Company has a present legal or constructive obligation as a result of a past event and it is probable that an outflow of economic benefits will be required to settle the obligation, and the amount can be reliably estimated. Provisions are not recognised for future operating losses.

Provisions are measured at the present value of management's best estimate of the expenditure required to settle the present obligation at the end of the reporting period. The discount rate used to determine the present value is a pre-tax rate that reflects current market assessments of the time value of money and the risks specific to the liability. The increase in the provision due to the passage of time is recognised as interest expense.

#### 3.13 Leases

At inception of a contract, the Group / the Company assesses whether a contract is, or contains, a lease. A contract is, or contains, a lease if the contract conveys the right to control the use of an identified assets for a period in exchange for consideration. To assess whether a contract conveys the right to control the use of an identified asset, the Group / the Company uses the definition of lease in IFRS 16.



#### 3. MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

#### 3.13 Leases (Continued)

#### (i) As a lessee

At commencement or on modification of a contract that contains a lease component, the Group / the Company allocates the consideration in the contract to each lease component on the basis of

its relative stand-alone prices. However, for the leases of property the Group / the Company has elected not to separate non-lease component and account for the lease and non-lease component as a single lease component.

#### (a) Recognition and initial measurement of right-to-use asset

The Group / the Company recognizes a right-of-use asset and a lease liability at the lease commencement date. The right-of-use asset is initially measured at cost, which comprises the initial amount of the lease liability adjusted for any lease payment made at or before the commencement date, plus any initial direct cost incurred and an estimate of costs to dismantle and remove the underlying asset or to restore the underlying asset or the site on which it is located, less any lease incentives received.

#### (b) Subsequent measurement

The right-to-use asset is subsequently depreciated using the straight-line method from the commencement date to the end of the lease term, unless the lease transfers ownership of the underlining asset to the Group / the Company by the end of lease term or the cost of the right-of-use asset reflects that the Group / the Company will exercise a purchase option. In that case the right-to-use asset will be depreciated over the useful life of the underlying asset, which is determined on the same basis as those property and equipment. In addition, the right-to-use asset is periodically reduced by impairment losses, if any and adjusted for certain re-measurement of the lease liability.

#### (c) Recognition and initial measurement of lease liability

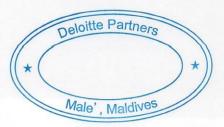
The lease liability is initially measured at present value of the lease payment that are not paid at the commencement date, discounted using the interest rate implicit in the lease or, if that rate cannot be readily determined, and the Group / the Company's incremental borrowing rate. Generally, the Group / the Company uses its incremental borrowing rate as the discount rate.

#### (d) Short-term leases and leases of low-value assets

The Group / the Company has elected not to recognize right-of-use assets and lease liabilities for leases of low-value assets and short-term leases. Short term leases are leases with a lease term of 12 months or less. Low-value assets comprise underlying asset value of which is less than USD 5,000 including IT equipment. The Group / the Company recognizes the lease payment associated with these leases as an expense on a straight-line basis over the lease term.

#### (ii) As a lessor

At the inception or on modification of a contract that contains a lease component, the Group / the Company allocates the consideration in the contract to each lease component on the basis of their relative stand-alone prices.



#### 3. MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

#### 3.13 Leases (Continued)

When the Group / the Company acts as a lessor, it determines at lease inception whether each lease is a finance lease or operating lease.

To classify each lease, the Group / the Company makes an overall assessment of whether the lease transfers substantially all of the risk and rewards incidental to ownership of the underlying asset. If this is the case, then the lease is a finance lease; if not, then it is an operating lease. As part of this assessment, the Group / the Company consider certain indicators such as whether the lease is for the major part of the economic life of the asset.

When the Group / the Company an intermediate lessor, it accounts for its interest in the head lease and the sub-lease separately. It assesses the lease classification of a sub-lease with reference to the right-to-use asset arising from the head lease, not with reference to the underlying asset. If a head lease is short-term lease to which the Group / the Company applies the exemption described above, then it classifies the sub-lease as an operating lease.

If the arrangement contains lease and non-lease components, then Group / the Company applies IFRS 15 to allocate the consideration in the contract.

The Group / the Company applies the de-recognition and impairment requirements in IFRS 9 to the net investment in the lease. The Group / the Company further regularly reviews estimated unguaranteed residual value used in calculating the gross investment in the lease.

The Group / the Company recognizes lease payments received under operating leases as income on a straight-line basis over the lease term as part of 'other revenue'.

#### 3.14 Deferred income

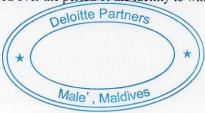
The group's deferred income policy is described in 35.1.

#### 3.15 Trade and other payables

These amounts represent liabilities for goods and services provided to the group prior to the end of the financial year which are unpaid. The amounts are unsecured and are usually paid within 30 days of recognition. Trade and other payables are presented as current liabilities unless payment is not due within 12 months after the reporting period. They are recognised initially at their fair value and subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method.

#### 3.16 Borrowings

Borrowings are initially recognised at fair value, net of transaction costs incurred. Borrowings are subsequently measured at amortised cost. Any difference between the proceeds (net of transaction costs) and the redemption amount is recognised in profit or loss over the period of the borrowings using the effective interest method. Fees paid on the establishment of loan facilities are recognised as transaction costs of the loan to the extent that it is probable that some or all of the facility will be drawn down. In this case, the fee is deferred until the draw-down occurs. To the extent there is no evidence that it is probable that some or all of the facility will be drawn down, the fee is capitalized as a prepayment for liquidity services and amortised over the period of the facility to which it relates.



#### 3. MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

#### 3.16 Borrowings (Continued)

Borrowings are removed from the balance sheet when the obligation specified in the contract is discharged, cancelled, or expired. The difference between the carrying amount of a financial liability that has been extinguished or transferred to another party and the consideration paid,

including any non-cash assets transferred or liabilities assumed, is recognised in profit or loss as other income or finance costs.

Borrowings are classified as current liabilities unless the group has an unconditional right to defer settlement of the liability for at least 12 months after the reporting period.

#### 3.17 Revenue

#### 3.17.1 Revenue from contract with customers (other than insurance)

Revenue from contracts with customers is recognized upon satisfaction of performance obligation, when control of the goods or services is transferred to the customer at an amount that reflects the consideration to which the Group expects to be entitled in exchange for those goods or services.

Variable considerations including rebates, discounts and other payments to customers are accounted as performance obligations are satisfied and revenue is recognized. Returns and refunds are given based on company and group policy and is recognized when incurred. A provision for warranty is recognized for home improvement and electronic products, generally based on historical warranty data.

Type	Nature and timing of satisfaction of performance obligations, including significant payment terms	Revenue recognition
Goods transferred at a point in time	Under IFRS 15, revenue is recognised upon satisfaction of a performance obligation. The revenue recognition occurs at a point in time when control of the asset is transferred to the customer, generally, on delivery of the goods. The Group has average credit periods varying from 30 – 90 days depending on the contract.	Revenue from the sale of goods is recognized when the Company satisfies its performance obligation towards the customer.
Services transferred over time	Under IFRS 15, the Group determines, at contract inception, whether it satisfies the performance obligation over time or at a point in time. For each performance obligation satisfied over time, the Group recognises the revenue over time by measuring the progress towards complete satisfaction of that performance obligation.	Revenue from the services rendered is recognized with reference to the time of services rendered.



#### 3. MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

#### 3.17 Revenue (Continued)

#### 3.17.1 Revenue from contract with customers (other than insurance) (continued)

#### Retail and wholesale

Retail and wholesale segment focuses on trading of a wide range of beverages, frozen confectionary, processed meat, dairy products, pharmaceutical items, electric equipment, and construction materials. Revenue is recognised at the point in time when the control of the asset is transferred to the customer, which is generally upon sale of the goods to the customer. Revenue is measured based on actual sales.

#### Gas

Gas segment focuses on sale and distribution of Liquefied Petroleum Gas (L.P.G), industrial gas, medical gases and related equipment. Revenue is recognised at the point in time when the control of the asset is transferred to the customer, which is generally upon sale of the goods to the customer. Revenue is measured based on actual sales.

#### Fuel and lubricants

Fuel and lubricants segment focuses on trading of petrol, diesel and jet fuel. Revenue is recognised at the point in time when the control of the asset is transferred to the customer, which is generally upon sale of the goods to the customer. Revenue is measured based on actual sales.

#### Shipping

Revenue from shipping activities is recognised over time as the performance obligation is satisfied, including a share of revenue from incomplete voyages at the balance sheet date. Invoiced revenue related to an estimated proportion of remaining voyage time and activities at the destination port is deferred.

#### Other services

Other services segment include following categories:

#### Documents handling and other income

Revenue from documents handling and other activities is recognised upon completion of the service.

#### Registration fee income

In the case of registration fee income, the revenue has been recognised over the period of five years.

#### Repair and maintenance services

Revenue from repair and maintenance is recognised over the period of service is provided.

#### Transport charges received

Revenue from transport income, the revenue has been recognised by reference to the time of service rendered.

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Male', Maldives

#### 3. MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

#### 3.18 Operating expenses

All expenditure incurred in the running of the business and in maintaining the capital assets in a state of efficiency has been charged to the revenue in arriving at profit or loss for the year.

Expenditure incurred for the purpose of acquiring, expanding, or improving assets of a permanent nature by means of which to carry on the business or for the purpose of increasing the earning capacity of the business has been treated as capital expenditure.

#### 3.19 Finance income and finance costs

Finance income comprises interest income on funds invested. Interest income is recognized as it accrues in profit or loss.

Finance cost comprises interest expense on borrowings and foreign exchange losses. Foreign currency gains and losses are reported on a net basis.

#### 3.20 Borrowing costs

Borrowing costs are recognized as an expense in the period in which they are incurred, except to the extent where borrowing costs that are directly attributable to the construction of an asset that takes a substantial period of time to get ready for its intended use or sale, are capitalized as part of that asset.

#### 3.21 Tax expense

Tax expense comprises current and deferred tax. Current tax and deferred tax is recognized in profit or loss.

#### Current tax

Current tax is the expected tax payable or receivable on the taxable income or loss for the year, using tax rates enacted at the reporting date, and any adjustment to tax payable in respect of previous years.

#### Deferred tax

Deferred tax is recognized in respect of temporary differences between the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities for financial reporting purposes and the amounts used for taxation purposes.

Deferred tax is measured at the tax rates that are expected to be applied to temporary differences when they reverse, based on the tax rate enacted or substantively enacted at the reporting date.

Deferred tax assets and liabilities are offset if there is a legally enforceable right to offset current tax liabilities and assets, and they relate to income taxes levied by the same tax authority on the same taxable entity, or on different tax entities, but they intend to settle current tax liabilities and assets on a net basis or their tax assets and liabilities will be realized simultaneously.

#### Tax loss

A deferred tax assets is recognized for unused tax losses, tax credits deductible temporary difference to the extent that it is probable that future taxable profits will be available against which they can be utilized. Deferred tax assets are reviewed at each reporting date and are reduced to the extent that it no longer probable that the related tax benefits will be provided. Transfers of tax losses between group companies for no payments are eliminated in the Consolidated and separate financial statements.

Male', Maldives

#### 3. MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

#### 3.22 Employee Benefits

#### (a) Defined contribution plans

A defined contribution plan is a post-employment benefit plan under which the Company pays fixed contributions into a separate entity and will have no legal or constructive obligation to pay further amounts. The Company contributes 7% of members' salary into the scheme with an additional, minimum, 4% of salary being contributed by the members.

#### (b) Defined benefit plans

A defined benefit plan is a post-employment benefit plan other than a defined contribution plan. The Company's net obligation in respect of defined benefit plans is calculated by estimating the amount of future benefit that employees have earned in return for their service in the current and prior periods and discounting that amount to determine its present value. The calculation is performed by a professional actuary in every three years in compliance with accounting requirements.

#### (c) Short-term benefits

Short-term employee benefit obligations of the Company are measured on an undiscounted basis and are expensed as the related service is provided. A liability is recognized for the amount expected to be paid under short-term cash bonus if the Company has a present legal or constructive obligation to pay this amount as a result of past service provided by the employee and the obligation can be estimated reliably.

#### 3.23 Events occurring after the reporting date

The materiality of the events occurring after the reporting date has been considered and provisions have been made in the separate financial statements where necessary.

#### 3.24 Determination of fair values

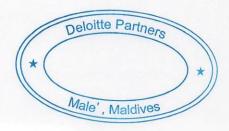
A number of the Group's / Company's accounting policies and disclosures require the determination of fair value, for both financial and non-financial assets and liabilities. Fair values have been determined for measurement and / or disclosure purposes based on the following methods. When applicable, further information about the assumptions made in determining fair values is disclosed in the notes specific to that asset or liability.

#### (i) Trade and other receivables

The fair value of trade and other receivables is estimated as the present value of future cash flows, discounted at the market rate of interest at the reporting date. This fair value is determined for disclosure purposes.

#### (ii) Financial liabilities (non-derivative)

Fair value, which is determined for disclosure purposes, is calculated based on the present value of future principal and interest cash flows, discounted at the market rate of interest at the reporting date.



#### 4. CHANGES IN MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Except for the described accounting policies below, the applied accounting policies in these financial statements are the same as those applied in the financial statements as at and for the year ended 31st December 2024.

The Company has applied the following standards and amendments for the first time for their annual reporting periods commencing 1 January 2024. Most of the amendments listed below did not have any significant impact on amounts recognised in prior periods and are not expected to significantly affect current or future periods. The Company did not have to change its accounting policies or make retrospective adjustments as a result of adopting these standards affect current or future periods.

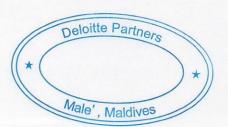
- i) Amendments to IAS 7 Statement of Cash Flows and IFRS 7 Financial Instruments: Disclosures titled Supplier Finance
- ii) Arrangements Amendments to IAS 1 Classification of Liabilities as Current or Non-current
- iii) Amendments to IAS 1 Presentation of Financial Statements— Non-current Liabilities with Covenants

#### 5. NEW AND AMENDED STANDARDS AND INTERPRETATIONS ISSUED BUT NOT YET EFFECTIVE

A number of new standards are effective for annual periods beginning after 1st January 2024 and earlier application is permitted; however, the Group has not early adopted the new or amended standards in preparing these financial statements.

The following amended standards and interpretations are not expected to have a significant impact on the Group's financial statements.

- i) Amendments to IAS 21 Lack of Exchangeability (effective for annual periods beginning on or after 1 January 2025)
- ii) Amendments to the Classification and Measurement of Financial Instruments Amendments to IFRS 9 and IFRS 7 (effective for annual periods beginning on or after 1 January 2026)
- iii) IFRS 19 Subsidiaries without Public Accountability: Disclosures (effective for annual periods beginning on or after 1 January 2027)
- iv) IFRS 18 Presentation and Disclosure in Financial Statements (effective for annual periods beginning on or after 1 January 2027)



#### FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31ST DECEMBER 2024

#### 6 OPERATING SEGMENTS

#### A.Basis of segmentation

The Group has the following five strategic divisions, which are its reportable segments. These divisions offer different products and services, and are managed separately because they are subject to risk and returns that are different from those of other business segments.

The following summary describe the operations of each reportable segment.

#### Reportable segments

Operations

Trading

Buying and selling of consumable goods, construction material, home improvement, electronic goods and medical related supplies.

Gas Insurance service Buying and selling of liquified petroleum gas (LPG) and medical and industrial oxygen production.

Fuel

Providing general & life insurance services Importing & selling of petroleum products

Shipping

Providing shipping & logistics services

The Group's Managing Director reviews the internal management reports of each division at least quarterly.

Other operations include the operations related to STO Hotels and Resorts and other services. This segments does not meet the quantitative thresholds for a reportable segment in 2024 and 2023.

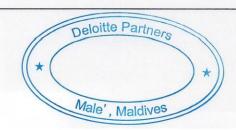
There are varying level of integration between insurance service, fuel & gas segment. This integration include providing insurance and other inter-connected services. Inter segment pricing is determined on an arm's length basis.

#### B. Information about reportable segments

Information related to each reportable segment is set out below. A segment's profit before tax is used to measure performance because management believe that this information is the most relevant in evaluating the result of the respective segments relative to other entities that operate in the same industries.

#### For the year ended 31st December 2024

			Reportab	le segments				
	Trading	Gas	Insurance service	Fuel	Shipping	Total reportable segments	Other segments	Total
	MVR	MVR	MVR	MVR	MVR	MVR	MVR	MVR
Gross revenue	3,147,794,519	273,562,899	831,531,664	18,710,147,164	510,617,646	23,473,653,892	83,962,978	23,557,616,870
Inter-segment revenue	(11,580,526)	(12,560,766)	(70,830,479)	(6,602,898,911)	(78,818,789)	(6,776,689,471)	(21,043,668)	(6,797,733,139)
Segment revenue	3,136,213,993	261,002,133	760,701,185	12,107,248,253	431,798,857	16,696,964,421	62,919,311	16,759,883,731
Segment profit / (loss) before tax	153,797,502	23,106,535	64,547,126	711,129,744	(58,607,551)	893,973,356	33,299,510	927,272,869
Interest income	103,747,955		30,450,225	29,698,181		163,896,361		163,896,361
Interest expense	(67,090,333)	(6,310,596)	(6,607,951)	(350,324,865)	(12,015,115)	(442,348,861)	-	(442,348,860)
Depreciation & amortization	(148,727,368)	(23,770,400)	(8,539,168)	(109,667,172)	(28,377,006)	(319,081,115)	-	(319,081,114)
Share of loss profit of associate	(1,539,571)		-	-	-	(1,539,571)		(1,539,571)
Share of profit of joint venture	15,022,451					15,022,451		15,022,451
Segment assets	3,192,989,514	406,261,008	1,119,260,867	9,516,376,605	618,474,183	14,853,362,176	287,559,600	15,140,921,779
Equity accounted investments	175,521,118	•				175,521,118	-	175,521,118
Capital expenditure	289,287,853	25,382,598	1,755,426	22,189,594	13,613,448	352,228,919	-	352,228,919
Segment liabilities	2,147,271,632	145,504,317	689,554,389	6,110,680,390	279,783,915	9,372,794,645	81,229	9,372,875,869



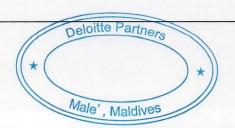
#### FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31ST DECEMBER 2024

#### 6 OPERATING SEGMENTS (CONTINUED)

#### B. Information about reportable segments (Continued)

For the year ended 31st December 2023

	Trading	Gas	Reporta	Fuel	CLI	m		
		Gus	service	ruei	Shipping	Total reportable	Other segments	Total
	MVR	MVR	MVR	MVR	MVR	segments MVR	MVR	MVR
Gross revenue	2,926,434,719	265,877,455	583,304,707	21,165,778,290	524,059,836	25,465,455,006	\$1,667,606	25 520 122 51
Inter-segment revenue	(9,765,228)	(14,361,918)	(64,004,496)	(8,177,844,760)	(147,710,310)	(8,413,686,712)	54,667,605	25,520,122,612
Segment revenue	2,916,669,491	251,515,537	519,300,211	12,987,933,530	376,349,526	17,051,768,294	(36,763,276)	17,069,672,624
Segment profit / (loss) before								71,102,072,02
tax	39,045,463	34,388,317	(12,380,831)	1,118,612,136	(7,805,162)	1,171,859,924	121,598,332	1,293,458,256
Interest income	18,268,813		28,881,738			47,150,551		47,150,55
Interest expense	(56,780,737)	(2,749,984)	(14,752,869)	(269,245,526)	(11,535,417)	(355,064,533)	(5,845,373)	(360,909,906
Depreciation & amortization	(159,937,590)	(23,725,289)	(9,145,767)	(72,823,859)	(33,585,108)	(299,217,613)	(2,259,067)	(301,476,675
Share of profit of associate	1,854,617	-	-	-	(,,)	1,854,617	(2,237,007)	1,854,61
Share of profit of joint venture	15,264,039	-				15,264,039		15,264,039
						13,204,037		13,204,039
Segment assets	3,018,618,639	381,762,420	936,768,747	8,611,147,832	628,334,557	13,576,632,194	287,559,615	13,864,191,809
Equity accounted investments	48,678,238	-	-	-		48,678,238		48,678,238
Capital expenditure	805,766,789	33,236,990	5,393,286	40,119,701	50,719,058	935,235,824	-	935,235,824
Segment liabilities	2,055,278,435	130,626,761	494,483,828	5,636,031,430	319,772,247	8,636,192,702	17,336,603	8,653,529,303
i Revenue							2024 MVR	2023 MVR
i Revenue Total revenue for reportable segr Revenue for other segments Elimination of inter - segment re Consolidated revenue							MVR 23,473,653,892 83,962,978 (6,797,733,139)	MVR 25,465,455,006 54,667,605 (8,450,449,988)
Total revenue for reportable segr Revenue for other segments Elimination of inter - segment re							MVR 23,473,653,892 83,962,978	MVR 25,465,455,006 54,667,605
Total revenue for reportable segr Revenue for other segments Elimination of inter - segment re Consolidated revenue ii Profit before tax	evenue						MVR 23,473,653,892 83,962,978 (6,797,733,139) 16,759,883,731	MVR 25,465,455,006 54,667,605 (8,450,449,988) 17,069,672,624
Total revenue for reportable segr Revenue for other segments Elimination of inter - segment re Consolidated revenue ii Profit before tax Total profit before tax for reporta	evenue						MVR 23,473,653,892 83,962,978 (6,797,733,139) 16,759,883,731	MVR 25,465,455,006 54,667,605 (8,450,449,988) 17,069,672,624
Total revenue for reportable segr Revenue for other segments Elimination of inter - segment re Consolidated revenue ii Profit before tax Total profit before tax for reporta Profit / (Loss) before tax for other	able segments						MVR 23,473,653,892 83,962,978 (6,797,733,139) 16,759,883,731 893,973,356 33,299,510	MVR 25,465,455,006 54,667,605 (8,450,449,988) 17,069,672,624 1,171,859,924 121,598,332
Total revenue for reportable segr Revenue for other segments Elimination of inter - segment re Consolidated revenue ii Profit before tax Total profit before tax for reporta Profit / (Loss) before tax for othe Elimination of inter-segment profit	able segments er segments fit						MVR 23,473,653,892 83,962,978 (6,797,733,139) 16,759,883,731 893,973,356 33,299,510 (3,482,880)	MVR 25,465,455,006 54,667,605 (8,450,449,988) 17,069,672,624 1,171,859,924 121,598,332 (9,118,656)
Total revenue for reportable segr Revenue for other segments Elimination of inter - segment re Consolidated revenue ii Profit before tax Total profit before tax for reporta Profit / (Loss) before tax for othe Elimination of inter-segment profit bividend received from joint ven	able segments er segments fit						MVR 23,473,653,892 83,962,978 (6,797,733,139) 16,759,883,731  893,973,356 33,299,510 (3,482,880) (10,000,000)	MVR 25,465,455,006 54,667,605 (8,450,449,988) 17,069,672,624 1,171,859,924 121,598,332 (9,118,656) (8,000,000)
Total revenue for reportable segr Revenue for other segments Elimination of inter - segment re Consolidated revenue ii Profit before tax Total profit before tax for reporta Profit / (Loss) before tax for othe Elimination of inter-segment profit of equity - accounts	able segments er segments fit uture						MVR 23,473,653,892 83,962,978 (6,797,733,139) 16,759,883,731  893,973,356 33,299,510 (3,482,880) (10,000,000) 13,482,880	MVR 25,465,455,006 54,667,605 (8,450,449,988) 17,069,672,624 1,171,859,924 121,598,332 (9,118,656) (8,000,000) 17,118,656
Total revenue for reportable segr Revenue for other segments Elimination of inter - segment re Consolidated revenue ii Profit before tax Total profit before tax for reporta Profit / (Loss) before tax for othe Elimination of inter-segment profit bividend received from joint ven	able segments er segments fit uture	operations					MVR 23,473,653,892 83,962,978 (6,797,733,139) 16,759,883,731  893,973,356 33,299,510 (3,482,880) (10,000,000)	MVR 25,465,455,006 54,667,605 (8,450,449,988) 17,069,672,624 1,171,859,924 121,598,332 (9,118,656) (8,000,000) 17,118,656
Total revenue for reportable segr Revenue for other segments Elimination of inter - segment re Consolidated revenue ii Profit before tax Total profit before tax for reporta Profit / (Loss) before tax for othe Elimination of inter-segment profit of equity - accounts	able segments er segments fit uture	operations					MVR 23,473,653,892 83,962,978 (6,797,733,139) 16,759,883,731  893,973,356 33,299,510 (3,482,880) (10,000,000) 13,482,880	MVR 25,465,455,006 54,667,605 (8,450,449,988 17,069,672,624 1,171,859,924 121,598,332 (9,118,656 (8,000,000) 17,118,656
Total revenue for reportable segr Revenue for other segments Elimination of inter - segment re Consolidated revenue ii Profit before tax Total profit before tax for reporta Profit / (Loss) before tax for othe Elimination of inter-segment profividend received from joint ven Share of profit of equity - accountage of the consolidated profit before tax	able segments or segments fit sture sted investees from continuing	operations					MVR 23,473,653,892 83,962,978 (6,797,733,139) 16,759,883,731  893,973,356 33,299,510 (3,482,880) (10,000,000) 13,482,880	MVR 25,465,455,006 54,667,605 (8,450,449,988) 17,069,672,624  1,171,859,924 121,598,332 (9,118,656) (8,000,000) 17,118,656 1,293,458,256
Total revenue for reportable segre Revenue for other segments Elimination of inter - segment re Consolidated revenue  ii Profit before tax  Total profit before tax for reportate Profit / (Loss) before tax for othe Elimination of inter-segment profit of equity - account Consolidated profit of equity - account Consolidated profit before tax  iii Assets  Total assets for reportable segment Assets for other segments	able segments or segments fit sture sted investees from continuing	operations					MVR 23,473,653,892 83,962,978 (6,797,733,139) 16,759,883,731  893,973,356 33,299,510 (3,482,880) (10,000,000) 13,482,880 927,272,869	MVR 25,465,455,006 54,667,605 (8,450,449,988 17,069,672,624  1,171,859,924 121,598,332 (9,118,656 (8,000,000) 17,118,656 1,293,458,256
Total revenue for reportable segre Revenue for other segments Elimination of inter - segment re Consolidated revenue  ii Profit before tax  Total profit before tax for reportate Profit / (Loss) before tax for othe Elimination of inter-segment profit of equity - account Consolidated profit before tax  iii Assets  Total assets for reportable segments	able segments or segments fit sture sted investees from continuing	operations					MVR 23,473,653,892 83,962,978 (6,797,733,139) 16,759,883,731  893,973,356 33,299,510 (3,482,880) (10,000,000) 13,482,880 927,272,869	MVR 25,465,455,006 54,667,605 (8,450,449,988 17,069,672,624  1,171,859,924 121,598,332 (9,118,656 (8,000,000) 17,118,656 1,293,458,256
Total revenue for reportable segre Revenue for other segments Elimination of inter - segment re Consolidated revenue  ii Profit before tax  Total profit before tax for reportate to the Elimination of inter-segment profit of equity - account Consolidated profit of equity - account Consolidated profit before tax  iii Assets  Total assets for reportable segment Assets for other segments	able segments or segments fit sture sted investees from continuing	operations					MVR 23,473,653,892 83,962,978 (6,797,733,139) 16,759,883,731  893,973,356 33,299,510 (3,482,880) (10,000,000) 13,482,880 927,272,869  14,853,362,176 287,559,600	MVR 25,465,455,006 54,667,605 (8,450,449,988) 17,069,672,624  1,171,859,924 121,598,332 (9,118,656) (8,000,000) 17,118,656 1,293,458,256
Total revenue for reportable segre Revenue for other segments Elimination of inter - segment re Consolidated revenue  ii Profit before tax  Total profit before tax for reportate to the Elimination of inter-segment profit of equity - account Consolidated profit of equity - account Consolidated profit before tax  iii Assets  Total assets for reportable segment Assets for other segments Equity -accounted investees	able segments or segments fit sture sted investees from continuing	operations					MVR 23,473,653,892 83,962,978 (6,797,733,139) 16,759,883,731  893,973,356 33,299,510 (3,482,880) (10,000,000) 13,482,880 927,272,869  14,853,362,176 287,559,600 175,521,118	MVR 25,465,455,006 54,667,605 (8,450,449,988) 17,069,672,624  1,171,859,924 121,598,332 (9,118,656) (8,000,000) 17,118,656 1,293,458,256  13,576,632,194 287,559,615 48,678,238
Total revenue for reportable segre Revenue for other segments Elimination of inter - segment re Consolidated revenue  ii Profit before tax  Total profit before tax for reportate to the Elimination of inter-segment profit of equity - account Consolidated profit of equity - account Consolidated profit before tax  iii Assets  Total assets for reportable segment Assets for other segments Equity -accounted investees Consolidated total assets	able segments or segments fit sture nted investees from continuing	operations					MVR 23,473,653,892 83,962,978 (6,797,733,139) 16,759,883,731  893,973,356 33,299,510 (3,482,880) (10,000,000) 13,482,880 927,272,869  14,853,362,176 287,559,600 175,521,118	MVR 25,465,455,006 54,667,605 (8,450,449,988) 17,069,672,624  1,171,859,924 121,598,332 (9,118,656) (8,000,000) 17,118,656 1,293,458,256  13,576,632,194 287,559,615 48,678,238 13,912,870,047
Total revenue for reportable segre Revenue for other segments Elimination of inter - segment re Consolidated revenue  ii Profit before tax  Total profit before tax for reportate to the Elimination of inter-segment profit / (Loss) before tax for othe Elimination of inter-segment profit of equity - account Consolidated profit before tax  iii Assets  Total assets for reportable segment Assets for other segments Equity -accounted investees Consolidated total assets  iv Liabilities	able segments or segments fit sture nted investees from continuing	operations					MVR 23,473,653,892 83,962,978 (6,797,733,139) 16,759,883,731  893,973,356 33,299,510 (3,482,880) (10,000,000) 13,482,880 927,272,869  14,853,362,176 287,559,600 175,521,118 15,316,442,897	MVR 25,465,455,006 54,667,605 (8,450,449,988) 17,069,672,624  1,171,859,924 121,598,332 (9,118,656) (8,000,000) 17,118,656 1,293,458,256  13,576,632,194 287,559,615 48,678,238



#### FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31ST DECEMBER 2024

#### 6 OPERATING SEGMENTS (CONTINUED)

C. Reconciliations of information on reportable segment to IFRS measures (Continued)

#### v. Other material items

For the year ended 31st December 2024

	Reportable		
	segment totals MVR	Adjustment MVR	Consolidated totals MVR
Interest income	163,896,361	(4,881,007)	
Interest expense	(442,348,861)	4,881,007	(437,467,853)
Capital expenditure	352,228,919		352,228,919
Depreciation and amortization	(319,081,115)		(319,081,115)
	(245,304,696)		(245,304,695)
For the year ended 31st December 2023			
Interest income	47,150,551	(4,710,033)	42,440,518
Interest expense	(355,064,533)	4,710,033	(350,354,500)
Capital expenditure	935,235,824	· · · · · · · ·	935,235,824
Depreciation and amortization	(299,217,613)		(299,217,613)
	328,104,229	-	328,104,229

#### D. Geographic information

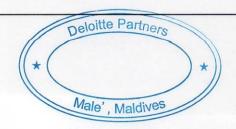
The trading, gas, insurance segments are operated in Male & other Islands of Maldives. Fuel segment is operated in Male and other islands of Maldives.

The geographic information below analyzes the Group's revenue and non-current assets by the Group's different operating geographical areas. In presenting the following information, segment revenue has been based on the geographic location of customers and segment assets were based on the geographic location of the assets.

	2024	2023
i. Revenue	MVR	MVR
Male'	15,762,871,980	16,605,147,859
Thilafushi	882,309,224	473,730,051
Hulhumale'	444,602,869	972,364,067
Other Islands	6,035,541,763	7,054,980,861
Overseas	432,291,037	413,899,773
Less: Inter-company transactions	(6,797,733,139)	(8,450,449,988)
	16,759,883,731	17,069,672,624
	2024	2023
ii. Non - current assets	MVR	MVR
Male'	5,080,392,157	4,642,456,305
Thilafushi	156,395,528	277,658,190
Hulhumale'	143,415,969	16,281,844
Other Islands	425,145,587	215,709,723
Overseas		
	5,805,349,245	5,152,106,061

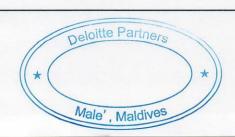
#### E. Major customer

Revenue from one customer (Maldives Airports Company Limited) of the Fuel segment represented approximately MVR 3,082,598,559/- (2023: MVR 2,671,397,310/-) of the Group's total revenues.



#### FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31ST DECEMBER 2024

7	REVENUE	Grou	ір	Compa	nv
		2024	2023	2024	2023
		MVR	MVR	MVR	MVR
	Retail and wholesale	3,136,213,993	2,916,669,490	3,145,476,166	2,925,191,272
	Insurance	760,701,185	519,300,211	_	2,720,171,272
	Gas	261,002,133	251,515,537		Harris and the same
	Fuel	12,107,248,253	12,987,933,530	12,251,205,228	13,429,696,820
	Shipping	431,798,857	376,349,526	12,201,200,220	13,429,090,620
	Other services	62,919,311	17,904,330	52,814,978	19 216 540
		16,759,883,731	17,069,672,624	15,449,496,372	18,216,540 16,373,104,633
	Timing of revenue recognition	Grou		Сотра	
		2024	2023	2024	2023
		MVR	MVR	MVR	MVR
	Goods transferred at a point in time	15,563,887,782	16,234,860,894	15,396,681,394	16,354,888,093
	Services transferred over time	435,294,764	315,511,519	52,814,978	
	Total revenue from contracts with customers	15,999,182,546	16,550,372,413	15,449,496,372	18,216,540 16,373,104,633
	Revenue from insurance contracts	760,701,185	519,300,211	13,449,490,372	10,373,104,033
	Total revenue	16,759,883,731	17,069,672,624	15,449,496,372	16,373,104,633
8	OTHER INCOME				
O	OTHER INCOME	Grou		Compa	
		2024	2023	2024	2023
	Profit on diamond of account of the state of	MVR	MVR	MVR	MVR
	Profit on disposal of property, plant and equipment Income from vessels and fleets	287,962	2,369,165	248,304	2,369,165
	Fines and claims received	4,321,719	13,818,876	1,455,052	10,157,607
		44,492,939	17,750,143	46,007,922	21,594,237
	Rent income	39,661,469	45,860,817	54,364,806	60,089,414
	Discounts received	4,362,370	5,474,003	2,355,974	3,819,696
	Agency fee	•	484,063	•	484,063
	Miscellaneous income	25,669,122	149,097,246	21,036,771	14,822,151
		118,795,581	234,854,313	125,468,829	113,336,332
9	NET FINANCE COSTS	Grou	р	Compa	nv
		2024	2023	2024	2023
		MVR	MVR	MVR	MVR
	Finance income				
	Interest income on loans granted	52,763,755	15,556,025		-
	Interest income on credit scheme sales	2,950,225	3,343,485	2,950,225	3,343,485
	Foreign exchange gain	1,105	295,005		104,282
	Dividend income	4,207,500	3,956,250	54,399,800	8,000,000
	Discounts on treasury bills	68,086,722		68,086,722	-
	Other finance income	35,214,652	23,541,008	32,711,008	14,847,689
	Lease interest received			9,879,509	17,482,045
		163,223,958	46,691,773	168,027,264	43,777,500
	Finance costs				
	Interest on bank borrowings	(53,677,667)	(48,551,893)	(43,733,604)	(39,197,657)
	Interest on bank overdrafts	(43,831,441)	(24,363,032)	(42,521,697)	(24,065,658)
	Interest on lease liabilities (Note 32)	(33,471,464)	(32,402,476)	(26,891,049)	(19,599,891)
	Finance expense from insurance contracts	(6,292,722)	(14,246,079)		
	Interest on other borrowings	(295,925,193)	(236,634,926)	(300,215,609)	(240,797,269)
	Foreign exchange loss	(4,269,366)	(1,467)	(1,556,444)	-
		(437,467,853)	(356,199,873)	(414,918,404)	(323,660,475)
	Net finance costs	(274,243,895)	(309,508,100)	(246,891,140)	(279,882,975)

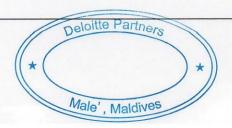


#### FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31ST DECEMBER 2024

10	EXPENSES	Grou	ıp	Company		
		2024	2023	2024	2023	
		MVR	MVR	MVR	MVR	
	Raw material and consumables used / cost of sales	12,809,605,013	12,912,548,674	13,017,043,338	13,667,328,175	
	Insurance service expenses	451,221,769	254,034,103	,,,	15,007,520,175	
	Allocation of reinsurance premiums	298,333,367	313,234,683			
	Depreciation on property, plant and equipment (Note 13)	214,374,015	220,706,119	115,337,106	100 100 066	
	Depreciation on investment properties (Note 14)	6,584,080			108,409,966	
	Amortization of right-of-use assets (Note 19)	84,943,635	6,922,926	6,584,080	6,922,926	
	Amortization of intangible assets (Note 15)	13,179,385	67,802,878 6,044,753	70,991,546	53,072,039	
	Rental expense on short term leases	4,450,597	66,099	10,156,861 5,173,391	2,914,400	
	Directors' remuneration	4,691,682	5,288,067		1,060,032	
	Transportation	75,527,079	65,106,295	3,394,064	3,570,573	
	Vessel and fleet expenses	26,322,999	17,746,749	45,144,054	56,009,900	
	Audit fees	2,051,780	1,893,793	17,019,352	9,438,945	
	Accounting and legal charges	28,310,525	14,589,176	932,201	910,922	
	Distribution agency fees	12,398,809		23,495,445	8,675,013	
	Provision for slow and non moving inventories (Note 21.1)	66,783,551	16,675,355	12,398,809	16,675,355	
	Receivable write off	5,789,851	11,855,598	67,351,940	8,696,847	
	Loss on disposal of PPE	34,399	391,448	5,789,853	60,000	
	Fuel expenses		49,168	34,399	49,168	
	Provision for impairment of property, plant and equipment (Note 13.1.1)	92,387,945	112,318,197	31,334,258	40,250,519	
	Provision for impairment of property, plant and equipment (Note 13.1.1)	486,351	29,132,172	20.602.600		
	Provision for impairment of investment in substitutions (Note 17)  Provision for impairment of trade, other and related party receivable (Note 22)	282,090,970	440.262.001	28,602,609	-	
	(Reversal) / Provision for impairment of bank balances (Note 26)		449,253,081	84,120,293	294,671,603	
	(Reversal) / Provision for impairment of other financial investments (Note 26)	(4,896,339)	2,084,363	(4,419,870)	2,084,363	
	Bank charges	(1,373,551) 42,186,987		556,251	20 725 700	
	Repair and maintenance	141,432,513	36,210,658	37,444,999	30,725,799	
	Advertisement and sales promotion expenses		153,268,244	108,705,011	111,400,299	
	Telephone, electricity and water charges	34,465,396	48,249,914	26,161,487	34,002,617	
	Other selling and distribution costs	46,591,513	51,276,349	37,403,770	42,503,391	
	Personnel costs (Note 10.1)	39,137,805 830,883,440	31,897,133	44,307,914	44,500,344	
	Other expenses (Note 10.2)		762,462,928	559,890,903	511,862,577	
	other expenses (Note 10.2)	82,649,863 15,690,645,428	127,570,317 15,718,679,238	126,969,612 14,481,923,675	153,986,571 15,209,782,343	
		13,070,043,420	15,716,079,236	14,481,923,073	13,209,782,343	
	Classified as:					
	Cost of sales	13,671,803,162	13,559,113,533	13,095,293,019	13,708,723,835	
	Selling and marketing costs	827,230,618	794,623,067	703,031,822	676,805,203	
	Impairment loss on trade & other receivables and related party receivable	282,090,970	449,253,081	84,120,293	294,671,603	
	Administration expenses	901,415,713	899,646,675	591,755,181	513,727,065	
	Other operating expenses	8,104,965	16,042,881	7,723,358	15,854,637	
		15,690,645,428	15,718,679,238	14,481,923,675	15,209,782,343	
10.1	Personnel costs					
	Salaries and wages	293,542,310	291,397,704	166,490,851	154,131,185	
	Staff welfare	4,260,339	14,948,138	17,529,203	19,951,562	
	Employer's contribution to government pension fund	16,523,681	16,100,635	9,885,376	9,352,603	
	Bonus, overtime and allowances	454,457,291	402,040,416	324,226,158	305,450,258	
	Retirement benefit provision and expenses	17,860,532	9,764,995	13,103,034	6,337,278	
	Staff training expenses	11,809,169	11,256,013	10,202,551	9,504,289	
	Other staff related expenses	32,430,119	16,955,027	18,453,730	7,135,402	
		830,883,440	762,462,928	559,890,903	511,862,577	

10.2 The Group's other expenses mainly include of Travelling expenses MVR 16,815,946 (2023: MVR 18,608,917), Data Communication and Network expenses MVR 10,419,654 (2023: MVR 11,848,334), Demurrage MVR 10,050,526 (2023: MVR 32,222,286), Corporate Social Responsibility MVR 6,440,228 (2023: MVR 11,461,214), Software and Hardware Licensing MVR 36,613,967 (2023: MVR 28,040,672) and Royalty MVR 861,776 (2023: MVR 2,658,464).

The Company's other expenses mainly include of Travelling expenses MVR 12,148,220 (2023: MVR 13,328,602), Data Communication and network expenses MVR 6,724,147 (2023: MVR 8,325,653) Demurrage MVR 9,995,050 (2023: MVR 31,473,927) Insurance MVR 17,090,128 (2023: MVR 16,867,133), Corporate Social Responsibility MVR 5,927,283 (2023: MVR 11,012,967), Software and Hardware Licensing MVR 33,672,279 (2023: MVR 25,357,344) and Royalty MVR 861,776 (2023: MVR 2,658,464).



#### FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31ST DECEMBER 2024

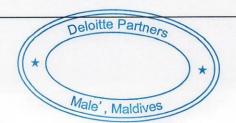
#### INCOME TAX EXPENSE

		Group		Compan	v
		2024	2023	2024	2023
	Items recognized in profit or loss	MVR	MVR	MVR	MVR
11.1	Current tax expense				
	Current tax expense	198,769,087	276,867,769	152,797,481	200,818,579
	(Over)/ under provision in respect of prior years	-	1,862,247		1,044,990
		198,769,087	278,730,016	152,797,481	201,863,569
	Deferred tax adjustments				
	Deferred tax asset reversal recognized (Note 11.3)	(48,540,543)	(70,945,960)	(48,105,665)	(23,386,872)
	Deferred tax liability recognized/ (reversed) (Note 11.4)	4,674,281	(990,071)	-	. , .,
		(43,866,262)	(71,936,031)	(48,105,665)	(23,386,872)
	Income tax expense	154,902,825	206,793,985	104,691,816	178,476,697
11.2	Reconciliation between accounting profit and taxable income:				
	Profit before tax	927,272,869	1,293,458,256	846,150,388	996,775,647
	Loss of subsidiary which is not subject to tax	11,262,161	(133,570,076)	-	990,773,047
		938,535,030	1,159,888,179	846,150,388	996,775,647
	Tax calculated at the rate of 15%	140,780,255	173,983,227	126,922,557	149,516,347
	Adjustment due to adoption of IFRS 17				_
	Add: tax on non-deductible expenses	162,192,683	178,573,292	113,812,469	117,315,593
	Add: under provision in respect of prior years		1,862,247	#	1,044,990
	Less: tax on deductible expenses	(148,070,112)	(147,624,780)	(136,043,210)	(89,400,233)
	Income tax expense	154,902,825	206,793,985	104,691,816	178,476,697
	In accordance with the provisions of the Income Tax Act Law Number 25/2019 at income tax on its taxable profits at the rate of 15%.	nd subsequent amendments a	and regulations thereto,	the Group / the Com	pany is liable for
11.3	Deferred tax asset				
	As at 1st January	227,815,947	155,912,109	134,500,445	110,574,576
	Deferred tax asset recognized during the year Deferred tax asset recognized/ (reversed) in other comprehensive income	48,540,543 1,342,570	70,945,960 957,879	48,105,665 1,045,653	23,386,872 538,997
	As at 31st December	277,699,060	227,815,947	183,651,764	134,500,445

	Group		Comp	oany
	31/12/2024 MVR	31/12/2023 MVR	31/12/2024 MVR	31/12/2023 MVR
As at 1st January	3,543,756	3,248,310	MVK	MVK
Deferred tax liability recognized/ (reversed) during the year (Note 11.1)	4,674,281	(990,071)		
Deferred tax liability recognized/ (reversed) in other comprehensive income	1,979,459	1,285,517	-	
As at 31st December	10,197,496	3,543,756		

#### 11.5 The recognized deferred tax asset is attributable to the following;

		Group		
	31/12/202	4	31/12/20	23
	Temporary difference	Tax effect	Temporary difference	Tax effect
	MVR	MVR	MVR	MVR
Property, plant and equipment	413,281,809	61,992,271	408,680,984	61,302,148
Defined benefit obligation	96,210,937	14,431,639	79,907,047	11,986,058
Provisions on trade, other, related party receivable and other asset balances	1,341,834,329	201,275,149	1,030,184,948	154,527,741
	1,851,327,074	277,699,060	1,518,772,980	227,815,947



#### FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31ST DECEMBER 2024

#### 11 TAX EXPENSE (CONTINUED)

#### 11.5 The recognized deferred tax asset is attributable to the following; (continued)

	Compan	y	
31/12/2	024	31/12/20	23
Temporary difference MVR	Tax effect  MVR	Temporary difference MVR	Tax effect MVR
339,367,281 75,612,661	50,905,092 11,341,899	340,031,355 63,555,918	51,004,703 9,533,388
809,365,155 1,224,345,098	121,404,773 183,651,763	493,082,363 896,669,636	73,962,354 134,500,445
	Temporary difference MVR 339,367,281 75,612,661 809,365,155	31/12/2024 Temporary Tax effect difference MVR MVR  339,367,281 50,905,092 75,612,661 11,341,899  809,365,155 121,404,773	Temporary difference MVR         Tax effect MVR         Temporary difference MVR           339,367,281         50,905,092         340,031,355           75,612,661         11,341,899         63,555,918           809,365,155         121,404,773         493,082,363

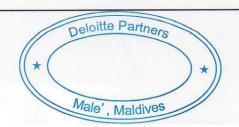
#### 11.6 The recognized deferred tax liability is attributable to the following;

		Group		
	31/12/2	2024	31/12/20	)23
	Temporary difference MVR	Tax effect MVR	Temporary difference MVR	Tax effect MVR
Property, plant and equipment	4,900,359	735,054	4,206,397	630,960
Provision for receivables	(182,247)	(27,337)	(28,646,177)	(4,296,927)
Defined benefit obligation	(7,592,194)	(1,138,829)	(8,950,346)	(1,342,552)
Intangible assets	5,232,389	784,858	3,265,164	489,775
Available for sale reserve	65,625,000	9,843,750	53,750,000	8,062,500
	67,983,307	10,197,496	23,625,038	3,543,756

#### 12 BASIC AND DILUTED EARNINGS PER SHARE

The calculation of basic and diluted earnings per share is based on profit for the year attributable to the ordinary shareholders and weighted number of ordinary shares outstanding during the year and calculated as follows.

	Grou	p	Compar	ıy
	2024	2023	2024	2023
Profit for the year attributable to the ordinary shareholders - MVR	770,472,086	1,084,049,399	741,458,572	818,298,950
Weighted average number of ordinary shares	1,126,910	1,126,910	1,126,910	1,126,910
Basic and diluted earnings per share - MVR	684	962	658	726



# FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31ST DECEMBER 2024

# 13

13.1

PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT												
Group	Freehold	Freehold	Leasehold	Plant and	Vessels	Motor	Air	Office	Furniture	Other	Total	Total
	land MVR	buildings MVR	buildings	machinery MVR	and fleet MVR	vehicles MVR	conditioners MVR	equipment MVR	and fixtures MVR	assets MVR	31/12/2024 MVR	31/12/2023 MVR
Cost As at 1st January	1,153,828,698	687,628,887	111,755,497	433,736,974	1,053,033,703	211,149,335	25,393,440	177,245,284	29,688,681	216,409,240	4,099,869,739	5,030,958,495
Additions during the year		1,819,440	272,861	7,330,950	103,748,361	24,035,138	1,052,437	17,596,679	2,331,244	16,689,591	174,876,701	598,274,018
Disposal during the year				(864,386)	(1,196,300)	(2,338,598)	(392,800)	(428,657)	(43,783)	(156,116)	(5,420,640)	(67,406,084)
Transferred from capital work in progress (Note 13.1.1)	,	24,011,396	1,990,578	742,691	1,182,344	293,217	155,725	989,966	3,537,939	397,147	33,307,719	21,559,893
Disposal of a subsidiary (Note 16.4)			-				-		-			(1,483,516,584)
As at 31st December	1,153,828,699	713,459,723	114,018,937	440,946,230	1,156,768,109	233,139,093	26,208,803	195,409,993	35,514,082	233,339,863	4,302,633,519	4,099,869,738
Accumulated depreciation		286 206 388	71 378 544	017 906 710	239 233 823	170 026 804	978 OFC 10	140 605 110	22 524 464	142 000 446	1 000 000 000 1	2,771,010,111
As at 1st January		430,120,203	11,010,044	011,000,047	500,200,000	117,020,024	000,017,17	011,000,041	+0+,+76,77	143,777,440	1,6,000,000,1	7,0/1,848,444
Charge for the year (Note 10)		26,587,294	6,101,163	26,042,624	106,162,881	11,275,971	1,743,064	16,359,875	3,525,942	16,575,202	214,374,015	220,706,119
Charge for the year (Discontinued operations)						,		,				38,039,053
Disposals during the year			•	(3,900)		(2,338,598)	(358,401)	(376,552)	(43,783)	(146,892)	(3,268,125)	(31,394,062)
Reclassfication (Note 14)												(4,137,127)
Disposal of a subsidiary (Note 16 4)							1	1				(1,088,201,456)
As at 31st December		485,313,578	77,479,706	270,035,432	631,495,534	187,964,267	22,655,528	156,588,433	26,006,623	160,427,756	2,017,966,861	1,806,860,971
Net carrying amount												
As at 31st December 2024	1,153,828,699	228,146,146	36,539,231	170,910,798	525,272,575	45,174,826	3,553,275	38,821,560	9,507,459	72,912,107	2,284,666,676	
As at 31st December 2023	1,153,828,698	228,902,602	40,376,954	189,740,264	527,701,049	32,122,441	4,122,574	36,640,174	7,164,217	72,409,794		2,293,008,768
Capital work in progress (Note 13.1.1)  Total											311,371,634 2,596,038,310	2,519,504,251

# 13.1.1 Capital work in progress

As at 1st January	
Additions during the year	
Transferred to property, plant and equipment (Note 13.1)	
Transferred to intangible assets (CWIP) (Note 15.3)	
Impairment / (Reversal) of assets (Note 8 and 10)	
Reclassification (Note 15)	
Disposal of a subsidiary (Note 16.4)	
As at 31st December	

13.1.2 Borrowings from Bank of Maldives Plc and Habib Bank Limited are secured on STO Trade Center building (USD 13,000,000), super market warehouse (USD 652,983) and home improvement land and building (USD 8,035,000), respectively.

(220,468,165)

229,056,173 288,563,215

226,495,483 134,716,180 (33,307,719)

(5,977,041) (13,986,635)

(12,761,654) (486,350) (3,284,307) 311,371,634

(21,559,893) (29,132,172)

13.1.3 In 2024, the Group has capitalised borrowing costs amounting to MVR 2,129,530- (2023: MVR 19,613,764-) on capital work in progress. Borrowing costs were capitalised or the rate of 1 month SOFR + 6,21% (2023: 1 month SOFR + 6,21%, 8,5% and 8%).

13.1.4 In 2024, the Group has not capitalised any borrowing costs (2023: MVR 6,916,000) on property plant and equipment. Borrowing costs were capitalised at the rate of 1 Month T-Bill Rate + 6.25% during 2023.



# FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31ST DECEMBER 2024

# PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT (CONTINUED) 13

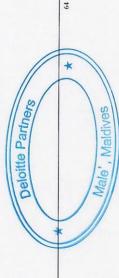
	Company	Freehold land MVR	Buildings	Plant and machinery MVR	Vessels and fleet MVR	Motor vehicles MVR	Air conditioners MVR	Office equipment MVR	Furniture and fixtures MVR	Other assets MVR	Total 31/12/2024 MVR	Total 31/12/2023 MVR
	Cost As at 1st January	1,153,828,698	681,734,782	270,172,470	499,276,865	181,901,762	24,166,432	123,484,181	9,181,696	42,214,899	2,985,961,785	2,380,257,869
	Additions during the year		1,819,440	3,242,874	87,563,421	23,168,459	1,020,034	11,477,550	586,316	479,828	129,357,922	599,839,859
	Disposal during the year			(3,900)		(1,849,098)	(392,800)	(146,797)	(21,726)	(82,855)	(2,497,175)	(12,726,849)
	Transferred from capital work in progress (Note 13.2.1)		24,011,396	•	-	1	155,725	857,992	3,537,939	397,147	28,960,199	18,590,906
-	As at 31st December	1,153,828,698	707,565,618	273,411,444	586,840,286	203,221,123	24,949,391	135,672,926	13,284,226	43,009,019	3,141,782,731	2,985,961,785
	Accumulated depreciation As at 1st January		455,116,285	146,454,879	240,383,260	155,226,851	20,159,296	96,154,844	8,216,574	41,130,351	1,162,842,340	1,071,240,682
	Charge for the year (Note 10)	3	26,350,966	18,853,989	44,805,135	9,884,993	1,687,165	11,188,432	1.074.848	1.491.578	115,337,106	108 409 966
	Disposals during the year		,	(3,900)	, ,	(1,849,098)	(358,401)	(146,797)	(21,726)	(82,855)	(2,462,776)	(12,671,181)
	As at 31st December		481,467,251	165,304,968	285,188,395	163,262,746	21,488,060	107,196,479	9,269,696	42,539,075	1,275,716,670	1,162,842,340
	Net carrying value											
	As at 31st December 2024	1,153,828,698	226,098,367	108,106,476	301,651,891	39,958,377	3,461,331	28,476,447	4,014,530	469,944	1,866,066,061	
	As at 31st December 2023	1,153,828,698	226,618,497	123,717,591	258,893,605	26,674,911	4,007,136	27,329,337	965,122	1,084,548	,	1,823,119,445
	Capital work in progress (Note 13.2.1) Total									11	154,886,248	72,538,683
	Capital work in progress As at 1st January Additions during the year Transferred to property, plant and equipment (Note 13.2) Transferred to intangible assets (CWIP) (Note 15.3) Reclassification (Note 15.3) As at 31st December										72,538,683 117,371,298 (28,960,199) (2,779,228) (3,284,307) 154,886,248	68,294,856 42,798,409 (18,590,906) (5,977,041) (13,986,635) 72,538,683

Borrowings from Bank of Maldives Plc and Habib Bank Limited are secured on STO Trade Center building (USD 13,000,000), super market warehouse (USD 652,983) and home improvement land and building (USD 8,035,000), respectively. 13.2.2

Company has not capitalised any borrowing costs during 2024 (2023: MVR 10,170,260) on vessels. Borrowing costs were capitalised at the rate of 8.5% in 2023. 13.2.3

Company has not capitalised any borrowing costs during 2024 (2023: MVR 6,916,000) on land and buildings. Borrowing costs were capitalised at the rate of 1 Month T-Bill Rate + 6,25% in 2023. 13.2.4

The company has planned to relocate Funadhoo fuel terminal to Thilafushi. 13.2.5



#### FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31ST DECEMBER 2024

14	INVESTMENT PROPERTY	Gro	up	Comp	oanv
	Cost	31/12/2024 MVR	31/12/2023 MVR	31/12/2024 MVR	31/12/2023 MVR
	As at 1st January	174,780,695	174,780,695	174,780,695	
	As at 31st December	174,780,695	174,780,695	174,780,695	174,780,695
	Accumulated depreciation				,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,
	As at 1st January	95,978,797	84,918,744	95,978,797	84,918,744
	Depreciation for the year (Note 10)	6,584,080	6,922,926	6,584,080	6,922,926
	Reclassification (Note 13)	0,501,000	4,137,127	0,384,080	4,137,127
	As at 31st December	102,562,877	95,978,797	102,562,877	95,978,797
	Net carrying amount	72,217,818	78,801,898	72,217,818	78,801,898
	Capital work in progress (Note 14.1)	287,559,138	287,559,138	287,559,138	287,559,138
	Total	359,776,956	366,361,036	359,776,956	366,361,036
14.1	Capital work in progress			HUNGER STEEL	
	As at 1st January	656,663,809	656,663,809	656,663,809	656,663,809
	Provision for impairment of investment in Hulhumale hotel	(369,104,671)	(369, 104, 671)	(369,104,671)	(369,104,671)
	As at 31st December	287,559,138	287,559,138	287,559,138	287,559,138
14.2	Provision for impairment of investment in Hulhumale hotel				
	As at 1st January	369,104,671	369,104,671	369,104,671	369,104,671
	As at 31st December	369,104,671	369,104,671	369,104,671	369,104,671

- 14.3 Due to continuous delay in completing the construction of the hotel in Hulhumale, MVR 369,104,671 was recognized as an impairment loss. No impairment charge was recognised during the year 2024 and 2023 since the recoverable value is higher than the carrying amount.
- 14.4 The fair value of the investment property is MVR 354,721,680 as at 31st December 2024 based on an independent valuation of properties carried out. Independent values will conduct a valuation to determine the fair value of the investment property if any indicators of impairment are identified.
- 14.5 The fair value measurment of investment property have been categorized as a Level 3 fair value based on the inputs to the valuation technique used. Since current price in an active market is not available the directors consider information from rent agreements with lessees and construction costs incurred.
- 14.6 The fair value of the investment properties which are classified under capital work in progress is MVR 287,559,138/- as at 31st December 2024 (2023: MVR 287,559,138/-). The fair value of investment property was determined by the management. Management will conduct a valuation to determine the fair value of the investment property if any indicators of impairment are identified. The fair value measurments of investment properties have been categorized as a Level 3 fair value based on the inputs to the valuation technique used. Since current price in an active market is not available the directors considered communications with Housing Development Cooperation (HDC) wherein HDC will transfer land equivalent to the saleable value of the property.
- 14.7 Investment property comprises a number of commercial properties that are leased to third parties and proportion under the construction with the purpose of leasing to third parties.
- 14.8 Capital work in progress includes the construction of a tourist hotel in Hulhumale Island.

#### 14.9 Income earned from investment property

The rental income and direct expenses in relation to investment properties are as follows;

	Grou	p	Compa	iny
	2024	2023	2024	2023
	MVR	MVR	MVR	MVR
Rent income	20,848,809	22,477,244	35,552,147	36,705,840
Direct expenses	(12,164,017)	(17,160,197)	(20,742,523)	(24,635,456)



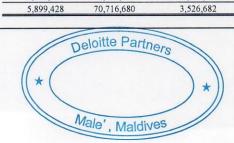
#### FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31ST DECEMBER 2024

#### 14.10 Income receivable from investment property

Investment properties are leased to tenants under operating leases with rentals payable monthly.

Minimum lease payments receivable on leases of investment properties are as follows:

		Gro	oup	Compar	nv
		2024	2023	2024	2023
	West a	MVR	MVR	MVR	MVR
	Within 1 year	23,825,823	28,844,920	37,937,466	38,530,923
	Between 1 - 2 years	17,494,550	23,998,334	21,961,826	26,888,132
	Between 2 - 3 years	13,072,683	35,656,540	14,626,780	38,754,712
	Over 3 years	25,544,453	13,793,118	49,507,830	35,651,899
		79,937,509	102,292,912	124,033,901	139,825,666
15	INTANGIBLE ASSETS				
15.1	GROUP	Goodwill on	Computer	Total	Total
		Consolidation	software	2024	Total
	Cost				2023
	As at 1st January	MVR	MVR	MVR	MVR
	Additions during the year	3,155,217	106,833,877	109,989,094	119,195,886
	Transferred from capital work-in-progress (Note 15.3)		6,661,993	6,661,993	208,094
	Disposal of a subsidiary (Note 16.4)		110,447,050	110,447,050	8,747,747
	As at 31st December	2155217	-	-	(18,162,633)
	As at 31st December	3,155,217	223,942,920	227,098,137	109,989,094
	Accumulated amortization				
	As at 1st January	3,155,217	92,053,436	95,208,653	107,193,964
	Amortization for the year (Note 10)	-,,,-	13,179,385	13,179,385	6,044,753
	Amortization for the year (Discontinued operations)		10,177,000		
	Reclassification			•	347,672
	Disposal of a subsidiary (Note 16.4)	•			(493,439)
		2155215		-	(17,884,297)
	As at 31st December	3,155,217	105,232,821	108,388,038	95,208,653
	Net carrying value	-	118,710,099	118,710,098	14,780,441
	Capital work-in-progress (Note 15.3)			5,899,428	70,716,680
	Total			124,609,526	85,497,121
15.2	COMPANY				
				Computer so	ftware
				2024	2023
	Cost			MVR	MVR
	As at 1st January			74,276,004	68,298,963
	Transferred from capital work-in-progress (Note 15.3)			98,268,193	
	As at 31st December		_		5,977,041
			1000	172,544,197	74,276,004
	Accumulated amortization				
	As at 1st January			67,858,476	65,437,515
	Charges for the year (Note 10)			10,156,861	2,914,400
	Reclassification			-	(493,439)
	As at 31st December			78,015,337	67,858,476
	Net carrying value			94,528,860	6,417,528
			-		
	Capital work-in-progress (Note 15.3)		TO THE PARTY OF	3,526,682	58,729,178
	Total			98,055,542	65,146,706
15.3	Capital work-in-progress				
		Gro		Compar	
		2024 MVR	2023 MVR	2024 MVR	2023 MVR
					IVIVI
	As at 1st January	70,716,680	11,102,160	58,729,178	-
	Additions during the year	42,636,038	48,398,591	37,002,163	44,742,543
	Transferred from property, plant and equipment (CWIP) (Note 13.1.1 and 13.2.1)	12,761,654	5,977,041	2,779,228	5,977,041
	Transferred to intangible asset (Note 15.1)	(110,447,050)	(8,747,747)	(98,268,193)	(5,977,041)
	Write-off during the year	(13,052,200)	(0,777,747)	(,0,200,1,0)	(0,577,041)
			13,986,635	3,284,307	13,986,635
	Reclassification (Note 13.2.1)	3,284,307			
	As at 31st December	5,899,428	70,716,680	3,526,682	58,729,178



#### FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31ST DECEMBER 2024

16

INVESTMENT IN SUBSIDIARIES	Compa	ny
	2024	2023
	MVR	MVR
Maldive Gas Private Limited	61,200,000	61,200,000
Allied Insurance Company of the Maldives Private Limited	807,000	807,000
STO Maldives (Singapore) Private Limited	1,459,750	1,459,750
Fuel Supplies Maldives Private Limited	60,477,185	60,477,185
Maldives National Oil Company Limited	10,000,000	10,000,000
STO Hotels & Resorts Private Limited	999,900	999,900
Maldives State Shipping Company Private Limited	162,261,270	162,261,270
Provision for impairment of investment in subsidiaries (Note 16.1)	(40,908,064)	(12,305,455)
	256,297,041	284,899,650

The impairment loss is included in administrative expenses in the statement of profit or loss. The company has transferred all of its shares in MIFCO to government of Maldives on 30th December 2023.

#### 16.1 Provision for impairment of investment in subsidiaries

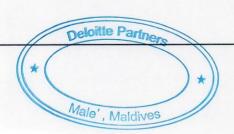
	Company		
	2024	2023	
	MVR	MVR	
As at 1st January	12,305,455	12,305,455	
Provision for the year	28,602,609		
As at 31st December	40,908,064	12,305,455	

- 16.2 Due to the continuous losses incurred by the subsidiaries, Maldives National Oil Company Private Limited ("MNOC"), STO Maldives (Singapore) Private Limited and STO Hotels and Resorts Private Limited ("STOHR"), the Board of Directors of the Company has assessed the recoverable value of the investment in those subsidiary Companies and concluded that no additional provision was provided for the subsidiaries in 2023 and 2024. A provision was made for investment in Maldives State Shipping ("MSS") in 2024 based on recoverability of the investment
- 16.3 Recoverable amount of the subsidiary is based on fair value less cost to sell. The fair value measurement have been categorised as a Level 3 fair value based on the inputs to the valuation technique used. since current price in an active market is not available the directors consider net assets values from the audited financial statements to measure the recoverable amounts.

	STO Maldives (Singapore) Pte	STO Hotel and Resorts Pvt Ltd	Maldives National Oil Company Pvt Ltd	Maldives State Shipping	Total
	MVR	MVR	MVR	MVR	MVR
Estimated recoverable value			154,195	133,658,661	133,812,856
Cost of the investment in subsidiary	1,459,750	999,900	10,000,000	162,261,270	174,720,920
Provision for impairment	(1,459,750)	(999,900)	(9,845,805)	(28,602,609)	(40,908,064)

- 16.4 The recoverable amount of the investments were determined based on fair value less costs of disposal, using a discounted cash flow model. This approach is categorized within Level 3 of the fair value hierarchy. There were no changes to the valuation technique used during the year.

  Key assumptions used in the DCF model included:
  - Forecasted revenue growth of minimum 2.5% per year.
  - •A discount rate of 10.11%



#### FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31ST DECEMBER 2024

16.4 The Government transferred the control of assets and management of Maldives Industrial Fisheries Company Limited (MIFCO) to the Group on 30th September 2016 without group paying a purchase consideration and with a commitment from the Government of Maldives to inject a capital of MVR 333,632,560/- in cash to MIFCO. On 30th December 2023, the Group transferred the control of asset and management of MIFCO back to the Government of Maldives at no consideration.

The following table summarize the book value of assets and liabilities at the date of transfer.

Carrying values of identifiable assets and liabilities of the disposed subsidiary	30/12/2023
	MVR
Property, plant and equipment	615 792 202
Intangible assets	615,783,293
Right-of-use assets	278,336
Total non-current assets	36,131,779
	652,193,408
Inventories	354,063,111
Trade and other receivables	378,734,131
Cash and cash equivalents	25,045,474
Total current assets	757,842,716
Total assets	1,410,036,124
Loans and borrowings	91,170,461
Deferred income	25,618,793
Lease liabilities	36,655,916
Defined benefit obligation	71,536,180
Total non-current liabilities	224,981,350
Loans and borrowings	14,484,192
Trade and other payables	386,098,605
Lease liabilities	5,848,219
Deferred income	919,175
Amounts due to related parties	566,452,149
Bank overdrafts	650,407,592
Total current liabilities	1,624,209,932

- MIFCO has earned a net profit after tax amounting MVR 295,403,264 during the period 1st January 2023 to 30th December 2023, which was considered as profit from discontinued operations in the group consolidated income statement during the previous year.
- MIFCO had net cash used in operating activities of MVR (69,713,437), net cash used in investing activities of MVR (271,261,526) & net cash generated from financing activities 16.6 of MVR 326,492,135 during the period ended 30th December 2023.

#### 17 **EQUITY - ACCOUNTED INVESTEES**

	Group		Company	
	2024	2023	2024	2023
	MVR	MVR	MVR	MVR
Interest in associates (Note 17.1)	135,082,770	13,262,341	133,927,267	10,567,267
Interest in joint venture (Note 17.3)	40,438,348	35,415,897	4,700,000	4,700,000
	175,521,118	48,678,238	138,627,267	15,267,267

#### 17.1 Investment in Associates

Total liabilities

Total net-assets

	Group		Compan	y
	2024 MVR	2023 MVR	2024 MVR	2023 MVR
As at 1st January	13,262,341	11,407,724	10,567,267	10,567,267
Investments during the year	123,360,000		123,360,000	
Share of (loss)/profit for the year (net of tax)	(1,539,571)	1,854,617		-
As at 31st December	135,082,770	13,262,341	133,927,267	10,567,267

#### Raysut Maldives Cement Private Limited

Lafarge Maldives Cement Private Limited has changed its ownership structure on 21st July 2020 and accordingly the name of the company was changed from Lafarge Maldives Cement Private Limited to Raysut Maldives Private Limited ("Associate") on 12th August 2020. The principal activity of the associate is trading of cement.

Raysut Maldives Cement Private Limited is a limited liability company incorporated in the Republic of Maldives. State Trading Organization PLC has acquired 10,567,267/shares, at the price of MVR 1/- each on 8 of January 2002 in Raysut Maldives Cement Private Limited which represents 25% of the shareholding of that company.

#### Maldives Industrial Development Free Zone PLC

On 7th January 2024, the Maldives Industrial Development Free Zone (MIDFZ) was incorporated with the objective of facilitating large-scale importation and re-export activities, focusing on the development of free trade zones to optimize profits and enhance international trade.

As of 31st December 2024, the Company held 49.92% shares of MIDFZ, thereby exercising significant influence without controlling interest.



1,849,191,282

(439,155,158)

#### FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31ST DECEMBER 2024

#### 17 EQUITY - ACCOUNTED INVESTEES (CONTINUED)

17.1 The summarized financial information of the associate, which is incorporated in the Republic of Maldives and unlisted, is as follows:

#### a. Raysut Maldives Cement Private Limited

Percentage of ownership	MVR 25%	2023 MVR 25%
Non current assets	32,303,050	34,213,202
Current assets	70,697,894	71,981,161
Non current liabilities	(23,762,297)	(32,440,812)
Current liabilities	(30,501,516)	(20,704,203)
Net assets (100%)	48,737,130	53,049,349
Group's share of net assets	12,184,283	13,262,337
Carrying amount of interest in associates	12,184,283	13,262,337
Revenue	105,545,413	119,562,501
(Loss) / Profit after tax	(4,312,234)	7,418,469
Group's share of (Loss) / Profit after tax	(1,078,058)	1,854,617

#### b. Maldives Industrial Development Free Zone PLC

Percentage of ownership (The Group does not have control but it has significant influence)	MVR 49.92%
Non current assets	246,720,000
Current assets	155,359
Non current liabilities	(687,333)
Current liabilities	
Net assets (100%)	246,188,026
Group's share of net assets	122,898,487
Carrying amount of interest in associates	122,898,487
Revenue	-
(Loss) / profit after tax	(924,494)
Group's share of (loss) / profit after tax	(461,513)

17.2 Investment in joint venture	Group	Group		Company	
		2024 MVR	2023 MVR	2024 MVR	2023 MVR
	As at 1st January	35,415,897	28,151,858	4,700,000	4,700,000
	Share of profit for the year (net of tax)	15,022,451	15,264,039	-	-
	Dividend received	(10,000,000)	(8,000,000)		-
	As at 31st December	40 429 249	25 415 907	4 700 000	4 700 000

#### Maldives Structural Products Private Limited

State Trading Organization PLC has acquired 47,000 shares at the price of MVR 100/- each on 31 December 2001 in Maldives Structural Products Private Limited which represents 50% of the shareholding of the Company. Maldives Structural Products Private Limited ("Joint Venture") is engaged in the business of manufacturing and trading of structural products.

The summarized financial information of the joint venture, which is incorporated in Republic of Maldives and unlisted, is as follows:

#### Maldives Structural Products Private Limited

	2024	2023
	MVR	MVR
Percentage of ownership	50%	50%
Non current assets	7,205,871	8,709,767
	THE REPORT OF THE PARTY OF THE	- Commence of the Commence of
Cash and cash equivalents	1,331,238	1,469,562
Other current assets	99,100,054	81,886,624
Non current financial liabilities	(6,387,354)	(7,226,130)
Current financial liabilities	(838,777)	(881,923)
Other current liabilities	(19,534,338)	(13,126,107)
Net assets (100%)	80,876,695	70,831,794
Group's share of net assets	40,438,348	35,415,897
Carrying amount of interest in joint venture	40,438,348	35,415,897
Revenue	123,756,985	142,582,625
Depreciation and amortization	(1,580,571)	(1,657,974)
Interest expense	(8,465,091)	(6,228,496)
Income tax expense	(5,218,232)	(6,336,860)
Profit after tax	30,044,902	30,528,077
Group's share of profit after tax	15,022,451	15,264,039
Dividend received by the Group	(10,000,000)	(8,000,000)

Male', Maldives

Male's Maldives

69

#### FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31ST DECEMBER 2024

#### 18 INVESTMENT IN EQUITY INSTRUMENTS

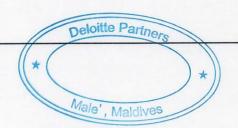
	Group		Company	
	31/12/2024 MVR	31/12/2023 MVR	31/12/2024 MVR	31/12/2023 MVR
As at 1st January	95,990,800	86,886,800	2,240,800	2,240,800
Net change in fair value during the year	11,875,000	9,875,000	-	_
Investments withdrawn during the year		(771,000)		
As at 31st December	107,865,800	95,990,800	2,240,800	2,240,800

#### Determining the fair value

Marketable equity securities are measured at fair value annually at the close of business on 31st December. For investments traded in active markets, the fair value is determined by reference to Stock exchange quoted bid prices. Other investments (unlisted securities) are measured at fair value based on the adjusted net assets of the investee company. Equity investments are classified as non- current assets, unless they are expected to be realized within twelve months of the reporting date or unless they are intended to be sold to raise operating capital.

18.1	Movement in investment in equity instruments	Group		Compa	nny
		31/12/2024 MVR	31/12/2023 MVR	31/12/2024 MVR	31/12/2023 MVR
	Maldives Stock Exchange Company Private Limited	2,240,800	2,240,800	2,240,800	2,240,800
	Dhivehi Raajjeyge Gulhun PLC	20,625,000	18,750,000		
	Ooredoo Maldives PLC	85,000,000	75,000,000	_	-
		107.865.800	95,990,800	2 240 800	2 240 800

The Group has acquired 125,000 shares at MVR 80 per share and 1,000,000 shares at MVR 30 ordinary share of the Dhivehi Rajjeyge Gulhun PLC and Ooredoo Maldives PLC respectively. The fair value of Dhivehi Rajjeyge Gulhun PLC and Ooredoo Maldives PLC were at MVR 150 and MVR 75 per share respectively as at 31 December 2024. Quoted equities are valued using level 1 input.



#### FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31ST DECEMBER 2024

RIGHT-OF-USE ASSET	Group		Company	
	2024	2023	2024	2023
Cost	MVR	MVR	MVR	MVR
As at 1st January	417,191,279	736,863,908	312,488,615	302,835,039
Additions during the year	225,306,661	20,205,098	215,806,744	11,077,932
Modifications during the year (Note 32)	80,092,541	7,309,031	80,356,335	5,623,469
De-recognitions during the year	(23,209,864)	(299,629,596)	(17,067,716)	(7,047,825)
Disposal of a subsidiary (Note 16.4)		(47,557,162)		-
As at 31st December	699,380,617	417,191,279	591,583,977	312,488,615
Accumulated depreciation				
As at 1st January	156,444,330	144,806,201	135,907,328	88,965,704
Charge for the year (Note 10)	84,943,635	67,802,878	70,991,546	53,072,039
Charge for the year (Discontinued operations)		2,447,405	-	
Dercognitions during the year	(16,198,748)	(47,186,772)	(10,056,600)	(6,130,415)
Disposal of a subsidiary (Note 16.4)		(11,425,383)	-	-
As at 31st December	225,189,217	156,444,328	196,842,274	135,907,328
Net carrying value	474,191,400	260,746,951	394,741,703	176,581,287

Initially STO Hotel and Resorts Pvt Ltd obtained the leasehold right of Ekulhivaru island to develop a resort for 50 years. During the year 2023, the company exchanged the leasehold right of Ekulhivaru island for a plot of land in Male'. The fair value of the plot of land was valued by an independent valuer at MVR 124,435,545. STO Hotel and Resorts transferred the land to the Company, State Trading Organization Plc and the payable to the company was adjusted against the land value.

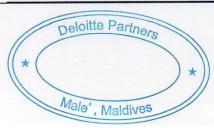
In addition to that the Company and the Group has recognized right of use assets relating to the leasehold right of vessels, retail outlets, offices and warehouses.

Lease modification represents impact of lease extentions and change in rentals during the year.

#### 20 LEASE RECEIVABLE

20.1

	DEAGE RECEIVABLE				
1	Finance Lease	Group		Company	
		31/12/2024 MVR	31/12/2023 MVR	31/12/2024 MVR	31/12/2023 MVR
	Vessels	-		79,002,780	102,434,433
		-	-	79,002,780	102,434,433
		Group		Company	
		31/12/2024	31/12/2023	31/12/2024	31/12/2023
		MVR	MVR	MVR	MVR
	As at 1st January	-	-	102,434,433	272,657,507
	Written off during the year				(144,995,583)
	Interest income of lease receivable			9,879,509	17,482,045
	Proceeds of interest portion of lease receivable		<u> </u>	(9,879,509)	(17,482,045)
	Principal element of lease proceeds		-	(23,431,653)	(25,227,491)
	As at 31st December	-		79,002,780	102,434,433
		Group		Company	
		31/12/2024	31/12/2023	31/12/2024	31/12/2023
		MVR	MVR	MVR	MVR
	Current	-	-	26,078,446	23,431,653
	Non-Current	-		52,924,332	79,002,778
		-	-	79,002,778	102,434,430
	Maturity analysis of non-current lease receivable is as follows:				
		Group		Company	
		31/12/2024	31/12/2023	31/12/2024	31/12/2023
		MVR	MVR	MVR	MVR
	Later than 1 year and not later than 2 years		7	26,078,446	26,078,446
	Later than 2 year and not later than 5 years	-	-	52,924,332	52,924,332
		•	-	79,002,778	79,002,778
	Gross Investment in lease			166,555,807	166,555,807
	Less: Unearned finance			(87,553,029)	(64,121,377)
	Present value of minimum lease payment receivable	•		79,002,778	102,434,430
	Selling profit for finance lease				
		-	-		
				Contract of the last of the la	



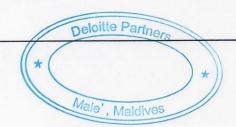
### FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31ST DECEMBER 2024

21	INVENTORIES	Grou	ıp	Compa	ny
		31/12/2024 MVR	31/12/2023 MVR	31/12/2024 MVR	31/12/2023 MVR
	Food stock	75,894,894	66,416,711	75,894,894	66,416,711
	Fuel	504,612,280	441,234,207	396,255,283	275,619,898
	Home improvement and electronics	78,211,724	112,540,096	74,960,308	108,959,905
	Construction materials	150,078,138	121,857,888	150,078,138	121,857,888
	Medicals	519,457,686	524,950,917	519,457,686	524,950,917
	Spare parts	45,940,581	54,418,788	29,393,432	32,689,946
	Retail shops	49,842,954	64,064,702	49,842,954	64,064,702
	Others	12,545,047	15,886,962	4,211,779	5,546,290
	Goods in transit	81,739,066	322,246,726	81,739,066	321,298,396
	Less: provision for slow and non moving				
	inventories (Note - 21.1)	(224,748,174)	(167,829,450)	(218,527,637)	(157,840,902)
		1,293,574,196	1,555,787,547	1,163,305,902	1,363,563,751

### 21.1 Provision for slow moving and non moving inventories

	Grou	ıp	Compa	iny
	31/12/2024	31/12/2023	31/12/2024	31/12/2023
	MVR	MVR	MVR	MVR
As at 1st January	167,829,449	213,648,396	157,840,901	159,623,328
Inventory written off	(9,864,826)	(10,479,273)	(6,665,204)	(10,479,273)
Provision made during the year (Note 10)	66,783,551	11,855,598	67,351,940	8,696,847
Disposal of a subsidiary (Note 16.4)	-	(47,195,271)	-	-
As at 31st December	224,748,174	167,829,450	218,527,637	157,840,901

- 21.2 In 2024, inventories of MVR 13,017,043,338/- (2023: MVR 13,667,328,175/-) were recognized as an expense and included in 'cost of sales' of the Company.
- 21.3 In 2024, inventories of MVR 12,809,605,013/- (2023: MVR 12,912,548,674/-) were recognized as an expense and included in 'cost of sales' of the Group.
- 21.4 The Group recognized inventory provision of MVR 66,783,551/- during the year 2024. The Company recognized inventory provision of MVR 67,351,940/- during the year 2024. These amounts have been included in 'Cost of sales' in the statement of profit or loss.
- 21.5 The inventories of the Company are given as security against loans obtained from Nations Trust Bank PLC.



### FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31ST DECEMBER 2024

	TRADE AND OTHER RECEIVABLES		31/12/2024	31/12/2023	Compa	
	Trade receivables		MVR	MVR	31/12/2024 MVR	31/12/2023 MVR
	Less: provision for impairment loss (Note 22.1)		1,208,351,911 (436,390,169) 771,961,741	1,040,218,009 (379,098,884) 661,119,125	440,975,698 (249,927,492)	368,862,694 (214,185,068) 154,677,626
	Advances, prepayments and deposits				191,048,206	
	Government employee credit scheme		457,856,081 33,725,983	310,653,102 38,800,822	380,909,249 33,725,983	251,985,858 38,800,822
	Staff advances and other loans		10,319,799	9,233,883	10,319,799	9,233,883
	Advances paid for custom duty		31,408,734	7,760,205	31,408,734	7,760,205
	Miscellaneous receivable		142,316,893	135,221,063	70,493,746	100,326,209
	Less : unmatured interest		(1,222,016)	(1,561,823)	(1,222,016)	(1,561,823
	Less: provision for impairment loss (Note 22.2)		(138,030,404)	(135, 192, 824)	(71,432,030)	(89,024,538
			536,375,070	364,914,427	454,203,460	317,520,61
	Total trade and other receivable		1,308,336,811	1,026,033,552	645,251,666	472,198,24
22.1	Provision for impairment of trade receivables As at 1st January Reclassification		379,098,882	486,771,324	214,185,068	187,996,50
	Provision made during the year  Provision made during the year (Discontinued operations)		57,291,288	5,648,517 18,595,383	35,742,426	5,648,51 20,540,04
	Disposal of a subsidiary (Note 16.4) As at 31 st December		126 200 160	2,963,431 (134,879,771)	240.007.400	214 105 06
22.2	Provision for impairment of other receivables		436,390,169	379,098,884	249,927,492	214,185,068
	As at 1st January Provision made during the year		135,192,824 2,837,581	142,986,531 19,952,307	89,024,538 (17,592,507)	83,477,088 5,547,451
	Provision written off during the year Provision made during the year (Discontinued operations) Disposal of a subsidiary (Note 16.4)			(323,573) (18,019,182) (9,403,258)		
	As at 31st December		138,030,403	135,192,824	71,432,030	89,024,538
23	AMOUNTS DUE FROM RELATED PARTIES	Relationship	Group		Compa	
			31/12/2024 MVR	31/12/2023 MVR	31/12/2024 MVR	31/12/2023 MVR
	STO PLC		MVK	MVK	WIVE	WIVK
	STO Maldives (Singapore) Private Limited	Subsidiary			27,868,312	27,767,388
	Maldive Gas Private Limited	Subsidiary			7,390,259	1,104,53
	Fuel Supplies Maldives Private Limited	Subsidiary			2,815,961,292	2,636,024,83
	Allied Insurance Company of the Maldives Private Limited	Subsidiary		-	22,545,375	11,926,71
	Maldives National Oil Company Limited	Subsidiary		-	276,604	133,64
	Maldives Industrials Fisheries Company Limited	Affiliate	29,847,737	36,548,703	8,648,636	36,300,33
	STO Hotels & Resorts Private Limited	Subsidiary	•		98,647,452 77,942,656	81,390,08 35,787,24
	Maldives State Shipping Company Private Limited Raysut Maldives Cement Private Limited	Subsidiary Associate	2,177,916	1,919,424	2,172,668	1,919,53
	Ministry of Health	Affiliate	340,280,136	228,929,424	339,716,274	227,879,33
	William of Heard					
		Majority		550 070 001		550 070 00
	Ministry of Finance and Treasury	Majority shareholder	446,077,845	550,079,801	446,077,845	550,079,80
	Ministry of Finance and Treasury State Electric Company Limited (STELCO)			550,079,801 150,932,209	446,077,845 208,337,764	150,555,22
	State Electric Company Limited (STELCO) Fenaka Corporation	shareholder Affiliate Affiliate	446,077,845 208,638,152 2,301,168,586	150,932,209 1,909,072,664	446,077,845 208,337,764 5,155,754	150,555,22 7,036,42
	State Electric Company Limited (STELCO) Fenaka Corporation Indira Gandhi Memorial Hospital	shareholder Affiliate Affiliate Affiliate	446,077,845 208,638,152 2,301,168,586 204,259,639	150,932,209 1,909,072,664 131,383,405	446,077,845 208,337,764 5,155,754 203,665,417	550,079,80 150,555,22 7,036,42 130,555,31
	State Electric Company Limited (STELCO) Fenaka Corporation Indira Gandhi Memorial Hospital Maldives Road Development Corporation	shareholder Affiliate Affiliate Affiliate Affiliate	446,077,845 208,638,152 2,301,168,586 204,259,639 38,594,498	150,932,209 1,909,072,664 131,383,405 38,594,498	446,077,845 208,337,764 5,155,754 203,665,417 37,969,676	150,555,22 7,036,42 130,555,31 37,969,67
	State Electric Company Limited (STELCO) Fenaka Corporation Indira Gandhi Memorial Hospital Maldives Road Development Corporation Addu International Airport Private Limited	shareholder Affiliate Affiliate Affiliate Affiliate Affiliate	446,077,845 208,638,152 2,301,168,586 204,259,639 38,594,498 24,387,431	150,932,209 1,909,072,664 131,383,405 38,594,498 20,565,435	446,077,845 208,337,764 5,155,754 203,665,417 37,969,676 22,793,460	150,555,22 7,036,42 130,555,31 37,969,67 18,971,46
	State Electric Company Limited (STELCO) Fenaka Corporation Indira Gandhi Memorial Hospital Maldives Road Development Corporation Addu International Airport Private Limited Aasandha Private Limited	shareholder Affiliate Affiliate Affiliate Affiliate Affiliate Affiliate	446,077,845 208,638,152 2,301,168,586 204,259,639 38,594,498 24,387,431 253,816,463	150,932,209 1,909,072,664 131,383,405 38,594,498 20,565,435 248,799,074	446,077,845 208,337,764 5,155,754 203,665,417 37,969,676 22,793,460 253,816,463	150,555,22 7,036,42 130,555,31 37,969,67 18,971,46 248,799,07
	State Electric Company Limited (STELCO) Fenaka Corporation Indira Gandhi Memorial Hospital Maldives Road Development Corporation Addu International Airport Private Limited Aasandha Private Limited Hulhumale Hospital	shareholder Affiliate Affiliate Affiliate Affiliate Affiliate Affiliate Affiliate	446,077,845 208,638,152 2,301,168,586 204,259,639 38,594,498 24,387,431 253,816,463 49,102,355	150,932,209 1,909,072,664 131,383,405 38,594,498 20,565,435 248,799,074 15,315,384	446,077,845 208,337,764 5,155,754 203,665,417 37,969,676 22,793,460 253,816,463 48,497,490	150,555,22 7,036,42 130,555,31 37,969,67 18,971,46 248,799,07 14,666,60
	State Electric Company Limited (STELCO) Fenaka Corporation Indira Gandhi Memorial Hospital Maldives Road Development Corporation Addu International Airport Private Limited Aasandha Private Limited Hulhumale Hospital Maldives Airport Company Limited	shareholder Affiliate Affiliate Affiliate Affiliate Affiliate Affiliate Affiliate Affiliate Affiliate	446,077,845 208,638,152 2,301,168,586 204,259,639 38,594,498 24,387,431 253,816,463 49,102,355 328,155,731	150,932,209 1,909,072,664 131,383,405 38,594,498 20,565,435 248,799,074 15,315,384 114,698,418	446,077,845 208,337,764 5,155,754 203,665,417 37,969,676 22,793,460 253,816,463 48,497,490 327,785,956	150,555,22 7,036,42 130,555,31 37,969,67 18,971,46 248,799,07 14,666,60 113,791,07
	State Electric Company Limited (STELCO) Fenaka Corporation Indira Gandhi Memorial Hospital Maldives Road Development Corporation Addu International Airport Private Limited Aasandha Private Limited Hulhumale Hospital Maldives Airport Company Limited Ministry of Housing and Infrastructure	shareholder Affiliate	446,077,845 208,638,152 2,301,168,586 204,259,639 38,594,498 24,387,431 253,816,463 49,102,355 328,155,731 98,360,863	150,932,209 1,909,072,664 131,383,405 38,594,498 20,565,435 248,799,074 15,315,384 114,698,418 98,356,205	446,077,845 208,337,764 5,155,754 203,665,417 37,969,676 22,793,460 253,816,463 48,497,490 327,785,956 98,145,303	150,555,22 <sup>1</sup> 7,036,42 <sup>1</sup> 130,555,31 <sup>1</sup> 37,969,67 <sup>1</sup> 18,971,46 248,799,07 <sup>1</sup> 14,666,60 113,791,07 98,145,30
	State Electric Company Limited (STELCO) Fenaka Corporation Indira Gandhi Memorial Hospital Maldives Road Development Corporation Addu International Airport Private Limited Aasandha Private Limited Hulhumale Hospital Maldives Airport Company Limited Ministry of Housing and Infrastructure Rainbow Enterprises Private Limited	shareholder Affiliate	446,077,845 208,638,152 2,301,168,586 204,259,639 38,594,498 24,387,431 253,816,463 49,102,355 328,155,731	150,932,209 1,909,072,664 131,383,405 38,594,498 20,565,435 248,799,074 15,315,384 114,698,418 98,356,205 8,371,788	446,077,845 208,337,764 5,155,754 203,665,417 37,969,676 22,793,460 253,816,463 48,497,490 327,785,956	150,555,22 7,036,42 130,555,31 37,969,67 18,971,46 248,799,07 14,666,60 113,791,07 98,145,30 8,371,78
	State Electric Company Limited (STELCO) Fenaka Corporation Indira Gandhi Memorial Hospital Maldives Road Development Corporation Addu International Airport Private Limited Aasandha Private Limited Hulhumale Hospital Maldives Airport Company Limited Ministry of Housing and Infrastructure Rainbow Enterprises Private Limited G.Dh Atoll Rayyithunge Cooperative Society	shareholder Affiliate	446,077,845 208,638,152 2,301,168,586 204,259,639 38,594,498 24,387,431 253,816,463 49,102,355 328,155,731 98,360,863 3,380,383	150,932,209 1,909,072,664 131,383,405 38,594,498 20,565,435 248,799,074 15,315,384 114,698,418 98,356,205 8,371,788 831,492	446,077,845 208,337,764 5,155,754 203,665,417 37,969,676 22,793,460 253,816,463 48,497,490 327,785,956 98,145,303	150,555,22 7,036,42 130,555,31 37,969,67 18,971,46 248,799,07 14,666,60 113,791,07 98,145,30 8,371,78 831,49
	State Electric Company Limited (STELCO) Fenaka Corporation Indira Gandhi Memorial Hospital Maldives Road Development Corporation Addu International Airport Private Limited Aasandha Private Limited Hulhumale Hospital Maldives Airport Company Limited Ministry of Housing and Infrastructure Rainbow Enterprises Private Limited G.Dh Atoll Rayyithunge Cooperative Society Champa Oil and Gas Company Private Limited	shareholder Affiliate	446,077,845 208,638,152 2,301,168,586 204,259,639 38,594,498 24,387,431 253,816,463 49,102,355 328,155,731 98,360,863	150,932,209 1,909,072,664 131,383,405 38,594,498 20,565,435 248,799,074 15,315,384 114,698,418 98,356,205 8,371,788	446,077,845 208,337,764 5,155,754 203,665,417 37,969,676 22,793,460 253,816,463 48,497,490 327,785,956 98,145,303 3,380,383	150,555,22 7,036,42 130,555,31 37,969,67 18,971,46 248,799,07 14,666,60 113,791,07 98,145,30 8,371,78 831,49
	State Electric Company Limited (STELCO) Fenaka Corporation Indira Gandhi Memorial Hospital Maldives Road Development Corporation Addu International Airport Private Limited Aasandha Private Limited Hulhumale Hospital Maldives Airport Company Limited Ministry of Housing and Infrastructure Rainbow Enterprises Private Limited G.Dh Atoll Rayyithunge Cooperative Society	shareholder Affiliate	446,077,845 208,638,152 2,301,168,586 204,259,639 38,594,498 24,387,431 253,816,463 49,102,355 328,155,731 98,360,863 3,380,383 - 9,604,686 201,780,032	150,932,209 1,909,072,664 131,383,405 38,594,498 20,565,435 248,799,074 15,315,384 114,698,418 98,356,205 8,371,788 831,492 11,082,277 83,316,039 72,586,151	446,077,845 208,337,764 5,155,754 203,665,417 37,969,676 22,793,460 253,816,463 48,497,490 327,785,956 98,145,303 3,380,383	150,555,22 7,036,42 130,555,31 37,969,67 18,971,46 248,799,07 14,666,60 113,791,07 98,145,30 8,371,78 831,49 11,082,27 83,316,03 72,586,15
	State Electric Company Limited (STELCO) Fenaka Corporation Indira Gandhi Memorial Hospital Maldives Road Development Corporation Addu International Airport Private Limited Aasandha Private Limited Hulhumale Hospital Maldives Airport Company Limited Ministry of Housing and Infrastructure Rainbow Enterprises Private Limited G.Dh Atoll Rayyithunge Cooperative Society Champa Oil and Gas Company Private Limited National Social Protection Agency United Nations Office Ministry of Construction	shareholder Affiliate	446,077,845 208,638,152 2,301,168,586 204,259,639 38,594,498 24,387,431 253,816,463 49,102,355 328,155,731 98,360,863 3,380,383 - 9,604,686 201,780,032 - 20,961,246	150,932,209 1,909,072,664 131,383,405 38,594,498 20,565,435 248,799,074 15,315,384 114,698,418 98,356,205 8,371,788 831,492 11,082,277 83,316,039 72,586,151 85,667,629	446,077,845 208,337,764 5,155,754 203,665,417 37,969,676 22,793,460 253,816,463 48,497,490 327,785,956 98,145,303 3,380,383	150,555,22 7,036,42 130,555,31 37,969,67 18,971,46 248,799,07 14,666,60 113,791,07 98,145,30 8,371,78 831,49 11,082,27 83,316,03 72,586,15 83,764,46
	State Electric Company Limited (STELCO) Fenaka Corporation Indira Gandhi Memorial Hospital Maldives Road Development Corporation Addu International Airport Private Limited Aasandha Private Limited Hulhumale Hospital Maldives Airport Company Limited Ministry of Housing and Infrastructure Rainbow Enterprises Private Limited G.Dh Atoll Rayyithunge Cooperative Society Champa Oil and Gas Company Private Limited National Social Protection Agency United Nations Office Ministry of Construction Maldives Transport and contracting company	shareholder Affiliate	446,077,845 208,638,152 2,301,168,586 204,259,639 38,594,498 24,387,431 253,816,463 49,102,355 328,155,731 98,360,863 3,380,383 - 9,604,686 201,780,032 - 20,961,246 152,201,275	150,932,209 1,909,072,664 131,383,405 38,594,498 20,565,435 248,799,074 15,315,384 114,698,418 98,356,205 8,371,788 831,492 11,082,277 83,316,039 72,586,151 85,667,629 110,396,710	446,077,845 208,337,764 5,155,754 203,665,417 37,969,676 22,793,460 253,816,463 48,497,490 327,785,956 98,145,303 3,380,383 - 9,604,686 201,780,032 - 20,312,629 63,458,738	150,555,22 7,036,42 130,555,31 37,969,67 18,971,46 248,799,07 14,666,60 113,791,07 98,145,30 8,371,78 831,49 11,082,27 83,316,03 72,586,15 83,764,46 59,964,13
	State Electric Company Limited (STELCO) Fenaka Corporation Indira Gandhi Memorial Hospital Maldives Road Development Corporation Addu International Airport Private Limited Aasandha Private Limited Hulhumale Hospital Maldives Airport Company Limited Ministry of Housing and Infrastructure Rainbow Enterprises Private Limited G.Dh Atoll Rayyithunge Cooperative Society Champa Oil and Gas Company Private Limited National Social Protection Agency United Nations Office Ministry of Construction Maldives Transport and contracting company National Disaster Management Authority	shareholder Affiliate	446,077,845 208,638,152 2,301,168,586 204,259,639 38,594,498 24,387,431 253,816,463 49,102,355 328,155,731 98,360,863 3,380,383 - 9,604,686 201,780,032 - 20,961,246 152,201,275 36,487,684	150,932,209 1,909,072,664 131,383,405 38,594,498 20,565,435 248,799,074 15,315,384 114,698,418 98,356,205 8,371,788 831,492 11,082,277 83,316,039 72,586,151 85,667,629 110,396,710 40,424,454	446,077,845 208,337,764 5,155,754 203,665,417 37,969,676 22,793,460 253,816,463 48,497,490 327,785,956 98,145,303 3,380,383 9,604,686 201,780,032 	150,555,22 7,036,42 130,555,31 37,969,67 18,971,46 248,799,07 14,666,60 113,791,07 98,145,30 8,371,78 831,49 11,082,27 83,316,03 72,586,15 83,764,46 59,964,13 40,403,23
	State Electric Company Limited (STELCO) Fenaka Corporation Indira Gandhi Memorial Hospital Maldives Road Development Corporation Addu International Airport Private Limited Aasandha Private Limited Hulhumale Hospital Maldives Airport Company Limited Ministry of Housing and Infrastructure Rainbow Enterprises Private Limited G.Dh Atoll Rayyithunge Cooperative Society Champa Oil and Gas Company Private Limited National Social Protection Agency United Nations Office Ministry of Construction Maldives Transport and contracting company National Disaster Management Authority Island Aviation Service Itd	shareholder Affiliate	446,077,845 208,638,152 2,301,168,586 204,259,639 38,594,498 24,387,431 253,816,463 49,102,355 328,155,731 98,360,863 3,380,383 - 9,604,686 201,780,032 - 20,961,246 152,201,275 36,487,684 21,521,730	150,932,209 1,909,072,664 131,383,405 38,594,498 20,565,435 248,799,074 15,315,384 114,698,418 98,356,205 8,371,788 831,492 11,082,277 83,316,039 72,586,151 85,667,629 110,396,710 40,424,454 18,900,200	446,077,845 208,337,764 5,155,754 203,665,417 37,969,676 22,793,460 253,816,463 48,497,490 327,785,956 98,145,303 3,380,383 - 9,604,686 201,780,032 - 20,312,629 63,458,738 31,009,974 21,514,226	150,555,22 7,036,42 130,555,31 37,969,67 18,971,46 6248,799,07 14,666,60 113,791,07 98,145,30 8,371,78 831,49 11,082,27 83,316,03 72,586,15 83,764,46 59,964,13 40,403,23 18,750,28
	State Electric Company Limited (STELCO) Fenaka Corporation Indira Gandhi Memorial Hospital Maldives Road Development Corporation Addu International Airport Private Limited Aasandha Private Limited Hulhumale Hospital Maldives Airport Company Limited Ministry of Housing and Infrastructure Rainbow Enterprises Private Limited G.Dh Atoll Rayyithunge Cooperative Society Champa Oil and Gas Company Private Limited National Social Protection Agency United Nations Office Ministry of Construction Maldives Transport and contracting company National Disaster Management Authority Island Aviation Service Itd Treetop Health Pvt Ltd	shareholder Affiliate	446,077,845 208,638,152 2,301,168,586 204,259,639 38,594,498 24,387,431 253,816,463 49,102,355 328,155,731 98,360,863 3,380,383 - 9,604,686 201,780,032 - 20,961,246 152,201,275 36,487,684 21,521,730 2,212,288	150,932,209 1,909,072,664 131,383,405 38,594,498 20,565,435 248,799,074 15,315,384 114,698,418 98,356,205 8,371,788 831,492 11,082,277 83,316,039 72,586,151 85,667,629 110,396,710 40,424,454 18,900,200 797,527	446,077,845 208,337,764 5,155,754 203,665,417 37,969,676 22,793,460 253,816,463 48,497,490 327,785,956 98,145,303 3,380,383 9,604,686 201,780,032 	150,555,22 <sup>1</sup> 7,036,42 <sup>1</sup> 130,555,31 <sup>1</sup> 37,969,67 <sup>1</sup> 18,971,46 248,799,07 <sup>1</sup> 14,666,60 113,791,07
	State Electric Company Limited (STELCO) Fenaka Corporation Indira Gandhi Memorial Hospital Maldives Road Development Corporation Addu International Airport Private Limited Aasandha Private Limited Hulhumale Hospital Maldives Airport Company Limited Ministry of Housing and Infrastructure Rainbow Enterprises Private Limited G.Dh Atoll Rayyithunge Cooperative Society Champa Oil and Gas Company Private Limited National Social Protection Agency United Nations Office Ministry of Construction Maldives Transport and contracting company National Disaster Management Authority Island Aviation Service Itd Treetop Health Pvt Ltd Housing Development Corporation	shareholder Affiliate	446,077,845 208,638,152 2,301,168,586 204,259,639 38,594,498 24,387,431 253,816,463 49,102,355 328,155,731 98,360,863 3,380,383 - 9,604,686 201,780,032 - 20,961,246 152,201,275 36,487,684 21,521,730	150,932,209 1,909,072,664 131,383,405 38,594,498 20,565,435 248,799,074 15,315,384 114,698,418 98,356,205 8,371,788 831,492 11,082,277 83,316,039 72,586,151 85,667,629 110,396,710 40,424,454 18,900,200	446,077,845 208,337,764 5,155,754 203,665,417 37,969,676 22,793,460 253,816,463 48,497,490 327,785,956 98,145,303 3,380,383 - 9,604,686 201,780,032 - 20,312,629 63,458,738 31,009,974 21,514,226 2,142,908	150,555,22 7,036,42 130,555,31 37,969,67 18,971,46 248,799,07 14,666,60 113,791,07 98,145,30 8,371,78 831,49 11,082,27 83,316,03 72,586,15 83,764,46 59,964,13 40,403,23 18,750,28 789,34 2,664,27
	State Electric Company Limited (STELCO) Fenaka Corporation Indira Gandhi Memorial Hospital Maldives Road Development Corporation Addu International Airport Private Limited Aasandha Private Limited Hulhumale Hospital Maldives Airport Company Limited Ministry of Housing and Infrastructure Rainbow Enterprises Private Limited G.Dh Atoll Rayyithunge Cooperative Society Champa Oil and Gas Company Private Limited National Social Protection Agency United Nations Office Ministry of Construction Maldives Transport and contracting company National Disaster Management Authority Island Aviation Service Itd Treetop Health Pvt Ltd	shareholder Affiliate	446,077,845 208,638,152 2,301,168,586 204,259,639 38,594,498 24,387,431 253,816,463 49,102,355 328,155,731 98,360,863 3,380,383 - 9,604,686 201,780,032 - 20,961,246 152,201,275 36,487,684 21,521,730 2,212,288 3,633,973 30,923 247,125,468	150,932,209 1,909,072,664 131,383,405 38,594,498 20,565,435 248,799,074 15,315,384 114,698,418 98,356,205 8,371,788 831,492 11,082,277 83,316,039 72,586,151 85,667,629 110,396,710 40,424,454 18,900,200 797,527 2,664,271 247,057,500	446,077,845 208,337,764 5,155,754 203,665,417 37,969,676 22,793,460 253,816,463 48,497,490 327,785,956 98,145,303 3,380,383 - 9,604,686 201,780,032 - 20,312,629 63,458,738 31,009,974 21,514,226 2,142,908 3,633,973 30,923 172,301,423	150,555,22 7,036,42 130,555,31 37,969,67 18,971,46 248,799,07 14,666,60 113,791,07 98,145,30 8,371,78 831,49 11,082,27 83,316,03 72,586,15 83,764,46 59,964,13 40,403,23 18,750,28 789,34 2,664,27
	State Electric Company Limited (STELCO) Fenaka Corporation Indira Gandhi Memorial Hospital Maldives Road Development Corporation Addu International Airport Private Limited Aasandha Private Limited Hulhumale Hospital Maldives Airport Company Limited Ministry of Housing and Infrastructure Rainbow Enterprises Private Limited G.Dh Atoll Rayyithunge Cooperative Society Champa Oil and Gas Company Private Limited National Social Protection Agency United Nations Office Ministry of Construction Maldives Transport and contracting company National Disaster Management Authority Island Aviation Service Itd Treetop Health Pvt Ltd Housing Development Corporation Maldives Pension Administration Other Government entities	shareholder Affiliate	446,077,845 208,638,152 2,301,168,586 204,259,639 38,594,498 24,387,431 253,816,463 49,102,355 328,155,731 98,360,863 3,380,383 - 9,604,686 201,780,032 - 20,961,246 152,201,275 36,487,684 21,521,730 2,212,288 3,633,973 30,923 247,125,468 5,023,807,039	150,932,209 1,909,072,664 131,383,405 38,594,498 20,565,435 248,799,074 15,315,384 114,698,418 98,356,205 8,371,788 831,492 11,082,277 83,316,039 72,586,151 85,667,629 110,396,710 40,424,454 18,900,200 797,527 2,664,271 247,057,500 4,227,290,682	446,077,845 208,337,764 5,155,754 203,665,417 37,969,676 22,793,460 253,816,463 48,497,490 327,785,956 98,145,303 3,380,383	150,555,22 7,036,42 130,555,31 37,969,67 18,971,46 248,799,07 14,666,60 113,791,07 98,145,30 8,371,78 831,49 11,082,27 83,316,03 72,586,15 83,764,46 59,964,13 40,403,23 18,750,28 789,34 2,664,27
	State Electric Company Limited (STELCO) Fenaka Corporation Indira Gandhi Memorial Hospital Maldives Road Development Corporation Addu International Airport Private Limited Aasandha Private Limited Hulhumale Hospital Maldives Airport Company Limited Ministry of Housing and Infrastructure Rainbow Enterprises Private Limited G.Dh Atoll Rayyithunge Cooperative Society Champa Oil and Gas Company Private Limited National Social Protection Agency United Nations Office Ministry of Construction Maldives Transport and contracting company National Disaster Management Authority Island Aviation Service Itd Treetop Health Pvt Ltd Housing Development Corporation Maldives Pension Administration Other Government entities  Less: provision for impairment loss (Note 24.6)	shareholder Affiliate	446,077,845 208,638,152 2,301,168,586 204,259,639 38,594,498 24,387,431 253,816,463 49,102,355 328,155,731 98,360,863 3,380,383 - 9,604,686 201,780,032 - 20,961,246 152,201,275 36,487,684 21,521,730 2,212,288 3,633,973 30,923 247,125,468 5,023,807,039 (822,898,306)	150,932,209 1,909,072,664 131,383,405 38,594,498 20,565,435 248,799,074 15,315,384 114,698,418 98,356,205 8,371,788 831,492 11,082,277 83,316,039 72,586,151 85,667,629 110,396,710 40,424,454 18,900,200 797,527 2,664,271 247,057,500 4,227,290,682 (662,320,307)	446,077,845 208,337,764 5,155,754 203,665,417 37,969,676 22,793,460 253,816,463 48,497,490 327,785,956 98,145,303 3,380,383 - 9,604,686 201,780,032 - 20,312,629 63,458,738 31,009,974 21,514,226 2,142,908 3,633,973 30,923 172,301,423 5,582,584,551 (684,688,803)	150,555,222 7,036,422 130,555,31: 37,969,67 18,971,46 248,799,07 14,666,60 113,791,07 98,145,30 8,371,78 831,49 11,082,27 83,316,03 72,586,15 83,764,46 59,964,13 40,403,23 18,750,28 789,34 2,664,27
	State Electric Company Limited (STELCO) Fenaka Corporation Indira Gandhi Memorial Hospital Maldives Road Development Corporation Addu International Airport Private Limited Aasandha Private Limited Hulhumale Hospital Maldives Airport Company Limited Ministry of Housing and Infrastructure Rainbow Enterprises Private Limited G.Dh Atoll Rayyithunge Cooperative Society Champa Oil and Gas Company Private Limited National Social Protection Agency United Nations Office Ministry of Construction Maldives Transport and contracting company National Disaster Management Authority Island Aviation Service Itd Treetop Health Pvt Ltd Housing Development Corporation Maldives Pension Administration Other Government entities  Less: provision for impairment loss (Note 24.6) Total amount due from related parties	shareholder Affiliate	446,077,845 208,638,152 2,301,168,586 204,259,639 38,594,498 24,387,431 253,816,463 49,102,355 328,155,731 98,360,863 3,380,383 - 9,604,686 201,780,032 - 20,961,246 152,201,275 36,487,684 21,521,730 2,212,288 3,633,973 30,923 247,125,468 5,023,807,039	150,932,209 1,909,072,664 131,383,405 38,594,498 20,565,435 248,799,074 15,315,384 114,698,418 98,356,205 8,371,788 831,492 11,082,277 83,316,039 72,586,151 85,667,629 110,396,710 40,424,454 18,900,200 797,527 2,664,271 247,057,500 4,227,290,682	446,077,845 208,337,764 5,155,754 203,665,417 37,969,676 22,793,460 253,816,463 48,497,490 327,785,956 98,145,303 3,380,383	150,555,222 7,036,422 130,555,31: 37,969,67: 18,971,46 248,799,07: 14,666,60 113,791,07 98,145,30 8,371,78 831,49 11,082,27 83,316,03 72,586,15 83,764,46 59,964,13 40,403,23 18,750,28 789,34 2,664,27
	State Electric Company Limited (STELCO) Fenaka Corporation Indira Gandhi Memorial Hospital Maldives Road Development Corporation Addu International Airport Private Limited Aasandha Private Limited Hulhumale Hospital Maldives Airport Company Limited Ministry of Housing and Infrastructure Rainbow Enterprises Private Limited G.Dh Atoll Rayyithunge Cooperative Society Champa Oil and Gas Company Private Limited National Social Protection Agency United Nations Office Ministry of Construction Maldives Transport and contracting company National Disaster Management Authority Island Aviation Service Itd Treetop Health Pvt Ltd Housing Development Corporation Maldives Pension Administration Other Government entities  Less: provision for impairment loss (Note 24.6)	shareholder Affiliate	446,077,845 208,638,152 2,301,168,586 204,259,639 38,594,498 24,387,431 253,816,463 49,102,355 328,155,731 98,360,863 3,380,383 - 9,604,686 201,780,032 - 20,961,246 152,201,275 36,487,684 21,521,730 2,212,288 3,633,973 30,923 247,125,468 5,023,807,039 (822,898,306)	150,932,209 1,909,072,664 131,383,405 38,594,498 20,565,435 248,799,074 15,315,384 114,698,418 98,356,205 8,371,788 831,492 11,082,277 83,316,039 72,586,151 85,667,629 110,396,710 40,424,454 18,900,200 797,527 2,664,271 247,057,500 4,227,290,682 (662,320,307)	446,077,845 208,337,764 5,155,754 203,665,417 37,969,676 22,793,460 253,816,463 48,497,490 327,785,956 98,145,303 3,380,383 - 9,604,686 201,780,032 - 20,312,629 63,458,738 31,009,974 21,514,226 2,142,908 3,633,973 30,923 172,301,423 5,582,584,551 (684,688,803)	150,555,222 7,036,422 130,555,31: 37,969,67 18,971,46 248,799,07 14,666,60 113,791,07 98,145,30 8,371,78 831,49 11,082,27 83,316,03 72,586,15 83,764,46 59,964,13 40,403,23 18,750,28 789,34 2,664,27

The Government of Maldives has provided an undertaking to settle the outstanding receivable due from Maldives Industrial Fisheris Company and Fenaka Corporation to the Group, and accordingly, the amount is considered recoverable as at 31st December 2024. Deloitte Partners

Male', Maldives

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# FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31ST DECEMBER 2024

### 23.2 Provision for impairment of amounts due from related parties

			Group	,	Comp	any
			31/12/2024	31/12/2023	31/12/2024	31/12/2023
			MVR	MVR	MVR	MVR
	As at 1st January		662,320,307	220,235,319	618,718,430	350,134,324
	Reclassification of provision (note 24.1)			(33,104,266)	-	-
	Provision made during the year		160,577,999	418,437,270	65,970,373	268,584,106
	Accumulated provision on receivables due to loss of control		-	70,819,043	-	
	Disposal of a subsidiary (Note 16.4)			(14,067,060)	-	
	As at 31st December		822,898,306	662,320,307	684,688,803	618,718,430
24	Loans receivable from related parties		Group	)	Comp	anv
			31/12/2024	31/12/2023	31/12/2024	31/12/2023
			MVR	MVR	MVR	MVR
	As at 1st January		583,809,388	274,270,833	383,308,916	549,037,647
	Loans given during the year		2,559,860	497,362,641	125,441,378	164,008,550
	Interest for the year		29,698,181			
	Repayment during the year		(127,489,772)	(197,467,688)	(172,617,157)	(329,737,280)
	Provision for impairment loss on receivable (Note 24.1)		(61,384,102)	(24,816,547)		(,,,
	Disposal of a subsidiary		-	34,460,148		
	As at 31st December	_	427,193,555	583,809,388	336,133,137	383,308,916
	Current receivable		133,605,505	212,562,686	227 122 122	202 200 016
	Non Current receivable		293,588,046	The second secon	336,133,138	383,308,916
	Non Current receivable	-	427,193,555	371,246,701 583,809,388	336,133,138	383,308,916
24.1	Provision for impairment of loan receivables	_				
	As at 1st January		24,816,547			
	Reclassification of provision		24,010,547	33,104,266	_	
	Provision made during the year		61,384,102	(8,287,719)		
	As at 31st December		86,200,649	24,816,547		-
24.2	The followings are the contractual maturities of loans receivable from related parties as	at the reporting date.				
	Group	Carrying	Contractual	0-12	1-5	More than
		amount	Cash inflow	months	years	5 years
	31st December 2024	MVR	MVR	MVR	MVR	MVR
	Loans receivable	427,193,555	575,972,723	140,454,915	362,931,506	72,586,301
		Carrying	Contractual	0-12	1-5	More than
			0 110	34100000 <b>4</b> 100		A CONTRACTOR OF THE PARTY OF TH

31st December 2023	Carrying amount MVR	Contractual Cash inflow MVR	0-12 months MVR	1-5 years MVR	More than 5 years MVR
Loans receivable	583,809,388	721,284,122	213,180,013	362,931,506	145,172,603
Company 31st December 2024	Carrying amount MVR	Contractual Cash inflow MVR	0-12 months MVR	1-5 years MVR	More than 5 years MVR
Loans receivable	336,133,137	336,133,137	336,133,137		-
31st December 2023	Carrying amount MVR	Contractual Cash inflow MVR	0-12 months MVR	1-5 years MVR	More than 5 years MVR

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24.3 Loans receivables includes loan from State Trading Organization to Maldives Industrials Fisheries Company Limited of MVR 44,744,650/- (2023: MVR 53,693,581/-) Further, on 20th December 2023, an agreement was made between Maldives Industrial Fisheries and Fuel Supplies Maldives to convert trade receivables equivalent to MVR 443,669,060/- to a term loan to be paid within 8 years with 7% interest per annum. As at 31st December 2024, MVR 468,649,552/- is receivable from Maldives Industrial Fisheries to Fuel Supplies Maldives including accrued interest MVR 29,698,179.

INSURANCE CONTRACT ASSETS	Group		Comp	pany
	31/12/2024 MVR	31/12/2023 MVR	31/12/2024 MVR	31/12/2023 MVR
Insurance contract assets (Note 26.10)	96,702,329	19,427,335		-
Net receivables from insurance	96,702,329	19,427,335		•
REINSURANCE CONTRACTS	Group	,	Com	pany
	31/12/2024	31/12/2023	31/12/2024	31/12/2023
	MVR	MVR	MVR	MVR
Reinsurance contract assets (Note 26.10)	209,531,645	209,991,164	-	-
	209,531,645	209,991,164		
	Insurance contract assets (Note 26.10) Net receivables from insurance	Sample	Sal/12/2024   MVR   MV	Separation   Sep



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RGANIZATION PLC N THE REPUBLIC OF MALDIVES) NSOLIDATED AND SEPARATE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

DED 31ST DECEMBER 2024

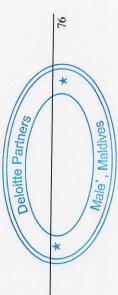
# AND REINSURANCE CONTRACTS

Ceneral         Indirect         Non-           racts         Partcipating         Partcipating           racts         tract balances         (411,642,945)         (47,001,934)         (1,128,730)           contract labilities         156,922,221         1,987,912         1,987,912           contract labilities - Group         62,210,674         -         1,987,912           ontracts         (349,432,271)         (47,001,934)         (1,128,730)           ontract labilities - Group         (349,432,271)         (47,001,934)         (1,128,730)           ontract sasets         196,407,978         1,530,446         1,557,562           racts         195,631,965         (312,696)         1,651,270           D23         racts         195,631,965         (312,696)         1,651,270           D23         racts         (1,393,357)         (1,393,357)           contract labilities         (327,436,345)         (34,348,627)         (1,393,357)           contract labilities         (306,370,632)         (34,348,627)         (1,358,922)           npany adjustments         (21,377,050)         -         -         -	tting Takaful  Takaful  (5,730) (51,161,609)  (912  (1,82  (51,161,609)  (730) (51,161,609)  (730) (51,161,609)  (730) (51,161,609)  (730) (51,161,609)  (730) (8,091,651)	Direct Participating (7,560,602) (7,560,602) (7,560,602) (7,560,602) (7,56402) 79,882 24,480	Non - Participating  2,870 2,870	Takaful Surplus (1,609,631) (1,609,631) (1,609,631)	Total (520,105,451) 158,913,003 (361,192,448) (361,192,448) (457,894,777) (4,484,859) 209,531,645 200,531,645
tract liabilities (411,642,945) (47,001,934) (156,922,221 - (254,720,724) (47,001,934) (156,922,221 - (254,720,724) (47,001,934) (156,922,271) (47,001,934) (156,922,271) (47,001,934) (156,922,271) (156,014,934) (156,922,271) (156,014,934) (156,922,271) (156,014,934) (156,921,965 (312,696) (327,436,545) (34,348,627) (31,348,627)		(7,560,602) - (7,560,602) - (7,560,602) (55,402) 79,882 24,480	2,870 2,870	(1,609,631) (1,609,631)	(520,105,451) 158,913,003 (361,192,448) (22,210,674 (457,894,777) (4,484,859) 209,531,645 209,531,645
tract liabilities (411,642,945) (47,001,934) ntract liabilities (524,720,724) (47,001,934) (734,720,724) (47,001,934) (734,720,724) (47,001,934) (7349,432,271) (47,001,934) (7349,432,271) (47,001,934) (7349,432,271) (47,001,934) (7349,432,271) (776,014) (1,843,142) (776,014)		(7,560,602) (7,560,602) (7,560,602) (55,402) 79,882 24,480	2,870 2,870	(1,609,631)	(520,105,451) 158,913,003 (361,192,448) 62,210,674 (457,894,777) (4,484,859) 209,531,645 205,046,787
ny adjustments  ontract liabilities - Group  contract liabilities  contract liabilities  (776,014) (47,001,934)  (349,432,271) (47,001,934)  contract liabilities  (776,014) (1,843,142)  (195,631,965 (312,696)  195,631,965 (312,696)  stract liabilities  (327,436,545) (34,348,627)  intract assets  (308,370,632) (34,348,627)  y adjustments  (21,377,050) -		(7,560,602) (7,560,602) (55,402) 79,882 24,480	(39,882)	(1,609,631)	(361,192,448) (361,192,448) (62,210,674 (457,894,777) (4,484,859) 209,531,645 205,046,787
ny adjustments  ontract liabilities - Group  (349,432,271) (47,001,934)  acts  contract labilities (776,014) (1,843,142)  contract assets 196,407,978 1,530,446  195,631,965 (312,696)  st balances  tract liabilities (327,436,545) (34,348,627)  itract assets (308,370,632) (34,348,627) (308,370,632) (34,348,627)  y adjustments (21,377,050) -		(7,560,602) (55,402) 79,882 24,480	(39,882)	(1,609,631)	(457,894,777) (457,894,777) (4,484,859) 209,531,645 205,046,787
ontract liabilities - Group (349,432,271) (47,001,934)  acts  contract labilities (776,014) (1,843,142)  contract assets 196,407,978 1,530,446  195,631,965 (312,696)  s  t balances  tract liabilities (327,436,545) (34,348,627)  itract assets (308,370,632) (34,348,627)  y adjustments (21,377,050) -		(7,560,602) (55,402) 79,882 24,480	(39,882)	(1,609,631)	(4,484,859) 209,531,645 205,046,787
racts  contract liabilities  (776,014) (1,843,142) (1,843,142) (1,843,142) (1,843,142) (1,843,142) (1,843,142) (1,843,142) (1,843,142) (1,843,142) (1,843,146) (1,		(55,402) 79,882 24,480	(39,882)		(4,484,859) 209,531,645 205,046,787
t balances  tract liabilities  (327,436,545) (34,348,627)  tract assets  (308,370,632) (34,348,627)  (308,370,632) (34,348,627)  ry adjustments  (21,377,050) -		24,480	(39,882)		205,046,787
t balances t balances (327,436,545) (34,348,627) tract assets 19,065,914 - (308,370,632) (34,348,627)  ry adjustments (21,377,050) -					
19,065,914 - (308,370,632) (34,348,627) (21,377,050)	.357) (45.265.761)	(6 959 479)		(369 556 1)	(450 037 7(V)
(308,370,632) (34,348,627) (21,377,050)		(((((((((((((((((((((((((((((((((((((((	326,987	(1,233,000)	(410,059,454)
	(45,265,761)	(6,959,479)	326,987	(1,255,686)	(397,493,389)
				ı	(21,377,050)
ce contract liabilities - Group (348,813,595) (34,348,627) (1,393,357)	357) (45,265,761)	(6,959,479)	-	(1,255,686)	(438,036,504)
ontracts ce contract liabilities (247,958) (22,760) (173,130) ce contract assets 200,819,052 - 2,114,854	130) (269,840) 854 6,055,867				(713,688)
200,571,094 (22,760)		83,238	18,154	1 1	209,277,476

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31ST DECEMBER 2024

# 26.2 INSURANCE AND REINSURANCE CONTRACTS

	A STATE OF THE PERSON NAMED IN COLUMN TWO IS NOT THE PERSON NAMED IN COLUMN TWO IS NAMED IN COLUMN TWO IS NOT THE PERSON NAMED IN COLUMN TWO IS NAMED IN COLUMN							
	Fire	Engineering	Liability	Workmen's compensation	Miscellaneous	Health	Marine	Total
31 December 2024								
Insurance contract balances								
- Insurance contract liabilities	(207,297,555)	(5,271,393)	(28,859,090)	(1,544,919)	(19,206,669)	(107,656,094)	(41,807,226)	(411,642,945)
- Insurance contract assets	-	ı	1	-		147,440,709	9,481,513	156,922,221
	(207,297,555)	(5,271,393)	(28,859,090)	(1,544,919)	(19,206,669)	39,784,615	(32,325,713)	(254,720,724)
Reinsurance contracts								
- Reinsurance contract liabilities	1	1	ı	ı		(248.631)	(527 383)	(1776 014)
- Reinsurance contract assets	125,280,389	7,618,475	11,998,830	161,169	11,436,795	18,322	39.894.000	196,407,978
	129,304,191	8,832,357	16,632,562	95,675	18,569,863	(163,762)	27,300,208	195,631,965
31 December 2023								
Insurance contracts								
Insurance contract balances								
- Insurance contract liabilities	(151,411,983)	(12,564,718)	(12,564,718) (21,880,599)	(1,476,251)	(22,244,971)	(93,030,796)	(24,827,226)	(327,436,545)
- Insurance contract assets	18,776,564	1			,	Annual Control	289,350	19,065,914
	(132,635,418)	(12,564,718)	(21,880,599)	(1,476,251)	(22,244,971)	(93,030,796)	(24,537,877)	(308,370,632)
Reinsurance contracts								
- Reinsurance contract liabilities	1	1	1			(247,958)		(247,958)
- Reinsurance contract assets	129,304,191	8,832,357	16,632,562	95,675	18,569,863	84,196	27,300,208	200,819,052
	129,304,191	8,832,357	16,632,562	95,675	18,569,863	(163,762)	27,300,208	200.571.094



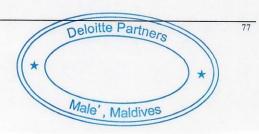
# FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31ST DECEMBER 2024

# 26.3 INSURANCE AND REINSURANCE CONTRACTS - General Movements in insurance and reinsurance contract balances

### Insurance contracts

Analysis of liability for remaining coverage and incurred claims

			General Insurance	e	
	Liabilities for cover		Liabilities for in	curred claims	
	Excluding loss component	Loss component	Excluding risk adjustment (RA)	Risk adjustment (RA)	Total 2024
Opening liabilities Opening assets Net opening balance	(74,312,938) 19,065,914		(253,007,503)	(116,104)	(327,436,545) 19,065,914
	(55,247,024)	-	(253,007,503)	(116,104)	(308,370,632)
Changes in the statement of profit or loss and OCI Insurance revenue	644,098,184			-	644,098,184
Insurance service expenses Incurred claims and other expenses					
Incurred and paid during the year Incurred in CY, LIC at end-CY Directly attributable expenses, excluding insurance acquisition		:	(78,726,692) (61,127,282)	(1,002,745)	(78,726,692) (62,130,026)
cash flows Insurance acquisition cash flows on new contracts &	•		(30,808,762)		(30,808,762)
amortisation of insurance acquisition cash flows - Commission on written premium	(47,347,044)		•		(47,347,044)
Past service: changes to liabilities for incurred claims					
Paid during the year Change in LIC in CY			(159,963,516) 16,996,536	(4,101,737)	(159,963,516) 12,894,799
	(47,347,044)		(313,629,715)	(5,104,481)	(366,081,241)
Insurance service result before reinsurance contract held	596,751,140	-	(313,629,715)	(5,104,481)	278,016,943
Finance expenses from Insurance contracts issued	-		(8,292,706)	56,986	(8,235,720)
Total changes in the statement of profit or loss and OCI	596,751,140		(321,922,421)	(5,047,495)	269,781,224
Investment component  Cashflows		-	-	-	
Premium received Claims paid	(531,730,312)	:	238,690,208		(531,730,312) 238,690,208
Directly attributable expenses paid (excluding insurance acquisition cash flows)			30,808,762		30,808,762
Insurance acquisition cash flows Total	46,100,026 (485,630,286)	-	269,498,970		46,100,026
Not also in a habana				-	(216,131,316)
Net closing balance	55,873,830		(305,430,954)	(5,163,599)	(254,720,724)
Closing liabilities Closing assets	(101,048,391) 156,922,221	-	(305,430,955)	(5,163,599)	(411,642,945) 156,922,221
Net closing balance	55,873,830		(305,430,955)	(5,163,599)	(254,720,724)



### FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31ST DECEMBER 2024

# 26.4 INSURANCE AND REINSURANCE CONTRACTS - General (continued) Movements in insurance and reinsurance contract balances

### a) Insurance contracts

Analysis of liability for remaining coverage and incurred claims

	*******		General		
	Liabilities for a	0	Liabilities for in	curred claims	
	Excluding loss component	Loss component	Excluding risk adjustment (RA)	Risk adjustment (RA)	Total 2023
Opening liabilities Opening assets	(86,459,764) 3,671,248		(284,458,993)	(5,059,863)	(375,978,620) 3,671,248
Net opening balance	(82,788,516)		(284,458,993)	(5,059,863)	(372,307,372)
Changes in the statement of profit or loss and OCI Insurance revenue	521,572,699			-	521,572,699
Insurance service expenses Incurred claims and other expenses					
Incurred and paid during the year Incurred in CY, LIC at end-CY	-		(77,292,122) (52,038,767)	(116,104)	(77,292,122) (52,154,871)
Directly attributable expenses, excluding insurance acquisition cash flows Insurance acquisition cash flows on new contracts &	•	•	(23,471,758)		(23,471,758)
amortisation of insurance acquisition cash flows - commission on written premium	(45,614,708)	•	<u>.</u>	-	(45,614,708)
Past service: changes to liabilities for incurred claims					
Paid during the year Change in LIC in CY			(170,895,558) 96,862,249	5 200 600	(170,895,558)
	(45,614,708)		(226,835,957)	5,299,609 5,183,505	102,161,858 (267,267,159)
Insurance service result before reinsurance contract — held	475,957,992		(226,835,957)	5,183,505	254,305,541
Finance expenses from Insurance contracts issued	-	-	(13,371,993)	(239,746)	(13,611,739)
Total changes in the statement of profit or loss and OCI	475,957,992	-	(240,207,949)	4,943,759	240,693,802
investment component	-	-	•	-	=
Cashflows Premium received Claims paid	(495,160,115)	-	248,187,681	-	(495,160,115) 248,187,681
Directly attributable expenses paid (excluding insurance acquisition cash flows)	-	-	23,471,758	-	23,471,758
Insurance acquisition cash flows	46,743,615	-		_	46,743,615
Total	(448,416,501)	-	271,659,439	-	(176,757,062)
Net closing balance	(55,247,025)	-	(253,007,503)	(116,104)	(308,370,632)
Closing liabilities Closing assets	(74,312,938) 19,065,914		(253,007,503)	(116,104)	(327,436,545) 19,065,914
Net closing balance	(55,247,024)	-	(253,007,503)	(116,104)	(308,370,632)

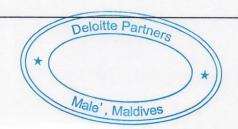
# FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31ST DECEMBER 2024

# 26.5 INSURANCE AND REINSURANCE CONTRACTS - General (continued) Movements in reinsurance and reinsurance contract balances

### Reinsurance contracts

Analysis of assets for remaining coverage and incurred claims

			Ger	ieral		
	Assets for remai	ning coverage	Assets	for incurred c	claims	
	Excluding loss component	Loss component	Excluding risk adjustment (RA)	Risk adjustment (RA)	Non- performance loss	Total 2024
Opening liabilities	(247,958)	-				(247,958)
Opening assets	25,230,928		188,709,025	57,303	(13,178,204)	200,819,052
Net opening balance	24,982,970	-	188,709,025	57,303	(13,178,204)	200,571,094
Changes in the statement of profit or loss and OCI						
Reinsurance premium earned	(319,383,649)					(319,383,649)
Insurance commission earned	39,176,286					39,176,286
Impairment for NPL	-				(4,553,264)	(4,553,264)
Incurred claims and other expenses						(1,1-1,1-1)
Incurred and paid during the year			13,724,502			12 724 722
Incurred in CY, LIC at end-CY			48,090,754	1,706,020		13,724,502 49,796,774
Past service: changes to liabilities for incurred claims						42,720,774
Paid in CY			83,106,917			83,106,917
Change in LIC in CY			(54,406,882)	1,359,212		(53,047,670)
		-	90,515,291	3,065,232	(4,553,264)	89,027,259
Net income (expenses) from reinsurance contracts held	(280,207,363)		90,515,291	3,065,232	(4,553,264)	(191,180,104)
Finance income from reinsurance contracts held	- 12		3,995,554	(12,247)		3,983,308
Total changes in the statement of profit or loss and OCI	(280,207,363)		94,510,846	3,052,985	(4,553,264)	(187,196,797)
Investment component	_	-			-	-
Cashflows						
Premium paid	271,985,873					271,985,873
Claims received			(89,728,206)			(89,728,206)
Total	271,985,873	-	(89,728,206)			182,257,668
Net closing balance	16,761,480	-	193,491,665	3,110,288	(17,731,468)	195,631,965
Closing liabilities	(776,014)					(776,014)
Closing assets	17,537,493	-	193,491,665	3,110,288	(17,731,468)	196,407,978
Net closing balance	16,761,479	-	193,491,665	3,110,288	(17,731,468)	195,631,965



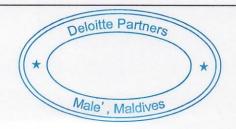
# FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31ST DECEMBER 2024

# 26.6 INSURANCE AND REINSURANCE CONTRACTS - General (continued) Movements in reinsurance and reinsurance contract balances

### Reinsurance contracts

Analysis of assets for remaining coverage and incurred claims

			Ger	neral		
	Assets for re		Assets	for incurred	Claims	
	Excluding loss component	Loss component	Excluding risk adjustment (RA)	Risk adjustment (RA)	Non- performance loss	Total 2023
Opening liabilities	(76,420,383)	-				(76,420,383)
Opening assets Net opening balance	17,047,953		455,485,002	4,097,166	(18,411,718)	458,218,402
Net opening balance	(59,372,430)	-	455,485,002	4,097,166	(18,411,718)	381,798,020
Changes in the statement of profit or loss and OCI						
Reinsurance premium earned	(268,766,782)					(268,766,782)
Insurance commission earned	29,910,621			-		29,910,621
Impairment for NPL	•	-	ELISTIF - LE	-	5,233,514	5,233,514
Incurred claims and other expenses						
Incurred and paid during the year			16,887,438			16 007 420
Incurred in CY, LIC at end-CY			43,415,468	57,303		16,887,438 43,472,770
Past service: changes to liabilities for incurred claims			,,	37,503		43,472,770
Paid in CY			70,704,482			70,704,482
Change in LIC in CY	-	-	(143,638,739)	(4,291,833)		(147,930,572)
Net income (expenses) from reinsurance		manufacti i a company	(12,631,351)	(4,234,530)	5,233,514	(11,632,367)
contracts held	(238,856,161)	-	(12,631,351)	(4,234,530)	5,233,514	(250,488,528)
Finance income from reinsurance contracts held			10,393,773	194,667	4	10,588,441
Total changes in the statement of profit or loss and OCI	(238,856,161)		(2,237,577)	(4,039,863)	5,233,514	(239,900,087)
Investment component		_	-	-	-	
Cashflows						
Premium paid	323,211,561					323,211,561
Claims received	-	-	(264,538,399)	-	-	(264,538,399)
Total	323,211,561	-	(264,538,399)	-		58,673,162
Net closing balance	24,982,970	-	188,709,025	57,303	(13,178,204)	200,571,094
Closing liabilities	(247.050)					
Closing assets	(247,958) 25,230,928	-	188,709,025	57 202	(12 179 204)	(247,958)
Net closing balance	24,982,970		188,709,025	57,303 <b>57,303</b>	(13,178,204)	200,819,052 200,571,094
_	21,202,270	100	100,702,023	37,303	(13,176,204)	200,3/1,094



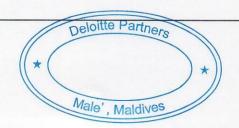
# FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31ST DECEMBER 2024

# 26.7 INSURANCE AND REINSURANCE CONTRACTS - Life Movements in insurance and reinsurance contract balances

### Insurance contracts

Analysis of liabilities for remaining coverage and incurred claims - contracts not measured under PAA

	Individual life (Non-participating)				
	Liabilities for re	Liabilities for remaining coverage		7.55	
	Excluding loss component	Loss component	Liabilities for incurred claims	Total 2024	
Opening liabilities Opening assets	(1,275,417)	(27,939)		(1,303,357)	
Net opening balance	(1,275,417)	(27,939)	-	(1,303,357)	
Changes in the statement of profit or loss and OCI Insurance revenue	(1.262)				
institutive revenue	(1,362)			(1,362)	
Insurance service expenses					
Incurred benefits and other directly attributable expenses Changes that relate to past service - adjustments to LIC		7,514	(29,472)	(21,958)	
Losses on onerous contracts and reversal of those losses		(155,842)		(155,842)	
Amortisation of insurance acquisition cash flows Impairment of acquisition cost asset	(219)	-		(219)	
Model Adjustments	448,869			-	
	448,650	(148,328)	(29,472)	448,869 270,850	
		(1.0,020)	(27,172)	270,030	
Insurance service result	447,288	(148,328)	(29,472)	269,489	
Insurance finance expenses/income	(3,244)	(653)		(3,898)	
Total changes in the statement of profit or loss and OCI	444,044	(148,981)	(29,472)	265,591	
Investment component			-	-	
Cashflows					
Premium received	(34,519)		12	(34,519)	
Claims and other directly attributable expenses paid Insurance acquisition cash flows	4,083		29,472	29,472	
Total	(30,436)	-	29,472	4,083 (964)	
Net closing balance	(861,810)	(176,920)	-	(1,038,730)	
	(552,610)	(170,720)		(1,030,730)	
Closing liabilities Closing assets	(861,810)	(176,920)		(1,038,730)	
Net closing balance	(861,810)	(176,920)	-	(1,038,730)	
	(001,010)	(170,920)		(1,030,730)	

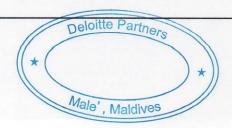


### FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31ST DECEMBER 2024

# 26.8 INSURANCE AND REINSURANCE CONTRACTS - Life Movements in insurance contract balances

### Insurance contracts

		dividual life (Inc	lirect participating	g)
	Estimates of PV of future cash flows	Risk adjustment	Contractual service margin	Total 2024
Opening liabilities Opening assets	(33,771,616)	(65,641)	(511,370)	(34,348,627)
Net opening balance	(33,771,616)	(65,641)	(511,370)	(34,348,627)
Changes related to current services				
CSM recognized in profit and loss			1,099,718	1 000 719
Risk adjustment recognized in profit and loss		2,856	1,099,718	1,099,718 2,856
Experience adjustments	(423,326)	2,030		(423,326)
	(423,326)	2,856	1,099,718	679,248
Changes related to future services				
Contracts initially recognized in the period	1,701,532	(167,193)	(1,534,338)	
Changes in estimates that adjust CSM	9,663,450	26,070	(9,689,519)	
Changes in estimates that result in onerous contracts or		20,070	(2,069,319)	•
reversal of losses	(22,530,425)	(4,232)		(22,534,657)
Model Adjustments	250,791	65,002	(859,446)	(543,653)
	(10,914,652)	(80,354)	(12,083,304)	(23,078,310)
Changes that relate to past service				
Amortise of expected amounts				
Changes that relate to past service adjustments to LIC				
Insurance service result	(11,337,978)	(77,498)	(10,983,586)	(22,399,062)
Insurance finance expenses related to interest accretion	2,720,722		(141,833)	2,578,889
Insurance finance income related to time value of money adjustment	•			-
Total changes in the statement of profit or loss and OCI	(8,617,256)	(77,498)	(11,125,419)	(19,820,173)
Total changes in the statement of profit or loss and OCI	(5,021,120)	(//,120)	(11,120,417)	(17,020,173)
Cashflows				
Premium received	(2,977,269)			(2,977,269)
Claims and other directly attributable expenses paid	10,053,083	-		10,053,083
Insurance acquisition cash flows	91,053	-		91,053
Total	7,166,867	-		7,166,867
Net closing balance	(35,222,006)	(143,139)	(11,636,789)	(47,001,934)
Closing liabilities	(35,222,006)	(143,139)	(11,636,789)	(47,001,934)
Closing assets	(33,222,000)	(143,139)	(11,030,789)	(47,001,934)
Net closing balance	(35,222,006)	(143,139)	(11,636,789)	(47,001,934)
8 *************************************	(00),222,000)	(143,137)	(11,030,709)	(47,001,934)



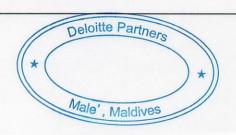
### FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31ST DECEMBER 2024

# 26.9 INSURANCE AND REINSURANCE CONTRACTS - Life Movements in insurance contract balances

### Insurance contracts

Analysis of liability for remaining coverage and incurred claims

	Individual Life (Indirect participating)			
	Liabilities for	remaining		5/
	cover	age	Liabilities for	
	Excluding loss component	Loss component	incurred claims	Total 2024
Opening liabilities	(26,940,466)	(5,473,243)	(1,934,918)	(34,348,627)
Opening assets	(=0,> 10,100)	(3,173,243)	(1,934,916)	(34,348,027)
Net opening balance	(26,940,466)	(5,473,243)	(1,934,918)	(34,348,627)
Changes in the statement of profit or loss and OCI				
Insurance revenue	1,998,072			1,998,072
Insurance service expenses				
Incurred benefits and other directly attributable expenses		46,957	(1,409,467)	(1,362,510)
Changes that relate to past service - adjustments to LIC		-	-	(1,002,010)
Losses on onerous contracts and reversal of those losses		(23,394,103)	-	(23,394,103)
Amortisation of insurance acquisition cash flows	43,685	-	-	43,685
Impairment of acquisition cost asset	-			
Model Adjustments	315,793	-		315,793
	359,478	(23,347,146)	(1,409,467)	(24,397,135)
Insurance service result	2,357,551	(23,347,146)	(1,409,467)	(22,399,062)
Insurance finance expenses	2,919,197	(340,308)	-	2,578,889
Total changes in the statement of profit or loss and OCI	5,276,747	(23,687,454)	(1,409,467)	(19,820,174)
Investment component	7,232,728		(7,232,728)	
Cashflows				
Premium received	(2,977,269)	-		(2,977,269)
Claims and other directly attributable expenses paid	-	-	10,053,083	10,053,083
Insurance acquisition cash flows	91,053	-	-	91,053
Total	(2,886,216)		10,053,083	7,166,867
Transfer to other items in the statement of Financial Position		-		-
Net closing balance	(17,317,207)	(29,160,696)	(524,031)	(47,001,934)
Closing liabilities	(17,317,207)	(29,160,696)	(524,031)	(47,001,934)
Closing assets	-	-	-	-
Net closing balance	(17,317,207)	(29,160,696)		

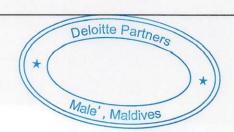


### FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31ST DECEMBER 2024

# 26.10 INSURANCE AND REINSURANCE CONTRACTS - Life Movements in insurance contract balances

### Insurance contracts

	Individual life (Non-Participating)				
	Estimates of PV of future cash flows	Risk adjustment	Contractual service margin	Total 2024	
Opening liabilities Opening assets	(509,280)	(62,712)	(731,364)	(1,303,357)	
Net opening balance	(509,280)	(62,712)	(731,364)	(1,303,357)	
Changes related to current services					
CSM recognized in profit and loss	-		16,439	16,439	
Risk adjustment recognized in profit and loss		1,452	-	1,452	
Experience adjustments	(41,430)	-		(41,430)	
	(41,430)	1,452	16,439	(23,538)	
Changes related to future services					
Contracts initially recognized in the period	44,771	(2,819)	(41,951)		
Changes in estimates that adjust CSM	(373,324)	(31,421)	404,746		
Changes in estimates that result in onerous contracts or	(373,324)	(31,421)	404,740	•	
reversal of losses	(125,643)	(29,772)		(155 415)	
Model Adjustments	392,006	56 962	(427)	(155,415)	
	(62,191)	56,863 (7,150)	(427) 362,367	448,442 293,027	
Changes that relate to past service					
Amortise of expected amounts					
Changes that relate to past service adjustments to LIC					
Insurance service result	(103,621)	(5,697)	378,807	269,489	
Insurance finance expenses related to interest accretion	36,473	- 1111	(40,371)	(3,898)	
Insurance finance income related to time value of money adjustment			-		
Total changes in the statement of profit or loss and OCI	(67,149)	(5,697)	338,436	265,591	
Cashflows					
Premium received	(24.510)			(0.1.2.0)	
Claims and other directly attributable expenses paid	(34,519)	-	•	(34,519)	
Insurance acquisition cash flows	29,472		•	29,472	
Total	4,083	-		4,083	
Total	(964)			(964)	
Net closing balance	(577,393)	(68,409)	(392,929)	(1,038,730)	
Closing liabilities	(577,392)	(68,409)	(392,929)	(1,038,730)	
Closing assets	-	-			
Net closing balance	(577,392)	(68,409)	(392,929)	(1,038,730)	



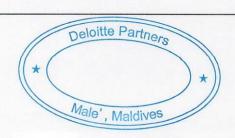
# FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31ST DECEMBER 2024

# 26.11 INSURANCE AND REINSURANCE CONTRACTS - Life Movements in insurance and reinsurance contract balances

### Insurance contracts

Analysis by remaining coverage and incurred claims - Contracts measured under PAA

	Individual life (Non-participating)				
	Liabilities for	remaining	Liabilities for	incurred	
	cover	age	claim	IS	
	Excluding loss component	Loss component	Excluding risk adjustment (RA)	Risk adjustment (RA)	Total 2024
Opening liabilities	_		(90,000)		(90,000)
Opening assets	34,434	-	-		34,434
Net opening balance	34,434		(90,000)	•	(55,566)
Changes in the statement of profit or loss and OCI Insurance revenue	3,138,186				3,138,186
Insurance service expenses Incurred claims and other expenses					
Incurred and paid during the year					
Incurred in CY, LIC at end-CY			(2,469,678)		(2,469,678)
Directly attributable expenses, excluding insurance			201200000000000000000000000000000000000		(2,100,070)
acquisition cash flows	-		(729,614)	-	(729,614)
Insurance acquisition cash flows on new contracts & amortization of insurance acquisition cash flows - commission on written premium	(97,039)			-	(97,039)
Past service: changes to liabilities for incurred claims					
Paid during the year					
Change in LIC in CY					-
	(97,039)		(3,199,292)		(3,296,331)
			(=,===,===)		(5,270,551)
Insurance service result	3,041,147	-	(3,199,292)	-	(158,145)
Insurance finance expenses/income					
Total changes in the statement of profit or loss and OCI	3,041,147		(3,199,292)	-	(158,145)
Investment component	-	-	-	-	-
Cashflows					
Premium received	(1,198,049)	-	-		(1,198,049)
Claims paid	-		2,469,678		2,469,678
Directly attributable expenses paid (excluding insurance acquisition cash flows)		1406.	729,614	-	720 614
Insurance acquisition cash flows	110,380				729,614 110,380
Total	(1,087,669)	-	3,199,292	-	2,111,623
Net closing balance	1,987,913	-	(90,000)		1,897,912
Closing liabilities	_		(90,000)	_	(90,000)
Closing assets	1,987,912		(50,000)	-	1,987,912
Net closing balance	1,987,912		(90,000)		1,897,912



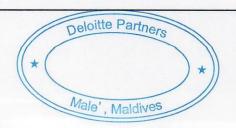
### FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31ST DECEMBER 2024

# 26.12 INSURANCE AND REINSURANCE CONTRACTS - Life Movements in insurance contract balances

### Insurance contracts

Analysis of liabilities for remaining coverage and incurred claims

	Individual life (Non-participating)				
	Liabilities for	remaining	Liabilities for		
	Excluding loss component	Loss component	incurred claims	Total 2023	
Opening liabilities Opening assets	(1,816,001)	-		(1,816,001)	
Net opening balance	(1,816,001)	-		(1,816,001)	
Changes in the statement of profit or loss and OCI Insurance revenue	648,169			648,169	
Insurance service expenses					
Incurred benefits and expenses Changes that relate to past service - adjustments to LIC		-	(6,313)	(6,313)	
Losses on onerous contracts and reversal of those losses		(27,939)	•	(27.020)	
Amortisation of insurance acquisition cash flows		(27,939)		(27,939)	
Impairment of acquisition cost asset	(269)			(269)	
	(269)	(27,939)	(6,313)	(34,522)	
Insurance service result	647,899	(27,939)	(6,313)	613,647	
Insurance finance expenses	(64,328)		-	(64,328)	
Total changes in the statement of profit or loss and OCI	583,571	(27,939)	(6,313)	549,319	
Investment component	•		•	•	
Cashflows					
Premium received	(43,256)		-	(43,256)	
Claims paid		-	6,313	6,313	
Directly attributable expenses paid (excluding insurance acquisition cash flows)		- ·	•		
Insurance acquisition cash flows	269	-	-	269	
Total	(42,987)	•	6,313	(36,674)	
Net closing balance	(1,275,417)	(27,939)	-	(1,303,357)	
Closing liabilities Closing assets	(1,275,417)	(27,939)	-	(1,303,357)	
Net closing balance	(1,275,417)	(27,939)		(1,303,357)	



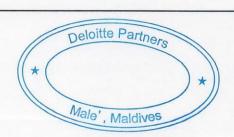
# FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31ST DECEMBER 2024

# 26.13 INSURANCE AND REINSURANCE CONTRACTS - Life Movements in insurance contract balances

### Insurance contracts

 $\label{eq:Analysis} Analysis \ by \ measurement \ component-Contracts \ not \ measured \\ under \ the \ PAA:$ 

	Individual life (Indirect participating)			
	Estimates of PV of future cash flows	Risk	Contractual service margin	Total 2023
Opening liabilities	(25,002,762)	(120,059)	(4,611,950)	(29,734,771)
Opening assets Net opening balance	-	-		<u>-</u>
ret opening balance	(25,002,762)	(120,059)	(4,611,950)	(29,734,771)
Changes related to current services				
CSM recognized in profit and loss			2,333,881	2,333,881
Risk adjustment recognized in profit and loss		55,554	2,555,001	55,554
Experience adjustments	790,721	-		790,721
	790,721	55,554	2,333,881	3,180,156
Changes related to future services				
Contracts initially recognized in the period	558,630	(60,000)	(400 524)	
Changes in estimates that adjust CSM	The state of the s	(60,096)	(498,534)	•
Changes in estimates that result in onerous contracts or reversal of	(2,562,567)	58,959	2,503,607	-
osses	(5,376,083)	-		(5,376,083)
	(7,380,020)	(1,136)	2,005,073	(5,376,083)
Changes that relate to past service				
Amortize of expected amounts				
Changes that relate to past service adjustments to LIC	-			
Insurance Service Result	(6,589,300)	54,418	4,338,954	(2,195,927)
-				
Insurance finance expenses related to interest accretion	30,895	-	(238, 374)	(207,479)
Insurance finance income related to time value of money adjustment	90,874	•	-	90,874
Total changes in the statement of profit or loss and OCI	(6,467,531)	54,418	4,100,580	(2,312,532)
Cashflows				
Premium received	(5,294,940)			(5 204 040)
Claims and other directly attributable expenses paid	3,527,551			(5,294,940) 3,527,551
insurance acquisition cash flows	32,961			32,961
Total -	(1,734,428)	-	-	(1,734,428)
Fransfer to other items in the statement of financial position	(566,896)			(566,896)
Net closing balance	(33,771,616)	(65,641)	(511,370)	(34,348,627)
Closing liabilities Closing assets	(33,771,616)	(65,641)	(511,370)	(34,348,627)
Closing assets				



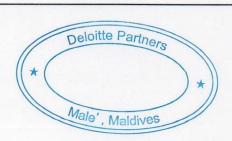
# FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31ST DECEMBER 2024

# 26.14 INSURANCE AND REINSURANCE CONTRACTS - Life Movements in insurance and reinsurance contract balances

### Insurance contracts

Analysis of liabilities for remaining coverage and incurred claims

	Indiv Liabilities for covera	remaining	lirect participat		
	Excluding loss component	Loss component	incurred claims	Total 2023	
Opening liabilities Opening assets	(29,250,173)	(97,160)	(387,438)	(29,734,771)	
Net opening balance	(29,250,173)	(97,160)	(387,438)	(29,734,771)	
Changes in the statement of profit or loss and OCI					
Insurance revenue	3,985,921			3,985,921	
Insurance service expenses					
Incurred benefits and other directly attributable expenses	-	-	(772,804)	(772,804)	
Changes that relate to past service - adjustments to LIC Losses on onerous contracts and reversal of those losses	-	-	-	•	
Amortisation of insurance acquisition cash flows	-	(5,376,083)	-	(5,376,083)	
Impairment of acquisition cost asset	(32,961)	-		(32,961)	
impairment of acquisition cost asset	(32,961)	(5,376,083)	(772 904)	(( 101 040)	
	(32,901)	(3,370,083)	(772,804)	(6,181,848)	
Insurance service result	3,952,959	(5,376,083)	(772,804)	(2,195,927)	
Insurance finance expenses	(116,605)			(116,605)	
Total changes in the statement of profit or loss and OCI	3,836,354	(5,376,083)	(772,804)	(2,312,533)	
Investment component	3,735,332	-	(3,735,332)		
Cashflows					
Premium received	(5,294,940)			(5,294,940)	
Claims paid	-	-	3,527,552	3,527,552	
Directly attributable expenses paid (excluding insurance					
acquisition cash flows)				-	
Insurance acquisition cash flows  Total	32,961 (5,261,979)		2 527 552	32,961	
- Total	(3,201,979)	-	3,527,552	(1,734,427)	
Transfer to other items in the statement of Financial Position		•	(566,896)	(566,896)	
Net closing balance	(26,940,466)	(5,473,243)	(1,934,918)	(34,348,627)	
Closing liabilities	(26,940,466)	(5,473,243)	(1.034.019)	(24 249 627)	
Closing assets	(20,940,400)	(3,473,243)	(1,934,918)	(34,348,627)	
Net closing balance	(26,940,466)	(5,473,243)	(1,934,918)	(34,348,627)	
-	(=0,>10,100)	(0,170,240)	(1,754,710)	(04,040,027)	

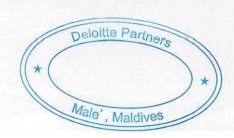


# FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31ST DECEMBER 2024

# 26.15 INSURANCE AND REINSURANCE CONTRACTS - Life Movements in insurance contract balances

### Insurance contracts

	Individual Life (Non-Participating)				
	Estimates of PV of future cash flows	Risk adjustment	Contractual service margin	Total 2023	
Opening liabilities Opening assets	(225,390)	(146,810)	(1,443,802)	(1,816,001)	
Net opening balance	(225,390)	(146,810)	(1,443,802)	(1,816,001)	
Changes related to current services CSM recognised in profit and loss	-	<u>-</u>	495,160	495,160	
Risk adjustment recognized in profit and loss Experience adjustments	105 100	38,938		38,938	
Experience adjustments	107,488	20.020	102.150	107,488	
	107,488	38,938	495,160	641,586	
Changes related to future services Contracts initially recognized in the period Changes in estimates that adjust CSM Changes in estimates that result in onerous contracts or	25,652 (348,635)	(892) 46,052	(24,759) 302,583		
reversal of losses	(27,939)			(27,939)	
	(350,923)	45,160	277,824	(27,939)	
Changes that relate to past service Amortise of expected amounts Changes that relate to past service adjustments to LIC	•	-	-	-	
Insurance service result	(243,435)	84,098	772,984	613,647	
		04,020	112,904	013,047	
Insurance finance expenses related to interest accretion Insurance finance income related to time value of money adjustment	(5,060) 1,278		(60,546)	(65,606) 1,278	
Total changes in the statement of profit or loss and OCI	(247,217)	84,098	712,438	549,319	
Cashflows Premium received	(43,256)			(43,256)	
Claims and other directly attributable expenses paid	6,313	1. 1-1-1		6,313	
Directly attributable expenses paid (excluding insurance acquisition cash flows)	•	-	•		
Insurance acquisition cash flows	269	-	_	269	
Total	(36,673)	•		(36,673)	
Net closing balance	(509,280)	(62,712)	(731,364)	(1,303,356)	
Closing liabilities Closing assets	(509,280)	(62,712)	(731,364)	(1,303,357)	
Net closing balance	(509,280)	(62,712)	(731,364)	(1,303,357)	



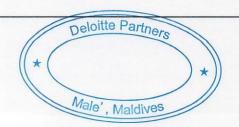
# FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31ST DECEMBER 2024

# 26.16 INSURANCE AND REINSURANCE CONTRACTS - Life Movements in insurance and reinsurance contract balances

### Insurance contracts

Analysis of liabilities for remaining coverage and incurred claims

	Liabilities for remainin coverage			ticipating) or incurred ms	
	Excluding loss component	Loss component	Excluding risk adjustment	Risk adjustment (RA)	Total 2023
Opening liabilities			(579,047)	-	(579,047)
Opening assets	500,624		-	-	500,624
Net opening balance	500,624		(579,047)	-	(78,423)
Changes in the statement of profit or loss and OCI Insurance revenue	3,882,304				3,882,304
Insurance service expenses Incurred claims and other expenses					
Incurred and paid during the year					
Incurred in CY, LIC at end-CY			489,047		489,047
Directly attributable expenses, excluding insurance			(541,420)		
acquisition cash flows			(341,420)	•	(541,420)
Insurance acquisition cash flows on new contracts & amortization of insurance acquisition cash flows - commission on written premium	(372,594)	-	-	-	(372,594)
Past service: changes to liabilities for incurred claims					
Paid during the year	-				
Change in LIC in CY	•	(-	-	-	-
	(372,594)	-	(52,373)		(424,968)
Insurance service result	3,509,709	-	(52,373)	-	3,457,336
Insurance finance expenses/income	-	-	-	-	
Total changes in the statement of profit or loss and OCI	3,509,709	•	(52,373)	-	3,457,336
Investment component		-	-	-	15-31-1-23
Cashflows					
Premium received	(4,317,578)		-	•	(4,317,578)
Claims paid Directly attributable expenses paid (excluding insurance	•	•	-		•
acquisition cash flows)			541,421	-	541,421
Insurance acquisition cash flows	341,679			_	341,679
Total	(3,975,899)		541,421	-	(3,434,478)
Net closing balance	34,434	-	(90,000)		(55,566)
Closing liabilities		_	(90,000)	-	(90,000)
Closing assets	34,434	-	-	-	34,434
Net closing balance	34,434	-	(90,000)	-	(55,566)



### FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31ST DECEMBER 2024

# INSURANCE AND REINSURANCE CONTRACTS - Life

# 26.17 Amounts determined on transition to IFRS 17

### Reinsurance contracts (continued)

Insurance revenue and the CSM by transition method - direct participating contracts issued

### Individual life

	New contracts and full retrospective approach contracts at transition	Modified retrospective approach contracts at transition	Total 2023
Insurance revenue	(4,125,495)	(508,595)	(4,634,090)
CSM as at 1 January	(1,518,058)	(4,537,693)	(6,055,751)
Changes that relate to current service			(4,000,101)
CSM recognised in profit or loss for the services provided	599,481	2,229,559	2,829,040
Changes that relate to future service			
Changes in estimates that adjust the CSM	245,628	2,560,562	2,806,190
Contracts initially recognised in the period	(523,293)	-	(523,293)
	321,816	4,790,121	5,111,937
Finance income / expenses from insurance contracts issued	(86,340)	(212,580)	(298,920)
Total amounts recognised in comprehensive income	235,476	4,577,541	4,813,017
CSM as at 31 December	(1,282,582)	39,847	(1,242,735)

# 26.18 Impact of contracts recognised in the year Individual life

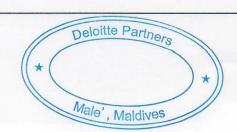
### Insurance contracts

	Contracts with no net gain at origin	Contracts with net gain at origin	Total 2023
Estimates of the present value of future cash outflows	-	-	-
Insurance acquisition cash flows	(14,608)		(14,608)
Claims and other directly attributable expenses	(1,690,235)		(1,690,235)
Claims and other directly attributable expenses	(1,704,843)	•	(1,704,843)
Claims and other directly attributable expenses	2,289,124	TEL T.	2,289,124
Risk adjustment for non-financial risk	(60,988)		(60,988)
Contractual service margin	(523,293)	-	(523,293)
Increase in insurance contract liabilities from contracts recognised in the period	•	-	-

# 26.19 Impact of contracts recognised in the year Individual life

### Insurance contracts

	Contracts with no net gain at origin	Contracts with net gain at origin	Total 2024
Estimates of the present value of future cash outflows	62,512		62,512
Insurance acquisition cash flows	(96,748)		(96,748)
Claims and other directly attributable expenses	9,055	<u>.</u>	9,055
Claims and other directly attributable expenses	(25,182)		(25,182)

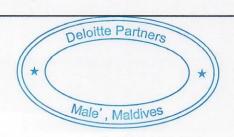


### FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31ST DECEMBER 2024

# 26.20 INSURANCE AND REINSURANCE CONTRACTS - Life Movements in insurance contract balances

### Reinsurance contracts

	Individual life (Participating)				
	Assets for remaining coverage	Loss recovery component	Assets for incurred claims	Total 2024	
Opening liabilities	(22,760)		-	(22,760)	
Opening assets Net opening balance	(22.750)	-	-		
	(22,760)	-	•	(22,760)	
Net Income (Expenses) from reinsurance contracts held					
Re - Insurace Expenses	(852,694)	<u>-</u>		(852,694)	
Other Incurred directly attributable expenses	-	-	-	-	
Claims Recovered		2,810	-	2,810	
Changes to amounts recoverable for incurred claims					
Loss-recovery on onerous underlying contracts and adjustments		826,317		826,317	
Effect of changes in the risk of reinsurers non-performance	-		-	-	
Model Adjustments	(309,915)	-	-	(309,915)	
	(309,915)	829,127	-	519,213	
Net Income (Expenses) from re-insurance contracts held	(1,162,608)	829,127	-	(333,481)	
Finance income from re insurance contracts held	43,545		-	43,545	
Total changes in the statement of profit or loss and OCI	(1,119,063)	829,127	-	(289,936)	
Investment Component		-	7/2		
Other Changes	-	-		-	
Cashflows Premiums paid net of ceding commssions and other directly attributable expenses paid Recoveries from re-insurance	-		<u>.</u>		
Total		-	-	-	
Net closing balance	(1,141,823)	829,127	-	(312,696)	
Closing liabilities	(1,843,142)			(1,843,142)	
Closing assets	701,318	829,127		1,530,446	
Net closing balance	(1,141,823)	829,127	-	(312,696)	

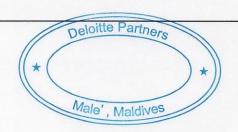


# FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31ST DECEMBER 2023

# 26.21 INSURANCE AND REINSURANCE CONTRACTS - Life Movements in insurance contract balances

### Reinsurance contracts

	Individual life (Participating)			
	Estimates of PV of future cash flows	Risk adjustment	Contractual service margin	Total 2024
Opening liabilities	(38,891)	12,906	3,226	(22,759)
Opening assests		-		-
Net opening balance	(38,891)	12,906	3,226	(22,759)
Changes related to current services CSM recognised in profit and loss for the services provided Changes in the risk adjustments for non - financial risk for the risk expired		- (196)	12,857	12,857 (196)
Experience adjustments	(865,354)	_		(865,354)
Reinsurance expenes	(865,354)	(196)	12,857	(852,694)
Changes related to future services Contracts initially recognized in the period Changes in estimates that adjust CSM changed in the FCF that do not adjust the CSM for the group of	(44,412) (638,904)	7,236 1,724	37,176 637,180	-
underlaying insurance contracts	-	-	829,127	829,127
Model Adjustments	(297,246) (980,562)	(12,669) (3,709)	1,503,483	(309,915) 519,213
Changes that relate to past service Changes that relate to past service adjustments to LIC				
Insurance service result	(1,845,916)	(3,905)	1,516,340	(333,481)
Effect of changes in the risk of reinsurers non-performance	4 -	-		-
Net Income (expenses) from re -insurance contracts held	(1,845,916)	(3,905)	1,516,340	(333,481)
Finance income (expenses) from re -insurance contracts held	41,666		1,879	43,545
Total changes in the statement of profit or loss and OCI	(1,804,250)	(3,905)	1,518,219	(289,936)
Cashflows Premiums paid net of ceding commssions and other directly attributable expenses paid Recoveries from re-insurance Total	-			-
Net closing balance	(1,843,142)	9,001	1,521,445	(312,696)
Closing liabilities Closing assets	(1,843,142)	- 9,001	- 1,521,445	(1,843,142) 1,530,446
Net closing balance	(1,843,142)	9,001	1,521,445	(312,696)

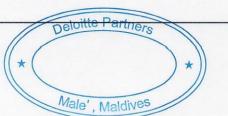


# FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31ST DECEMBER 2024

# 26.22 INSURANCE AND REINSURANCE CONTRACTS - Life Movements in insurance contract balances

### Reinsurance contracts

Individual life (Non Particip				
	Assets for remaining coverage	Assets for incurred claims	Total 2024	
Opening liabilities	(173,130)	- 1111-	(173,130)	
Opening assets Net opening balance	-	-	-/-	
Net opening balance	(173,130)	-	(173,130)	
Net income (Expenses) from reinsurance contracts				
Re - Insurance Expenses	15,917		15,917	
Other Incuured directly attributable expenses	-		-	
Claims Recovered	-	-		
Changes to amounts recoverable for incurred claims			-	
Loss-recovery on onerous underlying contracts and	-		-	
Effect of changes in the risk of reinsurers non-performance	-		-	
Model Adjustments	184,927	-	184,927	
	184,927		184,927	
Net Income (Expenses) from re-insurance contracts held	200,844		200,844	
Finance income from re insurance contracts held	(19,656)		(19,656)	
Total changes in the statement of profit or loss and	181,188	-	181,188	
Investment Component		_		
Other Changes		-	- 4	
Cashflows Premiums paid net of ceding commssions and other directly attributable expenses paid Recoveries from re-insurance				
1 Otal	-			
Net closing balance	8,058	-	8,058	
Closing Habilities				
Closing assets	8,058		8,058	
Net closing balance	8,058	-	8,058	
Other Changes  Cashflows Premiums paid net of ceding commssions and other directly attributable expenses paid Recoveries from re-insurance 1 otal  Net closing balance  Closing madmittles Closing assets	8,058		8,0	

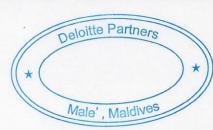


# FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31ST DECEMBER 2024

# 26.23 INSURANCE AND REINSURANCE CONTRACTS - Life Movements in insurance contract balances

### Reinsurance contracts

	Individual life (Non-Participating)				
	Estimates of PV of future cash flows	Risk adjustment	Contractual service margin	Total 2024	
Opening liabilities Opening assets	(305,413)	120,486	11,797	(173,130)	
Net opening balance	(305,413)	120,486	11,797	(173,130)	
Changes related to current services				(170,100)	
CSM recognized in profit and loss for the services provided		a <del>c</del>	15,987	15,987	
changes in the risk adjustments for non - financial risk for the risk expired		(205)	-	(205)	
Experience adjustments	135	-	_	135	
Net expense from reinsurance contracts held	135	(205)	15,987	15,917	
Changes related to future services					
Contracts initially recognized in the period	10,175	1,819	(11,994)	-	
Changes in estimates that adjust CSM	282,841	39,282	(322,123)	- 1	
changed in the FCF that do not adjust the CSM for the group of underlaying insurance contracts		-			
Model Adjustments	305,413	(120,486)		184,927	
	598,429	(79,386)	(334,117)	184,927	
Changes that relate to past service Changes that relate to past service adjustments to LIC		-			
Insurance service result	598,564	(79,590)	(318,130)	200,844	
Interest accreted to reinsurance contracts			-		
Net Income (expenses ) from re -insurance contracts held	598,564	(79,590)	(318,130)	200,844	
Finance income (expenses) From re -insurance contracts held	(19,697)	_	42	(19,656)	
Total changes in the statement of profit or loss and OCI	578,867	(79,590)	(318,089)	181,188	
Cashflows					
Premiums paid net of ceding commssions and other directly attributable expenses paid		-			
Recoveries from re-insurance		-			
Total				•	
Net closing balance	273,454	40,896	(306,292)	8,059	
			(306,292)	(306,292)	
Closing liabilities	-	-	(300.2921		
Closing liabilities Closing assets	273,454	40,896	(300,292)	314,350	



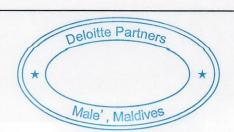
### FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31ST DECEMBER 2024

# 26.24 INSURANCE AND REINSURANCE CONTRACTS - Life Movements in insurance contract balances

### Reinsurance contracts

Analysis of assets for remaining coverage and incurred claims

	Individual life (Non-Participating)			
	Assets for remaining coverage	Assets for incurred claims	Total 2024	
Opening liabilities	_			
Opening assets	_	2,114,854	2,114,854	
Net opening balance	•	2,114,854	2,114,854	
Net Income (Expenses) from reinsurance contracts held Re - Insurace Expenes	(175,731)		(175,731)	
Other incuured directly attributable expenses Claims recovered				
Changes that relate to past service -adjsutments to incuured claims		-	-	
Changes that relate to future service -changes in the FCF that do not adjust the CSM for the group of underlying insuarance contracts				
Effect of changes in the risk of re-insurers non performance	-	-		
		•	-	
Net Income (expenses) from re-insurance contracts held	(175,731)	-	(175,731)	
Finance income from re insurance contracts held		-	-	
Total changes in the statement of profit or loss and OCI	(175,731)	-	(175,731)	
Investment component Other changes	-	-	•	
Cashflows Premiums paid net of ceding commssions and other directly attributable expenses paid Recoveries from re insurance	175,731	- (471,643)	175,731 (471,643)	
Total	175,731	(471,643)	(295,912)	
Net closing balance	-	1,643,211	1,643,211	
Closing liabilities Closing assets Net closing balance	-	1,643,211 <b>1,643,211</b>	1,643,211 1,643,211	

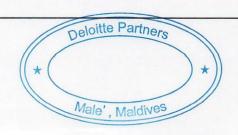


# FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31ST DECEMBER 2024

# 26.25 INSURANCE AND REINSURANCE CONTRACTS - Life Movements in insurance contract balances

### Reinsurance contracts

	Individual life (Participating)				
	Assets for remaining coverage	Loss recovery component	Assets for incurred claims	Total 2023	
Opening liabilities	(26,248)	-	-	(26,248)	
Opening assets Net opening balance	-	-	-	-	
Net opening balance	(26,248)	-	-	(26,248)	
Net Income (Expenses) from reinsurance contracts held					
Re - Insurace Expenses	(14,668)		-	(14,668)	
Other Incurred directly attributable expenses	-	-	-	-	
Claims Recovered	-		-	-	
Changes to amounts recoverable for incurred claims Loss-recovery on onerous underlying contracts and			-		
adjustments					
Effect of changes in the risk of reinsurers non- performance	67		-	67	
	67	-	-	67	
Net Income (Expenses) from re-insurance contracts held	(14,601)	•	-	(14,601)	
Finance income from re insurance contracts held	99	-	-	99	
Total changes in the statement of profit or loss and OCI	(14,501)	-	•	(14,501)	
Investment Component	•	•	-	-	
Other Changes	=	-	-	-	
Cashflows Premiums paid net of ceding commssions and other directly attributable expenses paid Recoveries from re-insurance	17,989		-	17,989	
Total	17,989	-	_	17,989	
Net closing balance	(22,760)			(22,760)	
Closing liabilities	(22,760)	-		(22,760)	
Closing assets	-				
Net closing balance	(22,760)	_	-	(22,760)	



# FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31ST DECEMBER 2024

# 26.26 INSURANCE AND REINSURANCE CONTRACTS - Life Movements in insurance contract balances

### Reinsurance contracts

Analysis by measurement component – Contracts not measured under the PAA:

	Individual life (Indirect participating)			
	Estimates of PV of future cash flows	Risk adjustment	Contractual service margin	Total 2023
Opening liabilities Opening assets	(45,834)	11,490	8,096	(26,248)
Net opening balance	(45,834)	11,490	8,096	(26,248)
Changes related to current services			0,070	(20,240)
CSM recognized in profit and loss for the services provided		•	1,226	1,226
changes in the risk adjustments for non - financial risk for the risk expired		(4,781)	-	(4,781)
Experience adjustments	(11,113)	_	-	(11,113)
Re - insurace expenes	(11,113)	(4,781)	1,226	(14,668)
Changes related to future services				
Contracts initially recognized in the period Changes in estimates that adjust CSM	(2,462)	1,470	992	
changed in the FCF that do not adjust the CSM for	2,786	4,727	(7,513)	-
the group of underlaying insurance contracts		-	-	-
	324	6,197	(6,521)	-
Changes that relate to past service Changes that relate to past service adjustments to LIC				
Insurance service result	(10,789)	1,416	(5,295)	(14,668)
Effect of changes in the risk of reinsures non - performance	67		•	67
Net Income (expenses) from re-insurance contracts held	(10,722)	1,416	(5,295)	(14,601)
Finance income (expenses) from re-insurance contracts held	(325)	-	425	100
Total changes in the statement of profit or loss and OCI	(11,046)	1,416	(4,870)	(14,501)
Cashflows Premiums paid net of ceding commssions and other directly attributable expenses paid Recoveries from re-insurance	17,989		_	17,989
Total	17,989	-	-	17,989
Net closing balance	(38,891)	12,906	3,226	(22,760)
Closing liabilities Closing assets	(38,891)	12,906	3,226	(22,759)
Net closing balance	(38,891)	12,906	3,226	(22,759)
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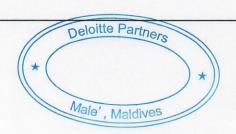
\* Male', Maldives

# FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31ST DECEMBER 2024

# 26.27 INSURANCE AND REINSURANCE CONTRACTS - Life Movements in insurance contract balances

### Reinsurance contracts

	Individual Life (Non Participating)			
	Assets for remaining coverage	Assets for incurred claims	Total 2023	
Opening liabilities	(126,698)	-	(126,698)	
Opening assets Net opening balance	(12( (22)	-	•	
ret opening balance	(126,698)	•	(126,698)	
Net Income (Expenses) from reinsurance contracts held				
Re - Insurance Expenses	(232,794)		(232,794)	
Other Incurred directly attributable expenses		-	-	
Claims Recovered	•	-	-	
Changes to amounts recoverable for incurred claims Loss-recovery on onerous underlying contracts and	•	-	•	
adjustments				
Effect of changes in the risk of reinsurers non-performance	484	•	484	
	484	-	484	
Net Income (Expenses) from re-insurance contracts held	(232,311)		(232,311)	
Finance income from re insurance contracts held	(4,656)		(4,656)	
Total changes in the statement of profit or loss and OCI	(236,967)	-	(236,967)	
Investment Component	-			
Other Changes			_	
Cashflows Premiums paid net of ceding commssions and other directly attributable expenses paid Recoveries from re-insurance	190,535		190,535	
Total	190,535	-	190,535	
Net closing balance	(173,130)		(173,130)	
Closing liabilities Closing assets	(173,130)		(173,130)	
Net closing balance	(173,130)	_	(173,130)	



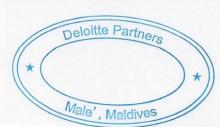
# FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31ST DECEMBER 2024

# 26.28 INSURANCE AND REINSURANCE CONTRACTS - Life Movements in insurance contract balances

### Reinsurance contracts

Analysis by measurement component – Contracts not measured under the PAA:

		vidual life (Non		
	Estimates of PV of Future Cash Flows	Risk Adjustment	Contractual Service Margin	Total 2023
Opening liabilities Opening assets	(315,424)	236,691	(47,965)	(126,698)
Net opening balance	(315,424)	236,691	(47,965)	(126,698)
Changes related to current services CSM recognized in profit and loss for the services provided changes in the risk adjustments for non - financial risk for			31,859	31,859
the risk expired		(130,389)	-	(130,389)
Experience adjustments	(134,264)	-	_	(134,264)
Re - insurace expenes	(134,264)	(130,389)	31,859	(232,794)
Changes related to future services Contracts initially recognized in the period Changes in estimates that adjust CSM changed in the FCF that do not adjust the CSM for the group of underlaying insurance contracts	(3,674) (40,577) - (44,251)	1,791 12,394 - 14,184	1,883 28,183 -	
Changes that relate to past service Changes that relate to past service adjustments to LIC				
Insurance Service Result	(178,515)	(116,205)	61,925	(232,794)
Effect of changes in the risk of reinsures non-performance	484			484
Net Income (Expenses ) from re -insurance contracts held	(178,031)	(116,205)	61,925	(232,311)
Finance income (Expenses) From re -insurance contracts held	(2,493)		(2,163)	(4,656)
Total changes in the statement of profit or loss and OCI	(180,524)	(116,205)	59,762	(236,967)
Cashflows Premiums paid net of ceding commssions and other directly attributable expenses paid Recoveries from re-insurance	190,535			190,535
Total	190,535	-	-	190,535
		100 106	11 505	(173,130)
Net closing balance	(305,413)	120,486	11,797	(1/3,130)
Net closing balance  Closing liabilities Closing assets	(305,413)	120,486	11,797	(173,130)



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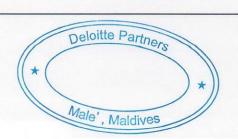
# FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31ST DECEMBER 2024

# 26.29 INSURANCE AND REINSURANCE CONTRACTS - Life Movements in insurance contract balances

### Reinsurance contracts

Analysis of assets for remaining coverage and incurred claims

	Individual life (Non-participating)				
	Assets for remaining coverage	Assets for incurred claims	Total 2023		
Opening liabilities	-		_		
Opening assets		2,114,854	2,114,854		
Net opening balance		2,114,854	2,114,854		
Net income (expenses) from reinsurance contracts held Re - insurace expenes	(175,731)		(175,731)		
Other Incurred directly attributable expenses					
Claims recovered					
Changes that relate to past service -adjsutments to incuured claims					
Changes that relate to future service -changes in the FCF that do not adjust the CSM for the group of underlying insuarance contracts					
Effect of changes in the risk of re-insurers non performance		•	7.		
	-		•		
Net income (expenses) from re-insurance contracts held	(175,731)	-	(175,731)		
Finance income from re insurance contracts held	-	-			
Total changes in the statement of profit or loss and OCI	(175,731)	-	(175,731)		
Investment component Other changes	-	-	•		
Cashflows Premiums paid net of ceding commssions and other directly attributable expenses paid Recoveries from re insurance	175,731		175,731		
Total	175,731	-	175,731		
Net closing balance	•	2,114,854	2,114,854		
Closing liabilities Closing assets Net closing balance	-	2,114,854 2,114,854	2,114,854 2,114,854		



# FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31ST DECEMBER 2024

# 26.30 INSURANCE AND REINSURANCE CONTRACTS - Family Takaful Amounts determined on transition to IFRS 17

### Reinsurance contracts (continued)

Insurance revenue and the CSM by transition method - direct participating contracts issued

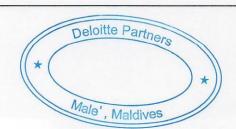
### Individual life

	New contracts and full retrospective approach contracts at transition	Modified retrospective approach contracts at transition	Total 2023
CSM as at 1 January	(104,255)	64,387	(39,868)
Changes that relate to current service			
CSM recognised in profit or loss for the services provided	58,089	(25,004)	33,085
Changes that relate to future service			
Changes in estimates that adjust the CSM	44,141	(23,471)	20,670
Contracts initially recognised in the period	2,875	-	2,875
	105,105	(48,475)	56,630
Finance income / expenses from insurance contracts issued	(4,757)	3,018	(1,738)
Total amounts recognised in comprehensive income	100,349	(45,457)	54,892
CSM as at 31 December	(3,907)	18,930	15,023

# 26.31 Impact of contracts recognised in the year Individual life

### **Insurance contracts**

	Contracts with no Contracts with net gain at origin net gain at origin	Total 2023
Estimates of the present value of future cash outflows	18,858	18,858
Insurance acquisition cash flows	(24,993)	(24,993)
Claims and other directly attributable expenses	3,260	3,260
Claims and other directly attributable expenses	(2,875)	(2,875)



# FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31ST DECEMBER 2024

26.32 INSURANCE AND REINSURANCE CONTRACTS - GENERAL TAKAFUL

	Fire	Engineering	Liability	Workmen's compensation	Miscellaneous	Health	Marine	Unallocated	Total
31 December 2024 Insurance contracts Insurance contract balances									
- Insurance contract liabilities	(11,727,234)	(258,447)	(34,582)	(15,488)	(1,146,788)	(24,204,421) (6,633,768)	(6,633,768)	(7,140,882)	(51,161,609)
- Insurance contract assets	(11,727,234)	(258,447)	(34,582)	(15,488)	(1,146,788)	(24,204,421)	(6,633,768)	(7,140,882)	(51,161,609)
Reinsurance contracts - Reinsurance contract liabilities	•	(84,748)	(54,713)			(431,667)	(893.000)	,	(1 464 127)
- Reinsurance contract assets	1,588,764	-		1	407,808	39,438	7,519,768		9.555.778
	1,588,764	(84,748)	(54,713)		407,808	(392,229)	6,626,768	•	8,091,651
31 December 2023 Insurance contracts Insurance contract balances									
<ul> <li>Insurance contract liabilities</li> <li>Insurance contract assets</li> </ul>	(11,643,585)	(386,820)	(20,165)	(12,460)	(612,518)	(15,848,969) (4,124,355)	(4,124,355)	(12,616,888)	(45,265,761)
	(11,643,585)	(386,820)	(20,165)	(12,460)	(612,518)	(15,848,969)	(4,124,355)	(12,616,888)	(45,265,761)
Reinsurance contracts - Reinsurance contract liabilities		(33,063)			d	(236,777)		1	(269 840)
- Reinsurance contract assets	3,480,149	-	5,693	1	272,684	638,837	2,558,504	1	6.955,867
	3,480,149	(33,063)	5,693	,	272,684	402,060	2,558,504	1	6 686 027

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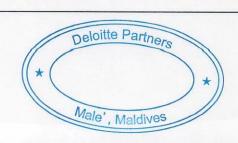
# FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31ST DECEMBER 2024

# 26.33 INSURANCE AND REINSURANCE CONTRACTS (continued) Movements in insurance and reinsurance contract balances

### Insurance contracts

Analysis of liability for remaining coverage and incurred claims

			General Takafu		
	Liabilities fo	r remaining	Liabilities for i	ncurred Claims	
	Excluding loss component	Loss component	Excluding risk adjustment (RA)	Risk adjustment (RA)	Total 2024
Opening liabilities Opening assets	(19,444,757)		(13,123,149)	(80,967)	(32,648,873)
Net opening balance	(19,444,757)		(13,123,149)	(80,967)	(32,648,873)
Changes in the statement of profit or loss and OCI					
Insurance revenue	81,388,074			-	81,388,074
Insurance service expenses Incurred claims and other expenses				-	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,
Incurred in CY, Paid in CY			(28,643,357)		(28,643,357)
Incurred in CY, LIC at end-CY	-	-	(16,035,776)	(5,296,933)	(20,043,337) $(21,332,709)$
Directly attributable expenses, excluding			(3,836,338)	,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,	
insurance acquisition cash flows Insurance acquisition cash flows on new			(3,830,338)		(3,836,338)
contracts & amortization of insurance acquisition cash flows - Commission on written premium	(4,926,651)				(4,926,651)
Past service: changes to liabilities for incurred claims					
Paid during the year			(9,418,438)		(9,418,438)
Change in LIC in CY			11,088,542	(781,710)	10,306,832
	(4,926,651)		(46,845,367)	(6,078,643)	(57,850,662)
Insurance service result	76,461,422	-	(46,845,367)	(6,078,643)	23,537,412
Insurance finance expenses/income	-	-	(627,868)	(4,126)	(631,994)
Total changes in the statement of profit or loss and OCI	76,461,422	-	(47,473,235)	(6,082,769)	22,905,418
Investment component	873,789	-	(873,789)		
Cashflows					
Premium received	(81,728,603)	-	4		(81,728,603)
Claims paid	•	-	38,935,585		38,935,585
Directly attributable expenses paid (excluding insurance acquisition cash flows)			3,836,338	-	3,836,338
Insurance acquisition cash flows	4,679,407	_			4,679,407
Total	(77,049,196)	-	42,771,923	_	(34,277,273)
Net closing balance	(19,158,741)	-	(18,698,250)	(6,163,736)	(44,020,727)
Closing liabilities	(19,158,742)	-	(18,698,250)	(6,163,736)	(44,020,727)
Closing assets Net closing balance	(19,158,742)	-	(18,698,250)	(6,163,736)	(44,020,727)
crossing balance	(17,130,742)		(10,090,230)	(0,103,/30)	(44,020,727)



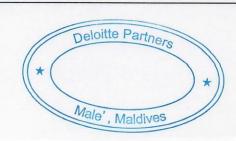
# FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31ST DECEMBER 2024

# 26.34 INSURANCE AND REINSURANCE CONTRACTS (continued) Movements in insurance and reinsurance contract balances

### Insurance contracts

Analysis of liability for remaining coverage and incurred claims

			General Takat		
	Liabilities for		Liabilities for i	incurred Claims	
	Excluding loss component	Loss component	Excluding risk adjustment (RA)	Risk adjustment (RA)	Total 2023
Opening liabilities Opening assets	(17,256,068)	-	(7,430,582)	(427,263)	(25,113,913)
Net opening balance	(17,256,068)		(7,430,582)	(427,263)	(25,113,913)
Changes in the statement of profit or loss and OCI					
Insurance revenue	60,487,158			-	60,487,158
Insurance service expenses Incurred claims and other expenses					
Incurred in CY, Paid in CY			(15,990,030)		(15 000 020)
Incurred in CY, LIC at end-CY			(3,646,163)	(80,967)	(15,990,030) (3,727,130)
Directly attributable expenses, excluding insurance acquisition cash flows		-	(3,830,704)	-	(3,830,704)
Insurance acquisition cash flows on new contracts & amortization of insurance acquisition cash flows - Commission on written premium	(3,921,418)		-		(3,921,418)
Future service: losses on onerous contracts and reversals of those losses					
Lossess on new onerous contracts	-		<u>.</u>		
Reversal of losses on existing onerous contracts -					
Reversal / amortization of losses following an assumed patttern	•	•			
Reversal of losses on existing onerous contracts - Change in assumptions affecting onerosity					
Past service: changes to liabilities for incurred claims					
Paid during the year			(9,382,220)		(9,382,220)
Change in LIC in CY			(1,700,272)	447,350	(1,252,922)
	(3,921,418)	-	(34,549,389)	366,383	(38,104,425)
Insurance service result	56,565,740	-	(34,549,389)	366,383	22,382,733
Insurance finance expenses	•	-	(346,132)	(20,087)	(366,219)
Total changes in the statement of profit or loss and OCI	56,565,740	-	(34,895,522)	346,296	22,016,514
Investment Component	649,167	-	(649,167)	•	-
Cashflows					
Premium received Claims paid	(64,316,233)	•	26 021 419	-	(64,316,233)
Directly attributable expenses paid (excluding insurance			26,021,418		26,021,418
acquisition cash flows)			3,830,704		3,830,704
Insurance acquisition cash flows	4,912,637	-	-	-	4,912,637
Total	(59,403,597)		29,852,122		(29,551,475)
Net closing balance	(19,444,758)	-	(13,123,149)	(80,967)	(32,648,874)
Closing liabilities	(19,444,757)		(13,123,149)	(80,967)	(32,648,873)
Closing assets Net Closing Balance	(10 444 755)		(13,123,149)	(00.075)	(22 (40 082)
net closing Datance	(19,444,757)	-	(13,123,149)	(80,967)	(32,648,873)



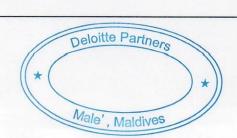
# FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31ST DECEMBER 2024

# 26.35 INSURANCE AND REINSURANCE CONTRACTS (continued) Movements in reinsurance and reinsurance contract balances

### Reinsurance contracts

Analysis of assets for remaining coverage and incurred claims

			Genera	l Takaful		
	Assets for remaining coverage		Assets for incurred Claims			
	Excluding loss component	Loss component	Excluding risk adjustment (RA)	Risk adjustment (RA)	Non- Performance Loss	Total 2024
Opening liabilities	(269,840)		<u>.</u>	-		(269,840)
Opening assets	3,792,750	-	3,188,764	72,169	(97,817)	6,955,867
Net opening balance	3,522,910	-	3,188,764	72,169	(97,817)	6,686,027
Changes in the statement of profit or loss and OCI						
Reinsurance Premium Earned	(24,671,473)	_	_			(24,671,473)
Insurance Commission Earned	7,625,612	-		_		7,625,612
Effect of changes in the risk of reinsurers						7,023,012
non-performance		-		-	(641,818)	(641,818)
Incurred claims and other expenses						
Incurred in CY, Paid in CY			2 507 210			
neurred in CY, LIC at end-CY	-		2,507,310	-	•	2,507,310
neurred in C1, Eic at end-C1	-	-	2,634,357	191,888		2,826,246
ast service: changes to liabilities for neurred claims						
Paid during the year			7,316,931	-		7,316,931
Change in LIC in CY		-	(2,540,599)	(74,184)		(2,614,783)
	-	-	9,917,999	117,704	(641,818)	9,393,885
Net income (expenses) from reinsurance contracts held	(17,045,861)	-	9,917,999	117,704	(641,818)	(7,651,975)
Reinsurance finance income	-		123,723	3,362	-	127,085
Total changes in the statement of profit or loss and OCI	(17,045,861)	-	10,041,722	121,066	(641,818)	(7,524,890)
Investment component	-					
Cashflows						
Premium paid	12,150,667					12 150 665
Claims received	12,130,007		(3,220,153)			12,150,667
Total	12,150,667	-	(3,220,153)			(3,220,153)
	12,130,007		(3,220,133)			8,930,515
Net closing balance	(1,372,283)	-	10,010,333	193,236	(739,634)	8,091,651
Clasing lightlities	(1.464.107)					4 404.40
Closing liabilities	(1,464,127)		10.010.222	102.226	(720 (24)	(1,464,127)
Closing assets	91,844		10,010,333	193,236	(739,634)	9,555,778
Net closing balance	(1,372,283)	-	10,010,333	193,236	(739,634)	8,091,651



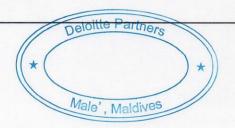
### FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31ST DECEMBER 2024

# 26.36 INSURANCE AND REINSURANCE CONTRACTS (continued) Movements in reinsurance and reinsurance contract balances

### Reinsurance contracts

Analysis of assets for remaining coverage and incurred claims

			General	Takaful		
	Assets for remaining coverage		Assets for incurred claims			
	Excluding loss component	Loss component	Excluding risk adjustment (RA)	Risk adjustment (RA)	Non- performance loss	Total 2023
Opening liabilities	(452,183)	-	-			(452,183)
Opening assets	2,345,904		8,981,294	183,083	(98,895)	11,411,385
Net opening balance	1,893,720	-	8,981,294	183,083	(98,895)	10,959,202
Changes in the statement of profit or loss and OCI						
Reinsurance premium earned	(21,406,934)	-	-	_		(21,406,934)
Insurance commission earned	6,725,035		-		-	6,725,035
Effect of changes in the risk of reinsurers non-performance					1.070	
					1,079	1,079
Incurred claims and other expenses						
Incurred in CY, Paid in CY		-	749,017	-		749,017
Incurred in CY, LIC at end-CY			2,548,159	72,169	-	2,620,328
Past service: changes to liabilities for incurred claims						
Paid during the year	-		782,882			782,882
Change in LIC in CY	-		(2,725,390)	(191,658)		(2,917,049)
			1,354,667	(119,489)	1,079	1,236,257
Net income (expenses) from						
reinsurance contracts held	(14,681,899)	-	1,354,667	(119,489)	1,079	(13,445,642)
Reinsurance finance income			123,335	8,575	-	131,910
Total changes in the statement of profit or loss and OCI	(14,681,899)		1,478,002	(110,914)	1,079	(13,313,733)
Investment component	-		-		-	-
Cashflows						
Premium paid	16,311,088			_	_	16,311,088
Claims received	-		(7,270,532)	-	-	(7,270,532)
Total	16,311,088		(7,270,532)			9,040,557
Net closing balance	3,522,910		3,188,764	72,169	(97,817)	6,686,027
Closing liabilities	(269,840)		-			(269,840)
Closing assets	3,792,750	-	3,188,764	72,169	(97,817)	6,955,867
Net closing balance	3,522,910		3,188,764	72,169	(97,817)	6,686,027



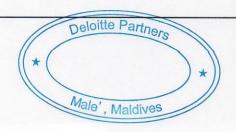
## FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31ST DECEMBER 2024

# 26.37 INSURANCE AND REINSURANCE CONTRACTS - Family Takaful Movements in insurance and reinsurance contract balances

#### Insurance contracts

Analysis of liability for remaining coverage and incurred claims

	Individual life (Direct Participating)			
	Liabilities for	remaining		
	covera	ige	- Liabilities for	
	Excluding loss component	Loss component	incurred claims	Total 2024
Opening liabilities	(6,959,479)			(6,959,479
Opening assets	-		Control of the Control	(0,757,477
Net opening balance	(6,959,479)		-	(6,959,479
Changes in the statement of profit or loss and OCI				
Insurance revenue	1,426,279			1,426,279
Insurance service expenses				
Incurred benefits and other directly attributable expenses	_		(89,484)	(89,484
Changes that relate to past service - adjustments to LIC			(-,,)	(0),101
Losses on onerous contracts and reversal of those losses		(100,925)	<u> </u>	(100,925
Amortisation of insurance acquisition cash flows	(806)	-		(806
Impairment of acquisition cost asset	-	_		-
IRIS Model Difference	345,770	_		345,770
	344,964	(100,925)	(89,484)	154,555
Insurance service result	1,771,243	(100,925)	(89,484)	1,580,834
Insurance finance expenses/income	(178,133)			(178,133
Total changes in the statement of profit or loss and OCI	1,593,110	(100,925)	(89,484)	1,402,701
Investment component	126,722		(126,722)	-
Cashflows				
Premium received	(2,311,737)			(2,311,737
Claims and other directly attributable expense paid	-		216,206	216,206
Insurance acquisition cash flows	91,707	-	-	91,707
Total	(2,220,030)	-	216,206	(2,003,824
Net closing balance	(7,459,677)	(100,925)	-	(7,560,602
Closing liabilities	(7,459,677)	(100,925)		(7,560,602)
Closing assets		(100.00=		
Net closing balance	(7,459,677)	(100,925)		(7,560,602



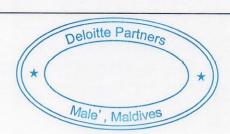
## FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31ST DECEMBER 2024

# 26.38 INSURANCE AND REINSURANCE CONTRACTS - Family Takaful Movements in insurance contract balances

#### Insurance contracts

Analysis by measurement component – Contracts not measured under the PAA:

	Individual life (Participating)					
	Estimates of PV of future cash flows	Risk adjustment	Contractual service margin	Total 2024		
Opening liabilities	(860,271)	(1,590,459)	(4,508,748)	(6,959,479)		
Opening assets Net opening balance	(860,271)	(1,590,459)	(4,508,748)			
	(000,271)	(1,370,437)	(4,500,740)	(6,959,479)		
Changes related to current services						
CSM recognised in profit and loss	-		649,716	649,716		
Risk adjustment recognised in profit and loss	-	11,919		11,919		
Experience adjustments	674,355	-	-	674,355		
	674,355	11,919	649,716	1,335,989		
Changes related to future services						
Contracts initially recognised in the period	276,087	(71,340)	(204,747)			
Changes in estimates that adjust CSM	(1,773,878)	380,314	1,393,565			
Changes in estimates that result in onerous contracts or reversal of losses	(181,100)	80,175	-	(100,925)		
Model Adjustments	(591,493)	937,262	_	345,770		
	(2,270,383)	1,326,411	1,188,817	244,845		
Changes that relate to past service Amortise of Expected Amounts Changes that relate to past service adjustments to LIC				:		
Insurance service result	(1,596,029)	1,338,330	1,838,533	1,580,834		
Insurance finance expenses/income related to interest accretion Insurance finance expenses/income related to time value of money adjustment	(178,133)	-		(178,133)		
Total changes in the statement of profit or loss and OCI	(1,774,162)	1,338,330	1,838,533	1,402,701		
Cashflows		1,000,000	1,030,333			
Premium received	(2,311,737)	-	-	(2,311,737)		
Claims and other directly attributable expenses paid Insurance acquisition cash flows	216,206	-	-	216,206		
Total	91,707	-		91,707		
Total	(2,003,824)		•	(2,003,824)		
Net closing balance	(4,638,257)	(252,129)	(2,670,215)	(7,560,602)		
Closing liabilities Closing assets	(4,638,257)	(252,129)	(2,670,215)	(7,560,602)		
Net closing balance	(4,638,257)	(252,129)	(2,670,215)	(7,560,602)		
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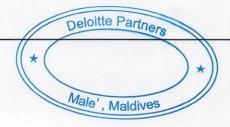
## FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31ST DECEMBER 2024

# 26.39 INSURANCE AND REINSURANCE CONTRACTS - Family Takaful Movements in insurance contract balances

#### Insurance contracts

Analysis of liability for remaining coverage and incurred claims

	Individual life (Non-participating)				
	Liabilities for	remaining	· Liabilities for		
	Excluding loss component	Loss component	incurred claims	Total 2024	
Opening liabilities	-				
Opening assets	326,987			326,987	
Net opening balance	326,987	-	-	326,987	
Changes in the statement of profit or loss and OCI					
Insurance revenue	427,732			427,732	
Insurance service expenses					
Incurred benefits and expenses			(14,452)	(14,452)	
Changes that relate to past service - adjustments to LIC	_		(14,432)	(14,432)	
Losses on onerous contracts and reversal of those losses					
Amortisation of insurance acquisition cash flows	(7,355)			(7,355)	
Impairment of acquisition cost asset		-		(1,555)	
	(7,355)		(14,452)	(21,806)	
Insurance service result	420,378		(14,452)	405,926	
Insurance finance expenses/income	-		-		
Total changes in the statement of profit or loss and OCI	420,378		(14,452)	405,926	
Investment component	-	-	-	\\ <del>-</del>	
Cashflows Premium received	(751,849)		•	(751,849)	
Directly attributable expenses paid (excluding insurance acquisition cash flows)		-	14,452	14,452	
Insurance acquisition cash flows	7,355	-	-	7,355	
Total	(744,494)	-	14,452	(730,043)	
Net closing balance	2,870	-	-	2,870	
Closing liabilities	_	-	_	-	
Closing assets	2,870	-		2,870	
Net closing balance	2,870	-	-	2,870	



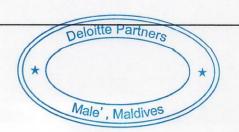
## FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31ST DECEMBER 2024

# 26.40 INSURANCE AND REINSURANCE CONTRACTS - Family Takaful Movements in insurance and reinsurance contract balances

#### Insurance contracts

Analysis of liability for remaining coverage and incurred claims

	Liabilities for remaining coverage		(Participating)	
	Excluding loss component	Loss component	- Liabilities for incurred claims	Total 2023
Opening liabilities Opening assets	(8,043,680)	-		(8,043,680)
Net opening balance	(8,043,680)		-	(8,043,680)
Changes in the statement of profit or loss and OCI Insurance revenue	2,685,811			2,685,811
Insurance service expenses				
Incurred benefits and other directly attributable expenses Changes that relate to past service - adjustments to LIC		-	(103,723)	(103,723)
Losses on onerous contracts and reversal of those losses				
Amortisation of insurance acquisition cash flows Impairment of acquisition cost asset	(53,249)		•	(53,249)
	(53,249)	-	(103,723)	(156,972)
Insurance service result	2,632,562	-	(103,723)	2,528,839
Insurance finance expenses	(87,187)	-		(87,187)
Total changes in the statement of profit or loss and OCI	2,545,376	-	(103,723)	2,441,653
Investment component	562,860		(562,860)	-
Cashflows Premium received	(2,077,284)	_		(2,077,284)
Claims paid	-	-	666,583	666,583
Directly attributable expenses paid (excluding insurance acquisition cash flows)				-
Insurance acquisition cash flows	53,249	-	•	53,249
Total	(2,024,035)	•	666,583	(1,357,452)
Net closing balance	(6,959,479)	-	-	(6,959,479)
Closing liabilities Closing assets	(6,959,479)	•	-	(6,959,479)
Net closing balance	(6,959,479)			(6,959,479)



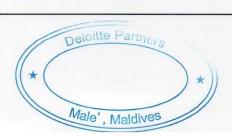
## FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31ST DECEMBER 2024

# 26.41 INSURANCE AND REINSURANCE CONTRACTS - Family Takaful Movements in insurance contract balances

#### Insurance contracts

Analysis by measurement component – Contracts not measured under the PAA:

	Individual life (Participating)						
	Estimates of PV of future cash flows	Risk adjustment	Contractual service margin	Total 2023			
Opening liabilities Opening assets	(1,959,796)	(1,567,381)	(4,516,503)	(8,043,680)			
Net opening balance	(1,959,796)	(1,567,381)	(4,516,503)	(8,043,680)			
Changes related to current services CSM recognized in profit and loss Risk adjustment recognized in profit and loss Experience adjustments	(421,633) (421,633)	552,434 - 552,434	2,398,039 - - 2,398,039	2,398,039 552,434 (421,633) 2,528,839			
Changes related to future services Contracts initially recognized in the period Changes in estimates that adjust CSM Changes in estimates that result in onerous contracts or reversal of losses	1,834,191 1,128,708 - 2,962,899	(562,144) (13,368) - (575,512)	(1,272,047) (1,115,340) - (2,387,387)	-			
Changes that relate to past service Amortize of Expected Amounts	•						
Changes that relate to past service adjustments to LIC		-		•			
Insurance service result	2,541,266	(23,078)	10,652	2,528,839			
Insurance finance expenses/income related to interest accretion Insurance finance expenses/income related to time	(84,290)	•	(2,897)	(87,187)			
value of money adjustment		•					
Total changes in the statement of profit or loss and OCI	2,456,976	(23,078)	7,755	2,441,653			
Cashflows Premium received Claims and other directly attributable expenses paid Insurance acquisition cash flows Total	(2,077,284) 666,583 53,249 (1,357,452)		-	(2,077,284) 666,583 53,249 (1,357,452)			
Net closing balance	(860,272)	(1,590,459)	(4,508,748)	(6,959,479)			
Closing liabilities Closing assets	(860,271)	(1,590,459)	(4,508,748)	(6,959,479)			
Net closing balance	(860,271)	(1,590,459)	(4,508,748)	(6,959,479)			



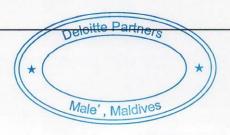
## FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31ST DECEMBER 2024

# 26.42 INSURANCE AND REINSURANCE CONTRACTS - Family Takaful Movements in insurance contract balances

### Insurance contracts

Analysis of liability for remaining coverage and incurred claims

	Individual life (Non-participating)				
	Liabilities for rema	aining coverage	Liabilities for		
	Excluding loss component	Loss component	incurred claims	Total 2023	
Opening liabilities Opening assets	(122,452)			(122,452)	
Net opening balance	(122,452)	•		(122,452)	
Changes in the statement of profit or loss and OCI Insurance revenue	438,754			438,754	
Insurance service expenses					
Incurred benefits and expenses				-	
Changes that relate to past service - adjustments to LIC	-		-		
Losses on onerous contracts and reversal of those losses	-	-		-	
Amortisation of insurance acquisition cash flows Impairment of acquisition cost asset	(213)	•		(213)	
	(213)			(213)	
Insurance service result	438,542			438,542	
Insurance finance expenses/income					
Total changes in the statement of profit or loss and OCI	438,542	-	-	438,542	
Investmen component	•		-	-	
Cashflows Premium received	10,685			10,685	
Directly attributable expenses paid (excluding insurance acquisition cash flows)	-				
Insurance acquisition cash flows Total	211 10,897			211 10,897	
Net closing balance	326,987	_	-	326,987	
Closing liabilities Closing assets	326,987			326,987	
Net closing balance	326,987			326,987	



#### FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31ST DECEMBER 2024

## INSURANCE AND REINSURANCE CONTRACTS - Family Takaful

## 26.43 Amounts determined on transition to IFRS 17

#### Reinsurance contracts (continued)

Insurance revenue and the CSM by transition method - direct participating contracts issued

#### Individual life

	New contracts and full retrospective approach contracts at transition	Modified retrospective approach contracts at transition	Total 2023
Insurance revenue	(5,879)	(2,679,932)	(2,685,811)
CSM as at 1 January	(640,604)	(3,875,899)	(4,516,503)
Changes that relate to current service			
CSM recognised in profit or loss for the services provided	200,922	2,197,117	2,398,039
Changes that relate to future service			-,,
Changes in estimates that adjust the CSM	(798,350)	(316,990)	(1,115,340)
Contracts initially recognised in the period	(1,272,047)	-	(1,272,047)
	(1,869,475)	1,880,127	10,652
Finance income / expenses from insurance contracts issued	(501)	(2,396)	(2,897)
Total amounts recognised in comprehensive income	(1,869,976)	1,877,731	7,755
CSM as at 31 December	(2,510,580)	(1,998,168)	(4,508,748)

#### 26.44 Impact of contracts recognised in the year Individual life

#### Insurance contracts

2 PRICE PARTIES AND ADDRESS OF THE PARTIES AND A	Contracts with no net gain at origin	Contracts with net gain at origin	Total 2023
Estimates of the present value of future cash outflows		-	
Insurance acquisition cash flows	(228,235)		(228,235)
Claims and other directly attributable expenses	(13,493,095)		(13,493,095)
Claims and other directly attributable expenses	(13,721,330)		(13,721,330)
Claims and other directly attributable expenses	15,555,521		15,555,521
Risk adjustment for non-financial risk	(562,144)		(562,144)
Contractual service margin	(1,272,047)	_	(1,272,047)
Increase in insurance contract liabilities from contracts recognised in the period	-		•

#### 26.45 Policyholder risk fund movement

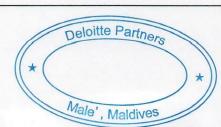
	2024	2023
Opening balance	(1,255,686)	(880,930)
During the year transfer	(353,945)	(374,756)
Closing balance	(1,609,631)	(1,255,686)

### 26.46 Impact of contracts recognised in the year

Individual life

Insurance contracts

	Contracts with no net gain at origin	Contracts with net gain at origin	Total 2024
Estimates of the present value of future cash outflows			
Insurance acquisition cash flows	(210,781)	-	(210,781)
Claims and other directly attributable expenses	(496,898)		(496,898)
Claims and other directly attributable expenses	(707,679)	-	(707,679)
Claims and other directly attributable expenses	983,766	-	983,766
Risk adjustment for non-financial risk	(71,340)		(71,340)
Contractual service margin	(204,747)		(204,747)
Increase in insurance contract liabilities from contracts recognised in the period	(0)	•	(0)



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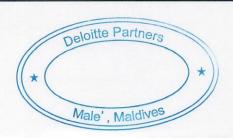
## FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31ST DECEMBER 2024

# 26.47 INSURANCE AND REINSURANCE CONTRACTS - Family Takaful Movements in insurance contract balances

#### Reinsurance contracts

Analysis by remaining coverage and incurred claims

	Individual life (Participating)				
	Assets for remaining coverage	Loss recovery component	Assets for incurred claims	Total 2024	
Opening liabilities	•	-	-	-	
Opening assets	83,238	_		83,238	
Net opening balance	83,238	•	-	83,238	
Net Income (Expenses) from reinsurance contracts held					
Re - Insurance Expenses	(2,223)			(2,223)	
Other Incurred directly attributable expenses	-			(2,223)	
Claims Recovered					
Changes to amounts recoverable for incurred claims Loss-recovery on onerous underlying contracts and				•	
adjustments		15,572		15,572	
Effect of changes in the risk of reinsurers non-performance			-		
IRIS Model Difference	(84,358)			(84,358)	
	(84,358)	15,572	-	(68,786)	
Net Income (Expenses) from re-insurance contracts held	(86,581)	15,572	-	(71,009)	
Finance income from re insurance contracts held	4,915	-		4,915	
Total changes in the statement of profit or loss and OCI	(81,666)	15,572		(66,094)	
Investment Component	-	-	-	-	
Other Changes	-	-	-		
Cashflows Premiums paid net of ceding commssions and other directly atttributable expenses paid Recoveries from re-insurance	7,336	- <del>-</del> -		7,336	
Total	7,336	-		7,336	
Net closing balance	8,908	15,572	-	24,480	
Closing liabilities Closing assets	8,908	15,572		24,480	
Net closing balance	8,908	15,572	-	24,480	



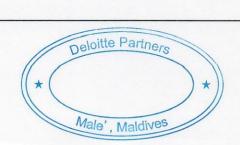
## FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31ST DECEMBER 2024

# 26.48 INSURANCE AND REINSURANCE CONTRACTS - Family Takaful Movements in insurance contract balances

#### Reinsurance contracts

Analysis by measurement component – Contracts not measured under the PAA:

	Estimates of PV of future cash flows	Risk adjustment	Contractual service margin	Total 2024
Opening liabilities				
Opening assets	138,741	1,255	(56,759)	83,238
Net opening balance	138,741	1,255	(56,759)	83,238
Changes related to current services				
CSM recognized in profit and loss for the services provided	-	_	15,013	15,013
changes in the risk adjustments for non - financial risk for the				
risk expired	-	(2,245)		(2,245
Experience adjustments	(14,991)	_		
Re - insurace expenes	(14,991)	(2,245)	15,013	(14,991
Channel and the Co		(-,- :- )	10,010	(2,223
Changes related to future services				
Contracts initially recognized in the period Changes in estimates that adjust CSM	16,147	4,629	(20,776)	-
Changes in estimates that adjust CSIVI	6,783	(2,135)	(4,648)	·
Income on initial recognition of onerous underlying contracts			15,572	15,572
changed in the FCF that do not adjust the CSM for the group				
of underlaying insurance contracts	•	•		-
IRIS Model Difference	(105,031)	20,673		(84,358
	(82,101)	23,167	(9,852)	(68,786
Changes that relate to past service				
Changes that relate to past service adjustments to LIC				
Insurance service result	(97,092)	20,922	5,161	(71,009)
Effect of changes in the risk of reinsures non - performance		- 4		
Net income (expenses ) from re-insurance contracts held	(97,092)	20,922	5,161	(71,009)
Finance income/(expenses) from re -insurance contracts held	8,720		(3,805)	4,915
Total changes in the statement of profit or loss and OCI	(88,372)	20,922	1,356	(66,094)
0.14				
Cashflows				
Premiums paid net of ceding commssions and other directly attributable expenses paid	7,336			7,336
Recoveries from re-insurance				
Total	7,336			7,336
	7,550			7,550
Net closing balance	57,705	22,177	(55,402)	24,480
Closing liabilities			(55,402)	(55,402
Closing assets	57,705	22,177	(33,402)	79,882
Net closing balance	57,705	22,177	(55,402)	24,480



## FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31ST DECEMBER 2024

# 26.49 INSURANCE AND REINSURANCE CONTRACTS - Family Takaful Movements in insurance contract balances

#### Reinsurance contracts

26.50

Analysis of assets for remaining coverage and incurred claims

	of the state of th	Individual life (Non-participating)				
		Assets for remaining coverage	Assets for incurred claims	Total 2024		
	Opening liabilities					
	Opening assets	18,154	-	18,154		
1	Net opening balance	18,154		18,154		
	Net income (expenses) from reinsurance contracts held Re - insurace expenes	(65,413)		(65,413)		
(	Other incuured directly attributable expenses					
	Claims recovered			-		
		-	-	•		
(	Changes that relate to past service -adjsutments to incurred claims Changes that relate to future service -changes in the FCF that do not adjust the CSM for the group of underlying insuarance					
	contracts	-	» <del>-</del>	-		
	Effect of changes in the risk of re-insurers non performance					
	sheet of changes in the risk of re-insurers non performance		-			
,	Tet in a second of the second		-	-		
	Net income (expenses) from re-insurance contracts held	(65,413)		(65,413)		
F	inance income from re insurance contracts held	•				
7	Total changes in the statement of profit or loss and OCI	(65,413)		(65,413)		
I	nvestment component	-				
(	Other changes	-				
(	Cashflows					
F	Premiums paid net of ceding commssions and other directly attributable expenses paid	7,377		7,377		
	Recoveries from re insurance					
1	i otal	7,377	-	7,377		
ľ	Net closing balance	(39,882)	-	(39,882)		
,	Novino tiekitida	(20,002)		(20.000)		
	Closing liabilities Closing assets	(39,882)	-	(39,882)		
	Net closing balance	(39,882)	<u> </u>	(39,882)		
I	mpact of contracts recognised in the year	(,)		(02,002)		
I	ndividual life					
		Contracts with				
		no net gain at	net gain at	Total 2024		
		origin	origin			
	Estimates of the present value of future cash inflows	(14,946)		(14,946)		
	Estimates of the present value of future cash outflows	31,093		31,093		
	Risk adjustment for non-financial risk	4,629		4,629		
(	Contractual service margin	(20,776)		(20,776)		

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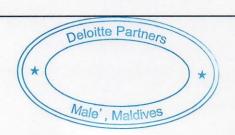
## FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31ST DECEMBER 2024

# 26.51 INSURANCE AND REINSURANCE CONTRACTS - Family Takaful Movements in insurance contract balances

#### Reinsurance contracts

Analysis by remaining coverage and incurred claims

	Individual life (Participating)					
	Assets for remaining coverage	Loss recovery component	Assets for incurred claims	Total 2023		
Opening liabilities	-	-		-		
Opening assets Net opening balance	81,494			81,494		
	81,494			81,494		
Net Income (Expenses) from reinsurance contracts held						
Re - Insurance Expenses	(16,011)	-		(16,011)		
Other Incuured directly attributable expenses Claims Recovered	-	-	-	-		
Claims Recovered	•	•	-	-		
Changes to amounts recoverable for incurred claims Loss-recovery on onerous underlying contracts and	-		-			
adjustments		-	-	-		
Effect of changes in the risk of reinsurers non- performance	(338)		- 1	(338)		
	(338)		-	(338)		
Net Income (Expenses) from re-insurance contracts held	(16,349)	-	-	(16,349)		
Finance income from re insurance contracts held	(4,068)	-	-	(4,068)		
Total changes in the statement of profit or loss and OCI	(20,417)	-	-	(20,417)		
Investment Component	-	-	-	-		
Other Changes	-		-	-		
Cashflows Premiums paid net of ceding commssions and other directly attributable expenses paid Recoveries from re-insurance	22,161			22,161		
Total	22,161	-	-	22,161		
Net closing balance	83,238	<u>-</u>	-	83,238		
Closing liabilities						
Closing assets	83,238			83,238		
Net closing balance	83,238	•	-	83,238		



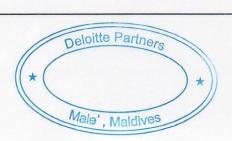
## FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31ST DECEMBER 2024

# 26.52 INSURANCE AND REINSURANCE CONTRACTS - Family Takaful Movements in insurance contract balances

#### Reinsurance contracts

Analysis by measurement component – Contracts not measured under the PAA:

	Individual life (Participating)					
	Estimates of PV of future cash flows	Risk adjustment	Contractual service margin	Total 2023		
Opening liabilities						
Opening assets	117,812	724	(37,042)	81,494		
Net opening balance	117,812	724	(37,042)	81,494		
Changes related to current services						
CSM recognized in profit and loss for the services						
provided		•	14,090	14,090		
changes in the risk adjustments for non - financial risk for		(111)		(111)		
the risk expired	-	(111)	-	(111)		
Experience adjustments	(29,990)	-		(29,990)		
Re - insurace expenes	(29,990)	(111)	14,090	(16,011)		
Changes related to future services						
Contracts initially recognized in the period	56,183	149	(56,332)			
Changes in estimates that adjust CSM	(27,316)	493	26,823			
changed in the FCF that do not adjust the CSM for the	(,)		20,023			
group of underlaying insurance contracts		-		•		
	28,867	642	(29,509)			
Changes that relate to west and						
Changes that relate to past service Changes that relate to past service adjustments to LIC						
Changes that relate to past service adjustments to LTC			•	•		
Insurance service result	(1,123)	531	(15,420)	(16,011)		
Effect of changes in the risk of reinsures non-performance	(338)			(338)		
Net income (expenses ) from re-insurance contracts held	(1,461)	531	(15,420)	(16,349)		
Finance income (expenses) From re -insurance contracts held	229	•	(4,297)	(4,068)		
Total changes in the statement of profit or loss and OCI	(1,232)	531	(19,717)	(20,417)		
Cashflows Premiums paid net of ceding commssions and other directly attributable expenses paid Recoveries from re-insurance	22,161			22,161		
Total	22,161		_	22,161		
Net closing balance	138,741	1,255	(56,759)	83,238		
Closing liabilities						
Closing assets	138,741	1,255	(56,759)	83,238		
Net closing balance	138,741	1,255	(56,759)	83,238		



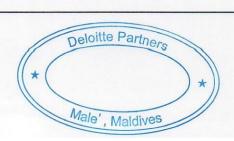
## FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31ST DECEMBER 2024

# 26.53 INSURANCE AND REINSURANCE CONTRACTS - Family Takaful Movements in insurance contract balances

#### Reinsurance contracts

Analysis of assets for remaining coverage and incurred claims

	Individual Life (Non Participating)			
	Assets for remaining coverage	Assets for incurred claims	Total 2023	
Opening liabilities	5,724	-	5,724	
Opening assets	-		-	
Net opening balance			•	
Net Income (Expenses) from reinsurance contracts held				
Re - Insurace Expenes	(56,839)	-	(56,839)	
Other Incurred directly attributable expenses				
Claims Recovered	•		- E -	
Changes that relate to past service -adjsutments to incuured claims				
Changes that relate to future service -changes in the FCF that do not adjust the CSM for the group of underlying insuarance contracts		•	-	
Effect of changes in the risk of re-insurers non performance	_	•	-	
		•		
Net Income (Expenses) from re-insurance contracts held	(56,839)		(56,839)	
Finance income from re insurance contracts held				
Total changes in the statement of profit or loss and OCI	(56,839)	-	(56,839)	
Investment Component		-	-	
Other Changes			-	
Cashflows				
Premiums paid net of ceding commssions and other directly attributable expenses paid	69,269		69,269	
Recoveries from re insurance	-		-	
Total	69,269	-	69,269	
Net closing balance	12,430	-	12,430	
Closing liabilities				
Closing assets	18,154		18,154	
Net Closing Balance	18,154	-	18,154	



## FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31ST DECEMBER 2024

# INSURANCE AND REINSURANCE CONTRACTS - Family Takaful 26.54 Amounts determined on transition to IFRS 17

#### Reinsurance contracts (continued)

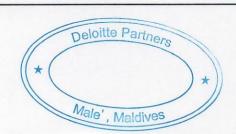
Insurance revenue and the CSM by transition method - direct participating contracts issued

#### Individual life

	New contracts and full retrospective approach contracts at transition	Modified retrospective approach contracts at transition	Total 2023
CSM as at 1 January	(19,263)	(17,779)	(37,042)
Changes that relate to current service			
CSM recognized in profit or loss for the services received	7,608	6,481	14,090
Changes that relate to future service			
Changes in estimates that adjust the CSM	7,558	19,265	26,823
Contracts initially recognised in the period	(56,332)	-	(56,332)
	(41,166)	25,746	(15,420)
Finance income / expenses from insurance contracts issued	•		
Total amounts recognised in comprehensive income	(41,166)	25,746	(15,420)
CSM as at 31 December	(60,428)	7,967	(52,461)

# 26.55 Impact of contracts recognised in the year Individual life

	Contracts with no net gain at origin	Contracts with net gain at origin	Total 2023
Estimates of the present value of future cash inflows	150,064	-	150,064
Estimates of the present value of future cash outflows	(93,881)		(93,881)
Risk adjustment for non-financial risk	149		149
Contractual service margin	(56,332)	•	(56,332)



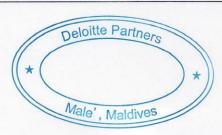
#### FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31ST DECEMBER 2024

27	OTHER FINANCIAL INVESTMENTS	Group	Group		nv
	Investment in treasury bills Corporate bonds Investment in term deposit Less: Expected credit loss (Note 27.1)	31/12/2024 MVR 2,092,217,551 59,031,937 428,474,365 (630,375) 2,579,093,478	31/12/2023 MVR 1,175,567,416 68,529,367 370,449,251 (2,003,926) 1,612,542,108	Compa 31/12/2024 MVR 1,927,500,000 - 348,350,410 (556,251) 2,275,294,159	31/12/2023 MVR 848,100,000 - 259,620,000
	As at 1st January Purchased during the year Matured during the year Add; Interest receivable during the year Less: Expected credit loss As at 31st December	1,612,542,108 1,497,833,391 (557,342,391) 24,686,819 1,373,551 2,579,093,478	1,540,722,057 237,131,248 (180,184,705) 15,429,348 (555,840) 1,612,542,107	1,107,720,000 1,325,864,000 (159,600,000) 1,866,410 (556,251) 2,275,294,159	1,107,720,000 1,111,575,000 15,420,000 (19,275,000)
	Non - current financial investments	1,396,059,029	1,176,265,016	1,286,774,061	1,017,720,000
27.1	Current financial investments  Provision for impairment on other financial investments	1,183,034,449	436,277,092	988,520,098	90,000,000
	As at 1st January Reclassification Provision made during the year As at 31st December	2,003,926 - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - -	1,448,086 - 555,840 2,003,926	556,251 556,251	

- 27.2 During the year, the Company has not invested in additional treasury bills in SBI (2023: MVR 15,420,000.00) at an interest of 3.0% with a maturity period of 12 months, and additional investment in Habib Bank Limited MVR 138,780,000 (2023: NIL) at an interest rate ranging from 3% to 4% with a maturity period of 6 months.
- 27.3 During the year the company has invested additional treasury bills MVR 771,000,000 (2023: NIL) at the rate of Term SOFR plus 7%, with a maturity period of 3 years in Ministry of Finance.
- 27.4 The Group has invested MVR 121,367,698/- (2023: MVR 322,729,983/-) in treasury bills issued by the Ministry of Finance for a maturity value of MVR 126,000,000/- (2023: MVR 330,974,000/-) at the rate of interest ranging from 3.87% to 4.6% per annum (2023: 3.5% to 4.6% per annum) with the maturity period of 28 days to 364 days (2023: 28 days to 364 days).
- 27.5 During the year, the Group has not made an investment (2023: MVR 51,152,604/-) in the short term and long-term corporate bonds / sukuk by Housing Development Finance Corporation PLC (2023: 6.0% to7.0% per annum) (2023: 2 to 10 years). The Group made no additional investments during the year (2023: MVR 15,000,000/-) in fixed term bond issued by Maldives Ports Limited (2023: 7.00% per annum) (2023: 7 years).
- 27.6 The Group made additional investments of MVR 40,700,000/- (2023: MVR Nil) in Government Wakala certificates with an interest ranging from 4.23% to 4.60% (2023: nil) with the maturity period of 98 days to 365 days (2023: Nil).
- 27.7 During the year, the Group made investments of MVR 2,000,000/- (2023: MVR Nil) in Eyecare sukuku with an interest rate of 8% (2023: Nil) with a maturity of 5 years (2023: Nil)
- 27.8 Moreover, investment of MVR 7,901,693/- (2023: MVR 16,000,000/-) in Bank of Maldives Islamic, General Investment Account at the rate of 4.0% (2023: 4.0% per annum) with a maturity period of one year (2023: 1 year) was maintained.
- 27.9 As at reporting date, financial investments with a carrying amount of MVR 331,064,000,00/- (2023: MVR 244,200,000/-) have been pledged as security against loan facilities availed from Habib Bank Limited, MVR 15,420,000/- (2023: MVR 15,420,000/-) for loan facilities availed from State Bank of India.

28	CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS	Group	Compa	ny	
		31/12/2024	31/12/2023	31/12/2024	31/12/2023
	Favorable balances	MVR	MVR	MVR	MVR
	Cash in hand	4,648,766	7,414,225	2,217,477	3,288,684
	Balances at banks	295,011,369	856,692,689	111,660,339	659,752,105
	Short-term financial instruments	786,030,519	876,794,328	566,823,780	822,657,000
	Impairment on bank balances (Note 28.1)	(290,669)	(5,187,008)	(198,322)	(4,618,192)
		1,085,399,985	1,735,714,234	680,503,274	1,481,079,597
	Unfavorable balances				
	Bank overdrafts	(441,380,246)	(144,100,930)	(441,380,246)	(140,993,019)
	Cash and cash equivalents for the purpose of cash flow statement	644,019,739	1,591,613,304	239,123,028	1,340,086,578
28.1	Provision for impairment on bank balance				
	As at 1st January	5,187,008	3,970,256	4,618,192	2,533,829
	Provision made during the year	(4,896,339)	1,216,752	(4,419,870)	2,084,363
	As at 31st December	290,669	5,187,008	198,322	4,618,192

- 28.2 During the year, the Company has invested in short term deposit of MVR 77,100,000 (2023: MVR 177,330,000) in Habib Bank Limited at the rate of interest 2.75% with a maturity period of 3 months, no additional investment in Habib Bank Limited (Singapore) in 2024 (2023: MVR 77,100,000) at an interest rate ranging from 4.15% to 4.68% with a maturity period of 3 to 6 months, investments in ITFC of MVR 354,660,000 (2023: MVR 154,200,000) at an interest rate ranging from 4.45% to 5% with a maturity period of 3 months, an additional investments in Ministry of Finance MVR 135,063,780 (2023:NIL) at an interest rate ranging from 2.50% with a maturity period of 3 months.
- 28.3 During the year, the group has made a short-term investment of MVR 31,593,046/- (2023: MVR 54,137,328/-) in Maldives Islamic Bank, General Investment Account at the rate ranging from 2.20% to 4.0% (2023: 2.2% to 4.0%) with a maturity period of 3 months to 1 year, additional investments of MVR 176,379,583 /- in government T-Bills (2023: Nil) at rates ranging from 3.5% to 4.6% with a maturity period of 3 months to 1 year.
- 28.4 As at the reporting date, short-term financial instruments with a carrying amount of MVR 77,100,000 have been pledged as security for loan facilities obtained from Habib Bank Limited and security amounting to MVR 354,660,000 was pledged in respect of loan facilities obtained from the International Islamic Trade Finance Corporation (ITFC). (In 2023, short-term financial instruments with a carrying amount of MVR 77,000,000 have been pledged as security for loan facilities obtained from Habib Bank Limited and security amounting to MVR 151,887,000 was pledged for loan facilities from HSBC).



#### FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31ST DECEMBER 2024

#### 29 SHARE CAPITAL AND RESERVES

#### A. SHARE CAPITAL AND SHARE PREMIUM

#### 29.1 Authorized

The authorized share capital comprises 2,000,000 (2023: 2,000,000) ordinary shares of par value of MVR.50/- per share.

#### Issued and fully paid

The issued and fully paid share capital comprises 1,126,910 (2023: 1,126,910) ordinary shares at a par value of MVR 50 per share (2023: MVR.50/- per share)

The above mentioned 1,126,910 shares include 26,040 shares issued at a premium of MVR.250/- per share in year 2001 and 60,870 shares issued at a premium of MVR.350/- in year 2003.

#### 29.2 Preference shares

The share capital comprises 2 (2023: 2) redeemable preference shares of MVR 100/- each.

#### 29.3 Dividends and voting rights

The holders of ordinary shares are entitled to receive dividends as declared from time to time and are entitled to one vote per share at the Shareholders' meetings.

#### 29.4 Dividends per share

At the Annual General Meeting held on 12th July 2024, a dividend of MVR 80/- per share in respect of 2023 (2023: declared dividend MVR 77/- per share in respect of 2022) amounting to a total of MVR 90,152,800/- (2022: declared MVR 86,772,070/-) was declared and approved by the shareholders and accounted for in shareholders' equity as an appropriation of retained earnings in the year ended 31st December 2024.

#### B. RESERVES

#### 29.5 General reserve

20% of Profit after tax is reclassifed to General reserve each year. General reserve balance will be utilized for any purpose decided by the Board of Directors.

#### 29.6 Fair value reserve

The fair value reserve comprises the cumulative net change in the fair value of equity investments until the assets are derecognized.

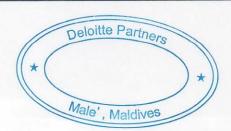
#### 29.7 Claim equalization reserve

Reserve for claim equalization represents 12% of the operating profit of Allied Insurance Company of the Maldives Private Limited before taking into account other operating income of the current year. The reserve was created to meet abnormally high future claims.

#### 29.8 Currency translation reserve

The currency translation reserve comprises all foreign exchange differences arising from the translation of the financial statements of foreign subsidiaries.

30	NON CONTROLLING INTEREST			Gro	<b>1</b> р	
	As at 1st January Share of Profit/(loss) of subsidiary Share of profit/(loss) of other comprehensive income of subsidiary Dividend paid to non controling Interest			31/12/2024 MVR 25,575,817 1,897,958 20,360 (1,600,000)	31/12/2023 MVR 22,961,361 2,614,872 (416)	
	As at 31st December		_	25,894,135	25,575,817	
31	LOANS AND BORROWINGS	Grou	ıp	Comp	pany	
		2024	2023	2024	2023	
		MVR	MVR	MVR	MVR	
	As at 1st January	3,761,031,164	4,535,839,516	3,728,499,015	4,458,721,475	
	Loans obtained during the year	6,740,586,359	6,472,712,455	6,740,586,359	6,476,768,124	
	Repayments during the year	(6,604,581,091)	(7,141,866,149)	(6,557,033,525)	(7,206,990,584)	
	Disposal of a subsidiary (Note 16.4)	-	(105,654,658)	-	-	
	As at 31st December	3,897,036,432	3,761,031,164	3,912,051,849	3,728,499,015	
31.1	Sources of finance					
	Secured loans	3,893,276,138	3,458,681,026	3,912,051,849	3,498,499,015	
	Unsecured loans	3,760,294	302,350,138		230,000,000	
		3,897,036,432	3,761,031,164	3,912,051,849	3,728,499,015	



#### FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31ST DECEMBER 2024

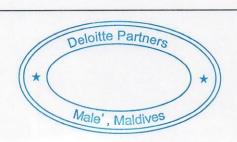
31	LOANS AND BORROWINGS (CONTINUED)	Gro	Group		Company	
31.2	Non - Current Bank borrowings Other borrowings Disposal of a subsidiary (Note 16.4)	2024 MVR 853,985,320	2023 MVR 1,131,032,775 91,170,461 (91,170,461) 1,131,032,775	2024 MVR 811,013,583	2023 MVR 1,070,651,922 - 1,070,651,922	
31.3	Current Bank borrowings Other borrowings Disposal of a subsidiary (Note 16.4)	3,043,051,112 - - 3,043,051,112	2,378,887,905 265,594,676 (14,484,192) 2,629,998,389	3,032,918,556 68,119,710 3,101,038,266	2,325,267,235 332,579,858 - 2,657,847,093	

Terms and repayment s Source of finance		37 6	0 1		Gro		Compa	
Source of finance	Nominal interest rate	Year of	Security	Loan _	carrying		carrying	value
		maturity		denominated currency	31/12/2024 MVR	31/12/2023 MVR	31/12/2024 MVR	31/12/2023 MVR
Hongkong & Shanghai Banking Corporation	SOFR + 7%	Revolving	Government guarantee	USD				
Hongkong & Shanghai Banking Corporation	SOFR + 3.76%	2024	Government guarantee US\$ 25	USD		48,187,500		48,187,5
Hongkong & Shanghai Banking Corporation	1 Month T-Bill Rate + 6.25%	2028	Mortgage of Property STO	MVR		STEET SHALL FREE SHEET		
Allied Insurance	5.00%	Pavolvina	Un-secured.	MVR		113,066,667		113,066,6
Habib Bank Limited	7.00%	2021	Backed by STO's				68,119,710	68,119,7
Habib Bank Limited	28 Day T-Bill +5% /	2024	Backed by USD	USD	84,079,824	84,149,824	84,079,824	84,149,8
Bank of Maldives	Floor of 8.5% 8.50%	2027	5m Deposit Backed by STO's	MVR		77,100,000	-	77,100,0
			assets (Supermart	USD	70,496,423	103,225,778	70,496,423	103,225,7
Ministry of Finance and treasury	Profit Share 65 : 35 (7%)	2022	Un-secured.	MVR		130,000,000		130,000,0
Ministry of Finance and treasury	Profit Share 60:40 (7.5%)	2022	Un-secured.	MVR		100,000,000		100,000,0
Ministry of Finance and treasury	7.50%	2022	MIFCO assets procured /			100,000,000		100,000,0
			constructed under	MVR		34,460,148		34,460,1
International Islamic Trade finance corporation	2.95% + SOFR	2022	Government guarantee					
CFSIT Inc	Term SOFR + 5.48%	2025	Government	USD	1,724,042,335	2,035,659,961	1,724,042,335	2,035,659,9
Habib Bank Limited	SOFR + 6% (Floor rate	2027	guarantee	USD	848,100,000	848,100,000	848,100,000	848,100,0
	8%)			USD	61,829,556	86,429,426	61,829,556	86,429,4
Habib Bank Limited	8.00%	2026	Backed by HBL term deposit	USD	53,104,293	72,350,137		
Hongkong & Shanghai Banking Corporation	6.21% + SOFR	2025	Backed by Maldives Gas properties and facilities in					
Habib Bank Limited	28 Day Tbill +3% pa	2025	Thilafushi Dollar Fixed	USD	50,000,000	28,301,722	50,000,000	
Habib Bank Limited	(Floor 6.5% pa) 0.06	2027	Deposit Dollar Fixed Deposit (DP7-	OSD	50,000,000	•	50,000,000	
Habib Bank Limited	28 Day Tbill +3% pa	2025	MAL-2050-0633) MVR Lien held in	USD	80,184,000		80,184,000	
Habib Bank Limited	(Floor 6.5% pa) 28 Day Tbill +3% pa	2025	Account Dollar Fixed	USD	77,100,000	3#3	77,100,000	
CFSIT Inc	(Floor 6.5% pa) SOFR + 7%	2027	Deposit Sovereign	USD	77,100,000	-	77,100,000	
CFS11 Inc	SUFK + /76	2027	Guarantee	USD _	771,000,000 3,897,036,432	3,761,031,164	771,000,000 3,912,051,849	3,728,499,

#### 31.5 Undrawn borrowing facilities

The company has undrawn loan balance of MVR 1,144,478,097 (2023: MVR 721,180,991) as at 31st December 2024.

31.6 Loan covenants
Under the terms of the loan agreements with banks, the Group is required to comply with the following key financial covenants
Minimum current ratio of 0.9: 1
Adjusted current ratio of 1:1 (excluding current portion of long term debt)
As at 31st December 2024, the Group was in compliance with all covenants.



#### FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31ST DECEMBER 2024

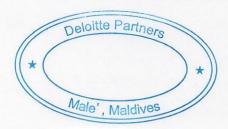
- 31 LOANS AND BORROWINGS (CONTINUED)
- 31.6 Bank borrowings of the Group / Company are secured by inventories, receivables, vessels, buildings, leasehold rights of commercial plots and guarantee from the Government of Maldives.
- 31.7 During the year 2024, the Group / Company has not incurred any foreign exchange loss on borrowings (2023: nil).
- 31.8 This financing facilities obtained from Ministry of finance with the profit share arrangement need to be repaid within specified time period and therefore recognized as financial liability and classified under amortized cost.
- 31.9 Maturity analysis of undiscounted loans and borrowings is as follows:

	Later than 1 year and not later than 5 years	2024	2023	2024	2023	
	7,000	883,760,506 883,760,506	1,160,807,961	840,788,769	1,100,427,108	
		883,700,300	1,100,807,901	840,788,769	1,100,427,108	
32	LEASE LIABILITY	Gro	up	Company		
		2024	2023	2024	2023	
		MVR	MVR	MVR	MVR	
	As at 1st January	294,512,795	622,340,233	201,192,585	235,984,791	
	Additions during the year	225,306,661	20,205,099	215,806,744	11,077,932	
	Interest charge for the year (Note 9)	33,471,464	32,402,475	26,891,049	19,599,891	
	Interest charge for the year (Discontinued operations)		4,085,522			
	Modifications during the year (Note 19)	80,092,541	7,309,031	80,356,335	5,623,469	
	Interest payment	(33,471,464)	(32,402,475)	(26,891,049)	(19,599,891)	
	Interest payment (Disconinued operations)		(4,085,522)		(,,	
	Principal payment	(124,739,188)	(54,769,763)	(111,043,623)	(50,427,540)	
	Disposals during the year	(8,539,449)	(258,067,669)	(8,539,449)	(1,066,067)	
	Disposal of a subsidiary (Note 16.4)	•	(42,504,135)			
	As at 31st December	466,633,362	294,512,795	377,772,592	201,192,585	
	Non - current liabilities	267,241,594	243,467,520	190,812,986	162,931,285	
	Current liabilities	199,391,768	51.045.275	186 959 607	38 261 300	

- 32.1 The total cash outflow for leases in 2024 for the Group was MVR 160,085,198/- (2023: MVR 87,172,238/-) and Company MVR 137,934,672/- (2023: MVR 70,027,431/-).
- 32.2 Lease modification for the year 2024 represents revision of lease terms without changing the underlying lease asset.
   32.3 The Company does not face a significant liquidity risk with regard to its lease liabilities.
- The security deposit of MVR 1,043,765 for leases in 2024 is held by the lessor throughout the term of the lease. The deposit is refundable to the company at the end of lease term.

  32.5 Maturity analysis of undiscounted non-current lease liabilities is as follows:

		Group		Company		
		2024	2023	2024	2023	
	Later than 1 year and not later than 5 years	291,551,906	196,364,634	193,204,667	130,797,889	
	Later than 5 years	251,553,011	357,272,641	209,828,732	201,280,907	
		543,104,917	553,637,275	403,033,399	332,078,796	
	Sensitivity of incremental borrowing rate to lease					
		Gro		Comp		
	As of 31 December 2024	Increase 1%	Decrease 1%	Increase 1%	Decrease 1%	
	(Decrease) / increase in net carrying amount of right-of-use assets	(3,410,294)	3,640,594	(1,223,851)	1.235.163	
	(Decrease) / increase in lease liability	(1,024,944)	5,246,933	(1,106,147)		
	(Decrease) / increase in depreciation				1,115,971	
	Increase / (decrease) in interest expense	(517,117)	544,537	(124,613)	125,361	
	Increase / (decrease) in total expense	2,111,702 1,594,585	744,323 1,288,860	186,666 62,053	(187,788)	
	increase, (decrease) in total expense				(62,426)	
		Increase 1%	Decrease 1%	Comp Increase 1%	Decrease 1%	
	As of 31 December 2023	Increase 170	Decrease 170	Increase 170	Decrease 176	
	(Decrease) / increase in net carrying amount of right-of-use assets	(1,084,832)	1,129,498	(965,215)	975,652	
	(Decrease) / increase in lease liability	(1,114,613)	1,168,462	(901,275)	910,583	
	,	(1,111,012)	1,100,102	(501,275)	710,505	
	(Decrease) / increase in depreciation	(508,592)	536,135	(113,521)	114,236	
	Increase / (decrease) in interest expense	231,515	(237,947)	123,552	(124,539)	
	Increase / (decrease) in total expense	(277,076)	298,187	10,032	(10,303)	
33	DEFINED BENEFIT OBLIGATION	Gro	up	Comp	any	
		2024	2023	2024	2023	
		MVR	MVR	MVR	MVR	
	As at 1st January	88,857,394	143,702,723	63,555,919	55,724,125	
	Current service cost	6,407,675	5,405,489	4,192,838	3,449,941	
	Current service cost (Discontinued operations)	•	3,954,445			
	Past service cost		1,922,827			
	Interest cost	4,087,440	3,487,606	2,923,572	2,563,310	
	Interest cost (Discontinued operations)		3,937,983			
	Deficit/(gain) for the year	7,629,070	7,690,741	6,971,023	3,593,313	
		106,981,579	170,101,814	77,643,352	65,330,689	
	Less: payments during the year	(3,178,449)	(5,466,765)	(2,030,690)	(1,774,770)	
	Less: payments during the year (Discontinued operations)		(3,866,589)	-		
	Disposal of a subsidiary (Note 16.4) As at 31st December	103,803,130	(71,911,067) 88,857,393	75,612,662	63,555,919	



### FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31ST DECEMBER 2024

### 33 DEFINED BENEFIT OBLIGATION (continued)

33.1 Following amounts are recognized in profit or loss and other comprehensive income during the year in respect of retirement benefit obligation.

	Group		Compa	ny
	2024	2023	2024	2023
Amount recognized in profit or loss	MVR	MVR	MVR	MVR
Current service cost	6,407,675	5,405,489	4,192,838	3,449,941
Past service cost		1,922,827		
Interest cost	4,087,440	3,487,606	2,923,572	2,563,310
	10,495,115	10,815,922	7,116,410	6,013,251
Amount recognized in other comprehensive income				
Deficit for the year	7,629,070	7,690,741	6,971,023	3,593,313
	7,629,070	7,690,741	6,971,023	3,593,313

33.2 The Group / Company have engaged a qualified actuary to estimate the retirement benefit obligation. The projected unit credit method is used to determine the present value of the defined benefit obligation. Key assumptions used in the calculation are as follows:

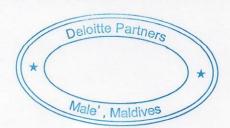
	Group		Company	
	2024	2023	2024	2023
Expected salary increment	2% - 5%	2% - 5%	4.00%	4.00%
Discount rate	4.60%	4.60%	4.60%	4.60%
Staff turnover factor	10% - 19%	10% - 20%	11.00%	10.00%

#### 33.3 Sensitivity analysis

The following table demonstrates the sensitivity to a reasonably possible change in the key assumptions employed with all other variables held constant in the employment benefit liability measurement.

The sensitivity of the total comprehensive income and statement of financial position is the effect of the assumed changes in discount rate, expected salary increment rate and staff turnover rate to total comprehensive income and defined benefit obligation for the year.

As at 31st December 2024		Sensitivity effect on				
	Total comprehensive income increase / (reduction)	Defined benefit increase / (reduction) in the liability	Total comprehensive income increase / (reduction)	Defined benefit increase / (reduction) in the liability		
	MVR	MVR	MVR	MVR		
	Gr	roup	Comp	any		
Increase in discount rate (1%)	1,300,076	(1,300,076)	4,701,728	(4,701,728)		
Decrease in discount rate (1%)	(2,792,124)	10,166,322	(5,365,043)	5,365,043		
Increase in expected salary increment rate (1%)	(2,037,699)	2,037,699	(4,778,970)	4,778,970		
Decrease in expected salary increment rate (1%)	836,087	(836,087)	4,256,327	(4,256,327)		
Increase in staff turnover rate (1%)	(3,645,348)	3,645,348	344,193	(344,193)		
Decrease in staff turnover rate (1%)	3,621,869	(3,621,869)	(352,891)	352,891		
As at 31st December 2023	Sensitivity effect on					
	Total comprehensive income increase / (reduction)	Defined benefit increase / (reduction) in the liability	Total comprehensive income increase / (reduction)	Defined benefit increase / (reduction) in the liability		
	MVR	MVR	MVR	MVR		
	Gi	roup	Comp	any		
Increase in discount rate (1%)	8,415,283	(8,415,283)	4,187,054	(4,187,054)		
Decrease in discount rate (1%)	(9,650,257)	9,650,257	(4,816,877)	4,816,877		
Increase in expected salary increment rate (1%)	(8,989,778)	8,989,778	(4,299,718)	4,299,718		
Decrease in expected salary increment rate (1%)	7,998,961	(7,998,961)	3,798,002	(3,798,002)		
Increase in staff turnover rate (1%)	5,478,705	(5,478,705)	215,028	(215,028)		
Decrease in staff turnover rate (1%)	(1,783,563)	1,783,563	(196,542)	196,542		



#### FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31ST DECEMBER 2024

### 33 DEFINED BENEFIT OBLIGATION (CONTINUED)

#### 33.3 Sensitivity analysis (continued)

34

As at 31st December 2024		Group			Company	
Future expected working life	No of employees	Average future expected working life	Defined benefit obligation	No of employees	Average future expected working life	Defined benefit obligation
Within the next 12 months	39	0.50 - 0.58	2,691,401	17	0.58	1,672,009
Between 1-2years	18	1.23 - 1.54	1,564,430	6	1.54	1,050,686
Between 2-5 years	193	3.37 - 4.84	14,853,792	53	3.59	7,222,113
Between 5-10 years	3,159	5.19 - 9.37	84,693,508	2,349	8.43	65,667,854
Total	3,409		103,803,130	2,425		75,612,662
As at 31st December 2023		Group			Company	
Future expected working life	No of employees	Average future expected working life	Defined benefit obligation	No of employees	Average future expected working life	Defined benefit obligation
Within the next 12 months	30	0.33 - 0.62	2,228,754	11	0.62	1,799,442
Between 1-2years	15	1.44-1.53	1,102,475	9	1.53	987,275
Between 2-5 years	644	3.79 - 4.96	19,604,255	47	3.79	7,268,274
Between 5-10 years	2,534	6.13 - 9.15	65,921,910	2,192	9.15	53,500,929
Total	3,223		88,857,394	2,259		63,555,920
TRADE AND OTHER PAYAB	LES		Gro	oup	Comp	oany

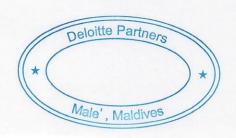
TRADE AND OTHER PAYABLES		Grou	Company		
		2024	2023	2024	2023
		MVR	MVR	MVR	MVR
	Trade payables	2,856,347,953	2,785,423,335	2,602,235,594	2,621,844,001
	Accrued expenses	73,307,163	74,189,946	52,910,995	60,522,906
	Dividend payable	440,678,613	364,964,448	440,678,613	364,964,448
	Other payable	268,618,980	256,962,618	208,964,080	196,260,427
		3,638,952,709	3,481,540,347	3,304,789,282	3,243,591,782

34.1 For the year 2024, trade payables include payable to fuel vendors (mainly Vitol Bunkers) amounting MVR 1,961,525,695/- which carries an interest of 2.15% plus SOFR for any additional period in excess of 31 days to and including 150 days. 2.95% plus SOFR for any additional period from 151 days up to and including 180 days. Vitol Bunkers had nil balance as at 31st December 2023.

For the year 2023, trade payables include payable to fuel vendors (mainly OQ Trading Limited) amounting MVR 2,290,678,825 which carries an interest of 2.5% plus SOFR for any additional period in excess of 31 days to and including 90 days, 2.9% (2022: 3.1%) plus SOFR for any additional period from 91 days up to and including 180 days. As at 31st December 2024, OQ Trading Limited had balance amount MVR 255,586/-

34.2 Other payables of the Company mainly includes advances received from customers amounting to MVR 46,446,252 /- (2023: MVR 56,147,703/-) and other advances received from government amounting to MVR 7,211,152/- (2023: MVR 7,854,151/-).

35	DEFERRED INCOME	Group	Group		
		2024	2023	2024	2023
		MVR	MVR	MVR	MVR
	As at 1st January	44,828,528	64,438,668	53,913,945	45,875,798
	Received during the year	6,302,903	16,844,625		11,962,800
	Recognized during the year	(9,981,079)	(9,916,798)	(4,323,414)	(3,924,652)
	Disposal of a subsidiary (Note 16.4)	= - = - = - = - = - = - = - = - = - = -	(26,537,967)		
		41,150,350	44,828,528	49,590,528	53,913,945
	Analysis of deferred income		1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1		
	Realize within one year	9,273,484	9,160,635	4,323,414	4,323,414
	Realize after one year	31,876,865	35,667,894	45,267,113	49,590,531
		41,150,350	44,828,529	49,590,528	53,913,945



#### FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31ST DECEMBER 2024

#### DEFERRED INCOME (CONTINUED)

35.1 Deferred revenues relate to the rent received in advance from tenants and registration fees received from customers. Rent advances are initially recognized in liabilities as deferred income and credited to profit or loss as revenue over the period to which rent advances are related to. On receipt of the registration fees, they are included in liabilities as deferred revenue and are credited to profit or loss as revenue on a straight line basis over 5 years.

Group

Company

1,044,990

#### INSURANCE CONTRACTS

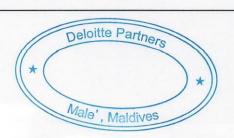
39

		2024 MVR	2023 MVR	2024 MVR	2023 MVR
	Insurance contract liabilities (Note 26.10)	520,105,451	438,036,505	_	-
	Total insurance liabilities, gross	520,105,451	438,036,505	•	-
37	REINSURANCE CONTRACTS				
		Grou	р	Compa	iny
		2024	2023	2024	2023
		MVR	MVR	MVR	MVR
	Reinsurance contract liabilities (Note 26.10)	4,484,859	713,688	-	- 111 - 7
	Total reinsurance liabilities	4,484,859	713,688	-	-
38	CURRENT TAX LIABILITIES	Grou	р	Compa	ny
		2024	2023	2024	2023
		MVR	MVR	MVR	MVR
	As at 1st January	186,344,693	105,886,360	123,908,263	105,304,041
					The state of the s

As at 1st January 186,344,693 105,886,360 123,908,263 Provision for the year (Note 11) 198,769,087 276,867,769 152,797,481 200,818,579 Charge for the year (Discontinued operations) 11,040,913 Disposal of a subsidiary (11,040,913)Tax paid during the year (326,036,873) (198,271,683) (224, 317, 553) (183, 259, 347) Adjustment in respect of prior years (Note 11) 1,862,247 186,344,693 As at 31st December 59,076,908 52,388,192 123,908,263

AMOUNTS DUE TO RELATED PARTIES	Relationship	Grou	ip	Company	
		31/12/2024	31/12/2023	31/12/2024	31/12/2023
		MVR	MVR	MVR	MVR
STO PLC					
STO Maldives (Singapore) Private Limited	Subsidiary	•			-
Maldive Gas Private Limited	Subsidiary		-	5,992,812	6,694,349
Fuel Supplies Maldives Private Limited	Subsidiary		-	1,033,005	1,033,005
Allied Insurance Company of the Maldives Private Limited	Subsidiary		-	129,897,532	82,017,164
Maldives Industrials Fisheries Company Limited	Affiliate	2,124,317		2,124,317	
Maldives State Shipping Company Private Limited	Subsidiary	-		37,252,376	8,507,893
Raysut Maldives Cement Private Limited	Associate	32,361,284	35,179,397	32,361,284	35,179,397
Maldives Structural Product Private Limited	Joint venture	30,346,734	16,569,025	30,346,734	16,569,025
Ministry of Housing and Infrastructure	Affiliate	18,638,882	15,830,882	18,638,882	15,830,882
Fenaka Corporation Limited	Affiliate	4,522,666	29,028,370	3,439,524	28,176,408
Ministry of Finance and Treasury	Majority				
	shareholder	44,001,500	71,903,277	44,001,500	71,903,277
Housing Development Corporation Limited	Affiliate	13,004,229	13,080,539	13,004,229	13,080,539
Rainbow Enterprises Private Limited	Affiliate	56,290	79,380	56,290	79,380
State Electric Company Limited (STELCO)	Affiliate	2,269,163	3,583,376	2,269,163	3,583,376
Maldives Airport Company Limited	Affiliate	21,520,434	339,023	21,520,434	339,023
Indira Gandhi Memorial Hospital	Affiliate	504,593	232,674	504,593	232,674
Aasandha Private Limited	Affiliate	3,299,517	3,440,850	3,299,517	3,440,850
Maldives Transport and contracting company	Affiliate	2,935,055	1,637,188	2,935,055	1,637,188
Island Aviation Service ltd	Affiliate	1,083,232	4,508,610	1,083,232	4,508,610
Tree Top Health Pvt Ltd	Affiliate	46,429	53,362	46,429	53,362
Maldives Pension Administration	Affiliate	1,804,068	1,665,931	1,804,068	1,665,931
Hulhumale Hospital	Affiliate	16,500	-	16,500	-
Maldives Road Development Corporation	Affiliate	31,941		-	-
Other Government entities	Affiliate	11,488,093	12,887,614	10,607,762	12,144,271
		190,054,926	210,019,503	362,235,237	306,676,604

<sup>39.1</sup> The amount due to related parties are unsecured, interest free, and have no fixed repayment period. Accordingly, these amounts have been determined to be payable on demand and classified as current liabilities.



#### FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31ST DECEMBER 2024

#### 40 CAPITAL MANAGEMENT

The Group's objectives when managing capital are to safeguard the group's ability to continue as a going concern in order to provide return for shareholders and benefits for other stakeholders and to maintain an optimal capital structure to reduce the cost of capital.

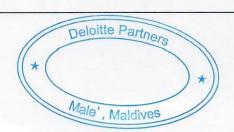
In order to maintain or adjust the capital structure, the Group may adjust the amount of dividends paid to Shareholders, return capital to Shareholders, issue new shares or sell assets to reduce debt.

Consistent with others in the industry, the Group monitors capital on the basis of the gearing ratio. Net debt is calculated as total borrowings (including borrowings, trade and other payables, amounts due to related parties, bank overdrafts and lease liabilities as shown in the consolidated statement of financial position) less cash and cash equivalents. Total capital is calculated as 'equity' as shown in the consolidated statement of financial position plus

	Gro	up	Comp	any
	31/12/2024 MVR	31/12/2023 MVR	31/12/2024 MVR	31/12/2023 MVR
Loans and borrowings (Note 31)	3,897,036,432	3,761,031,160	3,912,051,849	3,728,499,015
Trade and other payables (Note 34)	3,638,952,709	3,481,540,349	3,304,789,282	3,243,591,782
Amounts due to related parties (Note 39)	190,054,926	210,019,503	362,235,237	306,676,604
Bank overdrafts (Note 28)	441,380,246	144,100,930	441,380,246	140,993,019
Lease liabilities (Note 32)	466,633,362	294,512,795	377,772,592	201,192,585
Less: Cash and cash equivalent (Note 28)	(1,085,399,985)	(1,735,714,234)	(680,503,274)	(1,481,079,597)
Net debt	7,548,657,690	6,155,490,503	7,717,725,932	6,139,873,408
Total equity	5,943,567,029	5,259,340,744	4,955,909,457	4,310,529,054
Total capital employed	13,492,224,719	11,414,831,248	12,673,635,389	10,450,402,462
Gearing	56%	54%	61%	59%

The increase in gearing ratio of the Company during 2024 is primarily due to increase in loans and borrowings obtained during the year and increased overdraft facilitiy balances and reduction in cash and cash equivalents as at year ended 2024.

Group	Loans and borrowings	Payables	Leases	Sub-total	Cash / bank overdraft	Total
Net debt as at 1st January 2023	4,535,839,517	3,514,390,284	622,340,232	8,672,570,032	(633,105,649)	8,039,464,383
Financing cash flows	(774,808,352)		(97,273,896)	(872,082,248)	741,462,321	(130,619,927)
Working capital changes	-	116,726,147	_	116,726,147	(1,885,092,660)	(1,768,366,512)
Investments					(2,798,549)	(2,798,549)
New leases			20,205,099	20,205,099	(20,205,099)	-
Lease modification			7,309,031	7,309,031		7,309,031
Lease disposals			(258,067,669)	(258,067,669)	258,067,669	-
Dividend	-	69,233,206	-	69,233,206	(17,538,864)	51,694,342
Interest expense		309,549,851	(32,402,475)	277,147,376	-	277,147,376
Interest payments (presented as		(318, 339, 642)	32,402,475	(285,937,167)	(32,402,475)	(318,339,642)
operating cash flows)						
Net debt as at 31st December 2023	3,761,031,165	3,691,559,846	294,512,797	7,747,103,807	(1,591,613,306)	6,155,490,503
Financing cash flows	136,005,269		(124,739,188)	11,266,080	1 772 556	16 020 626
Working capital changes	130,003,209	69,079,802	(124,739,100)	69,079,802	4,772,556 (132,127,358)	16,038,636
Investments		07,077,002		09,079,002	1,341,225,676	(63,047,555)
New leases			225,306,661	225,306,661	(225,306,661)	1,341,225,676
Lease modification			80,092,541	80,092,541	(223,300,001)	80,092,541
Lease disposals			(8,539,449)	(8,539,449)	8,539,449	60,092,341
Dividend		75,714,165	(0,555,445)	75,714,165	(16,038,635)	59,675,530
Interest expense		393,434,301	(33,471,464)	359,962,837	(10,030,033)	359,962,837
Interest payments (presented as		(400,780,485)	33,471,464	(367,309,021)	(33,471,464)	(400,780,485)
operating cash flows)		(400,700,403)	33,471,404	(307,307,021)	(33,471,404)	(400,700,403)
Net debt as at 31st December 2024	3,897,036,434	3,829,007,629	466,633,362	8,192,677,424	(644,019,743)	7,548,657,691



#### FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31ST DECEMBER 2024

## 40 CAPITAL MANAGEMENT (continued)

Company	Loans and borrowings	Payables	Leases	Sub-total	Cash / bank overdraft	Total
Net debt as at 1st January 2023	4,458,721,477	3,169,065,939	235,984,791	7,863,772,207	(1,032,931,441)	6,830,840,766
Financing cash flows	(730,222,458)	-	(50,427,541)	(780,649,999)	795,538,864	14,888,865
Working capital changes	-	305,306,447	-	305,306,447	(1,525,398,058)	(1,220,091,611)
Investments			_	-	467,204,680	467,204,680
New leases			11,077,932	11,077,932	(11,077,932)	407,204,000
Lease modification			5,623,469	5,623,469	(11,077,952)	5,623,469
Lease disposals	_		(1,066,067)	(1,066,067)	1,066,067	3,023,409
Dividend		71,883,206	(1,000,007)	71,883,206	(14,888,864)	56,994,342
Interest expense		304,060,584	(19,599,891)	284,460,693	(14,000,004)	284,460,693
Interest payments (presented as operating cash flows)		(300,047,791)	19,599,891	(280,447,900)	(19,599,891)	(300,047,795)
Net debt as at 31st December 2023	3,728,499,019	3,550,268,386	201,192,584	7,479,959,988	(1,340,086,575)	6,139,873,408
Financing cash flows	183,552,836	-	(111,043,624)	72,509,212	(58,070,576)	14,438,636
Working capital changes		41,807,736	-	41,807,736	(37,633,134)	4,174,601
Investments				,,	1,445,264,240	1,445,264,240
New leases			215,806,744	215,806,744	(215,806,744)	1,445,204,240
Lease modification			80,356,335	80,356,335	(215,000,711)	80,356,335
Lease disposals			(8,539,449)	(8,539,449)	8,539,449	00,550,555
Dividend		75,714,165	(0,000,00)	75,714,165	(14,438,635)	61,275,530
Interest expense		386,470,910	(26,891,049)	359,579,861	(14,430,033)	359,579,861
Interest payments (presented as operating cash flows)		(387,236,679)	26,891,049	(360,345,630)	(26,891,049)	(387,236,685)
Net debt as at 31st December 2024	3,912,051,855	3,667,024,517	377,772,590	7,956,848,962	(239,123,024)	7,717,725,932

#### 41 COMMITMENTS

		Group		Company	
		2024	2023	2024	2023
		MVR	MVR	MVR	MVR
41.1	Capital commitments				
	Capital expenditure contracted as of				
	the reporting date but not yet				
	incurred	123,097,959	121,338,513	123,097,959	117,630,774

There were no other material capital commitments outstanding at the reporting date which require disclosure in the financial statements.

### 41.2 Undrawn borrowing facilities

The company has undrawn loan balance of MVR 1,144,478,097 (2023: MVR 721,180,991) as at 31st December 2024.

#### 42 CONTINGENT LIABILITY

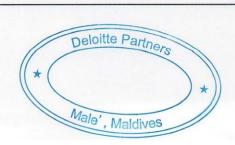
(i) State Trading Organization PLC has issued following corporate guarantees for the facilities obtained by its subsidiaries and jointly controlled company.

In favor of	Purpose	Issued to	31/12/2024 MVR	31/12/2023 MVR
Maldives Structural Products Private Limited	Overdraft	Bank of Maldives	3,855,000	3,855,000
Maldives Structural Products Private Limited	Letter of credit	Bank of Maldives	15,420,000	15,420,000
Maldives Structural Products Private Limited	Loan facility	Bank of Maldives	19,275,000	19,275,000
Maldive Gas Private Limited	Loan facility	HSBC		71,548,800
Maldive Gas Private Limited	Loan facility	Allied Insurance	61,680,000	-
			100,230,000	110,098,800

There were no other material contingent liabilities which require disclosure in the consolidated and separate financial statements as at the reporting date other than those disclosed above.

(ii) Letter of credits issued by the banks to the Company as at 31st December:

Issued by	31/12/2024 MVR	31/12/2023 MVR
State bank of India	30,222,436	66,333,480
	30,222,436	66,333,480



#### FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31ST DECEMBER 2024

#### FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS - FAIR VALUE AND RISK MANAGEMENT

A. Accounting classifications and fair values

The following table shows the carrying amounts and fair values of financial assets and financial liabilities, including their level in the fair value hierarchy.

AC	AT	31CT	DECEMBER	2024

Group			Carrying amo	ount			Fair value	
Financial assets measured at fair	FVTPL	FVOCI	Amortized Cost		Total	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3
value				Other financial liabilities				zerero
	MVR	MVR	MVR	MVR	MVR	MVR	MVR	MVR
Investment in equity instruments	-	107,865,800		-	107,865,800	105,625,000	-	2,240,800
El	-	107,865,800	-	-	107,865,800	105,625,000	-	2,240,800
Financial assets not measured at fair value								
Other financial investments			2,579,093,478		2,579,093,478		-	
Trade and other receivables		-	808,752,197	-	808,752,197		-	
Loans receivables		-	427,193,555	-	427,193,555			
Amounts due from related parties		-	4,200,908,732		4,200,908,732		_	
Reinsurance contracts	-	-	209,531,645		209,531,645			
Cash and cash equivalents		-	1,085,399,985		1,085,399,985		-	
		-	9,310,879,592		9,310,879,592		-	-
Financial liabilities not measured								
at fair value								
Bank overdraft		_	441,380,246		441,380,246			
Loans and borrowings			3,897,036,432		3,897,036,432		-	
Lease liabilities			466,633,362		466,633,362	-		
Amounts due to related parties			190,054,926		190,054,926	-		
Insurance contracts			520,105,451		520,105,451			-
rade and other payables			3,512,132,643		3,512,132,643		-	
Trade and called payables	-	-			9,027,343,060			
AS AT 31ST DECEMBER 2023			Carrying amo			Fair value		
	FVTPL	FVOCI	Amortized Cost		Total	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3
Group				Other financial liabilities				
	MVR	MVR	MVD		MAND	100	3.43/m	
Financial assets measured at fair value	MVK	MVK	MVR	MVR	MVR	MVR	MVR	MVR
Investment in equity instruments	-	95,990,800	-	-	95,990,800	93,750,000	-	2,240,800
	-	95,990,800	-	•	95,990,800	93,750,000	-	2,240,800
Financial assets not measured at fair value								
Other financial investments	-		1,612,542,107	Edward Land	1,612,542,107			
Trade and other receivable	-	-	698,386,363		698,386,363	-	-	
Loans receivables		-	583,809,388		583,809,388	-		
Amounts due from related parties			3,564,970,376		3,564,970,376			
Reinsurance contracts		-	209,991,164		209,991,164			
Cash and cash equivalents	- 1.0	-	1,735,714,234		1,735,714,234	-	-	
		-	8,405,413,631	-	8,405,413,631	-	-	-
Financial liabilities not measured								
at fair value								
Bank overdraft		-	144,100,930	-	144,100,930	-	-	
Loans and borrowings	-		3,761,031,164	1/12	3,761,031,164		_	
Lease liabilities		-	294,512,795	Figure 1	294,512,795			
Amounts due to related parties		-	210,019,503		210,019,503	-		
Insurance contracts	11 500	-	438,036,505		438,036,505	-	_	
Too do and other nevel les			2 207 210 240		2 207 210 240			

8,144,911,236 43.A.1 The Group has not disclosed the fair values for financial instruments when their carrying amounts are a reasonable approximation of fair value.

43.A.2 The fair value of the investment in equity instruments is based on the marketable shares and the net assets amounts as at year end of related companies.

3,297,210,340

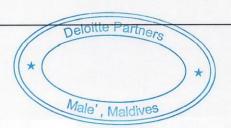
Below is the hierarhy for the fair value instruments.

Trade and other payables

Level 1: The fair value of financial instruments traded in active markets ( such as publicly traded derivatives, and equity securities) is based on quoted market prices at the end of the reporting period. The quoted market price used for financial assets held by the group is the current bid price. These instruments are included in level 1.

Level 2: The fair value of financial instruments that are not traded in an active market (e.g. over-the-counter derivatives ) is determined using valuation techniques that maximise the use of observable market data and rely as little as possible on entity-specific estimates. If all significant inputs required to fair value an instrument are observable, the instrument is included in level 2.

Level 3: If one or more of the significant inputs is not based on observable market data, the instrument is included in level 3. This is the case for unlisted equity securities.



3,297,210,340

8,144,911,236

### FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31ST DECEMBER 2024

## 43 FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS - FAIR VALUE AND RISK MANAGEMENT (CONTINUED)

### A. Accounting classifications and fair values (Continued)

The following table shows the carrying amounts and fair values of financial assets and financial liabilities, including their level in the fair value hierarchy.

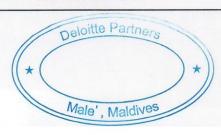
### AS AT 31ST DECEMBER

2024			Carrying	amount				Fair valu	ie
Company Financial assets measured at	FVTP L MVR	FVOCI MVR	Amortized Cost MVR	Other financial assets MVR	Other financial liabilities MVR	Total MVR	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3
fair value									
Investment in equity instruments	-	2,240,800	-		-	2,240,800		-	2,240,800
Til	-	2,240,800				2,240,800	-	-	2,240,800
Financial assets not measured at fair value									
Other financial investments	-		2,275,294,159			2,275,294,159	_	_	
Trade and other receivables	-	-	222,613,889			222,613,889	_		
Loans receivables	-		336,133,137	4		336,133,137		-	
Amounts due from related parties	-	-	4,897,895,748			4,897,895,748		-	
Cash and cash equivalents	-		680,503,274		-	680,503,274	-	-	
	-	-	8,412,440,207			8,412,440,207	-	-	
Financial liabilities not measured at fair value									
Bank overdraft	-		441,380,246			441,380,246	-	-	
Loans and borrowings	-	-	3,912,051,849			3,912,051,849	-	-	
Lease liabilities	-	-	377,772,592			377,772,592	-	_	
Amounts due to related parties	-	-	362,235,237		-	362,235,237	-	-	
Trade and other payables	-		3,177,969,216		-	3,177,969,216	-	-	
	-	-	8,271,409,140			8,271,409,140			
AS AT 31ST DECEMBER 2023			Carrying	amount				Fair valu	e

AS AT 31ST DECEMBER 2023	Contributions		Carrying	amount				Fair valu	ie
Company	FVTP L	FVOCI	Amortized Cost	Other financial assets	Other financial liabilities	Total	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3
Financial assets measured at	MVR	MVR	MVR	MVR	MVR	MVR	MVR	MVR	MVR
fair value Investment in equity instruments	-	2,240,800			-	2,240,800	_		2,240,800
-1-7	-	2,240,800	-		-	2,240,800	-		2,240,800
Financial assets not measured at fair value							2011/11/2011/10		
Other financial investments	-	-	1,107,720,000	-	-	1,107,720,000	-	-	-
Trade and other receivables	-	-	203,218,297		-	203,218,297	-	-	-
Loans receivables	-	-	383,308,916		-	383,308,916	-	-	-
Amounts due from related parties	-		4,321,899,931			4,321,899,931	-	-	-
Cash and cash equivalents		-	1,481,079,597		-	1,481,079,597	-	-	
			7,497,226,740			7,497,226,740	-		
Financial liabilities not measured at fair value									
Bank overdraft	-	-	140,993,019	11754	-	140,993,019	-	-	-
Loans and borrowings	-		3,728,499,015			3,728,499,015	-	-	-
Lease liabilities		-	201,192,585		-	201,192,585	-	-	-
Amounts due to related parties	-	-	306,676,604		-	306,676,604	-	-	-
Trade and other payables	-	-	3,059,261,774			3,059,261,774	-	-	-
	-	-	7,436,622,997		-	7,436,622,997	-	-	-

<sup>43.</sup>A.3 The Company has not disclosed the fair values of financial instruments when their carrying amounts are a reasonable approximation of fair value.

<sup>43.</sup>A.4 The fair value of the investment in equity instruments is based on the net assets amounts as at year end of related companies for unlisted companies. For listed companies shares for fair value have been determined by Level 1 stock exchange quoted prices.



### FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31ST DECEMBER 2024

## 43 FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS - FAIR VALUE AND RISK MANAGEMENT (CONTINUED)

#### B. Measurement of fair value

#### (i) Valuation techniques and significant unobservable input

The following tables show the valuation techniques used in measuring level 2 and level 3 fair values, as well as the significant unobservable inputs used.

#### Financial Instruments measured at fair value

Туре	Valuation techniques	Significant unobservable input	Quantitative Information	Inter relationship between significant unobservable inputs and fair value measurement
Equity investments	Discounted cashflow method	Discount Rate, Future Cash Flows	Discount rate 10.11%	Changes in the discount rate can significantly affect the fair value measurement. Higher discount rates result in lower fair values, while lower discount rates result in higher fair values.

#### C. Financial risk management

#### (i) Overview

The Group / the Company has exposure to the following risks from its use of financial instruments:

- · Credit risk
- Liquidity risk
- · Market risk

This note presents information about the Group's exposure to each of the above risks, the Group's / the Company's objectives, policies and processes for measuring and managing risk, and the Group's / the Company's management of capital. Further, quantitative disclosures are included throughout these group's / the Company's financial statements.

#### (ii) Risk management framework

The Board of Directors has overall responsibility for the establishment and oversight of the Group's / the Company's risk management framework.

#### (iii) Credit risk

Credit risk is the risk of financial loss to the Group / the Company if a customer or counterparty to a financial instruments fails to meet its contractual obligations, and arises principally from the Group's / the Company's receivables from customers, investment in debt securities and deposits with banks.

To measure the expected credit losses, cash and cash equivalent, trade, other receivables and related party receivables have been grouped based on shared credit risk characteristics and the days past due.

#### Impairment

The Group/ Company assesses on a forward looking basis the expected credit losses associated with its debt instruments carried at amortised cost. The impairment methodology applied depends on whether there has been a significant increase in credit risk.

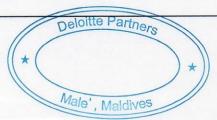
#### Credit quality

The credit quality of cash and cash equivalent, trade, other receivables and related party receivables that are neither past due nor impaired can be assessed by reference to external credit ratings (if available) or to historical information about counterparty default rates:

The carrying amount of financial assets represents the maximum credit exposure. The maximum exposure to credit risk at the reporting date was:

	Group		Company	
	Carrying amount		Carrying an	nount
	31/12/2024 MVR	31/12/2023 MVR	31/12/2024 MVR	31/12/2023 MVR
Trade and other receivables (Net)	808,752,197	698,386,363	222,613,889	203,218,297
Loans receivable	427,193,555	583,809,388	336,133,137	383,308,916
Amounts due from related party (Net)	4,200,908,732	3,564,970,376	4,897,895,748	4,321,899,931
Reinsurance contracts	209,531,645	209,991,164		
Other financial investments	2,579,093,478	1,612,542,107	2,275,294,159	1,107,720,000
Balances with banks and short term deposits	1,085,399,985	1,735,714,234	680,503,274	1,481,079,597
	9,310,879,592	8,405,413,631	8,412,440,207	7,497,226,741

The Company's exposure to credit risk is influenced mainly by the individual characteristics of each customer. There is no concentration of credit risk geographically.



#### FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31ST DECEMBER 2024

## 43 FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS - FAIR VALUE AND RISK MANAGEMENT (CONTINUED)

C. Financial risk management (Continued)

(iii) Credit risk (Continued)

#### Trade and other receivables

#### Expected credit loss assessment under IFRS 9

The Group/ Company uses an allowance matrix to measure the ECLs of trade, other receivables and related party receivables. Loss rates are based on actual credit loss experience over past years. These rates are multiplied by scalar factors to reflect difference between economic condition during the period over which historical data has been collected, current condition and company's view of economic condition of expected lives of the receivables.

Scalar factors are based on actual and forecast GDP growth rates and normalized average GDP use for ECL assessment.

Forecasts of the economic variables (the "base economic scenario") are obtained by STO PLC from the report available in the IMF website "World Economic Outlook Database, October 2024".

#### **Economic variable assumptions**

#### Forecasted GDP growth rates

The forecasted GDP growth rates considered to determine the weightages along with weightages for each case are as follows:

	2	025	2024		
Cases	GDP rate	Weightages	GDP rate	Weightages	
Best case	5.70%	11%	4.74%	11%	
Base case	4.70%	68%	4.74%	68%	
Worst case	6.70%	21%	4.74%	21%	

As with any economic forecasts, the projections and likelihoods of occurrence are subject to a high degree of inherent uncertainty and therefore the actual outcomes may be significantly different to those projected. The group of the company consider these forecasts to represent their best estimate of the possible outcomes.

Other forward-looking considerations not otherwise incorporated, such as the impact of any regulatory or legislative, have also been considered, but are not deemed to have a material impact and therefore no adjustment has been made to the ECL for such factors. This is reviewed and monitored for appropriateness on an annual basis.

Set out below are the changes to the ECL as at 31 December 2024 that would result from reasonably possible changes in the parameter from the actual assumption used in group's / company's economic variable assumption.

#### Group

Group				
	2024		202	23
	-1%	+1%	-1%	+1%
	MVR	MVR	MVR	MVR
Increase / (decrease) in expected credit loss allowance for trade receivables, other receivables and amounts due from related parties	420,733	496,068	(5,681,787)	(2,817,266)
Company				
	2024		202	23
	-1%	+1%	-1%	+1%
	MVR	MVR	MVR	MVR
Increase / (decrease) in expected credit loss allowance for trade				
receivables, other receivables and amounts due from related parties	196,394	(195,549)	200,247	(198,926)

Receivables are written off when there is no reasonable expectation of recovery. Indicators that there is no reasonable expectation of recovery include, amongst others, the failure of a member to engage in a repayment plan with the Corporation, and failure to make contractual payments.

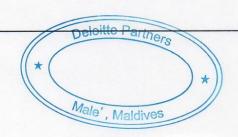
#### Measurement of ECI

The key inputs into the measurement of ECL are the term structure of the following variables:

Probability of default (PD)

Loss given default (LGD)

Exposure at default (EAD)



#### FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31ST DECEMBER 2024

### 43 FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS - FAIR VALUE AND RISK MANAGEMENT (CONTINUED)

#### C. Financial risk management (Continued)

#### (iii) Credit risk (Continued)

The following table provides information about the exposure to credit risk and ECLs for trade, other receivables and related party receivables as at 31st December.

		Group			Company	
31st December 2024	Weighted average loss rate	Gross carrying amount MVR	Loss allowance MVR	Weighted average loss rate	Gross carrying amount MVR	Loss allowance MVR
Not past due	0.1%	581,910,452	738,943	0.0%	322,714,507	-
1-30 days past due	0.6%	1,228,551,299	7,467,456	0.6%	1,063,905,681	6,178,610
31-90 days past due	2.4%	856,305,870	20,690,693	1.0%	1,537,521,121	14,913,117
91 - 180 days past due	4.7%	687,062,688	32,195,656	1.3%	1,619,771,140	20,985,062
181-365 days past due	4.7%	1,063,623,375	50,184,921	2.8%	816,751,312	23,082,186
Above 365 days past due	45.7%	3,002,504,933	1,372,241,857	61.7%	1,524,665,115	940,889,352
		7,419,958,621	1,483,519,527		6,885,328,880	1,006,048,328

		Group			Company	
31st December 2023	Weighted average loss rate	Gross carrying amount MVR	Loss allowance MVR	Weighted average loss rate	Gross carrying amount MVR	Loss allowance MVR
Not past due	0.0%	939,275,726	389,442	0.0%	1,544,974,374	-
1-30 days past due	0.7%	670,759,428	4,492,718	0.4%	1,004,153,560	4,165,072
31-90 days past due	2.8%	658,918,239	18,133,727	2.4%	634,970,833	15,214,676
91 - 180 days past due	2.3%	832,635,441	18,927,450	1.1%	1,268,148,747	13,352,749
181-365 days past due	3.1%	876,204,416	27,598,111	4.4%	326,098,721	14,307,410
Above 365 days past due	47.2%	2,398,448,630	1,131,887,116	66.2%	1,320,988,895	874,888,132
		6,376,241,880	1,201,428,564		6,099,335,129	921,928,039

Gross carrying amount and loss allowance comprise the trade, other receivables, loans receivable and related party receivables.

The Company believes that the unimpaired amounts are still collectible, based on historic payment behavior. Based on historic default rates, the Company believes that, apart from the above, no provision for impairment is necessary in respect of trade, other and related party receivables.

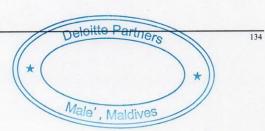
#### Other financial investments

The Group / the Company limits its exposure to credit risk by investing only in liquid debt securities and only with counterparties that have a good credit rating.

The Group's exposure to various risks associated with financial instruments is discussed in note 27. The maximum exposure to credit risk at the end of the reporting period is the carrying amount of each class of financial assets.

#### Guarantees

The Group / the Company policy is to provide financial guarantees only to subsidiaries, joint venture and associates. As at 31st December 2024, the Company has issued corporate guarantees to Bank of Maldives PLC for the facilities obtained by Maldives Structural Products Private Limited and to Allied Insurance Company of the Maldives for the facility obtained by Maldive Gas Private Limited. The group's maximum exposure in this respect is the maximum amount the group could have to pay if the guarantee is called on. As at 31st December 2024, no loss allowance was recognised in profit or loss.



### FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31ST DECEMBER 2024

## 43 FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS - FAIR VALUE AND RISK MANAGEMENT (CONTINUED)

### C. Financial risk management (Continued)

#### (iv) Liquidity risk

Bank overdrafts

Total

Liquidity risk is the risk that the Group / the Company will encounter difficulty in meeting the obligations associated with its financial liabilities that are settled by delivering cash or another financial asset. The Group's / the Company's approach to managing liquidity is to ensure, as far as possible, that it will always have sufficient liquidity to meet its liabilities when due, under both normal and stressed conditions, without incurring unacceptable losses or risking damage to the Group's / the Company's reputation.

The following are the contractual maturities stated at the undiscounted cashflows of financial liabilities as at the reporting date.

			aneral naomines as	at the reporting day	
31st December 2024	Carrying	Contractual	0-12	1-5	More than
C	amount	Cashflow	months	years	5 years
Group	MVR	MVR	MVR	MVR	MVR
Financial liabilities (Non- derivative)					
Trade and other payables	3,512,132,643	3,512,132,643	3,512,132,643		
Loans and borrowings	3,897,036,432	3,951,727,364	3,067,966,858	883,760,506	
Amounts due to related parties	190,054,926	190,054,926	190,054,926	-	
Lease Liabilities	466,633,362	653,810,637	160,443,516	219,236,130	274,130,992
Insurance contracts	520,105,451	520,105,451	520,105,451	-	
Bank overdrafts	441,380,246	441,380,246	441,380,246	-	
Total	9,027,343,060	9,269,211,268	7,892,083,640	1,102,996,636	274,130,992
31st December 2023	Carrying amount	Contractual Cashflow	0-12 months	1-5	More than
Group	MVR	MVR	MVR	years MVR	5 years
Financial liabilities (Non- derivative)	MIVIC	WIVK	NIVK	MVR	MVR
Trade and other payables	3,297,263,702	3,297,263,702	3,297,263,702		
Loans and borrowings	3,761,031,164	3,815,722,096	2,654,914,135	1,160,807,961	-
Amounts due to related parties	209,966,141	209,966,141	209,966,141	1,100,807,901	
Lease liabilities	294,512,795	490,605,426	68,192,908	156,829,351	265,583,167
Insurance contracts	438,036,505	438,036,505	438,036,505	150,829,551	203,363,107
D I I A	150,050,505	450,050,505	456,050,505	-	-

It is not expected that the cash flows included in the maturity analysis could occur significantly earlier, or at significantly different amounts.

144,100,930

8,395,694,800

144,100,930

1,317,637,312

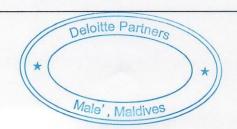
265,583,167

6,812,474,320

144,100,930

8,144,911,236

31st December 2024	Carrying amount	Contractual Cashflow	0-12 months	1-5 years	More than 5 years
Company	MVR	MVR	MVR	MVR	MVR
Financial liabilities (Non- derivative)					
Trade and other payables	3,177,969,216	3,177,969,216	3,177,969,216	-	
Loans and borrowings	3,912,051,849	3,966,742,781	3,125,954,012	840,788,769	
Lease liabilities	377,772,592	548,872,626	145,839,226	193,204,667	209,828,732
Amounts due to related parties	362,235,237	362,235,237	362,235,237		_
Bank overdrafts	441,380,246	441,380,246	441,380,246	-	
Total	8,271,409,140	8,497,200,105	7,253,377,937	1,033,993,437	209,828,732
31st December 2023	Carrying amount	Contractual Cashflow	0-12 months	1-5 years	More than 5 years
Company	MVR	MVR	MVR	MVR	MVR
Financial liabilities (Non- Derivative)					
Trade and other payables	3,059,315,136	3,059,315,136	3,059,315,136		
Loans and borrowings	3,728,499,015	3,783,189,947	2,682,762,839	1,100,427,108	
Lease liabilities	201,192,585	385,667,415	53,588,619	130,797,889	201,280,907
Amounts due to related parties	306,623,242	306,623,242	306,623,242	-	
Bank overdrafts	140,993,019	140,993,019	140,993,019	-	
Total	7,436,622,997	7,675,788,759	6,243,282,855	1,231,224,997	201,280,907



#### FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31ST DECEMBER 2024

## 43 FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS - FAIR VALUE AND RISK MANAGEMENT (CONTINUED)

### C. Financial risk management (Continued)

#### (v) Market risk

Market risk is the risk of changes in market prices, such as foreign exchange rates and interest rates that affect the Group's / the Company's income or the value of its holdings of financial instruments. The objective of market risk management is to manage and control market risk exposures within acceptable parameters, while optimizing the return.

#### (a) Interest rate risk

#### Profile

At the reporting date, the interest rate profile of the Group's / the Company's interest-bearing financial instruments were:

	Group  Carrying am	ount	Compan Carrying am	
	2024 MVR	2023 MVR	2024 MVR	2023 MVR
Variable rate instruments				
Financial assets		81,520,833		81,520,833
Financial liabilities	(2,291,754,811)	(2,598,244,033)	(2,291,754,811)	(2,569,942,311)
	(2,291,754,811)	(2,516,723,200)	(2,291,754,811)	(2,488,421,478)
Fixed rate instruments				
Financial assets	1,114,780,967	1,455,666,674	1,114,780,967	1,153,976,147
Financial liabilities	(4,338,416,678)	(3,598,642,872)	(4,353,432,095)	(3,591,304,534)
	(3,223,635,711)	(2,142,976,198)	(3,238,651,128)	(2,437,328,387)

The interest rate exposure of the borrowing of the Group's / Company's is as follows:

	Group Carrying am	ount	Company Carrying am	
	2024 MVR	2023 MVR	2024 MVR	2023 MVR
- At variable rate	2,633,971,892	3,276,678,609	2,633,971,892	3,248,376,887
- At fixed rate	207,680,540	294,185,888	138,616,133	289,955,461
	2,841,652,432	3,570,864,497	2,772,588,024	3,538,332,348

#### Cash flow sensitivity analysis for variable - rate instruments

A reasonably possible change of 100 basis points in interest rates at the reporting date would have increased / (decreased) equity and profit or loss by the amount shown below. This analysis assumes that all other variables, in particular foreign currency exchange rates, remain constant.

GROUP	Profit or le	Profit or loss		of tax
31 st December 2024	100 bp increase	100 bp decrease	100 bp increase	100 bp decrease
Variable rate instruments	(22,917,548)	22,917,548	(19,479,916)	19,479,916
31 st December 2023 Variable rate instruments	(25,167,232)	25,167,232	(21,392,147)	21,392,147
COMPANY	Profit or l	oss	Equity net o	of tax
31 st December 2024	100 bp increase	100 bp decrease	100 bp increase	100 bp decrease
Variable rate instruments	(22,917,548)	22,917,548	(19,479,916)	19,479,916
31 st December 2023 Variable rate instruments	(24,884,215)	24,884,215	(21,151,583)	21,151,583

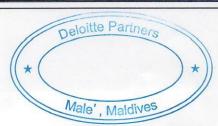
#### (a) Currency risk

Exposure to currency risk

Group

The Group's exposure to foreign currency risk in equivalent Maldives Rufiyaa was as follows:

		31/12/2024	
	USS	Euro	SGD
Cash and cash equivalents	618,643,923	7,506	-
Trade, amount due from related parties and other receivables	883,673,724	226,099	862,246
Reinsurance contracts	12,970,791	•	-
Trade, amount due to related parties and other payables	(2,621,333,151)	(10,430,790)	(14,716,938)
Loans and borrowings	(3,897,036,432)		(2,911)
Bank overdrafts	(442,580,246)		
Net currency exposure	(5,445,661,391)	(10,197,185)	(13,857,604)



#### FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31ST DECEMBER 2024

## 43 FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS - FAIR VALUE AND RISK MANAGEMENT (CONTINUED)

C. Financial risk management (Continued)

(v) Market risk (Continued)

Exposure to currency risk (Continued)

Group
The Group's exposure to foreign currency risk was as follow
Cash and cash equivalents
Trade, amount due from related parties and other receivables
Trade, amount due to related parties and other payables
Loans and borrowings
Bank overdrafts

Loans and borrowings	
Bank overdrafts	
Net currency exposure	

Company	
The Company's exposure to foreign currency risk was as	follow
Cash and cash equivalents	
Trade, amount due from related parties and other receivable	oles
Trade, amount due to related parties and other payables	
Loans and borrowings	
Bank overdrafts	

Bank overdra	afts
Net currency	exposure

Company
The Company's exposure to foreign currency risk was as follows
Cash and cash equivalents
Trade, amount due from related parties and other receivables
Trade, amount due to related parties and other payables
Loans and borrowings
Bank overdrafts
Net currency exposure

The following significant exchange rate were applied during the year	ar:
US\$: MVR	
Euro: MVR	
SGD : MVR	

USS	Euro	SGD
585,303,362	7,506	_
868,284,241	226,099	761,321
(2,589,477,267)	(2,701,993)	(8,499,606)
(3,306,404,349)	-	-
(140,993,019)	-	-
(4,583,287,031)	(2,468,387)	(7,738,285

31/12/2024					
	USS	Euro	SGD		
	615,425,991	2,396			
	825,197,603	226,099	862,246		
	(2,616,284,565)	(10,430,790)	(14,716,938)		
	(3,843,932,139)	-	-		
	(441,380,246)		-		
Ī	(5,460,973,356)	(10,202,295)	(13,854,693)		

31/12/2023				
USS	Euro	SGD		
575,181,609	2,396			
789,801,643	226,099	761,321		
(2,582,974,401)	(2,701,993)	(8,499,606)		
(3,395,919,157)				
(140,993,019)	_			
(4,754,903,324)	(2,473,497)	(7,738,285)		

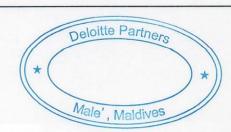
Average	e rate	Reporting date spot rate		
2024	2023	31/12/2024	31/12/2023	
15.42	15.42	15.42	15.42	
16.88	16.55	16.41	16.46	
11.67	11.29	11.57	11.53	

Exchange rates have been taken from the system, which has the Bank of Maldives exchange rates that update each month.

#### Sensitivity analysis

A reasonably possible strengthening (weakening) of the USD, EURO, SGD against all other currencies at 31 December would have affected the measurement of financial instruments denominated in a foreign currency and affected profit or loss by the amount shown below. The analysis assumes that all other variables, in particular interest rates, remain constant and ignores any impact of forecasted sales and purchases.

GROUP	Profit or	loss
31 st December 2024	Strengthening	Weakening
USD 5% movement	(272,283,070)	272,283,070
EURO 5% movement	(509,859)	509,859
SGD 5% movement	(692,880)	692,880
	(273,485,809)	273,485,809
31 st December 2023		
USD 5% movement	(229,164,352)	229,164,352
EURO 5% movement	(123,419)	123,419
SGD 5% movement	(386,914)	386,914
	(229,674,685)	229,674,685
COMPANY		
31 st December 2024		
USD 5% movement	(273,048,668)	273,048,668
EURO 5% movement	(510,115)	510,115
SGD 5% movement	(692,735)	692,735
	(274,251,517)	274,251,517
31 st December 2023		
USD 5% movement	(237,745,166)	237,745,166
EURO 5% movement	(123,675)	123,675
SGD 5% movement	(386,914)	386,914
	(238,255,755)	238,255,755
	USD 5% movement EURO 5% movement SGD 5% movement  31 st December 2023 USD 5% movement EURO 5% movement SGD 5% movement COMPANY 31 st December 2024 USD 5% movement EURO 5% movement EURO 5% movement 31 st December 2023 USD 5% movement EURO 5% movement EURO 5% movement	USD 5% movement       (272,283,070)         EURO 5% movement       (509,859)         SGD 5% movement       (692,880)         31 st December 2023       USD 5% movement         EURO 5% movement       (123,419)         SGD 5% movement       (386,914)         COMPANY       (229,674,685)         COMPANY       (273,048,668)         EURO 5% movement       (510,115)         SGD 5% movement       (692,735)         SGD 5% movement       (237,745,166)         EURO 5% movement       (237,745,166)         EURO 5% movement       (237,745,166)         EURO 5% movement       (386,914)         GOD 5% movement       (237,745,166)         EURO 5% movement       (386,914)



#### FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31ST DECEMBER 2024

### 43 FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS - FAIR VALUE AND RISK MANAGEMENT (CONTINUED)

#### C. Financial risk management (Continued)

#### (c) Price risk

#### Exposure

The Group's exposure to equity securities price risk arises from investments held by the group and classified in the balance sheet as at fair value through other comprehensive income (FVOCI).

To manage its price risk arising from investments in equity securities, the group diversifies its portfolio. Diversification of the portfolio is done in accordance with the limits set by the Group.

The majority of the Group's equity investments are publicly traded and are included in the Maldives Stock Exchange (Masix).

#### Sensitivity

The table below summarises the impact of increases/decreases of the indexes on the Group's equity for the period. The analysis is based on the assumption that the equity indexes had increased by 5% or decreased by 5%, with all other variables held constant, and that all of the Group's equity instruments moved in line with the indexes.

Impact on other components of equity			
2024	2023		
MVR	MVR		
11,561,290	4,838,090		
(11 561 200)	(4 838 000)		

Maldives Stock Exchange - Masix - increase 5% Maldives Stock Exchange - Masix - decrease 5%

Other components of equity would increase/decrease as a result of gains/losses on equity securities classified as at FVOCI.

Amounts recognised in other comprehensive income

The amounts recognised in other comprehensive income in relation to the various investments held by the Group are disclosed in Note 19.

#### (vi) Insurance risks

#### (a) Key risks arising from contracts issued

The Group issues life and non-life insurance contracts including direct and indirect participating contracts. The nature and extent of the underwriting and financial risks arising from these contracts are determined by the contract design. The risks are evaluated for risk management purposes in conjunction with the risks mitigated by

#### (a)(i) Life direct participating and indirect participating contracts

Product	Key Risks	Risk mitigation
Term assurance	<ul> <li>Mortality risk: death of policyholder earlier than expected</li> </ul>	Reinsurance with financially strong reinsurers
Indirect participating	yield of assets and liabilities	Matching of asset and liability cash flows     Investing in investment-grade assets     Surrender penalties     Management discretion to set crediting rates
Direct participating		Matching of asset and liability cash flows     Investing in investment-grade assets     Surrender penalties

These key risks reflect only the downside risk to the Group. For most of these risks, there is also an upside risk.

All life contracts expose the Group to significant insurance risk. Although mortality and morbidity experience may be affected by unexpected events (e.g. epidemics), the most significant changes to insurance risk factors (e.g. lifestyle changes, medical advances and improvements in social conditions) tend to occur over a long period of time. The longer the coverage period, the greater the Group's exposure to insurance risk.

Policyholder behaviour risk is a key risk life contracts. The timing of surrenders and the timing and frequency of withdrawals may impact the Group's returns.

#### Underlying items

The following table sets out the composition and the fair value of underlying items of the Group's participating contracts at the reporting date.

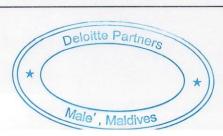
		3	1st December 20	024		31st December 202	3
In millions (MVR)	Note	Direct participating contracts	Indirect participating contracts	Total	Direct Participating contracts	Indirect participating contracts	Total
Cash & Cash Equivalent		847,843	1,304,157	2,152,000	997,038	1,331,767	2,328,805
Financial Investments		8,809,579	103,847,920	112,657,499	8,695,666	123,180,616	131,876,282

#### (a)(ii) Non-life contracts

Product	Key Risks	Risk mitigation	
Property and casualty	Extreme weather events	Diversification of types of risk, industries	
	<ul> <li>Natural catastrophes</li> </ul>	· Extensive analysis of data to enhance risk selection	
	<ul> <li>Legislative changes giving rise to increased</li> </ul>	segmentation and profitability	
	claims	· Reinsurance with financially strong reinsurer	
	· Emergence of long-tailed claims: e.g. latent	including excess of loss catastrophe cover	
	disease type claims		

The key risks arising from non-life contracts are the unknown frequency and severity of claims, which are influenced by the nature of the risks covered.

For property, the frequency and severity of claims are affected by the occurrence of extreme weather events (e.g. floods, wildfires and hurricanes) and other natural catastrophes (e.g. earthquakes). In particular, the cost of rebuilding or repairing a property, together with the cost of business interruption, is a significant feature in the overall value of claims in this portfolio. In addition, increasing climate risk could potentially introduce material uncertainty in assumptions and result in inaccurate pricing of insurance risk.



### FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31ST DECEMBER 2024

#### 43 Financial Risk Management (continued)

#### (vi) Insurance risks (continued)

#### (b) Underwriting risk

Underwriting risk comprises insurance risk, policyholder behaviour risk and expense risk.

- Insurance risk: the risk transferred from the policyholder to the Group, other than financial risk. Insurance risk arises from the inherent uncertainty about the occurrence, amount or timing of claims.
- Policyholder behaviour risk: the risk that a policyholder will cancel a contract (i.e. lapse or persistency risk), increase or reduce premiums, withdraw deposits a contract earlier or later than expected.
- Expense risk: the risk of unexpected increases in the administrative costs associated with the servicing of a contract (rather than in the costs associated with insured events).

#### (b)(i) Management of underwriting risk

The board of directors sets the Group's strategy for accepting and managing underwriting risk. Specific underwriting objectives (e.g. aggregation limits, reinsurance protection thresholds and line of business diversification parameters) are prepared and reviewed by the Group's head of underwriting. The board continuously reviews its underwriting strategy in the light of evolving market pricing and loss conditions and as opportunities present themselves.

The carrying amounts of the Group's non-life insurance contracts (net of reinsurance) are analysed below by type of product.

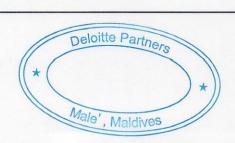
	2024	2023
Engineering	2,003,887	(4,152,245)
Fire	(92,155,636)	(11,494,663)
Liability	(18,334,096)	(5,262,510)
Marine	7,033,903	1,196,480
Health	14,957,656	(108,641,467)
Miscellaneous	(8,508,853)	(4,014,942)
Workmen's compensation	(1,399,238)	(1,393,036)
Total non-life	(96,402,377)	(133,762,384)

#### (b)(ii) Sensitivity analysis

The table below analyses how the CSM, profit or loss and equity would have increased (decreased) if changes in

#### (b)(ii) Sensitivity analysis (continued)

31 December 2024	CSM		
In million of MVR	Gross	Net	
Life risk and life savings			
Mortality rates (1% increase)	(5,455)	(1,510)	
Mortality rates (1% decrease)	5,456	1,510	
Expenses (5% increase)	(95,768)	(100,010)	
Expenses (5% decrease)	95,768	100,010	
Lapse rates (5% increase)	158,684	208,006	
Lapse rates (5% decrease)	(166,808)	(217,282)	
Participating			
Mortality rates (1% increase)	(1,783)	(297)	
Mortality rates (1% decrease)	1,783	298	
Expenses (5% increase)	(35,852)	(36,155)	
Expenses (5% decrease)	35,852	36,155	
Lapse rates (5% increase)	(51,126)	(51,929)	
Lapse rates (5% decrease)	52,866	53,700	



#### FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31ST DECEMBER 2023

- 43 Financial Risk Management (continued)
  - (vi) Insurance risks (continued)
  - (b) Underwriting risk (continued)

#### (b)(ii) Sensitivity analysis (continued)

31 December 2023	CSM	
In million of MVR	Gross	Net
Life risk and life savings		
Mortality rates (1% increase)	(624)	200
Mortality rates (1% decrease)	624	(200)
Expenses (5% increase)	(10,750)	(13,750)
Expenses (5% decrease)	10,750	13,760
Lapse rates (5% increase)	98,818	112,419
Lapse rates (5% decrease)	(100,447)	(113,932)
Participating		(1.0,000)
Mortality rates (1% increase)	(1,883)	(713)
Mortality rates (1% decrease)	1,883	713
Expenses (5% increase)	(84,583)	(85,504)
Expenses (5% decrease)	84,583	85,504
Lapse rates (5% increase)	(19,452)	(20,179)
Lapse rates (5% decrease)	19,781	20,525

Changes in underwriting risk variables mainly affect the CSM, profit or loss and equity as follows. The effects on profit or loss and equity are presented net of the related income tax.

CSM	• Changes in fulfilment cash flows not relating to any loss components, other than those recognised as insurance finance income or expenses.
Profit or loss	<ul> <li>Changes in fulfilment cash flows relating to loss components.</li> <li>Changes in fulfilment cash flows that are recognised as insurance finance income or expenses in profit or loss.</li> </ul>
Equity	• Changes in fulfilment cash flows that are recognised as insurance finance income or expenses in OCI.

#### (ii) Credit risk

Credit risk is the risk of financial loss to the Group if a customer fails to meet its contractual obligations, and this principally arises from the Group's insurance receivable. Credit risk may also arise from the counter-parties who hold financial assets of the Group.

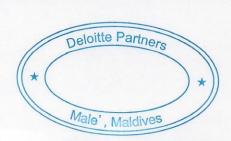
#### Exposure to credit risk

The carrying amount of financial assets represents the maximum credit exposure. The maximum exposure to credit risk at the reporting date was as follows:

	Carrying As at 31 D	
	2024	2023
Amount due from related parties	123,323,934	119,930,382
Other receivables	4,000,000	4,000,000
Financial assets measured at amortized cost	500,383,486	466,381,697
Balances with banks	79,966,686	39,421,357
	707,674,106	629,733,436

### Insurance receivables

The Group's exposure to credit risk is influenced mainly by the individual characteristics of each customer. The management has established a credit policy under which each new credit customer is analyzed individually for creditworthiness before the Group's standard credit payment terms are offered.



### FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31ST DECEMBER 2024

#### 43 Financial Risk Management (continued)

#### (ii) Credit risk (Continued)

#### Reinsurance receivables

Credit risk on the Group's recoverable from reinsurers balance existed at December 31, 2024 to the extent that any reinsurer may be unable or unwilling to reimburse the Group under the terms of the relevant reinsurance arrangements. The Group is also exposed to the credit risk assumed in fronting arrangements and to potential reinsurance capacity constraints. The Group regularly assesses the creditworthiness of reinsurers with whom it transacts business.

#### Amount due from related parties and other receivables

The Group takes on exposure to credit risk from amounts due form related party and other receivable, which is the risk that a counterparty will cause a financial loss for the Group by failing to discharge an obligation. The Group's management therefore carefully manages its exposure to credit risk.

#### **Debt Securities**

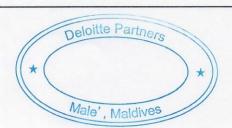
The credit risk arising from the deposits made in financial institutions are managed by the Group policy directions provided by the Board of Directors

The Group transacts only with a limited number of institutions all of which have stable credit ratings. The Group's exposure and credit rating of counterparties are continuously monitored.

The Group monitors changes in credit risk by tracking the published external credit ratings. To determine whether published ratings remain up to date and to assess whether there has been a significant increase in credit risk at the reporting period that has not been reflected in published ratings, the Group supplements this by reviewing changes in bond yields and with available regulatory information about debtors.

The maximum credit risk is limited to the carrying value of these financial assets as at 31st December 2024

	Gro	Group Company		
	2024	2023	2024	2023
Financial assets measured at amortized cost	MVR	MVR	MVR	MVR
Investments in government treasury bills	2,092,217,551	1,175,567,416	1,927,500,000	848,100,000
Investments in Corporate bonds	59,031,937	68,529,367	-	-
Investment - Fixed deposit	428,474,365	370,449,251	348,350,410	259,620,000
Short term financial instruments	786,030,519	876,794,328	566,823,780	822,657,000
Total net amount	3,365,754,371	2,491,340,362	2,842,674,190	1,930,377,000
Provision for impairment	(630,375)	(2,003,926)	(556,251)	_
Total net amount	3,365,123,996	2,489,336,436	2,842,117,939	1,930,377,000
	2024	2023	2024	2023
Cash and Cash Equivalent	MVR	MVR	MVR	MVR
Cash and cash Equivalent	644,310,408	1,596,800,312	239,321,350	1,344,704,770
Less: Expected credit loss	(290,669)	(5,187,008)	(198,322)	(4,618,192)
	644,019,739	1,591,613,304	239,123,028	1,340,086,578



#### FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31ST DECEMBER 2023

#### 43 Financial Risk Management (continued)

#### (ii) Credit risk (Continued)

The Group uses a similar approach for assessments for ECLs for cash and cash equivalent to those used for debt securities.

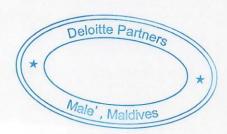
Impairment on cash and cash equivalent has been measured on a 12- month expected loss basis and reflects the short maturities of the exposures. The Group considers that its cash and cash equivalent have low credit risk based on the external credit ratings of the counterparties.

	Group		Comp	pany	
	2024	2023	2024	2023	
Analysis of Financial assets measured at amortized cost	MVR	MVR	MVR	MVR	
Not Impaired	2,781,017,607	1,424,349,078	2,417,223,780	1,002,300,000	
BBB- to AAA	425,450,410	981,083,216	425,450,410	928,077,000	
BB- to BB+			•	-	
B- to B+		85,908,068			
C to CCC+	159,286,353		-		
Total Gross Carrying Amounts	3,365,754,370	2,491,340,362	2,842,674,190	1,930,377,000	
Provision for impairment	(630,374)	(2,003,926)	(556,251)		
Total net amount	3,365,123,996	2,489,336,436	2,842,117,939	1,930,377,000	
Movement in the allowances of the impairment for debt	2024	2023	2024	2023	
securities at amortized cost during the year.	MVR	MVR	MVR	MVR	
Balances as at 1st January	2,003,925	1,448,085		-	
During the year provision	(1,373,551)	555,840	556,251	-	
Balances as at 31st December	630,374	2,003,925	556,251		

#### Balances with banks

The Group's balance with bank are primarily held at major financial institutions in the jurisdictions in which the Group operates. The Group monitors risks associated with cash and short term investments by regularly reviewing the financial strength and creditworthiness of these financial institutions and more frequently during periods of economic volatility.

Liquidity risk is the risk that the Group will encounter difficulty in meeting the obligations associated with its financial liabilities that are settled by delivering cash or another financial asset. The Group's approach to managing liquidity risk is to ensure, as far as possible, that it will always have sufficient liquidity to meet its liabilities when due, without incurring unacceptable losses or risking damage to the Group's reputation. The Group closely monitors cash inflows and outflows sector levels to ensure matching of cash flows wherever possible.



#### FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31ST DECEMBER 2024

#### 44 EVENTS AFTER THE REPORTING DATE

#### 44.1 Dividend

Subject to the approval of the shareholders at the Annual General Meeting, the Board of Directors recommends a First and Final dividend of MVR 80 per ordinary share for the year ended 31st December 2024 (31st December 2023: MVR 80/-). The dividend payable has not been accounted for until it is approved at the forthcoming Annual General Meeting

#### 44.2 Purchase of a vessel

The company has acquired a Barge vessel amounting MVR 17,950,000/-.

#### 45 DIRECTOR'S RESPONSIBILITY

The Board of Directors of the Group / the Company is responsible for the preparation and presentation of these consolidated and separate financial statements.

#### 46 CORRESPONDING FIGURES

The corresponding figures of the financial statements have been reclassified to conform with current year's classifications.

#### 47 INVESTMENT IN SUBSIDIARIES

The Company is the parent company for the following subsidiary companies

	Country of incorporation	No of s	hares	Share	eholding
		2024	2023	2024	2023
Maldive Gas Private Limited	Republic of Maldives	61,200	61,200	90.00%	90.00%
Allied Insurance Company of the Maldives Private Limited	Republic of Maldives	299,998	299,998	99.99%	99.99%
TO Maldives (Singapore) Private Limited	Singapore	200,000	200,000	100.00%	100.00%
uel Supplies Maldives Private Limited	Republic of Maldives	15,299	15,299	99.99%	99.99%
Maldives National Oil Company Limited	Republic of Maldives	99,999	99,999	99.99%	99.99%
TO Hotels & Resorts Private Limited	Republic of Maldives	9,999	9,999	99.99%	99.99%
Maldives State Shipping Company Private Limited	Republic of Maldives	999.90	999.90	99.99%	99.99%

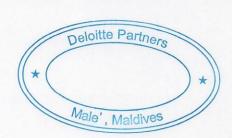
#### 47.1 Principal subsidiaries with material non-controlling interests

Summarised financial information in respect of STO PLC's subsidiary Maldive Gas Private Limited that have material non-controlling interest.

Maldive Gas Private Limited (the "Company") is a Company incorporated and domiciled in the Republic of Maldives as a private limited liability Company under the Companies Act No. 10 of 1996, with its registered office H. Maizan, Sosun Magu, Male', Republic of Maldives.

Summarised financial details before inter-company eliminations, is set out below. As at 31 December

	MVR	MVR
Non-controlling interest in %	10%	10%
Non-current assets	284,277,144	282,669,138
Current assets	119,495,682	96,439,601
Total assets	403,772,826	379,108,739
Equity	258,939,355	255,756,177
Non-current liabilities	112,471,487	73,250,863
Current liabilities	32,361,984	50,101,699
Total liabilities	144,833,471	123,352,562
For the year ended 31 December		
Revenue from contracts with customers	281,957,303	272,781,430
Profit after tax	18,979,581	26,148,716
Total comprehensive income / (Loss)	203,597	(4,156)
Net cash generated from operating activities	36,904,126	60,592,418
Net cash used in investing activities	(23,795,768)	(28,565,040)
Net cash used in financing activities	1,408,845	(705,612)
Cash and cash equivalents at the end of the year	57,842,636	43,325,432



2024

2023

## FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31ST DECEMBER 2024

### 48 RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS

48.1 GROUP

Name of the related party	Relationship	Nature of the transaction	Amou	nt	Balance outstanding due from / (to)				
			2024 2023		31/12/2	024	31/12/2023		
			MVR	MVR	MVR		MVR		
Maldives Structural Product Private Limited	Joint venture	Purchase of goods Dividend received Payment received	(78,560,738) 10,000,000 (10,020,267)	(82,133,603) 8,000,000	Receivables	Payables (30,346,734)	Receivables	Payables (16,569,025	
		Commission received Other income Payment made	969,986 20,267	2,356,549					
Raysut Maldives	Associate	Purchase of goods	63,813,042 (82,582,563)	65,756,977 (100,887,514)	2,177,916	(32,361,284)	1.010.424	(25 170 207	
Cement Private		Payment made	85,402,376	97,999,653	2,177,910	(32,301,204)	1,919,424	(35,179,397	
Limited		Transportation charges paid	•	(1,486,535)					
		Sales of goods	469,855	206,104					
Minister of File		Payment received	(213,065)	(206,104)					
Ministry of Finance and Treasury	Majority shareholder	Food subsidy income	421,441,207	335,401,269	494,265,345	(44,001,500)	598,267,301	(71,903,277	
ind Treasury	snarenoider	Fuel subsidy	1,590,066,422	1,886,244,318					
		Interest receivable Interest payable	102,444,066	125,020,595					
		Other services	9,571	(11,123,475)					
		Sale of goods	38,762,535	23,376 7,200					
		Loans repaid	50,702,555	(192,750,000)					
		Payment received	(2,256,725,757)	(2,019,164,706)					
		Loan Off-set	27,901,777	(2,012,101,700)					
Ministry of Health	Affiliate	Sale of goods	273,542,700	170,319,869	340,280,136		228,929,424	CO CONTRACTOR	
	company	Payment received	(163,740,556)	(174,510,385)			,, :- :		
		Rent	1,534,839						
		Service provided	13,728	-					
State Electric	Affiliate	Service obtained	(22,810,282)	(20,798,339)	208,638,152	(2,269,163)	150,932,209	(3,583,376	
Company (STELCO)	company	Payment made	26,840,580	17,214,963					
		Payment received	(1,600,907,342)	(1,428,267,448)					
		Sale of goods and fuel	1,658,652,890	1,472,717,480					
Indian Coundhi Massacial II accital	4.0011 .	Purchase of goods	(2,755,689)	-					
ndira Gaandhi Memorial Hospital	Affiliate	Sale of goods	326,197,959	346,349,443	204,259,639	(504,593)	131,383,405	(232,674	
		Rent	(3,451,650)						
		Payment made	3,369,600	•					
	200000000	Service obtained	(271,919)	(226 552 111)					
Rainbow Enterprises	Affiliate Company	Payment received	(253,239,675)	(336,559,411)					
Private Limited	company	Purchase of goods Sale of goods	(888,380)	(719,809)	3,380,383	(56,290)	8,371,788	(79,380	
The Difficulty	company		16,502	9,127,432					
		Service obtained Payment made	(307,181)	(40.420					
		Interest	1,218,652	640,429					
		Payment received	100,335 (5,108,243)	423,495 (16,162,772)					
Maldives Road	Affiliate	Sale of goods	3,800	(10,102,772)	38,594,498		38,594,498	-	
Development Corporation	company	Payment received	(3,800)		30,334,430		30,334,430		
Hulhumale Hospital	Affiliate	Sale of goods	60,031,607	42,364,870	49,102,355	(16,500)	15,315,384		
	company	Payment received	(26,244,636)	(50,303,381)					
		CSR	(16,500)	-					
		Payment made	461,000						
		Rent expense	(461,000)						
Ministry of Housing	Affiliate	Sale of goods	14,446	-	98,360,863	(18,638,882)	98,356,205	(15,830,882	
and Infrastructure	company	Service obtained	(2,819,635)	(2,808,000)					
		Payment made	7,140	-					
	1.0011	Payment received	(5,293)	1 027 070 (0)	2 201 168 586	(4.500.666)	1 042 405 007	(20,020,270	
Fenaka Corporation Limited	Affiliate	Sale of goods and fuel	1,180,719,941	1,037,978,696	2,301,168,586	(4,522,666)	1,942,405,997	(29,028,370	
	company	Service obtained Payment made	(8,790,740) 22,332,064	(8,964,397)					
		Payment made Payment received	(810,992,972)	(909,801,608)					
Maldives Airport	Affiliate	Sale of fuel	3,092,402,648	2,675,261,789	328,155,731	(21,520,434)	114,698,418	(339,023	
Company Limited	company	Sale of goods	2,337,346	2,540,719	,,				
		Sale of services	908,274						
		Interest income	1,430,537						
		Expense Reimbursement	6,262,409	-					
		Payment received	(2,889,883,902)	(2,647,103,951)					
		Dollar purchase	(74,016,000)						
		Purchase of Fuel	(24,983,958)	-					
		Payment made	78,983,792						
		Services obtained	(1,165,245)	(339,023)					

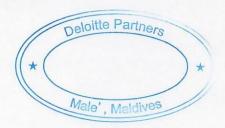


## FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31ST DECEMBER 2024

#### 48 RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS

10 1	GROUP	

GROUP								
Addu International	Affiliate	Sale of goods	11,152,882	9,055,735	24,387,431		20.555.425	
Airport Private Limited	company	Rent paid	(3,868,320)	(4,190,680)	24,367,431		20,565,435	
	TOO	Purchase of fuel	(0,000,020)	(4,030,536)				
		Fines		24,569				
		Payment made	3,545,960	646,081				
		Payment received	(7,008,525)	(18,095,995)				
Aasandha Private Limited	Affiliate	Sale of goods	357,462,127	338,592,844	253,816,463	(3,299,517)	249 700 074	(2.110.050)
	company	Payment received	(352,303,405)	(221,530,279)	233,610,403	(3,299,517)	248,799,074	(3,440,850)
Maldives Shipping Services Lanka	Associate	Reimbursements	(002,000,100)	(1,670,445)				
Private Limited	CONTRACTOR OF THE PARTY OF THE			(1,010,110)		-	•	
National Social protection	Affiliate	Sales	300,976,205	204,466,923	201,780,032		83,316,039	
Agency	company	Payment received	(182,512,213)	(141,170,320)				
United Nations office	Affiliate	Sales	3,950,882	73,083,954	-	-	72,586,151	
	company	Payment received	(76,537,033)	(497,803)				
Ministry of Construction	Affiliate	Sales	443,985	18,964	20,961,246		85,667,629	
	company	Claims for fuel expenses	81,878,961	105,774,035	,,		05,007,029	
		Payment received	(147,029,329)	(42,308,847)				
Housing Development	Affiliate	Rent Expense	(14,484,842)	(14,416,564)	3,633,973	(13,004,229)		(13,080,539)
Corporation Limited	company	Other fees	(1,752,074)	(716,128)	-,,	(10,001,22))		(15,000,559)
		Land acquisition fee	(12,822,000)	-				
		Payment made	31,799,498	15,046,870				
		Payment received	(994,577)					
		Sale of goods	1,964,278					
Maldives Industrial	Affiliate company	Sale of goods	4,419,020	9,825,839	74,592,387	(2,124,317)	124,702,433	
Fisheries Company Limited		Sale of fuel	291,347,373			(-1/		
		Service obtained	(506,100)	-				
		Payment received	(284,459,916)	(62,428,157)				
		Loan given	-	47,756,881				
		Service provided	3,756	2,159,771				
		CSR contribution	50,000	•				
		Purchase of foreign current	(30,840,000)	(947,050,140)				
		Loan Set-off	(62,361,925)					
National Disaster Management Authority	Affiliate company	Payment received	(3,936,771)	(18,226,374)	36,487,684	-	40,424,454	•
Maldives Pension	Affiliate	Pension Expense	(20,341,578)	(16,355,206)	30,923	(1,804,068)		(1,665,931)
Administrative Office	company	Other services		(150,000)	300,000	(-11)		(1,000,701)
		Payment made	20,203,442	16,471,714				
		Service provided	270,103	-				
		Payment received	(239,180)					
Champa Gas & Oil Company	Affiliate	Sale of fuel	77,332,904	92,413,277	9,604,686	-	11,082,277	
Private Limited	company	Payment received	(78,810,494)	(104,764,234)				
Maldives Transport and	Affiliate	Sale of goods	60,811,799	176,567,929	152,201,275	(2,935,055)	110,396,710	(1,637,188)
Contracting Company	company	Sale of fuel	256,440,928					
		Hire Charges	32,400	76,950				
		Purchase of Goods	(12,693,753)	(9,626,162)				
		Service Obtained	(9,492,655)					
		Payments made	15,714,347	8,084,099				
		Payments made Payment received	15,714,347 (270,306,367)	(139,000,001)				
Island Aviation Services	Affiliate	Payments made Payment received Sales	15,714,347 (270,306,367) 56,858,346	(139,000,001) 56,524,396	21,521,730	(1,083,232)	18,900,200	(4,508,610)
Island Aviation Services	Affiliate company	Payments made Payment received Sales Other services	15,714,347 (270,306,367) 56,858,346 80,317	(139,000,001) 56,524,396 371,833	21,521,730	(1,083,232)	18,900,200	(4,508,610)
		Payments made Payment received Sales Other services Purchases	15,714,347 (270,306,367) 56,858,346 80,317 (2,229,266)	(139,000,001) 56,524,396 371,833 (2,550,314)	21,521,730	(1,083,232)	18,900,200	(4,508,610)
		Payments made Payment received Sales Other services Purchases Payments made	15,714,347 (270,306,367) 56,858,346 80,317 (2,229,266) 5,654,644	(139,000,001) 56,524,396 371,833 (2,550,314) 1,301,289	21,521,730	(1,083,232)	18,900,200	(4,508,610)
Limited	company	Payments made Payment received Sales Other services Purchases Payments made Payment received	15,714,347 (270,306,367) 56,858,346 80,317 (2,229,266) 5,654,644 (54,317,133)	(139,000,001) 56,524,396 371,833 (2,550,314) 1,301,289 (42,822,512)				
	Company	Payments made Payment received Sales Other services Purchases Payments made Payment received Payment made	15,714,347 (270,306,367) 56,858,346 80,317 (2,229,266) 5,654,644 (54,317,133) 462,650	(139,000,001) 56,524,396 371,833 (2,550,314) 1,301,289 (42,822,512) 86,637	21,521,730	(1,083,232)	18,900,200 797,527	
Limited	company	Payments made Payment received Sales Other services Purchases Payments made Payment received Payment made Purchase of goods	15,714,347 (270,306,367) 56,858,346 80,317 (2,229,266) 5,654,644 (54,317,133) 462,650 (455,717)	(139,000,001) 56,524,396 371,833 (2,550,314) 1,301,289 (42,822,512) 86,637 (139,999)				(4,508,610)
Limited	Company	Payments made Payment received Sales Other services Purchases Payments made Payment received Payment made	15,714,347 (270,306,367) 56,858,346 80,317 (2,229,266) 5,654,644 (54,317,133) 462,650	(139,000,001) 56,524,396 371,833 (2,550,314) 1,301,289 (42,822,512) 86,637				



### FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31ST DECEMBER 2024

#### 48 RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS (CONTINUED)

#### 48.1.1 Transactions with Key Management Personnel

The Board of Directors and Managing Director of the Group are the members of the key management personnel. Key management personnel compensation comprised the following.

Short term employee benefits

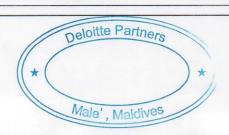
2024 2023 MVR MVR 4,691,682 5,288,067

#### 48.1.2 Collectively, but not individually, significant transactions.

The Government of Maldives is the major shareholder of the parent Company. The Group has transactions with entities directly or indirectly controlled by the Government of Maldives through its authorities, agencies, affiliations and other organizations, collectively referred to as government entities. The Group has transactions with other government related entities including but not limited to sales, purchases, rendering of services, lease of assets and use of public utilities.

48.2	COMPANY

Name of the related party	Relationship	Nature of the transaction	Amou	int	Balance outstanding due from / (to)				
			2024 MVR	2023 MVR	31/12/2 MVR Receivables	MVR Payables	31/12/2 MVR Receivables	023 MVR Payables	
Maldives Transport and	Affiliate	Sales	60,811,799	176,567,929	63,458,738	(2,935,055)	59,964,131	(1,637,188	
Contracting Company	company	Hire Charges	32,400	76,950	,,	(=,,,,,,,,	57,701,151	(1,037,100	
		Purchase of Goods	(12,693,753)	(9,626,162)					
		Service Obtained	(9,492,655)	(-,,)					
		Payments made	20,888,542	8,084,099					
		Payment received	(57,349,591)	(139,000,001)					
Island Aviation Services	Affiliate	Sales						V sealth sealth	
Limited			56,457,073	56,524,396	21,514,226	(1,083,232)	18,750,284	(4,508,610	
Limited	company	Other services	80,317	371,833					
		Purchases	(2,229,266)	(2,550,314)					
		Payments made	5,654,644	1,301,289					
		Payment received	(53,773,448)	(42,822,512)					
National Disaster Management Authority	Affiliate company	Payment received	(9,393,258)	(18,226,374)	31,009,974	2	40,403,232		
Allied Insurance	Subsidiary	Sale of goods	11,377,797	9,618,678	22,545,375	(120 907 522)	11 026 716	(82.017.164	
Company of the	Juonamy	Service obtained	(60,040,402)	(54,695,388)	22,343,373	(129,897,532)	11,926,716	(82,017,164	
Maldives Private		Interest paid	(3,245,454)	(2,405,986)					
Limited		Payment made	15,405,488						
Similor		Claims received	1,809,742	44,157,100					
				4,068,263					
		Payment received	(33,175,027)	(24,846,115)					
		Rent received	500,348	1,463,568					
		Expense reimbursement	106,000	504,485					
Maldive National	Subsidiary	Dividend received  Expense reimbursement	29,999,800 142,960	62,457	276,604		133,644		
Oil Company Limited  Maldive Gas	Subsidiary	Sala of acada	202,729	146,550	7.200.250	(5,002,012)	1 104 520	(6.601.016	
rivate Limited	Subsidiary	Sale of goods			7,390,259	(5,992,812)	1,104,539	(6,694,349	
rivate Limited		Purchase of goods	(11,842,145)	(13,946,038)					
		Dividend received	14,400,000						
		Rent received	2,083,569	2,082,797					
		Payment made	12,379,646	9,038,231					
		Service provided	164,035	182,526					
		Expense reimbursement	51,965	253,378					
		Payment received	(10,452,543)	(2,643,741)	************				
uel Supplies Maldives	Subsidiary	Sale of fuel	6,075,328,505	8,794,300,733	2,815,961,292	(1,033,005)	2,636,024,832	(1,033,005	
Private Limited		Purchases of fuel	(518,889,193)	(1,728,618,383)					
		Payment made	1,427,342,116	2,870,467,249					
		Rent Income	10,085,127	9,770,403					
		Service provided	8,357,289	878,383					
		Rebate paid on fuel sales	(211,235,642)	(115,520,949)					
		Payment received	(5,913,974,540)	(7,743,564,968)					
		Sale of fixed Assets		(14,146,643)					
		Advance rent	•	(90,300)					
		Government subsidy payable/claim	(667,098,844)	(997,970,088)					
		Transportation charges paid	(29,978,357)	(5,135,070)					
STO Maldives (Singapore)	Subsidiary	Payment made	100,924	81,138	27,868,312		27,767,388		
Private Limited		Payments received	-	(705,851)					
Maldives Industrial	Affiliate company	Sale of goods	2,034,624	8,572,454	53,393,286	(2,124,317)	124,454,068		
Fisheries Company Limited		Purchase of goods	(3,263,818)	(3,645,180)					
		Service obtained	(506,100)	-					
		Payment made	33,376,414	886,031,596					
		Expense Reimbursement		11,639,814					
		Payment received	(11,678,050)	(61,113,467)					
		Loan given		47,756,881					
		Service provided	3,756	2,159,771					
		CSR contribution	50,000	-					
		Purchase of foreign currency	(30,840,000)	(947,050,140)					
		Loan Set-off	(62,361,925)	( ,,,,,,,,,,					
STO Hotels & Resorts	Subsidiary	Expense Reimbursement	17,257,368	39,609	98,647,452	-	81,390,084	-	
Private Limited	Juosiaiai	Payments received	.,,20,,500	(124,435,545)	,,		,,,-		

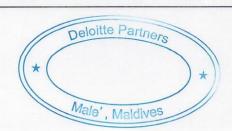


#### FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31ST DECEMBER 2024

## 48 RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS (CONTINUED)

#### 48.2 COMPANY (CONTINUED)

Name of the related party	Relationship	Nature of the transaction	Amount		Balance outstanding due from / (to)			
			2024 MVR	2023 MVR	31/12/ MVR Receivables		31/12/2 MVR Receivables	MVR Payables
Maldives Structural Product Private Limited	Joint venture	Purchase of goods Dividend received Payment received	(78,560,738) 10,000,000 (10,020,267)	(82,133,603) 8,000,000		(30,346,734)		(16,569,025
		Commission received Other income Payment made	969,986 20,267 63,813,042	2,356,549 65,756,977				
Raysut Maldives Cement Private Limited	Associate	Purchase of goods Payment made	(82,582,563) 85,400,675	(100,887,514) 97,999,653	2,172,668	(32,361,284)	1,919,533	(35,179,397
		Transportation charges paid Sales	253,135	(1,486,535)				
Maldives State Shipping	Subsidiary	Investment			369,331,144	(37,252,376)	249,421,597	(8,507,892)
Company Private Limited		Loans given	122,881,517	110,314,969				A-1
		Sales of goods	(78,818,789)	(147,710,310)				
		Rent Income	1,063,440	677,798				
		Services provided	9,220,547	119,545				
		Interest	9,879,509	17,482,045				
		Loans received	(45,127,384)	(136,987,280)				
		Payments received	25 206 105	(27,015,325)				
		Lease receivable Fixed deposit interest	25,306,185 1,635,553	27,245,691				
		Claims received		2,096,259				
		Payments made	(2,898) 45,127,384	461,561 197,686,341				
Ministry of Finance	Majority	Food subsidy income	421,441,207	335,401,269	494,265,345	(44,001,500)	598,267,301	(71,903,277)
and Treasury	Shareholder	Fuel subsidy	1,590,066,422	1,886,244,318				
		Interest receivable	102,444,066	125,020,595				
		Interest payable		(11,123,475)				
		Sale of goods	38,762,535	7,200				
		Other services	9,571	23,376				
		Loans repaid		(192,750,000)				
		Payment received Loan Off-set	(2,256,725,757) 27,901,777	(2,019,164,706)				
Ministry of Health	Affiliate	Sale of goods	269,033,130	170,310,069	339,716,274		227,879,330	
	company	Payment received	(158,744,753)	(174,510,385)	555,710,274		227,677,550	
		Rent	1,534,839					
		Service provided	13,728					
State Electric	Affiliate	Service obtained	(22,856,482)	(20,798,339)	208,337,764	(2,269,163)	150,555,229	(3,583,376)
Company ( STELCO)	company	Payment made	24,514,569	17,214,963				
		Payment received	(1,596,782,896)	(1,428,176,555)				
		Sale of goods and fuel Purchase of goods	1,654,565,431 (343,875)	1,472,586,598				
India Cardi Manadal	A 0711-4-	S-1 - S - 1	225 450 150	214 222 712	202 ((5.417	(504 500)	120 227 212	
Indira Gandhi Memorial Hospital	Affiliate	Sale of goods Rent	325,459,158 (3,369,600)	346,333,743	203,665,417	(504,593)	130,555,312	(232,674)
		Payment made	3,369,600					
		Payment received	(252,349,052)	(336,553,016)				
		Service obtained	(271,919)	(232,674)				
Rainbow Enterprises	Affiliate	Purchase of goods	(888,380)	(719,809)	3,380,383	(56,290)	8,371,788	(79,380)
Private Limited	company	Service obtained	(307,181)	0.107.107				
		Sale of goods	16,502	9,127,432				
		Payment made	1,218,652 100,335	640,429 423,495				
		Interest Payment received	(5,108,243)	(16,162,772)				
Hulhumale Hospital	Affiliate	Sale of goods	58,165,248	39,811,565	48,497,490	(16,500)	14,666,608	
	company	Payment received	(24,334,366)	(47,468,594)				
		CSR	(16,500)					
		Payment made Rent expense	461,000 (461,000)					
Fenaka Corporation	Affiliate	Sale of goods		351,823	5,155,754	(3,439,524)	40,369,759	(28,176,408)
Limited	company	Service obtained	(8,559,559)	(8,727,982)				
Dillitor		Payment made	22,332,064 (24,249,626)	(112,414)				



#### FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31ST DECEMBER 2024

#### 48 RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS (CONTINUED)

48.2 COMPANY (CONTINUED)

Name of the related party	Relationship	Nature of the transaction	Amo	unt	Balance outstanding due from / (to)				
			2024 MVR	2023 MVR	31/12/2024 31/12/2023				
					MVR	MVR	MVR	MVR	
Maldi Ai .					Receivables	Payables	Receivables	Payables	
Maldives Airport	Affiliate	Sale of fuel	3,082,598,558	2,675,119,104	327,785,956	(21,520,434)	113,791,073	(339,023	
Company Limited	company	Sale of goods	2,164,171	2,322,522					
		Sale of services	908,274						
		Interest income	1,430,537						
		Expense Reimbursement	6,262,409						
		Payment received	(2,879,369,067)	(2,646,782,694)					
		Dollar purchase	(74,016,000)						
		Purchase of Fuel	(24,983,958)	-					
		Payment made	78,983,792						
		Services obtained	(1,165,245)	(339,023)					
Addu International	Affiliate	Sale of goods	11,152,882	9,055,735	22,793,460		18,971,463		
Airport Private Limited	company	Rent paid	(3,868,320)	(4,190,680)					
		Purchase of fuel	-	(4,030,536)					
		Fines		24,569					
		Payment made	3,545,960	646,081					
		Payment received	(7,008,525)	(18,095,995)					
Ministry of Housing	Affiliate	Service obtained	(2,815,140)	(2,808,000)	98,145,303	(18,638,882)	98,145,303	(15,830,882	
and Infrastructure	company	Sale of goods	5,293						
		Payment made	7,140	-					
		Payment received	(5,293)						
Aasandha Private Limited	Affiliate	Sale of goods	357,462,127	338,592,844	253,816,463	(3,299,517)	248,799,074	(3,440,850	
	company	Payment received	(352,303,405)	(221,530,279)					
Housing Development	Affiliate	Rent Expense	(14,484,842)	(14,416,564)	3,633,973	(13,004,229)	-	(13,080,539	
Corporation Limited	company	Other fees	(1,752,074)	(716,128)					
		Land acquisition fee	(12,822,000)						
		Payment made	31,799,498	15,046,870					
		Payment received	(994,577)						
		Sale of goods	1,964,278	0					
Maldives Pension	Affiliate	Pension Contribution	(20,341,578)	(16,355,206)	30,923	(1,804,068)		(1,665,931	
Administrative Office	company	Other services	-	(150,000)		To the second			
		Payment made	20,203,442	16,471,714					
		Service provided	270,103						
		Payment received	(239,180)						
Champa Gas & Oil Company	Affiliate	Sale of fuel	77,332,904	92,413,277	9,604,686		11,082,277		
Private Limited	company	Payment received	(78,810,494)	(104,764,234)					
National Social protection	Affiliate	Sales	300,976,205	204,466,923	201,780,032	-	83,316,039		
Agency	company	Payment received	(182,512,213)	(141,170,320)					
United Nations office	Affiliate	Sales	3,950,882	73,083,954			72,586,151		
	company	Payment received	(76,537,033)	(497,803)					
Ministry of Construction	Affiliate	Sales	89,631	18,964	20,312,629		83,764,460		
	company	Claims for fuel expenses	81,878,961	105,774,035					
		Payment received	(145,420,422)	(42,308,847)					
Treetop Health Pvt Ltd	Affiliate	Payment made	462,650	86,637	2,142,908	(46,429)	789,347	(53,362	
	company	Purchase of goods	(455,717)	(139,999)					
		Sale of goods	8,822,952	5,037,047					
		Payment received	(7,524,513)	(6,605,303)					
		Fines received	55,122	30,053					

48.2.1 Trade receivable and payable from related parties are unsecured, at no fixed interest rate and repayable on demand. Therefore, the full amount has shown as current receivables and paybales.

#### 48.2.2 Transactions with key management personnel

The Managing Director and a board of directors of the Company are the members of the key management personnel. Key management personnel compensation comprised the following.

| 2024 | 2023 | MVR | MVR | MVR | Short term employee benefits | 3,394,064 | 3,570,573 |

